RI Preliminary Examination 2021: SAQs & Summary Answer Scheme

1. In lines 3-4, the author claims that modern parenting appears to be 'reinforced by the same connoisseur's impulse to be meticulous in his choice'. How does paragraph 2 support her assertion? **Use your own words as far as possible.** [2]

From the passage/lift		Suggested Answers	Mark
modern parents have taken a more curatorial approach toward childhood, (line 11) OR with each very deliberate decision directed (lines 11-12)	A	The author explains that modern parents have (optional: utilised similar instincts to that of a connoisseur and) taken a more selective / careful approach / are discerning in their actions OR made choices / provisions very purposefully / consciously / in an intentional	1
accident an octor (infect 11 12)		manner	
		[Explanation of Context]	
	В	in order to help their children: (any one specific explanation)	1
toward getting their offspring into the best university they can,		enrol into / secure a place in a top <u>college</u> / <u>school / institute of higher learning</u> OR	
OR the kind of career to guarantee them a decent life (lines 11-13).		secure an <u>occupation / profession / job</u> that would ensure / promise good prospects / material well-being / a good future / a	
		reasonable / adequate standard of living OR (broad point distilled from both examples)	
		secure a good future for their children / optimise their future pathways (BOD).	

2. In paragraph 3, what **two** distinctions does the author draw between 'parenting styles of the past' (line 15) and those today? **Use your own words as far as possible**. [2]

From the passage/lift		Suggested Answer	Mark
		Point of contrast [flexible / approachable vs rigid / severe]	1
At the same time, our collective focus to be more accommodating has expanded. It's a well-meaning reaction to more authoritarian parenting styles of the past, (lines 14-15)	A	A1. While parenting styles in the past tended to be strict / uncompromising / rigid / autocratic / unyielding, A2. the approach today is centred on being increasingly / more flexible / liberal / approachable / gentle / accepting / indulgent.	

		Do not accept 'loving' vs unloving', because parenting styles are not directly correlated with the presence/absence of loving feelings.	
		Point of contrast [shielding children vs (INF) exposing them to adverse experiences]	1
we're now <u>more attuned</u> to shielding them from any adverse experiences (lines 17-18)	В	Additionally, B1. while parents in the past [INF] were less likely to protect / safeguard their children from trials and tribulations / harsh realities / challenging situations in life, B2. parents today are more aware of / sensitive to the need to protect / safeguard their children from / against such difficulties. Note to markers: Accept 'more likely to expose' for B1 (BOD)	

3. How does the author support her view that it is particularly dubious to assume 'a static world' (line 31)? [2]

From the passage/lift		Suggested Answer	Mark	(
according to projections, (line	Α	The author uses / cites predictions / estimates	1-2pts	=
31)		/ forecasts / plentiful evidence / data / statistics	1m	
OR			0 1	
and there's ample evidence of			3pts	=
that trend already. (line 33)			2m	
		[Context] concerning		
65 per cent of today's primary	В	how future occupations / work for today's		
school-aged kids may end up		children do not exist today,		
doing work that hasn't even				
been invented yet, (lines 32-33)				
OR		OR		
Many of the jobs in which		how many contemporary occupations likewise		
people are employed today		were not present a decade ago,		
didn't exist ten years ago (lines				
33-34)				
and the pace of innovation is	С	and highlights that the speed of change /		
only increasing. (lines 34-35)		developments is getting faster all the time.		

4. Using material from paragraphs 4-6 only (lines 25-52), summarise what the author has to say about modern parenting and its unintended consequences.

Write your summary in **no more than 120 words**, not counting the opening words which are printed below. **Use your own words as far as possible**.

Modern parenting leads to ...

