

Aula dia 14/06/21

Geometria e Pontos Notáveis dos Triângulos

Tarefa Básica

01)

$$\frac{180^\circ - 60^\circ}{2} = 60^\circ \quad a = b = c = 60^\circ$$

Relação 2 no mediano M_{AB} onde:

$$\frac{2}{1} = \frac{x}{1}$$

$$x = 2$$

$$R: 2 \text{ (D)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 02) \quad 2 \cdot 50^\circ + 2 \cdot \hat{T} &= 360^\circ \\ 2 \hat{T} &= 360^\circ - 100^\circ \\ \hat{T} &= 130^\circ \end{aligned}$$

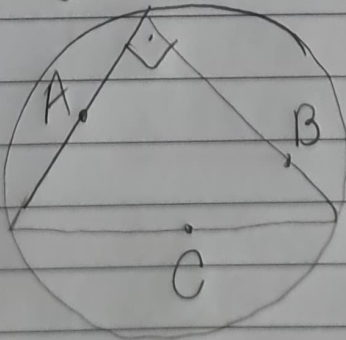
$$\begin{aligned} 130^\circ + 2x &= 180^\circ \\ 2x &= 50^\circ \\ x &= 25^\circ \end{aligned}$$

*220 delta

$$\begin{aligned} a + 25^\circ + 25^\circ &= 130^\circ \\ a &= 80^\circ \end{aligned}$$

$$R: 80^\circ \text{ (E)}$$

03) Se pode ser um retângulo, pois está inscrito em uma circunferência



$$04) \quad x + \frac{8}{16} = \frac{9}{16}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{16}$$

$$R: \text{Alt (E)} \quad \frac{1}{16}$$

$$\frac{z}{1} = \frac{2r}{r}$$

$$r = \frac{2r}{2} = \frac{3}{10}$$

$$2r = \frac{6}{16} \quad RA = \frac{3}{16} + \frac{6}{16} = \frac{9}{16}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{9}{16} &= x + \frac{8}{16} \\ \frac{8}{16} &= \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

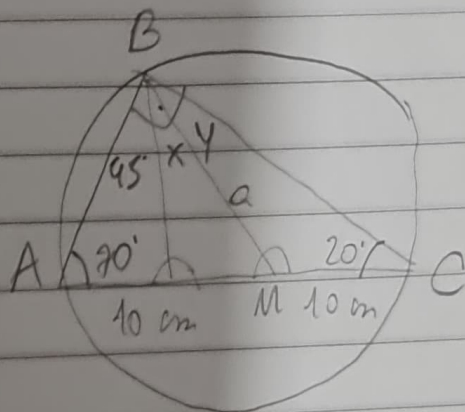
05) $\overline{MB} = \overline{MC} = \overline{MA} = 10 \text{ cm}$
 $\overline{MB} = 10 \text{ cm}$

$\hat{y} = \hat{c} \Rightarrow \hat{y} = 20^\circ$

$\hat{x} + \hat{y} + 45^\circ = 90^\circ$

$\hat{x} + 20^\circ + 45^\circ = 90^\circ$

$\hat{x} = 25^\circ$



R: a) 10 cm
 b) 25°

06) $\frac{2}{1} = \frac{x}{r}$ $x = 2r$
 R: c) $2r$

