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# Short Text Conversation Using Big Data and Deep Learning

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#### **Short Text Conversation**

Human gives a message Computer returns a response





Alan Turing

One small step toward the goal of passing Turing test

#### Demo: Short Text Conversation



上海今天好熱, 堪比新加坡。



上海今天热的不一般。



想去武当山 有想同游的么?



我想跟帅哥同游~哈哈



在家门口发现了一片野韭菜!



我看到一片一片的韭菜地.....

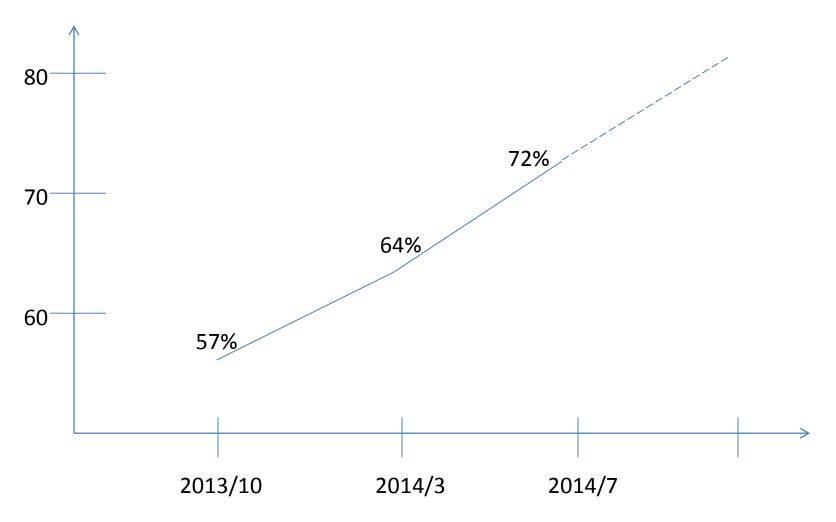


芝大综合排名升的好快呀,都第五了



芝大威武

# Accuracy Improvement at Noah's Ark Lab



#### Outline

- Project: Intelligent Information Assistant
- Short Text Conversation
- Retrieval-based Short Text Conversation
- Learning to Match
- Deep Matching Models
- Summary

# Project: Intelligent Information Assistant

### **Intelligent Information Assistant**

External Information

Information Recommendation

Information Management

Personal Information



Communications

Information Extraction

**Question Answering** 

Knowledge Base

Natural Language Conversation

Human Computer Interaction

### **Intelligent Help in Huawei Phones**



手机服务首页



智能问答栏目



输入自动联想

# Weibo Robot: 小诺\_noah

- Xiaonuo (Weibo Robot Version 1.0) released on Jan 1, 2013
- Persona: PhD student in NLP
- Number of followees = 523
- Number of followers = 1096
- Features Developed
  - Following People
  - Re-Tweeting (Forwarding Tweets)
  - Generating Short Comments



# Retrieval-based Short Text Conversation

#### Massive Amount of Data Available

Our paper entitled learning to rank has been accepted by ACL .

Congratulations! It is a great achievement

We are lucky. Our paper has been accepted by SIGIR this year. We are going to present it.

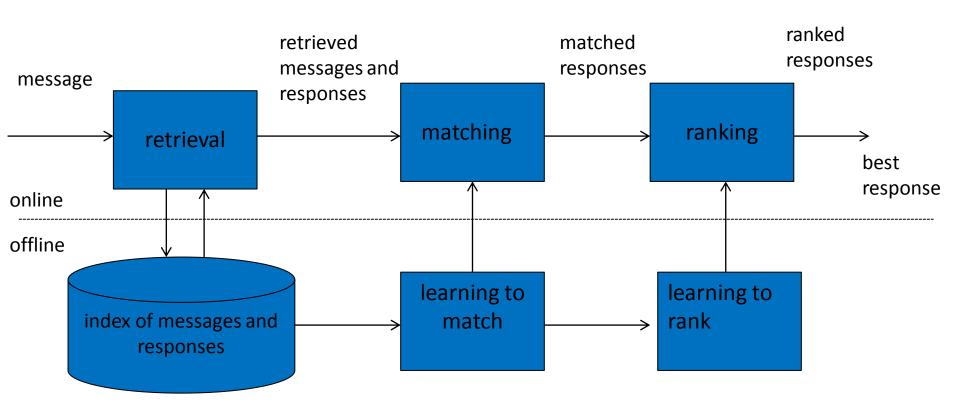
Great news!
Please accept my congrats!

