GEQ1000
Economics
(Social Science)

2.2 A Famous Model

A Famous Model

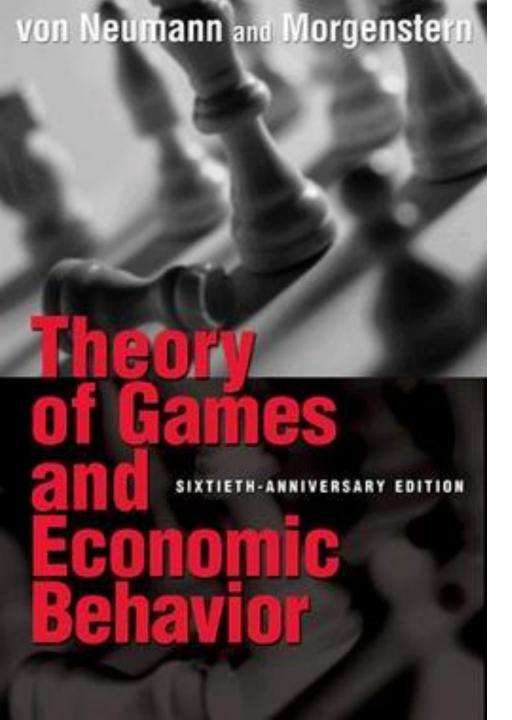


Karolina Kurkova

A Famous Model

Prisoner's Dilemma



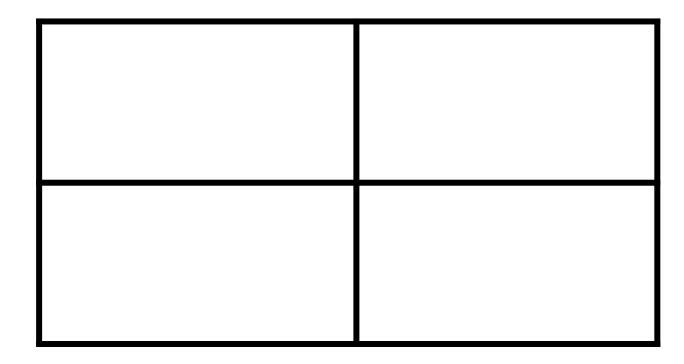


Game Theory

Not a grand explanation as "Theory" in Science

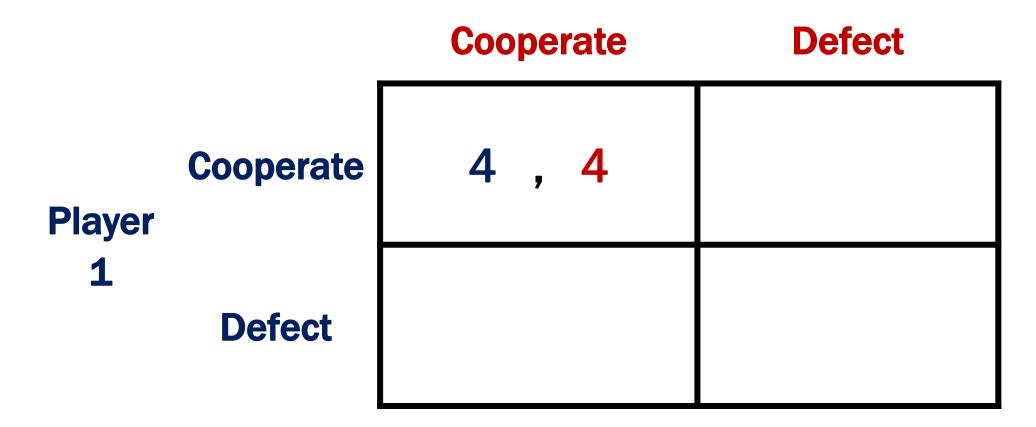
A toolkit for building models

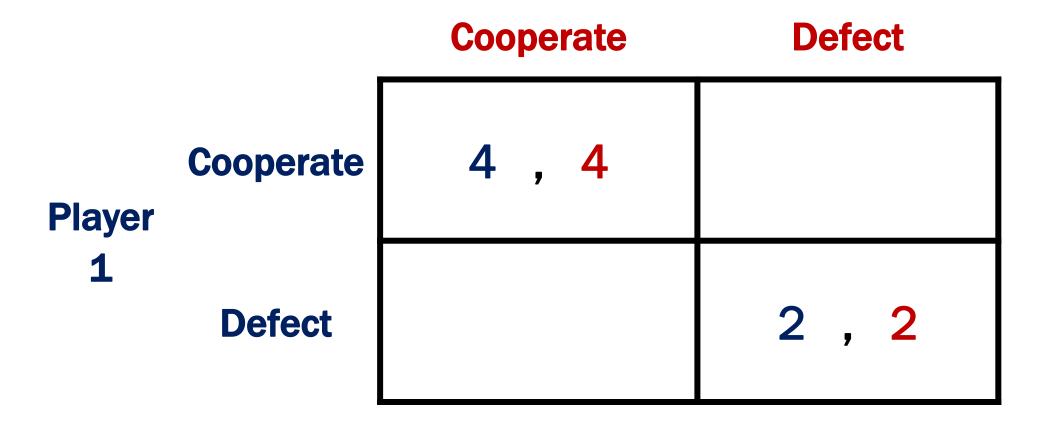
Player 2



