K-element Sequences

Given two integers, \$N\$ and \$K\$, find the number of sequences that meet the following criteria:

- The sequence is of size \$K\$ (i.e., contains \$K\$ integers).
- Each element in the sequence is a *positive* integer.
- The sum of all elements in the sequence is \$N\$.

Input Format

The first line contains the number of test cases, \$T\$.

The \$T\$ subsequent lines each describe a test case as two space-separated integers, \$N\$ and \$K\$.

Constraints

- \$1 \le T \le 1000\$
- \$1 \le K \le N \le 2\times10^{6}\$

Output Format

For each test case, print the total number of possible K-element sequences of positive integers such that the sum of the elements in each sequence is N. As the answer may be large, output your answer modulo $\left(10^9 + 7\right)$.

Sample Input

```
3
4 3
5 2
7 7
```

Sample Output

```
3
4
1
```

Explanation

```
In the first test case, N = 4, K = 3
The possible sequences are:
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\$(1,1,2)\$

\$(1,2,1)\$

\$(2,1,1)\$

There are three possible sequences, so our first line of output is the result of \$3 \ \bmod \left($10^9 + 7\right)$, which is \$3\$.