The PC of WSDM noticed us that our paper has been accepted.

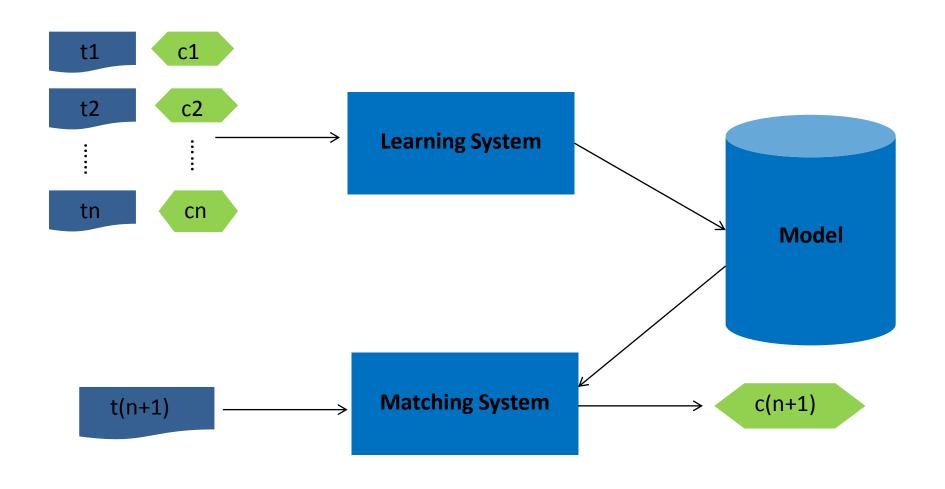
Awesome! It is a great achievement

### System of Short Text Conversation

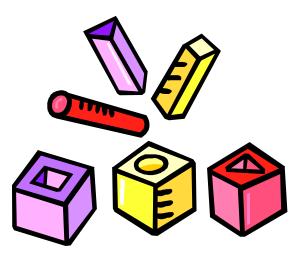
- Given message, find most suitable response
- Large repository of message-response pairs
- Take it as search problem



# Learning to Match for Short Text Conversation



# Learning to Match



# Matching between Heterogeneous Data is Everywhere

- Matching between user and product (collaborative filtering)
- Matching between text and image (image annotation)
- Matching between languages (machine translation)
- Matching between receptor and ligand (drug design)
- Matching between people (dating)

### Formulation of Learning Problem

Learning matching function

- Training data  $(x_1, y_1, r_1), \dots, (x_N, y_N, r_N)$
- Generated according to

$$x \sim P(X)$$
,  $y \sim P(Y \mid X)$ ,  $r \sim P(R \mid X, Y)$ 

### Formulation of Learning Problem

Loss Function

Risk Function

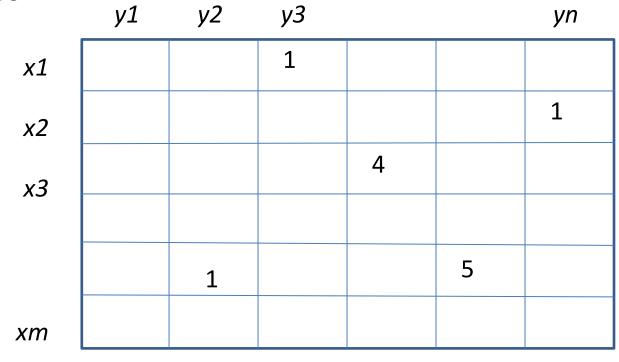
$$R(r, f(x, y)) = \int_{X \times Y \times R} P(x, y, r) L(r, f(x, y)) dP(x, y, r)$$