Player 2

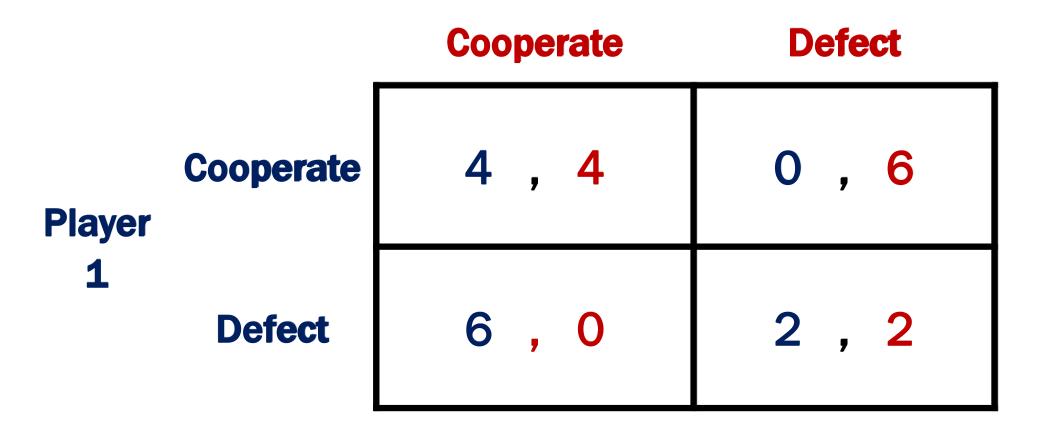
Defect Cooperate Cooperate **Player Defect**





Player 2

Defect Cooperate Cooperate **Player Defect**



Strategic Interaction

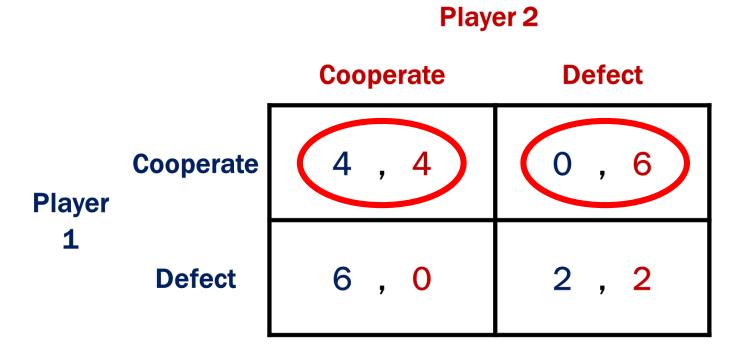
Player 2

	_	Cooperate	Defect
Player 1	Cooperate	4 , 4	0,6
	Defect	6 , <mark>0</mark>	2,2

Each player's payoff depends on what he chooses, but also what the other player chooses

