

CAPSTONE PROJECT -

BATTLE OF THE NEIGHBORHOODS

PROBLEM AND BACKGROUND DISCUSSION

- For one city, it has a large area. Which area is more profitable to open a restaurant? Which area is more suitable to start your new business. You will feel worried about these questions when you are in a large city. I will use the former argument in the above query for this assignment and say that I have a client looking to open a restaurant in Detroit, Michigan and they want to know the best place for that. Let's presume this restaurant will be a restaurant that serves Greek food.
- Detroit has a wide variety of downtown restaurants and we'll do this analysis with the aid of Foursquare and their comprehensive location dataset about the city and its locations. Through opening this new Greek food restaurant, this will allow people to choose from a wider range while dining downtown, creating revenue for themselves, nearby locations, and the city as a whole.

DATA USED

- I will use the Foursquare API to request location data which I will use similarly to how I used it in the assignments in New York and Toronto. I'll start by specifying the initial location (Campus Martius) and setting our 800 m radius, and then exploring the neighborhood for restaurants similar. I am also going to want to look for a location that has a reasonable amount of foot traffic and is decently far enough away from other western restaurants so that the market is not over-saturated in one area. They will take the sporting arenas, casinos, and other entertainment venues into account as it will produce the most foot traffic. Main streets are suitable for passenger cars and foot traffic, but are likely to be more costly to rent out.

BUILDING THE DATA FRAME (NEARBY)

- `venues = results['response']['groups'][0]['items']`
- `nearby_venues = json_normalize(venues) # flatten JSON`
- `# filter columns`
- `filtered_columns = ['venue.name', 'venue.categories', 'venue.location.lat', 'venue.location.lng']`
- `nearby_venues = nearby_venues.loc[:, filtered_columns]`
- `# filter the category for each row`
- `nearby_venues['venue.categories'] = nearby_venues.apply(get_category_type, axis=1)`
- `# clean columns`
- `nearby_venues.columns = [col.split(".")[-1] for col in nearby_venues.columns]`

	name	categories	lat	lng
0	Campus Martius	Park	42.331575	-83.046598
1	Avalon Cafe and Bakery	Café	42.332834	-83.047694
2	Texas de Brazil	Steakhouse	42.332293	-83.046711
3	Dime Store	American Restaurant	42.331039	-83.047734
4	Chase Bank	Bank	42.330676	-83.046648
5	Lafayette Coney Island	Hot Dog Joint	42.331683	-83.048780
6	Bon Bon Bon	Dessert Shop	42.330548	-83.047914
7	Grand Trunk Pub	Pub	42.330403	-83.045943
8	Athens Souvlaki Detroit	Diner	42.330360	-83.048183
9	Detroit Water Ice Factory	Ice Cream Shop	42.332575	-83.047436
10	Vault of Midnight	Comic Shop	42.334135	-83.046621
11	Bad Luck Bar	Speakeasy	42.332914	-83.049132
12	Guardian Building	Building	42.329497	-83.046083
13	The Belt	Art Gallery	42.334386	-83.046087
14	Parc	American Restaurant	42.331564	-83.046700
15	Dessert Oasis Coffee	Coffee Shop	42.332840	-83.049165
16	Roasting Plant Detroit	Coffee Shop	42.331354	-83.046049
17	The Standby	New American Restaurant	42.334439	-83.046009
18	Shake Shack	Burger Joint	42.330955	-83.046371
19	7 Greens	Salad Place	42.334094	-83.046444
...

BUILDING THE DATA FRAME (RESTAURANT)

- restaurants =
nearby_venues[nearby_venues['categories'].str.contains("Restaurant")]
- restaurants

