



Complete the Table

Step	Q	W	ΔU
A \rightarrow B	(b) +	(a) -	+
B \rightarrow C	+	(c) 0	(d) +
C \rightarrow A	(e) -	(f) +	(g) -
Total	(h) -	(i) +	0

A \rightarrow B: const P: • expanding, W \ominus (a)
 • if $\Delta U \oplus$, Q \oplus (b)

B \rightarrow C: const V: • W = 0 (c)

• If Q +, $\Delta U \oplus$ (d)
 (heat flows in)

C \rightarrow A: compression • W \oplus (f)
 P decreases

• ΔU must be - (g)
 since $\Delta U_{\text{cycle}} = 0$

• (first 2 stages \oplus)

• Note area under curve:
 + Work, C \rightarrow A greater magnitude than
 - Work from A \rightarrow B

So: W_{net} \oplus (i)

• therefore Q_{C \rightarrow A} \ominus (e)
 so that $\Delta U_{\text{cycle}} = 0$

• Q_{TOTAL} \ominus (h)

What is W_{net}?

$$W_{A \rightarrow B} = -P \Delta V = -(20 \text{ Pa})(3 - 1 \text{ m}^3) = -40 \text{ J}$$

$$W_{B \rightarrow C} = 0$$

$W_{C \rightarrow A}$: P not constant: linear function in V

$$P = mV + b$$

$$m = \frac{\Delta P}{\Delta V} = \frac{-20}{-2} = 10$$

$$P(V) = 10V + b$$

$$① V=1, P=20$$

$$20 = 10(1) + b$$

$$b = 10$$

$$P(V) = 10V + 10$$

$$W_{C \rightarrow A} = - \int_3^1 (10V + 10) dV$$

$$= - \left. \frac{10V^2}{2} \right|_3^1 - 10V \Big|_3^1$$

$$= -5(1-9) - 10(1-3)$$

$$= +40 + 20$$

$$W_{C \rightarrow A} = 60 \text{ J}$$

$$W_{\text{net}} = -40 + 60 = \textcircled{+} 20 \text{ J}$$

Note: area of triangle is 20 J