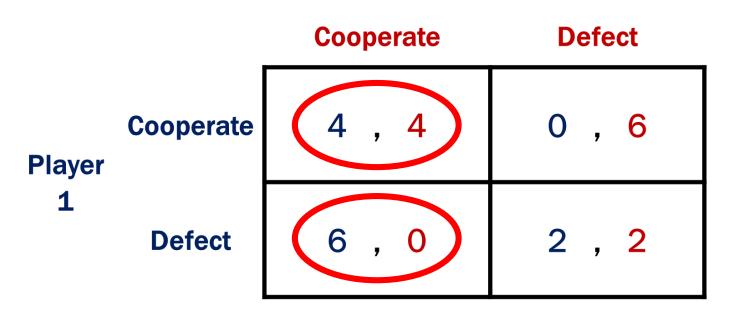


		Cooperate	Defect
Player	Cooperate	4 , 4	0,6
1	Defect	6 , <mark>0</mark>	2,2



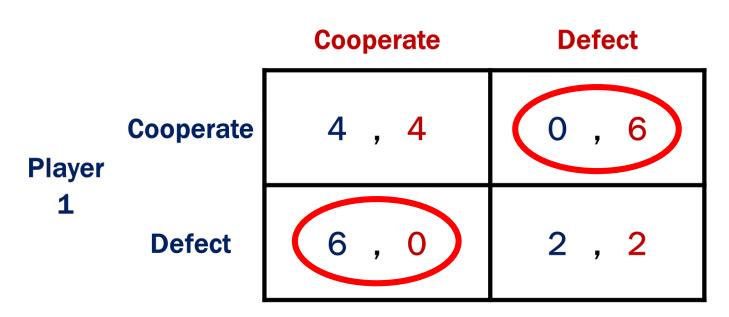
(4, 4) is not obviously better than (0, 6)



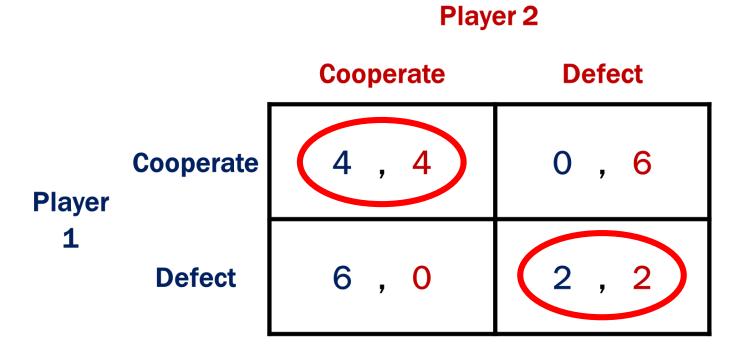


(4, 4) is not obviously better than (6, 0)



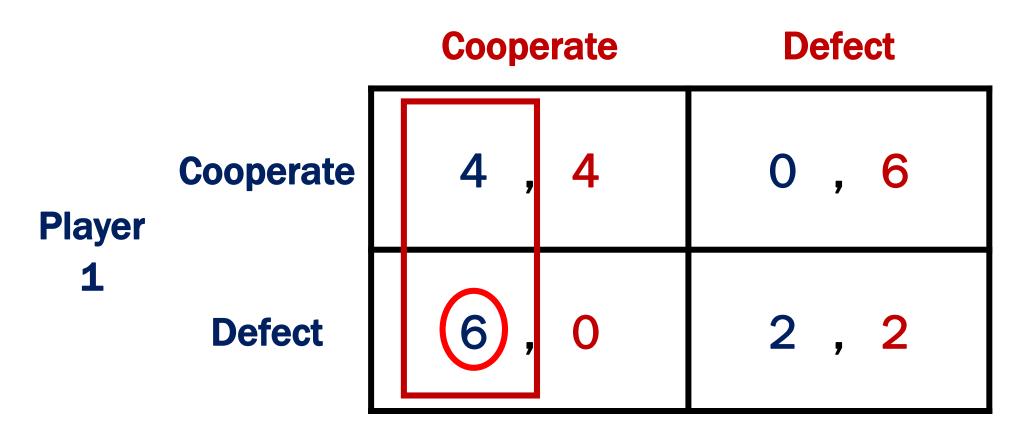


(0, 6) is not obviously better than, or worse than (6, 0)

