Statistics/Data analysis

```
* VAT indirect effect:
import excel using "$xls tool", sheet(IO) first clear
/****** Putting sector names as value label to sector number *********/
tempvar sect num
egen `sect num' = count(sector name)
qui sum `sect num'
local i = 0
forval z = 1(1) r(N) {
                             local ++i
                             local lbl = sector name[`i']
                             label define sect name `i'" lbl'", modify
}
label list sect name
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      // assigning value 1
label val sector sect name
> abels
                                 ********************
drop sector_name
isid sector
mvencode VAT rate PY VAT exempt PY sect *, mv(0) override // make sure that none of
> the coefficient is missing
gen double dp = - VAT rate PY
gen fixed = 1 - VAT exempt_PY // all except exempted sector
                            assert dp == 0 if \overline{f}ixed == 0
costpush sect *, fixed(fixed) price(dp) genptot(VAT tot eff PY) genpind(VAT ind eff
> PY) fix
keep sector VAT_ind_eff_PY
isid sector
tempfile ind effect PY
save `ind effect PY', replace
* Import rates (for direct effect)
import excel using "$xls_tool", sheet(VAT) first clear
replace VAT_rate_PY = - VAT_rate_PY
keep exp type sector VAT rate PY
isid exp_type
tempfile rates PY
save `rates PY', replace
use "${simulationData}\06_${countryName}_${simulationName}_${mkt_inc_PY}.dta", clear
 \begin{tabular}{ll} merge 1:1 hhID memberID using "$\{simulationData\} \begin{tabular}{ll} 05_$\{countryName\}_$ \end{tabular} \label{tabular} $$ \end{tabular} $$$ \end{ta
> ${dem PY}.dta", nogen assert(match) keepusing(hh size)
merge 1:1 hhID memberID using "${simulationData}\07 ${countryName} ${simulationName}
> _${ssc_dir_tax_PY}.dta", nogen assert(match)
 \label{eq:mergen} \texttt{merge 1:} \overline{1} \ \texttt{hh} \overline{\texttt{ID}} \ \texttt{memberID} \ \texttt{using "} \{ \texttt{simulationData} \} \\ \texttt{08} \ \texttt{\S} \{ \texttt{countryName} \} \\ \texttt{\_} \{ \texttt{simulationName} \} \\ \texttt{\_} \{ \texttt{simulationNa
> ${pens dir trans PY}.dta", nogen assert(match)
egen double disposable_income_orig = rowtotal(net_market_income orig pens trans orig
egen double disposable_income = rowtotal(${market_income} ${SSC} ${direct_taxes} ${p
> ensions} ${direct transfers})
*su disposable income orig net market income orig pens trans orig disposable income
> ${market_income} ${SSC} ${direct_taxes} ${pensions}^${direct_transfers}
```

```
recast int hh size
         global exp consistency check = 0
         if $exp consistency check == 1 {
             assert abs(disposable income - disposable income orig) < 10 ^ (-9)
         assert disposable income >= 0
collapse (sum) disposable income orig disposable income (mean) hh size, by(hhID)
isid hhID
merge 1:m hhID using "${simulationData}\04 ${countryName} ${simulationName} ${exp SY
> }.dta" , nogen /* assert(match) */
bysort hhID: egen double total exp SY = total(exp gross SY)
* total exp adjustment to make consistent with income: 'combined approach' - identif
> y hh, where incomes are lower than some reasonable level of dissaving (i.e. income
> s are less than 50% of expenditures) and normalize (scale down) the expenditures f
> or those. For these hh we assume 1:1 income to expenditure path through, while for
> the rest of observations, we keep the original ratio between incomes and expendit
> ures we assume the path through from income to expenditures to equal the hh-specif
> ic apc.
gen double exp net adj SY = exp net SY
replace exp_net_adj_SY = exp_net_SY / total_exp_SY * disposable_income_orig > if total_exp_SY > 2 * disposable_income_orig // We adjust the net expenditures, bu
> t the gross income should be consistent with disapobale
         bysort hhID: egen double total_exp_net_adj_SY = total(exp_net_adj_SY)
gen double exp net PY = exp net adj SY / disposable income orig * disposable income
> // normalization to diposable income to adjust for income-exp link
         replace exp_net_PY = 0 if disposable_income_orig == 0
         *assert !mi(exp net PY)
         if $exp consistency check == 1 {
                  replace exp net PY = exp net SY
merge m:1 exp type using `rates PY', nogen /*assert(match)*/
merge m:1 sector using `ind effect PY', nogen /*assert(match using) keep(match)*/
gen double exp gross PY = exp net PY * (1 - exp form * VAT rate PY) * (1 - VAT ind
> eff PY)
         if $exp_consistency_check == 1 {
                  assert abs(\overline{\text{exp}} gross PY - \overline{\text{exp}} gross SY) < 10 ^ (-10)
gen double VAT = exp net PY - exp gross PY
* if we would like to separate the direct and indirect effect this can be done:
gen double VAT_dir = exp_net_PY * exp_form * VAT_rate_PY gen double VAT_ind = VAT - VAT_dir // the direct and indirect effects are rather cum > ulative than additive, but for simplicity we can assume the additivity
foreach var in $indirect taxes {
         replace `var' = `var' / hh size
}
```

```
*isid hhID exp_type exp_form
collapse (sum) ${indirect_taxes}, by(hhID)
*groupfunction, sum(${indirect_taxes}) by(hhID) norestore
*isid hhID

foreach var in $indirect_taxes {
    assert `var' <= 10 ^ (-11) // they could be marginally positive due to rounding
> error
    replace `var' = 0 if `var' > 0
}

keep hhID ${indirect_taxes}
mvencode ${indirect_taxes}, mv(0) override

*isid hhID
save "${simulationData}\09_${countryName}_${simulationName}_${indir_tax_PY}.dta", re
> place
```