

Kitty and Katty

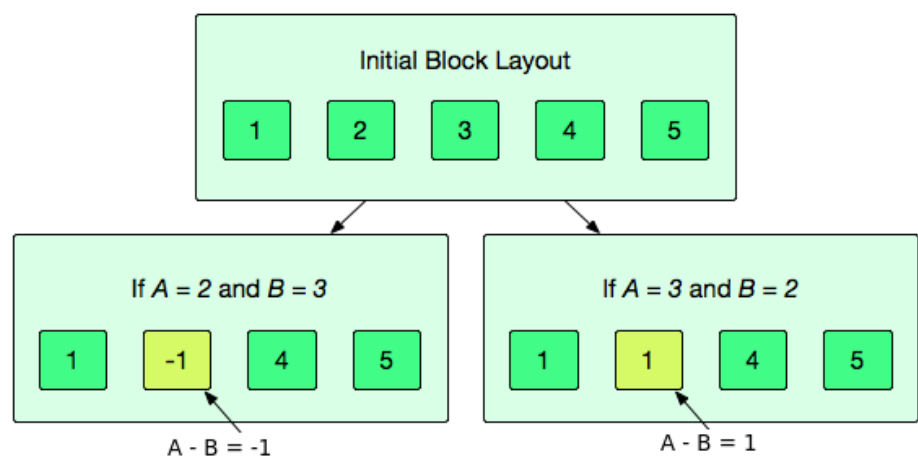
Kitty and Katty have N plastic blocks. They label the blocks with sequential numbers from 1 to N and begin playing a game in turns, with Kitty always taking the first turn. The game's rules are as follows:

- For each turn, the player removes 2 blocks, A and B , from the set. They calculate $A-B$, write the result on a new block, and insert the new block into the set.
- The game ends when only 1 block is left. The winner is determined by the value written on the final block, X :
 - If $X \% 3 = 1$, then Kitty wins.
 - If $X \% 3 = 2$, then Katty wins.
 - If $X \% 3 = 0$, then the player who moved last wins.

Recall that $\%$ is the [Modulo Operation](#).

Given the value of N , can you find and print the name of the winner? Assume that both play optimally.

Note: The selection order for A and B matters, as sometimes $A-B \neq B-A$. The diagram below shows an initial set of blocks where $N=5$. If $A=2$ and $B=3$, then the newly inserted block is labeled -1 ; alternatively, if $A=3$ and $B=2$, the newly inserted block is labeled 1 .



Input Format

The first line contains a single positive integer, T (the number of test cases or games).
The T subsequent lines each contain an integer, N (the number of blocks for that test case).

Constraints

- $1 \leq T \leq 100$
- $1 \leq N \leq 10^5$

Output Format

For each test case, print the name of the winner (i.e.: either **Kitty** or **Katty**) on a new line.

Sample Input

```
2
2
3
```

Sample Output

```
Kitty
Katty
```

Explanation

Test Case 0:

$N=2$ so there are two blocks labeled 1 and 2 . Kitty chooses $A=2$ and $B=1$, then inserts a new block with the label 1 (the result of $2-1$). The game ends, as there is now only 1 block in the set. The label on the last block, X , is 1 , so we calculate $\text{result} = 1 \bmod 3 = 1$. Because $\text{result}=1$, Kitty wins and we print **Kitty** on a new line.

Test Case 1:

$N=3$, so there are three blocks labeled 1 , 2 , and 3 . No matter how Kitty makes the first move, Katty will win. If Kitty chooses $A=3$ and $B=2$ on the first move and inserts a block labeled 1 (the result of $3-2$), the set of blocks becomes $\{1,1\}$. Katty then must choose $A=1$ and $B=1$ and insert a new block labeled 0 (the result of $1-1$). The game ends, as there is now only 1 block in the set. The label on the last block, X , is 0 , so we calculate $\text{result} = 0 \bmod 3 = 0$. Because $\text{result}=0$ and Katty made the last move, Katty wins and we print **Katty** on a new line.