Azure CLI Installation and Service Principal Creation

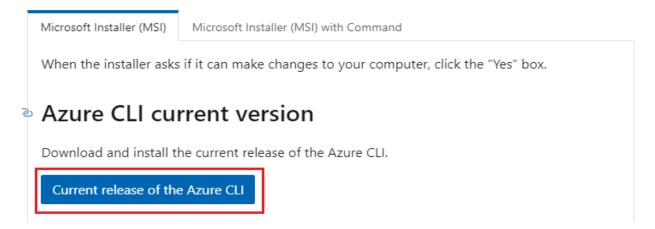
Azure CLI enables to manage resources in Azure from your PC.

Install Azure CLI on Windows

Open the link <a href="https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/cli/azure/install-azure-cli-windows?tabs=azure-cli-windows.tabs=azure-cli-windows

Install or update

The MSI distributable is used for installing or updating the Azure CLI on Windows. You don't need to uninstall current versions before using the MSI installer because the MSI will update any existing version.



Run the downloaded MSI:

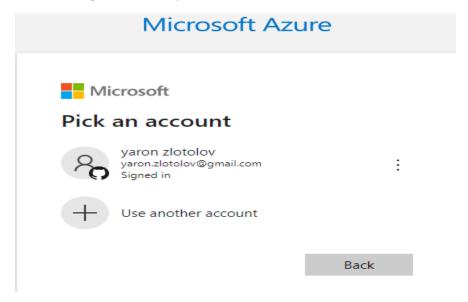


You can also install the Azure CLI using PowerShell. Start PowerShell as administrator and run the following command:

Invoke-WebRequest -Uri https://aka.ms/installazurecliwindows -OutFile .\AzureCLI.msi; Start-Process msiexec.exe -Wait -ArgumentList '/I AzureCLI.msi /quiet'; rm .\AzureCLI.msi

Login to Azure CLI:

Open VS Code and run az login and select your account as below.



You have logged into Microsoft Azure!

You can close this window, or we will redirect you to the Azure CLI documents in 10 seconds.

List the Subscriptions associated with the account and get the subscription id:

az account list -o table

```
PS C:\Kuberneties\Azure-AKS> az account list -o table

A few accounts are skipped as they don't have 'Enabled' state. Use '--all' to display them.

Name CloudName SubscriptionId State IsDefault

Azure subscription 1 AzureCloud

PS C:\Kuberneties\Azure-AKS>
```

Keep the subscription in variable for later use:

\$SUBSCRIPTION="000000-0000-0000-0000-00000000"

In case we have subscription for testing and subscription for production we need to specify which subscription we are using via the following command so we don't accidentally change things in production subscription.

az account set --subscription=\$SUBSCRIPTION

Install JQ tool:

JQ is a command-line tool for parsing JSON. Download from - https://stedolan.github.io/jq/download/

Windows

- Use Chocolatey NuGet to install jq 1.5 with chocolatey install jq.
- jq 1.6 executables for 64-bit pr 32-bit.
- jq 1.5 executables for 64-bit or 32-bit.
- jq 1.4 executables for 64-bit or 32-bit.
- jq 1.3 executables for 64-bit or 32-bit.

rename jq-win64.exe to jq.exe and copy the file to Terraform folder.

Create Service Principal

Service principal with Contributor permission allows terraform the manage infrastructure over the Azure subscription.

Create service principal:

\$SERVICE_PRINCIPAL_JSON=(az ad sp create-for-rbac --skip-assignment --name terraform-sp -o json)

PS C:\Kuberneties\Azure-AKS\Terraform> \$\$ERVICE_PRINCIPAL_JSON=(az ad sp create-for-rbac --skip-assignment --name terraform-sp -o json)
WARNING: Changing "terraform-sp" to a valid URI of "http://terraform-sp", which is the required format used for service principal names
WARNING: The output includes credentials that you must protect. Be sure that you do not include these credentials in your code or check the cre
entials into your source control. For more information, see https://aka.ms/azadsp-cli

echo \$SERVICE_PRINCIPAL_JSON

```
{
    "appId": "00000000-0000-0000-0000-00000000000",
    "displayName": "azure-cli-2021-06-05-10-41-15",
    "name": "http://azure-cli-2021-06-05-10-41-15",
    "password": "0000-0000-0000-0000-0000000000",
    "tenant": "00000000-0000-0000-000000000000"
}
```

The values that will be used to terraform are:

```
appld - is the client_id defined above.
```

password - is the client_secret defined above.

tenant - is the **tenant_id** defined above.