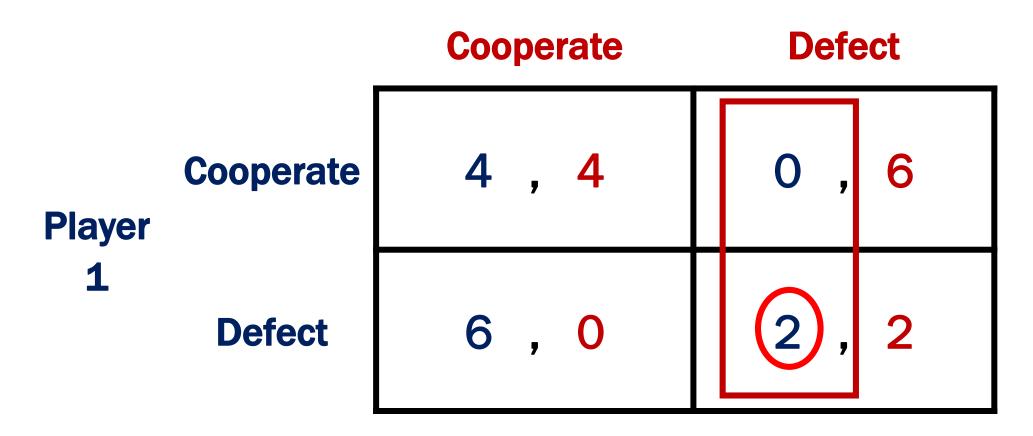


But (4, 4) is clearly better than (2, 2) for everyone!

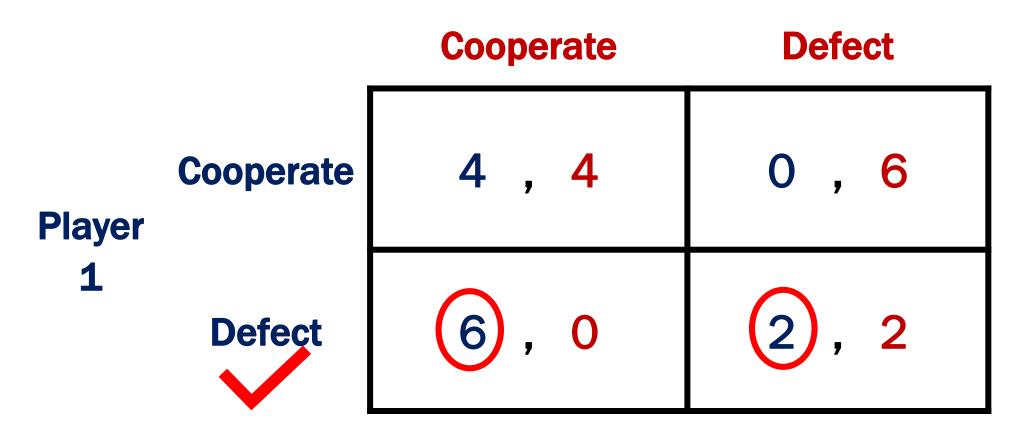
Suppose Player 2 Cooperates, Then Player 1 ...



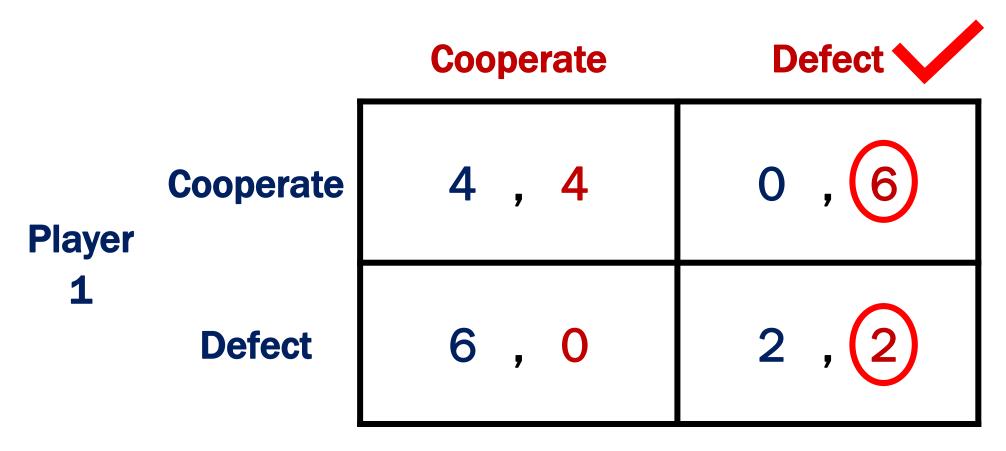
Suppose Player 2 Defects, Then Player 1 ...



