#### Boids!

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### What are Boids?

- ► An artificial life simulation [1, 3]
- ▶ 'Bird-oid' flocking behaviour [1, 3]
- ▶ first described by Craig Reynolds in 1987 [3]

## Why Boids?

- Some major appearances:
  - ► Half-Life (1998)
  - ► Batman Returns (1992)
- Other applications:
  - Swarm optimization
  - ► Unmanned vehicle guidance

# Our Implementation

- ► Haskell programming language:
  - ▶ It's good [2]
  - ▶ Will should explain this; it's his pet toy language

### What is a Boid?

- Consists of
  - ► A position *p<sub>i</sub>*
  - A velocity vector  $\vec{v_i}$
  - ► A sight radius r
- ► In Haskell:

### Separation steering vector

Tendency to avoid collisions with other boids

$$ec{s_i} = -\sum_{orall b_i \in V_i} (p_i - p_j)$$

▶ In Haskell:

```
separation :: Boid -> Perception -> Vector
separation self neighbors =
   let p = position self
   in negated $
        sumV $ map (^-^ p) $ positions neighbors
```

## Cohesion steering vector

- Tendency to steer towards the centre of visible boids
- Calculated in two steps:

$$c_i = \sum_{\forall b_j \in V_i} \frac{\rho_j}{m} \tag{1}$$

$$\vec{k}_i = c_i - p_i \tag{2}$$

▶ In Haskell:

```
centre :: Perception -> Vector
centre boids =
    let m = fromIntegral $ length boids :: Float
    in sumV (positions boids) ^/ m
cohesion :: Boid -> Perception -> Vector
cohesion self neighbors =
    let p = position self
    in centre neighbors ^-^ p
```

## Alignment steering vector

► Tendency to match velocity with visible boids

$$\vec{m}_i = \sum_{\forall b_j \in V_i} \frac{\vec{v}_j}{m}$$

▶ In Haskell:

### References



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