Keep the 'appld', 'password' and 'tenant' in variables for later use:

\$SERVICE_PRINCIPAL=(echo \$SERVICE_PRINCIPAL_JSON | jq -r '.appld')

\$SERVICE_PRINCIPAL_SECRET=(echo \$SERVICE_PRINCIPAL_JSON | jq -r '.password')

\$TENANT_ID=(echo \$SERVICE_PRINCIPAL_JSON | jq -r '.tenant')

NOTE: reset the credential if you have any single or double quote on password:

echo \$SERVICE_PRINCIPAL_SECRET

az ad sp credential reset --name " terraform-sp"

Grant contributor role over the subscription to our service principal:

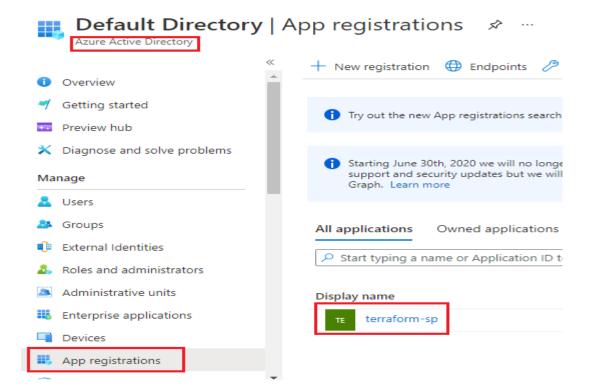
az role assignment create --assignee \$SERVICE_PRINCIPAL --scope "/subscriptions/\$SUBSCRIPTION" -- role Contributor

PS C:\Kuberneties\Azure-AKS\Terraform> az role assignment create --assignee \$SERVICE_PRINCIPAL --scope "/subscriptions/\$SUBSCRIPTION" --role Contributor

Now terraform has permission to manage infrastructure on the Azure subscription!

Review the Service Principle in Azure Portal

Home -> Azure Active Directory -> App registrations > View All Application in directory.



List role assignments for the Service Principal:

az role assignment list --assignee \$SERVICE_PRINCIPAL

Configuring the Service Principal in Terraform

Storing the credentials as Environment Variables so there is no need to do az login for terraform:

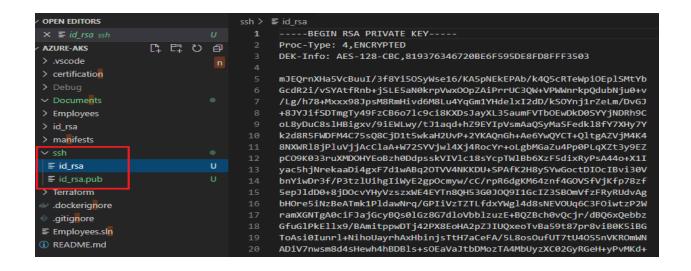
```
setx ARM_CLIENT_ID <Application (client) ID>
setx ARM_SUBSCRIPTION_ID <subsciprion>
setx ARM_TENANT_ID <Directory (tenant) ID>
setx ARM_CLIENT_SECRET <password>
```

Generate SSH key

Later we will need SSH key for connecting to Kuberneties cluster for investigation and troubleshoot.

ssh-keygen -t rsa -b 4096 -N "VeryStrongSecret123!" -C "your_email@example.com" -q -f .\ssh\id_rsa

```
PS C:\Kuberneties\Azure-AKS> ssh-keygen -t rsa -b 4896 -N "VeryStrongSecret123!" -C "yaron.zlotolov@gmail.com" -q -f .\ssh\id_rsa PS C:\Kuberneties\Azure-AKS>
```



Done!