

## DIJKSTRAS ALGORITHM

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#include <limits.h>
#include <stdio.h>
using namespace std;
#define V 4
int mindist(int dist[], bool sptSet[])
{
    int min = INT_MAX, min_index;
    for (int v = 0; v < V; v++)
        if (sptSet[v] == false && dist[v] <= min)
            min = dist[v], min_index = v;
    return min_index;
}
void printSolutions(int dist[])
{
    printf("Vertex");
    for (int i = 0; i < V; i++)
        printf("%d \\\ %d \n", i, dist[i]);
}
void dijkstra(int graph[V][V], int src)
{
    int dist[V];
    bool sptSet[V];
    for (int i = 0; i < V; i++)
        dist[i] = INT_MAX, sptSet[i] = false;
    dist[src] = 0;
    for (int count = 0; count < V-1; count++) {
        int u = mindist(dist, sptSet);
        sptSet[u] = true;
        for (int v = 0; v < V; v++)
```

```

if (!visited[v] && graph[u][v] && dist[u] !=
    INT_MAX && dist[u] + graph[u][v] < dist[v])
    dist[v] = dist[u] + graph[u][v];
}

printsol(dist);
}

int main()
{
    int graph[v][v];
    cout << "Enter the graph" << endl;
    for (int i = 0; i < v; i++)
    {
        for (j = 0; j < v; j++)
            cin >> graph[i][j];
    }

    dijkstra(graph, 0);
}

```

output:- Enter the graph.

```

0 9 2 5
9 0 6 8
2 6 0 0
5 8 0 0

```

vertex	Distance from Source
0	0
1	8
2	2
3	5

Enter no. of vertices:4

Enter the adjacency matrix:

0 5 9999 9999

2 0 4 9999

9999 9999 0 6

4 7 5 0

Enter the starting node:0

Distance of node1=5

Path=1<-0

Distance of node2=9

Path=2<-1<-0

Distance of node3=15

Path=3<-2<-1<-0