Objective Function in Learning

$$\min_{f \in F} \sum_{i=1}^{N} L(r_i, f(x_i, y_i)) + \Omega(f)$$

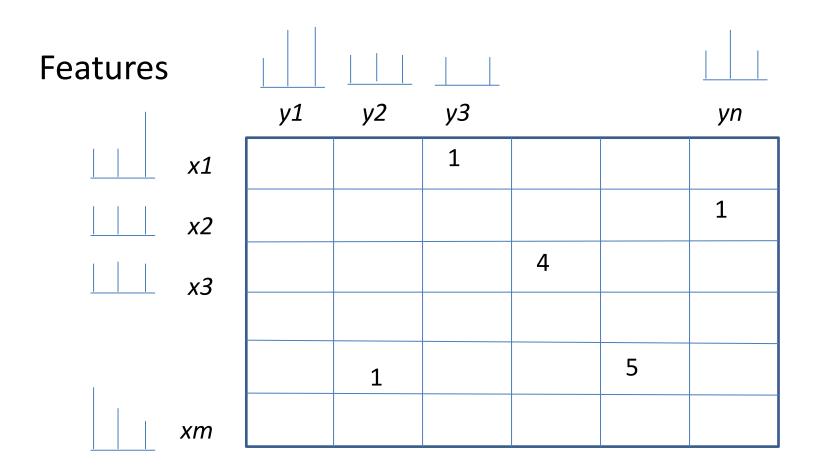
### Matching Problem: Instance Matching

#### **Instances**



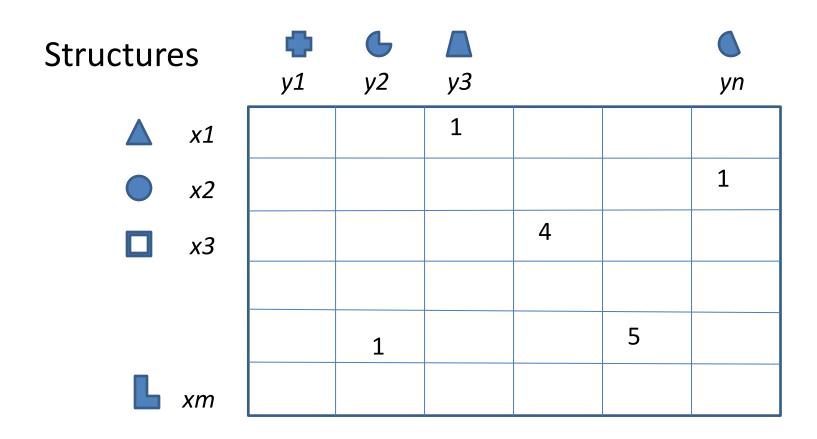
Can be represented as matching between nodes in bipartite graph

### Matching Problem: Feature Matching

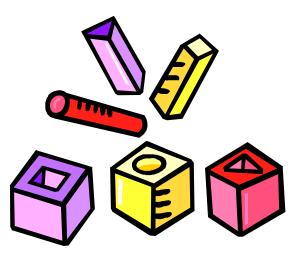


Can be represented as matching between objects in two spaces

### Matching Problem: Structure Matching



## Deep Matching Models



### **Collaborators**



Zhengdong Lu



Baotian Hu



Qun Liu



Mingxuan Wang



Qingcai Chen

# Model: Deep Match

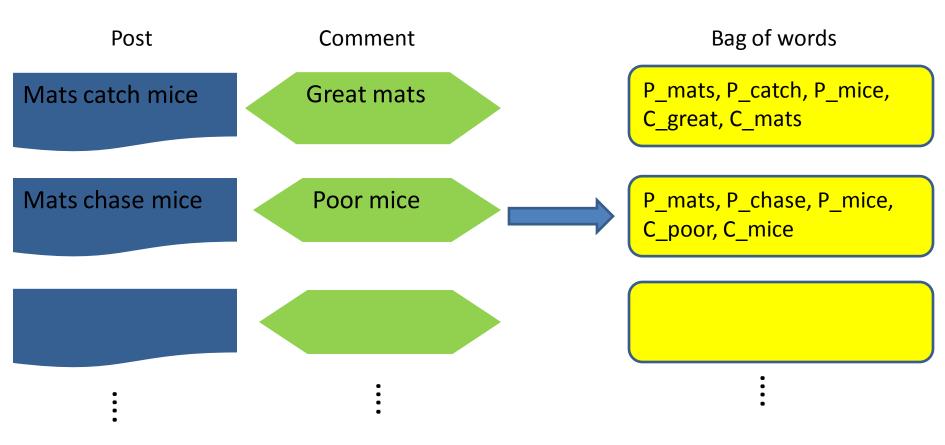


### Model: Deep Match

(Lu & Li, NIPS 2013)