Α	underestimate a child's ability (line 25)	underrating / rating too lowly the child's ability
В	to <u>learn and grow</u> (line 25)	to develop / progress Do not accept: change
С	from experience (and mistakes) (lines 25-26)	from experience (and errors) (either one will suffice)
D	and can have a host of unintended consequences, (line 26)	and leads to many / a lot of unintended / inadvertent consequences / issues / problems,
E	often the exact opposite of what we had hoped to achieve. (lines 26-27)	even counterproductive outcomes / consequences. OR outcomes / consequences that are contrary to what parents originally intended. Accept 'contradict / contradicting the initial purpose' (BOD)
F	For one thing, a <u>focus</u> on <u>achievement</u> (lines 27-28)	Stressing / placing emphasis on accomplishments/ aims
G	promotes a very narrowly defined concept of success (line 28) OR That narrow focus (line 30)	encourages / fosters a highly / overly limited / restricted definition of success. OR Such a limited / restricted emphasis Accept 'creates' / 'causes' (BOD)
Н	on specific (line 30)	on an <u>exact / particular</u>
I	preordained (line 30)	predetermined / predestined Do not accept 'preplanned' or 'premeditated'
J	paths to <u>achievement</u> (line 30)	road to <u>success</u> Accept: financial success, but not financial prospects
K	is even more dubious (lines 30-31)	is especially questionable / unconvincing / problematic
L	because it assumes a <u>static</u> world (line 31)	as it presupposes that the world is <u>unchanging /</u> <u>always going to be the same.</u>
М	To make matters worse, there's a growing cohort of kids on today's university campuses (lines 36-37)	What is more alarming is that there is an increase in the number of students
N	who did everything <u>'right' at school, aced their exams, got into a fancy university and find academic work a breeze,</u> (lines 37-38)	[INF] who might be successful <u>academically / scholastically</u> Note: must be about achievements in school
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0	but are <u>completely</u> baffled by life. (line 38)	but are totally confused / confounded / puzzled / perplexed by life.
	,	Absolute extent must be captured
Р	They have no clue how to <u>deal</u> with a housemate who's a slob see how things are going (lines 38-	(INF) They are unable / ill-equipped to handle difficult / tricky social situations
	42)	Note to markers: Accept even if examples are provided.
Q	with their <u>micromanaging</u> 'helicopter' parents who show up for unplanned visits ('Surprise!'), and continually check in to see how things are going (lines 40-42)	Modern parents tend to <u>overly control / take charge</u> <u>of every little aspect / all aspects</u> of their children's lives.
R	(Another unintended consequence of over-parenting is that) kids can grow up thinking (lines 43-44)	Children may also have the impression from a young age / since childhood
S	that their parents' love is conditional (line 44)	that their parents' love for them is dependent / contingent
Т	on their behaving a certain way. (line 44)	on their conducting themselves / acting in a specific manner.
U	This leads to contingent self- esteem, the belief that their worth must be earned. (lines 44-45)	This results in children thinking that the value / meaning of their lives is necessarily derived / obtained through other / extrinsic / external means, Note: Award when there is any reasonable interpretation of how the children's worth is not intrinsic
V	Contingent self-esteem can manifest itself always been praised for her appearance and goes on to develop an eating disorder. (lines 46-47)	(Impact on behaviour) [INF] and because of that, children may resort to harmful / unhealthy / adverse measures / ways / methods to feel good about themselves / gain validation OR may engage in harmful / unhealthy / adverse behaviours.
W	But it can also be visible in becomes head girl but who falls apart when she underperforms (lines 47-50)	(Adverse outcome of behaviour) They may also undergo <u>severe meltdowns / emotional breakdowns</u> when things do not go their way / go awry.
22 nain	Or the athlete shuts down when he messes up championship game. (lines 50-52)	

23 points

1-2 pts	3-4 pts	5-6 pts	7-8 pts	9-10 pts	11-12 pts	13-14 pts	≥15 pts
1m	2m	3m	4m	5m	6m	7m	8m

5. What are the author's views on 'temptations' and 'change' (line 54)? **Use your own words** as far as possible. [2]

From the passage/lift		Suggested Answer	Mark
you can be sure that temptations will arise , and that change is inevitable . (lines 54-55).	Α	The author implies / suggests that temptations and change are unavoidable .	1-2pts = 1m 3pts = 2m
You can't predict (line 55)	В	We cannot foresee / anticipate them / such situations,	
 much less successfully navigate – a fender bender, a botched maths test, the party at which everyone is guzzling beer or the best pal who suddenly develops an interest in shoplifting. (lines 55-57) 	С	Let alone / certainly not get around / manage / negotiate them well / optimally OR overcome them.	