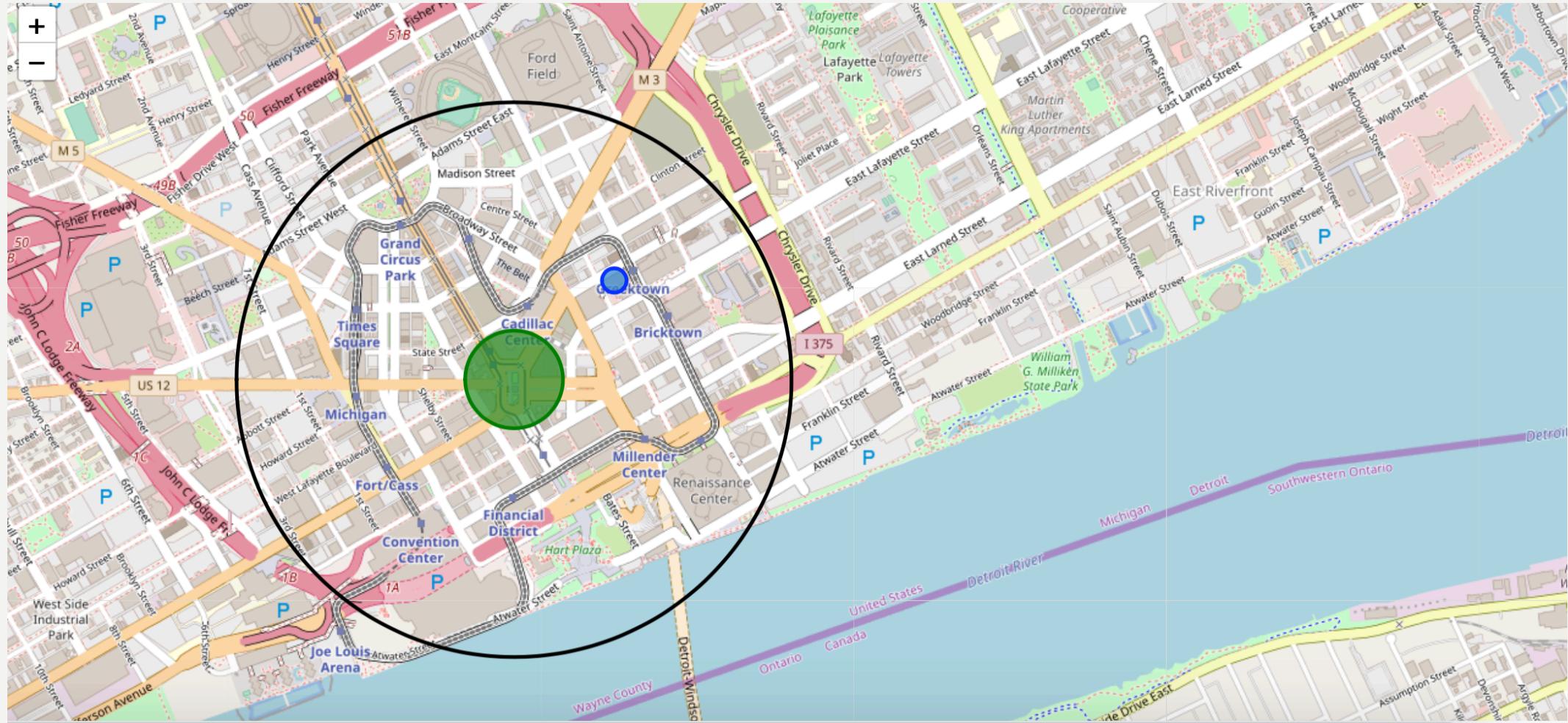
	name	categories	lat	lng
3	Dime Store	American Restaurant	42.331039	-83.047734
14	Parc	American Restaurant	42.331564	-83.046700
17	The Standby	New American Restaurant	42.334439	-83.046009
20	Orchid Thai	Thai Restaurant	42.333579	-83.045220
22	Vicente's Cuban Cuisine	Cuban Restaurant	42.334436	-83.047193
27	Maru Sushi & Grill	Japanese Restaurant	42.330360	-83.048269
42	Freshii	Restaurant	42.331569	-83.047713
45	Central Kitchen + Bar	American Restaurant	42.331518	-83.045962
46	Sweetwater Tavern	American Restaurant	42.331861	-83.041839
47	Go Sy Thai	Thai Restaurant	42.332993	-83.049187
48	Townhouse Detroit	New American Restaurant	42.330305	-83.045361
55	Jacoby's German Biergarten	German Restaurant	42.332132	-83.042073
57	Which Wich Superior Sandwiches	Restaurant	42.330412	-83.047079
61	Carnival Fresh Mex	Mexican Restaurant	42.330757	-83.047328
62	Caucus Club	American Restaurant	42.329436	-83.047551
64	La Lanterna	Italian Restaurant	42.333013	-83.049096
66	San Morello	Italian Restaurant	42.334145	-83.048628
67	The Apparatus Room	Restaurant	42.328113	-83.048299
68	Bangkok Crossing	Thai Restaurant	42.330509	-83.046118
86	The Monarch Club	New American Restaurant	42.335455	-83.048829
92	Firebird Tavern	New American Restaurant	42.334701	-83.043345

NARROWING DOWN GREEK RESTAURANT

- I am creating datat frame to hold only restaurants that are Greek food related.
- greek_restaurants = nearby_venues[nearby_venues['categories'].str.contains("Greek")]
- greek_restaurants

	name	categories	lat	lng
98	Pegasus Taverna	Greek Restaurant	42.335227	-83.04165

MAKE A MAP



BUILDINGS ORGANIZATION

- detroit_table =
pd.DataFrame(list(zip(addresses,
building_types)), columns
=['Address', 'Building Type'])
detroit_table

