

# *Analysis and Design of Algorithms*



*Algorithms*

CS3230

GR3330

## **Tutorial**

Week 6

# Question 5



Recall the **universal hashing** assumption discussed in class: for any two distinct keys  $x$  and  $y$  from universe  $U$ ,

$$\Pr[h(x) = h(y)] \leq \frac{1}{m}$$

where the probability is over the random choice of the hash function  $h: U \rightarrow [m]$ .

Suppose  $n$  elements are hashed using such a hash function  $h$ . For  $j \in [m]$ , let  $n_j$  be the number of elements hashing to slot  $j$ , and let  $\alpha = n/m$  (load factor).

Show that:

$$E \left[ \sum_{j \in [m]} n_j^2 \right] \leq n(1 + \alpha)$$



# Question 6



- Let  $A[1..n]$  be an array of  $n$  distinct names. Suppose  $m$  of them are male names. We hope to select  $q$  male names from  $A[1..n]$ . We propose the following algorithm to obtain  $q$  male names.
- Since personal data is sensitive, we hope to estimate the expected number of accesses to the array  $A$ .
- Please compute the expected number of access of  $\text{Query}(A, q)$ .

```
Query( $A, q$ )  
Let  $S = \Phi$ ;  
for  $j = 1$  to  $q$   
    Repeat  
        Randomly select  $k$  from  
             $\{1, 2, \dots, n\}$ ;  
        Set  $B = A[k]$ ;  
    Until  $B$  is a male and  $k \notin S$ ;  
     $S = \{k\} \cup S$ ;  
Report  $S$ ;
```