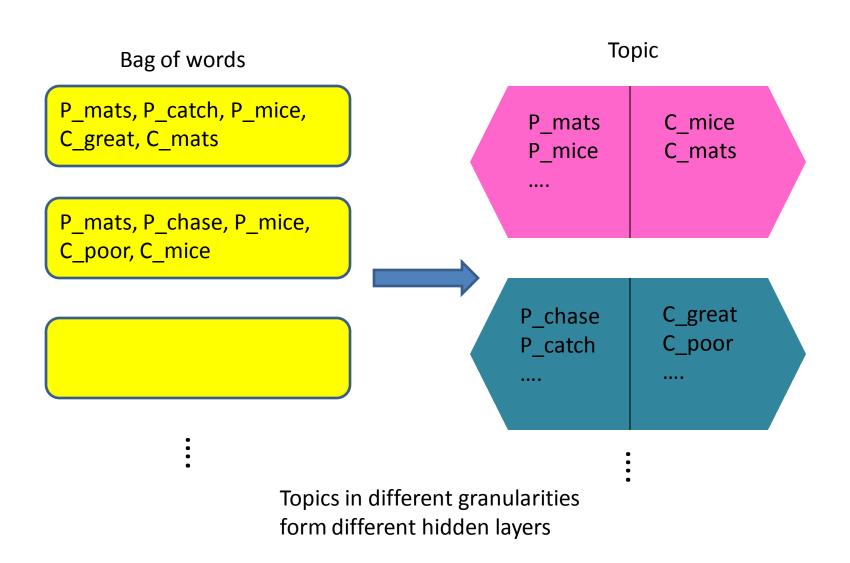
- Taking pairs of texts as input
- Learning topics of words in different granularities using LDA
- Taking topics in different granularities as neurons on hidden layers
- Constructing neural network using heuristics
- Learning parameters of neural network using back-propagation

# Representing Posts and Comments as Bags of Words



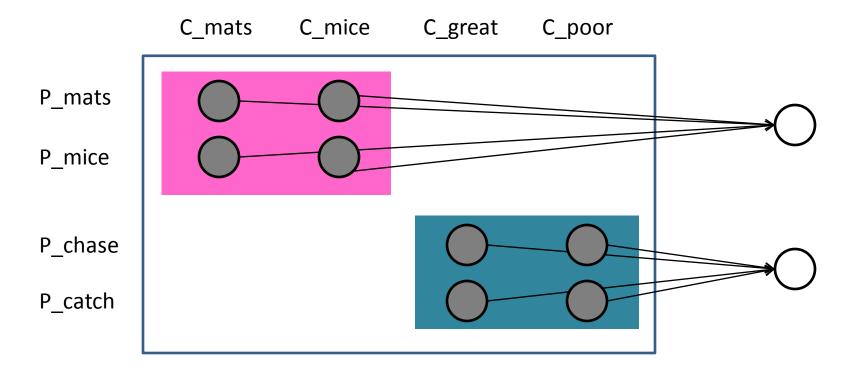
Words in post and comment are viewed as different words