	Address	Building Type
0	1442 Brush St	Office
1	415 Clifford St	OfficeRetail
2	1452 Brush St	RetailRestaurantOffice
3	1442 Brush St	OfficeRetail
4	2310 Park Ave	Office

LATS AND LONS COLLECTION

- I am trying to get lats and lons for each address

```
: building_lats = []
building_lons = []

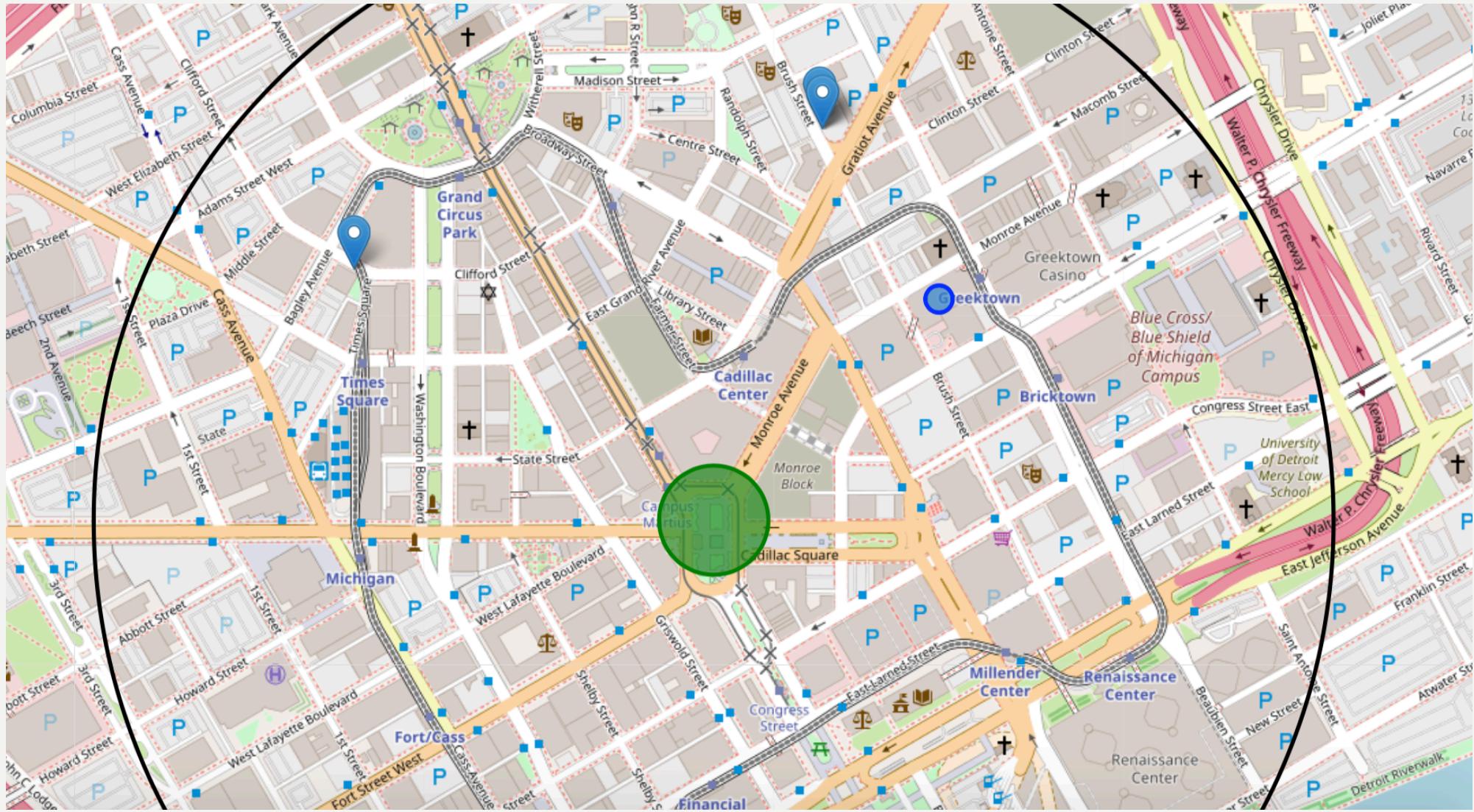
zipcode = '48226'
city = 'Detroit, MI'

geolocator = Nominatim(user_agent="detroit_app")

for _ in range(0,len(addresses)-1):
    place = addresses[_] + ' ' + city + ' ' + zipcode
    location = geolocator.geocode(place)
    building_lats.append(location.latitude)
    building_lons.append(location.longitude)
    print(location.latitude, location.longitude)
```