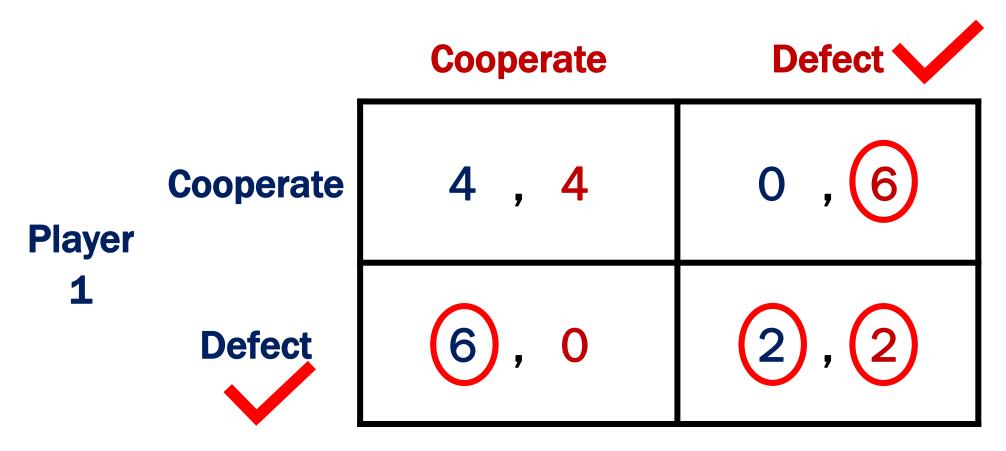
Player 1's best strategy



Player 2's best strategy

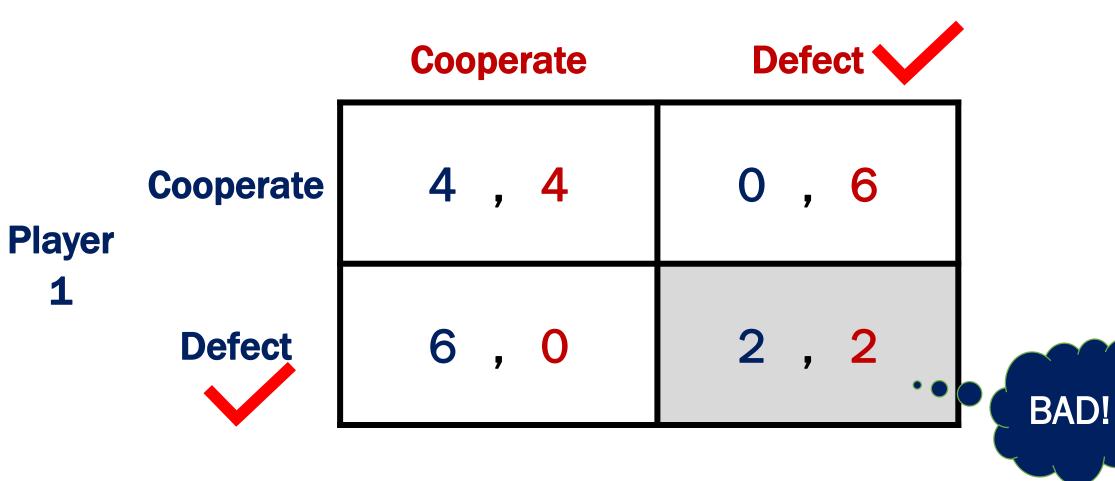


Both play their best strategies



Both play their best strategies