6. Explain what the author means when she says emotional agility is 'like a vaccine' (line 63). **Use your own words as far as possible**. [2]

From the passage/lift		Suggested Answer	Mark
		Literal meaning (vaccine's impact should be shown to be largely positive):	2m or 0
like a vaccine that helps inoculate kids against being	A	Just as / In the same way that a vaccine helps to give immunity to children / protects children from falling sick / against certain viruses / ailments (despite not providing full immunity / protection / working all the time),	
overwhelmed by the moments of unpleasantness that life no		Contextual meaning:	
doubt has in store for them. It won't give kids complete	В	emotional agility too helps	
immunity, but it will help them develop the flexibility and resilience they need to flourish, even during hard times. (lines 63-66)		shield / prevent children from being inundated / overcome / crushed / defeated by the unenjoyable / dreadful moments in life. OR	
		children establish / learn the necessary skills (like adaptability and tenacity) required to thrive during tough moments.	
		Note to markers: This being a metaphor question, the parallels between A & B should be depicted clearly.	

7. In paragraph 9, explain **two** ways in which the author's choice of word(s) indicates that the fear kids have when facing new experiences is particularly potent. [2]

From the passage/lift		Suggested Answer	Mar	k
-		The author uses the phrase/term:		
For kids, however, facing nerveracking experiences (line 68)	A	'nerve-racking' to indicate that facing new experiences is highly stressful / emotionally traumatic for kids.	Any for 2r	2 n
especially challenging (line 69)	В	'especially' to indicate that the degree / intensity of the fear kids have is extremely great.		
so they're easily spooked by (line 71)	С	' <u>easily</u> spooked' to indicate that kids are readily scared off / unnerved / alarmed <u>without much difficulty/ effort</u> , putting them off new experiences.		
the <u>autopilot</u> response (line 72)	D	'autopilot response' to indicate that the fear children have of new experiences is <u>innate / hardwired</u> in them. OR that children would <u>avoid / fear new experiences without being conscious of doing so</u> .		

8. From lines 75-78, what does the author suggest as the appropriate way for children to 'make that leap' (line 73)? **Use your own words as far as possible**. [3]

From the passage/lift		Suggested Answer	Mark
Rather, it's about	Α	The author believes that for children to 'make that	1 pt: = 1m
accepting (line 75)		leap', they need to embrace / welcome	2-3 pts =
			2m
and noticing all <u>your</u>	В	and be aware of / recognise / acknowledge all	4pts = 3m
emotions and thoughts,		feelings / emotions and/or thoughts / ideas,	
(lines 75-76)			
		Either emotions or thoughts needs to be captured;	
		no need for both, because both are instinctive	
		responses	
viewing even the most	С	Looking at / considering / perceiving even the	
powerful of them with		strongest ones with open-mindedness /	
curiosity, (line 76)		inquisitiveness,	
and then choosing	D	and to opt for <u>bravery / fearlessness</u> rather than	
courage over comfort in		what is easy / convenient / solace (optional: when	
order to do whatever		making the leap / dealing with new experiences /	
you've determined is		doing what we have decided matters the most to	
most important to you.		us.)	
(lines 76-78)			

9. By including the information in brackets in line 81, what is the author implying about parental fear? [1]

From the passage	Suggested Answer
We're afraid of what our children's reluctance to embrace an experience will	The author is implying that parents are more frightened of how their parenting skills would be perceived / of being judged unfavourably than they are of how their children's fear of new experiences / unwillingness to participate in something new may be detrimental.
mean for their development (or, god forbid, what it reflects about our own parenting skills). (lines 79-81)	OR parents' fear about their self-worth and ability as a parent is a selfish one <u>rather than</u> for their children alone. Note: comparison with the main point is implied because of the
	author's choice to include the information in brackets.

10. According to the author in paragraph 12, how can children practise 'fear walking' (line 91)? Use your own words as far as possible. [1]

From the passage/lift	Suggested Answer
	She believes that they can practise 'fear walking' by:
take a leap – not of blind faith , but of eyes-wide-open volition in spite of fear – they practise 'fear walking' (lines 90-91)	['eyes-wide-open volition in spite of fear'] A. doing new things / engaging in new experiences consciously / willingly / actively / purposefully doing so despite being / even though one is afraid. OR ['not of blind faith'] B. choosing not to engage in new experiences based on an unthinking / unreasonable / baseless trust that things will be fine / they will be positive experiences. Award mark for paraphrase that is either for 'eyes-wide-open' or 'volition' Allow lift of 'fear'