
To get to Unix systems

- Use "putty" to remote login
- Use "WinSCP" for secure file transfer
- Use GlobalProtect to get VPN to UTD in order to access UTD systems
 - <https://utdvpn.utdallas.edu> (will be asked to login)

Available CS servers

- cslinux1.utdallas.edu: for undergraduate students
- cslinux2.utdallas.edu: for both undergraduate and graduate students
- csgrads1.utdallas.edu: for graduate students

Questions about your account on the servers

- Problem with your account, home directory, etc.
 - email assist@utdallas.edu
 - for more information: <https://oit.utdallas.edu/netid/self-service/>
- Problem with department servers
 - email cs-tech@utdallas.edu

The most useful command

- man: help
 - e.g., man pwd
 - e.g., man -k fork

Directory manipulation

- pwd: print current working directory
- ls: list all files in the current directory
- mkdir: make a new subdirectory
 - e.g., mkdir proj1 (if now you do ls, you will see proj1)
- cd: change directory
 - e.g., cd proj1

File manipulation

- You may want to download "winscp" to copy files from Windows to Unix
- You can prepare the program on Windows and copy to, say, proj1 directory
- You can also use "pico" to edit files on Unix
- e.g., pico test.cpp

Compile your programs

- g++: c++ compiler (also there are cpp and gcc)
 - g++ test.cpp
 - a.out: default executable
 - you can rename a.out to some other name using "mv" command
 - e.g., mv a.out test.exe
 - rename a.out to test.exe
 - g++ -g test.cpp
 - -g option is for debugging
 - you can then run the program in gdb for debugging
 - g++ -o test.exe test.cpp
 - if you want a specific executable name, use -o to specify it
- gcc: c compiler
- just type the executable name to run the executable
 - e.g., ./a.out
 - e.g., ./test.exe
 - Here ./ means the current directory