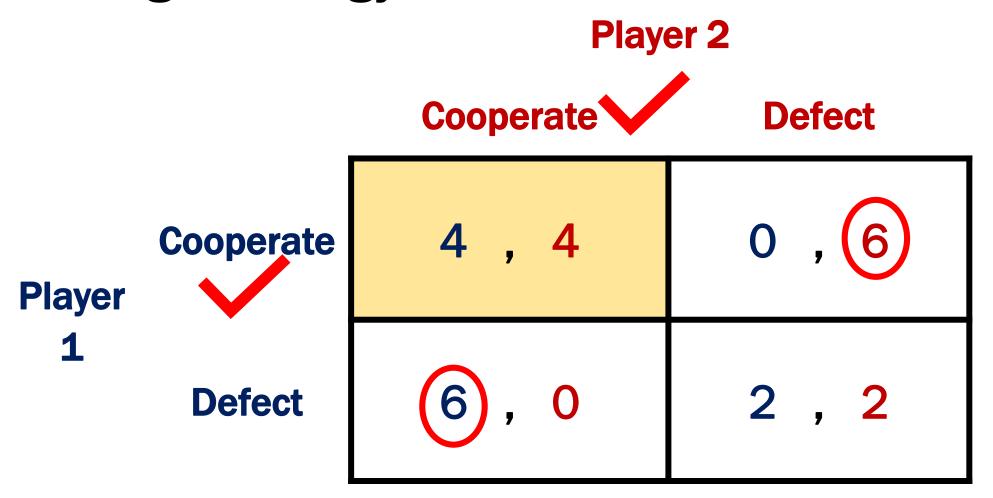




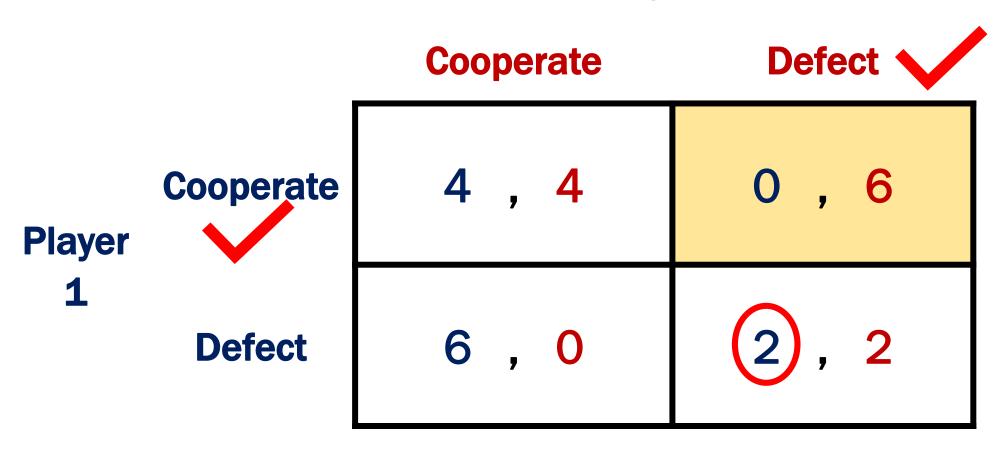
Nash Equilibrium

A situation where no player wants to change his strategy, given the other players' strategies

