

Aula 04/06/21

07/06/21

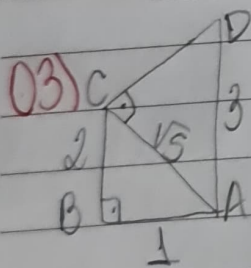
Triângulo Retângulo Tarefa Básica

01) $a^2 = b^2 + c^2$
 $8^2 = (\sqrt{3})^2 + (\sqrt{4})^2$
 $8^2 = 3 + 4$
 $8^2 = 7$
 $8 = \sqrt{7}$

Alt (B)

02) $a^2 = b^2 + c^2$
 $(10)^2 = b^2 + 6^2$
 $100 - 36 = b^2$
 $64 = b^2$
 $b = 8$

Resposta = 8 m



plano AC
 $a^2 = b^2 + c^2$
 $a^2 = 2^2 + 1^2$
 $a^2 = 4 + 1$
 $a = \sqrt{5}$

$a^2 = b^2 + c^2$
 $3^2 = b^2 + (\sqrt{5})^2$
 $9 = b^2 + 5$
 $b^2 = 4$
 $b = 2$

Resp: (B)

04) $a^2 = b^2 + c^2$
 $x^2 = 5^2 + 5^2$
 $x = a + b$
 $x = 2a$

per semelhança

Alt (B)

05) $a^2 = b^2 + c^2$
 $6^2 = 2^2 + c^2$
 $36 - 4 = c^2$
 $c = \sqrt{32}$

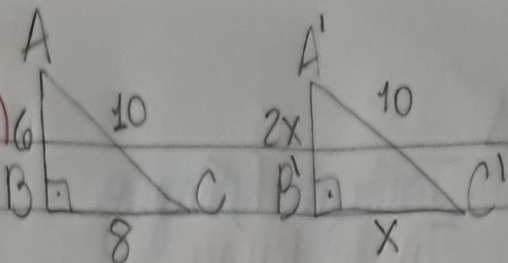
32	2)	
16	2)	$4\sqrt{2}$
8	2)	
4	2)	
2	2)	
0		

Área $\Delta = b \cdot c$
 $= \frac{2 \cdot 4\sqrt{2}}{2}$
 $= \frac{8\sqrt{2}}{2} = 4\sqrt{2}$

Alt (C)

04/06/21

06)



$$\begin{aligned} a^2 &= b^2 + c^2 \\ 10^2 &= 6^2 + 8^2 \\ 100 &= 36 + 64 \\ 100 &= 100 \\ \boxed{a=10\text{m}} \end{aligned}$$

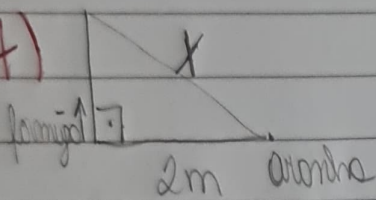
$$\begin{aligned} a^2 &= b^2 + c^2 \\ 10^2 &= (2x)^2 + (x)^2 \\ 100 &= 4x^2 + x^2 \\ 5x^2 &= 100 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x &= \sqrt{20} \\ \boxed{x=2\sqrt{5}} \end{aligned}$$

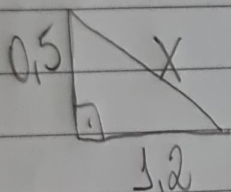
$$\begin{array}{r|l} 20 & 2 \\ \hline 10 & 2 \\ \hline 5 & 5 \\ \hline 2 & \end{array}$$

Alt (A)

07)



$$\begin{aligned} \text{arvore } 1.6\text{m} / 2 &= 1.6 \cdot 5 = 80\text{cm} = 0.8\text{m} \\ \text{formiga } 40\text{cm} / 2 &= 40 \cdot 5 = 50\text{cm} = 0.5\text{m} \end{aligned}$$



$$2\text{m} - 0.8 = 1.2\text{m}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 &= b^2 + c^2 \\ x^2 &= (0.5)^2 + (1.2)^2 \\ x^2 &= 0.25 + 1.44 \\ x^2 &= 1.69 \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{x=1.3\text{m}} \quad \text{Alt (B)}$$

08)

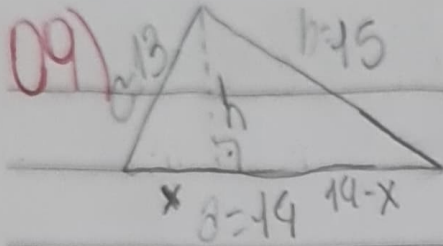
$$\begin{aligned} a^2 &= b^2 + c^2 \\ 8^2 &= b^2 + (4)^2 \\ 64 &= b^2 + 16 \\ \boxed{b=\sqrt{48}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a^2 &= b^2 + c^2 \\ 13^2 &= (x+4)^2 + (\sqrt{48})^2 \\ 169 &= x^2 + 8x + 16 + 48 \\ x^2 + 8x - 105 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta &= b^2 - 4ac \\ \Delta &= 8^2 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot -105 \\ \Delta &= 484 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x &= \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{\Delta}}{2a} \\ x &= \frac{-8 \pm 22}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{resposta} = 7\text{m} \quad \text{Alt (D)}$$



$$\textcircled{I} x^2 + h^2 = 13^2 \quad | \quad \textcircled{II} h^2 + (14-x)^2 = 15^2$$

$$h^2 = 13^2 - x^2 \quad | \quad h^2 = 15^2 - (14-x)^2$$

07/06/21

$$I=II$$

$$14-x=9$$

$$13^2 - x^2 = 15^2 - (14-x)^2$$

$$h^2 + 9^2 = 15^2$$

$$169 - x^2 = 225 - (196 - 28x + x^2)$$

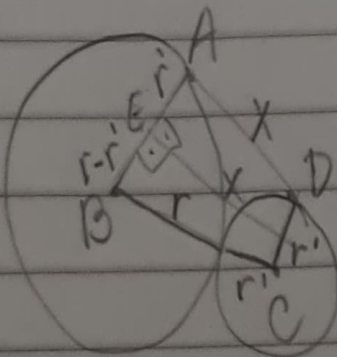
$$h^2 = 15^2 - 9^2$$

$$169 - x^2 = 225 - 196 + 28x - x^2$$

$$h=12$$

$$x=5$$

10)



$$x^2 = b^2 + c^2$$

$$(r+r')^2 = x^2 + (r-r')^2$$

$$r^2 + 2rr' + r'^2 = x^2 + r^2 - 2rr' + r'^2$$

$$x^2 = r^2 + 2rr' + r'^2 - r^2 + 2rr' - r'^2$$

$$x^2 = 4rr'$$

$$x^2 = 2^2 r \cdot r'$$

$$x = 2\sqrt{rr'}$$

11) $a^2 = b^2 + c^2$

$$(x+y)^2 = 30^2 + 40^2$$

$$(x+y)^2 = 900 + 1600$$

$$(x+y) = 50$$

$$20/(x+y) = y/20$$

$$20^2 = (x+y) \cdot y$$

$$400 = 50y$$

$$y=8$$

Resp: (C) $CE=8$