

Name: _____

Test Your Skills - 05

Deadline - 3/17

Answer these exercises, in complete mathematical sentences and using mathematical notation properly. You are to work on these individually, without collaboration. You may consult your book and myself, but **not the math lab** or other resources. To earn extra credit, stop into my office hours (or make an appointment) and present your solutions. Partial credit will be given for any earnest attempt.

Exercise 1. Suppose that $\vec{a} \neq 0$.

(a) If $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = \vec{a} \cdot \vec{c}$, then must it be the case that $\vec{b} = \vec{c}$?

(b) If $\vec{a} \times \vec{b} = \vec{a} \times \vec{c}$, then must it be the case that $\vec{b} = \vec{c}$?

(c) If $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = \vec{a} \cdot \vec{c}$ and $\vec{a} \times \vec{b} = \vec{a} \times \vec{c}$, then must it be the case that $\vec{b} = \vec{c}$?

Exercise 2. Find equations of the planes parallel to the plane defined by $x + 2y - 2z = 1$, and two units away from it.

Exercise 3. Describe, with an equation, the surface upon which the curve described by the vector valued function $\vec{r}(t) = \langle t \cos(t), t \sin(t), t \rangle$ lies.

Exercise 4. If $\vec{r}(t)$ is a vector valued function such that $\vec{r}'(t)$ and $\vec{r}''(t)$ exist, show that

$$\frac{d}{dt} [\vec{r}(t) \times \vec{r}'] = \vec{r} \times \vec{r}''(t).$$