

```
bandit8@bandit: ~
bandit7@bandit: ~ x bandit8@bandit: ~ x
--parallel=N      multiple options specify multiple directories
                  change the number of sorts run concurrently to N
-u, --unique      with -c, check for strict ordering;
                  without -c, output only the first of an equal run
-z, --zero-terminated  line delimiter is NUL, not newline
--help          display this help and exit
--version      output version information and exit

KEYDEF is F[.C][OPTS][,F[.C][OPTS]] for start and stop position, where F is a
field number and C a character position in the field; both are origin 1, and
the stop position defaults to the line's end.  If neither -t nor -b is in
effect, characters in a field are counted from the beginning of the preceding
whitespace.  OPTS is one or more single-letter ordering options [bdfgiMhnRrV],
which override global ordering options for that key.  If no key is given, use
the entire line as the key.  Use --debug to diagnose incorrect key usage.

SIZE may be followed by the following multiplicative suffixes:
% 1% of memory, b 1, K 1024 (default), and so on for M, G, T, P, E, Z, Y.

*** WARNING ***
The locale specified by the environment affects sort order.
Set LC_ALL=C to get the traditional sort order that uses
native byte values.

GNU coreutils online help: <https://www.gnu.org/software/coreutils/>
Full documentation <https://www.gnu.org/software/coreutils/sort>
or available locally via: info '(coreutils) sort invocation'
bandit8@bandit:~$ sort -c -u data.txt
sort: data.txt:3: disorder: ITQY9WLlsn3q168qH29wYMLQjgPH9lNP
bandit8@bandit:~$ sort uniq -u data.txt
sort: cannot read: uniq: No such file or directory
bandit8@bandit:~$ sort data.txt uniq -u
sort: cannot read: uniq: No such file or directory
bandit8@bandit:~$ sort data.txt | uniq -u
EN632PlfYiZbn3PhVK3XOGSlNInNE00t
bandit8@bandit:~$
```