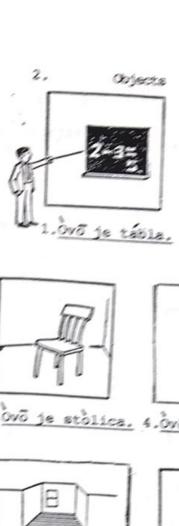
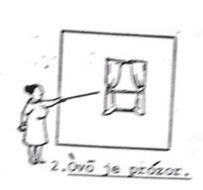
- Dopunski tekstovi Supplementary Texts C.
 - Zena i muskarac Woman and Man(Male) 1.



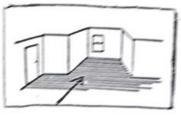
Ovo je studentkinja. Ovo je student. Ovo je profesor. Ovo je oficir. Ovo je doktor.







3. Ovo je stolica. 4. Ovo je knjiga. 5. Ovo je knica.







6. Ovo je pod. 7. Ovo je haljina. 8. Ovo je kaput.







9.0vo je lampa. 10.0vo je džemper. 11.0vo je kapa.



12. Ovo je šešir.

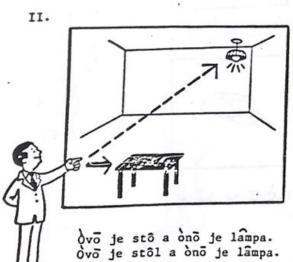
3. Ovo versus ono

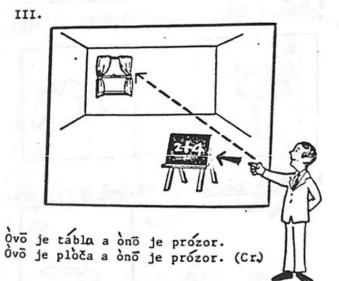
Observe pictures I-III below; they illustrate the relationship between the demonstratives ovo and bno.

Ovo points at something or somebody near you.

Ono points at something or somebody farther away. They contrast each other.

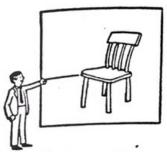




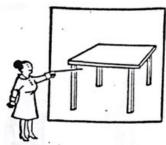


a. ovo je...; Štä je ovo?; Kô je ovo?

If the teacher is close to a person or object (as shown below) and points at them with a ruler, the statement might be:



-òvō je stòlica.

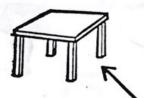


-òvō je stô. [-òvō je stôl]

If the teacher turns to you, while pointing at one object or person at a time, from a close distance, she or he would ask you:



Šta je ovo?



Štå je ovo?



Kô je ovo?

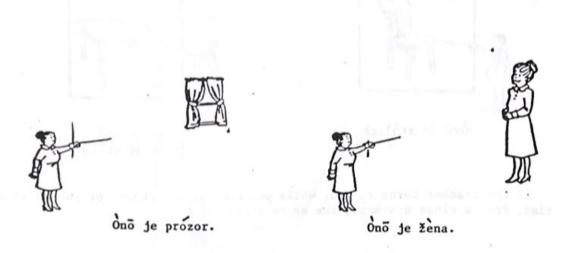


Kô je ovo?

The answers are: $\frac{10}{10}$ je lampa. $\frac{10}{10}$ je sto/stol. $\frac{10}{10}$ je učenica.

b. Ono je ...; Šta je ono?; Ko je ono?

If the teacher walks away from the person or object which he or she was near, and then points at them, for example, from the other end of the room, the statement would be:











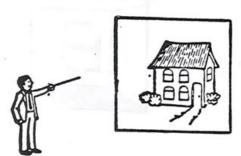
Ono je lampa.

Ono je pod.

Tekstovi

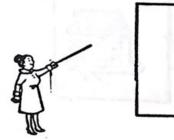
When the teacher turns to you now and asks you Sta/Sto je ono? or Kô/Tkô je ono? you have a choice of two answers:

Ono je (+ a noun) or: To je (+ a noun).



Sta/Sto je ono?

- a) Ônō je kuća.
 b) Tô je kuća.



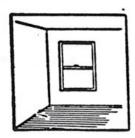
Kô/Tkô je ono?

- a) ônō je čòvek/čóvjek.
 b) Tô je čòvek/čòvjek.
- C. The questions beginning with Da li je ono (+ a noun) follow the same pattern:









Da li je ono kuća?

- a) Dâ, ono je kuća. b) Dâ, tô je kuća.

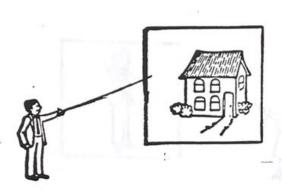
Da li je ono pod?

- a) Dâ, ònổ je pôd. b) Dâ, tô je pôd.

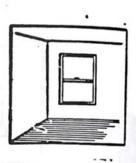
 $0n\bar{0}$ means 'that over there', while $t\hat{0}$ means 'the object or person you are pointing at'. The difference between the demonstrative is slight, but worth noting.

Tekstovi

The teacher may check your knowledge of vocabulary by "misnaming" an item, calling for you to give a negative answer first before responding with the right word. Two examples follow:







Da li je ovo haljina?

Ne, tô nije haljina, tô je kůća. Da li je ono sto/stol?

Ne, ono nije sto/stol, ono je pod/patos.

Ne, tô nije stô/stôl, tô je pôd/pàtos.





50