# Constructing Topics Using Latent Dirichlet Allocation



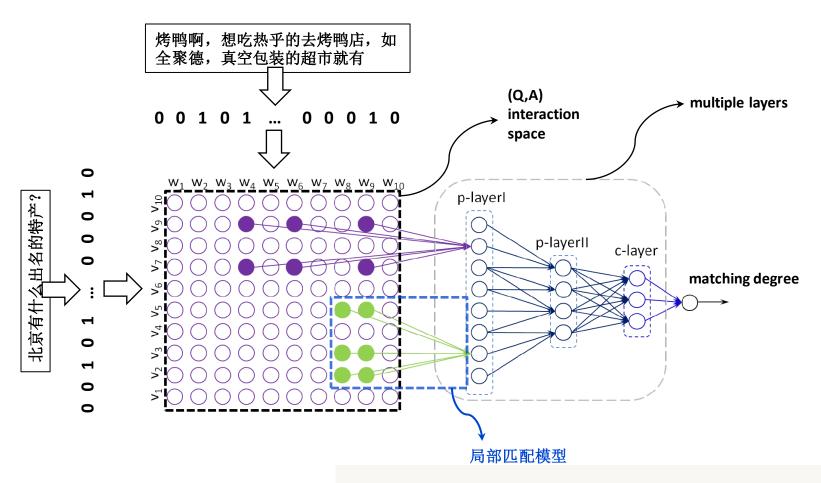
#### Construct Neural Network Using Heuristics

Four paired words in pink are connected to a hidden node



Four paired words in blue are connected to another hidden node

### Architecture of Deep Matching Model



#### **Examples**

Local Model 1: (特产, 土产, 味道, ...) || (豆腐, 烤鸭, 甜, 野味, 糯米...)
Local Model 2: (路程, 安排, 地点, ...) || (距离, 安全, 隧道, 高速, 机票...)

### **Experimental Results**

- Data: 12,000 post-comment pairs from Weibo
- Cross validation in terms of P@1
- Conclusion: Deep Match works better than linear model

Model	MAP	P@1
P2R	0.565	0.489
P2R + P2P	0.621	0.567
P2R + MATCH	0.575	0.513
P2R + P2P + MATCH	0.621	0.574

# Model: Deep Match Tree



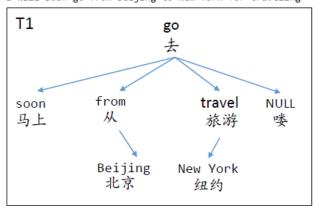
# Model: Deep Match Tree (Wang, Lu, Li, & Liu; to appear)

- Taking pairs of dependency trees as input
- Mining frequent matching patterns from pairs of dependency trees
- Taking matching patterns as input layer of neural network
- Training weights of neural network using back propagation

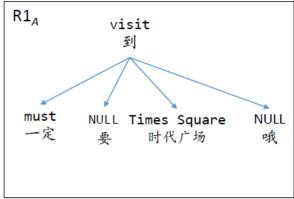
# Representing Sentence with Its Dependency Tree

Lexical and syntactic information of sentence is represented in its dependency tree

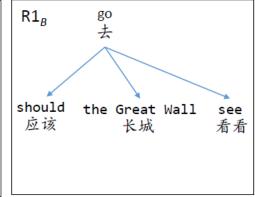
马上从北京去纽约旅游喽 I will soon go from Beijing to New York for traveling T1 go



一定要到时代广场哦 You must visit the Times Square

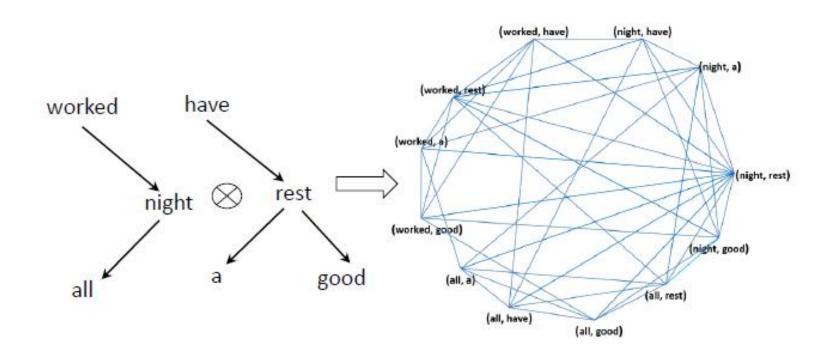


应该去长城看看 You should go to see the Great Wall



### Constructing Product of Trees

- Use two dependency-trees to create product of graph
- Represent interaction between two sentences
- A sub-graph represents a matching pattern
- Find high frequency patterns using mining technique