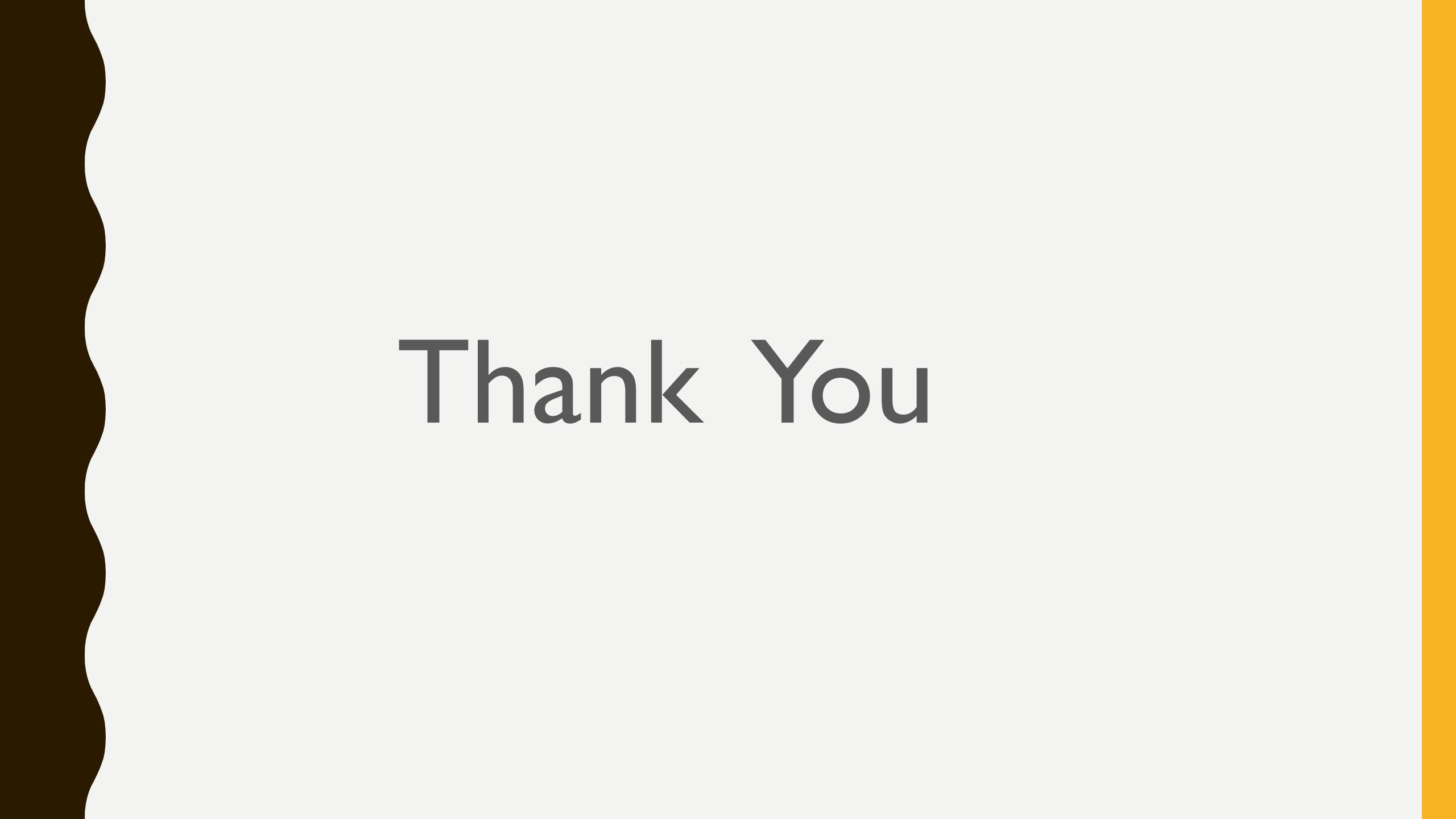
```
42.33634192741168 -83.044893667659
42.334701571428575 -83.05227371428572
42.33643104751674 -83.04495319129133
42.33634192741168 -83.044893667659
```

MAPPING MY DATA



DISCUSSION & CONCLUSION

- There are a few different approaches that one may take to resolve this problem. That is the strategy that is most "brute-force." We collected the data relevant for Campus Martius and our defined radius as our starting place. From there we developed our map using the location data created which included seafood restaurants. To our surprise there was only one in the region that we had to take into account. Once the map was created, we then scraped building location data from a real estate website and crossed it using the geopy API to map latitudes and longitudes using Folium. From there we narrowed down our choices to include restaurant-appropriate buildings and selected our spot.
- As a whole, this project was a great learning experience on how to scrape data and use it efficiently to solve a business problem for business owners. In the future I would love to revisit this problem and use more advanced techniques to address it with relative ease. I would strongly recommend that any and all aspiring data scientists practice a problem like this to improve their own abilities.



Thank You