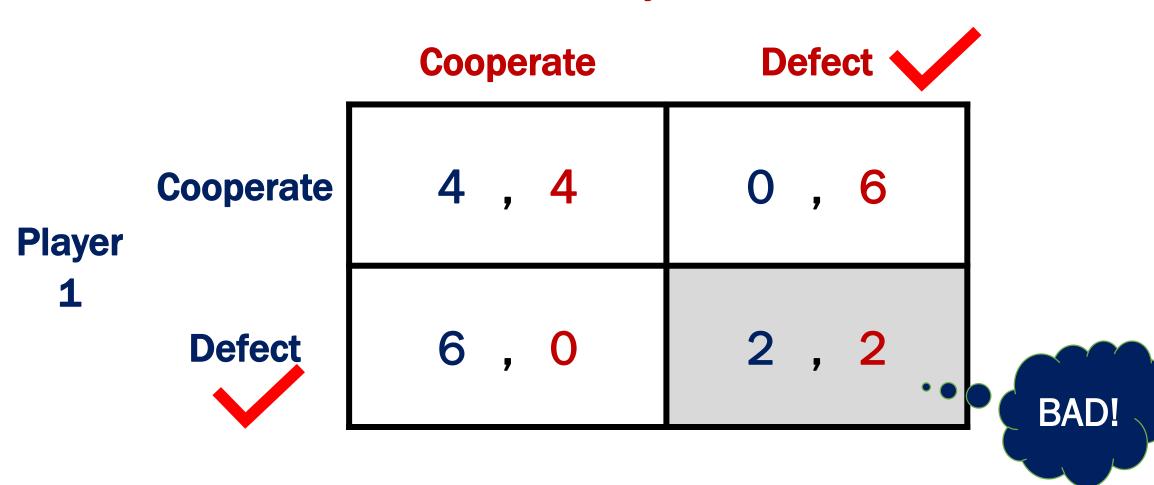
At (Cooperate, Cooperate) both players will change strategy



At (Cooperate, Defect) Player 1 will change strategy

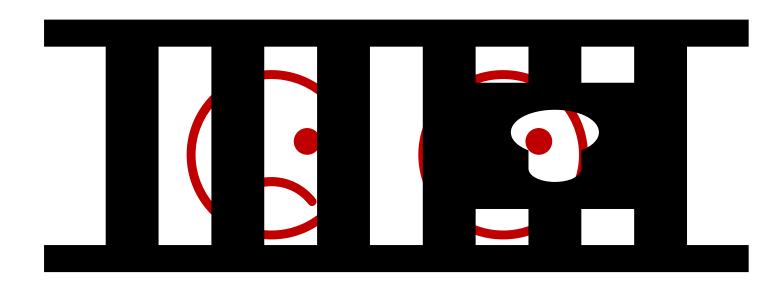


(Defect, Defect) is a Nash Equilibrium





The Prisoner's Dilemma



The Prisoner's Dilemma



"Will you confess?"



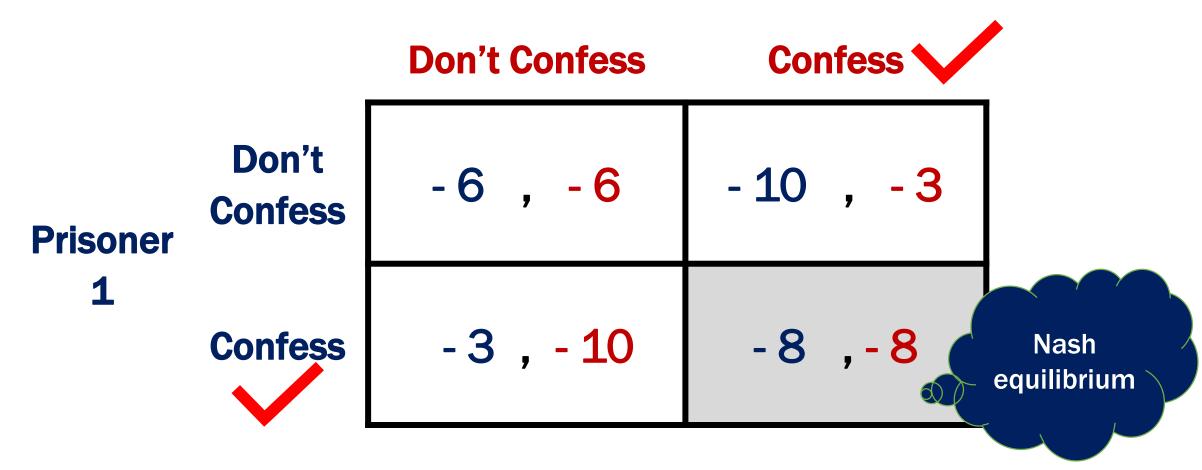
"Will you confess?"

Player 2

Player 2

Player 2

Player 2



That's all the Game Theory you'll see here!

The objective is to illustrate how economists use models