## Large Scale Graph Mining

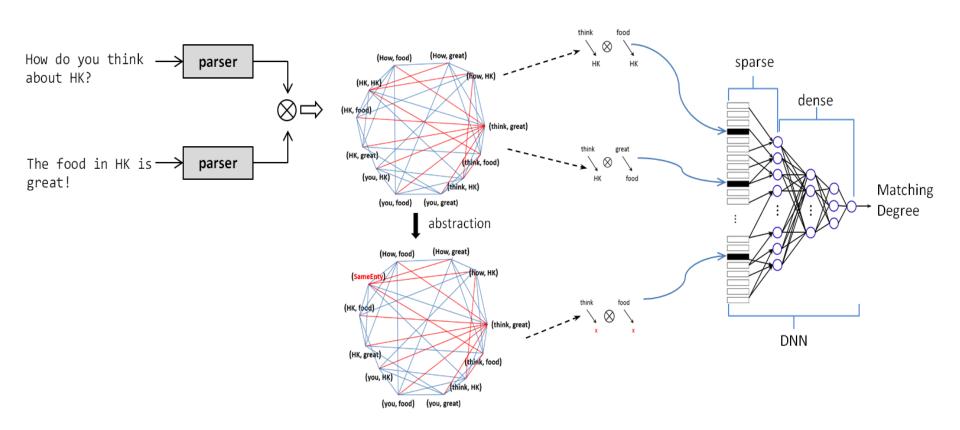
- Large-scale graph mining for finding high frequency sub-graphs (matching patterns)
- Lexical and syntactic information is incorporated in the patterns

Patterns without abstractions		
exam $\otimes$ score		
Information theory $\otimes$ Shannon		
thank→present ⊗ happy→birthday		
win→game ⊗ trying→keep		
out-of-control→prices ⊗ regulation		
work→weekend ⊗ rest		

Patterns without abstractions		
$\verb hope-win-x  \otimes \verb support-x $		
how about $\to x \otimes \text{like} \to x$		
$gift \rightarrow x \otimes happy \rightarrow x$		
recommend $\to x \otimes x \to \text{nice}$		
pretty good $\rightarrow x \otimes \text{fine} \rightarrow \text{also} \rightarrow x'$		

### Deep Match Tree

 Constructing deep neural network, with first layer corresponding mined patterns



### **Experimental Results**

- Retrieval-based Conversation
- 5 million post-comment pairs for mining of patterns
- Data: 12,000 labeled post-comment pairs from Weibo
- Cross validation in terms of P@1

M odel	P@ 1
BASELINE	0.574
+DEEPM ATCH	0.587
+W ORDEMBED	0.579
+TRANSLATION	0.585
+DEEPM ATCH tree	0.608

### Model: CNN Match

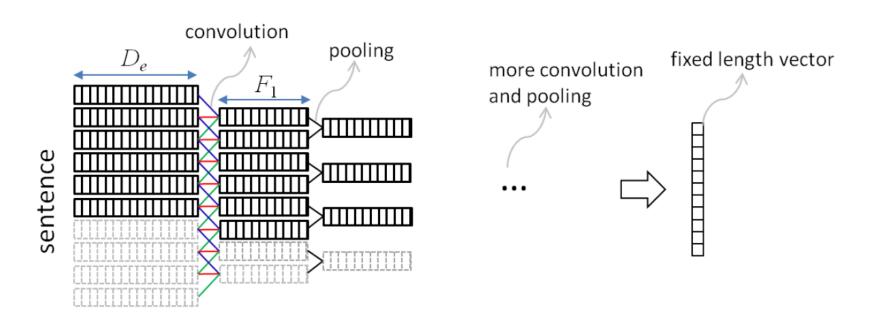


# Model: CNN Match (Hu, Lu, Li, & Chen; NIPS 2014)

- Taking pairs of sentences as input
- Representing content of sentences and matching of sentences using Convolutional Neural Network
- No linguistic knowledge is needed

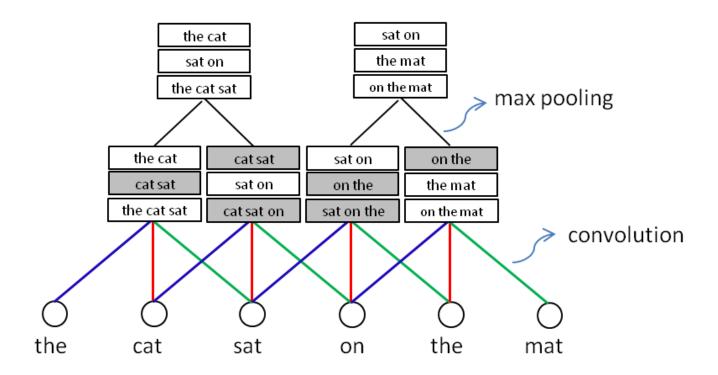
# Sentence Model Using Convolutional Neural Network (CNN)

Representing content of sentence using CNN



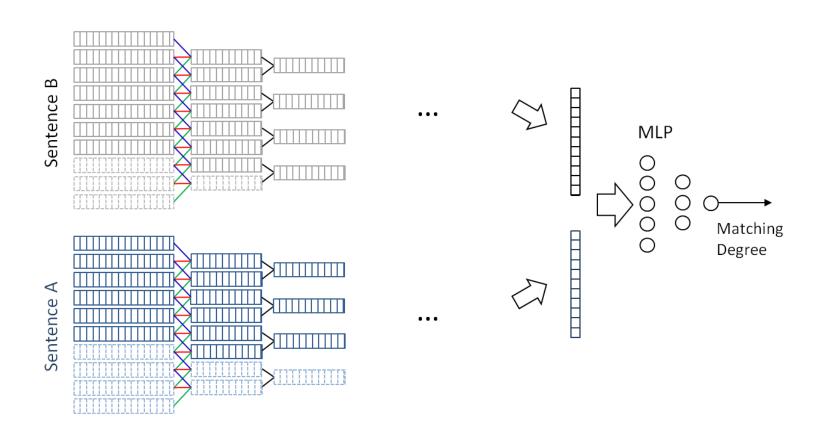
### Advantage of Using CNN

- Sliding windows: possible groups of words for composition
- Convolution: composition of words
- Pooling: selection of word groups for composition



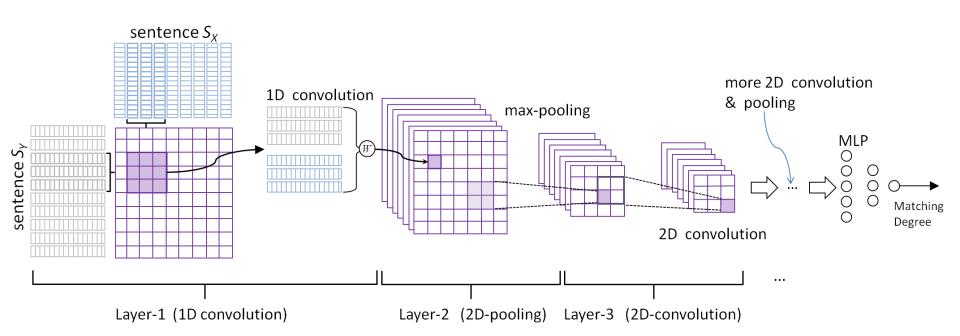
### **CNN Match Arc I:**

First represent two sentences, and then match



#### **CNN Match Arc II:**

- Represent and match two sentences simultaneously
- Two dimensional convolution and pooling



### Advantages of CNN Match

- Order of words in two sentences are considered in the model
- Structures of two sentences can be captured
- Shared parameters improve efficiency in training
- Arc-II takes Arc-I as special case

## **Experimental Results**

- Training data: 4 million pairs
- Testing data: 450k pairs
- Retrieval-based Conversation

Model	P@1(%)
Random Guess	20.00
DEEPMATCH	49.85
WORDEMBED	54,31
SENMLP	52.22
SENNA+MLP	56.48
ARC-I	59.18
ARC-II	61.95

# Summary

### Summary

- Noah's Ark Lab is working on intelligent information assistant
- Short Text Conversation (STC) is challenging yet interesting task
- Current approach = retrieval-based STC
- Learning to match is fundamental problem
- Big data and deep learning are powerful tools
- Several deep matching models proposed

### Thank You!

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