Metabolomic Data Analysis with MetaboAnalyst 6.0

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1 Background

MSEA or Metabolite Set Enrichment Analysis is a way to identify biologically meaningful patterns that are significantly enriched in quantitative metabolomic data. In conventional approaches, metabolites are evaluated individually for their significance under conditions of study. Those compounds that have passed certain significance level are then combined to see if any meaningful patterns can be discerned. In contrast, MSEA directly investigates if a set of functionally related metabolites without the need to preselect compounds based on some arbitrary cut-off threshold. It has the potential to identify subtle but consistent changes among a group of related compounds, which may go undetected with the conventional approaches.

Essentially, MSEA is a metabolomic version of the popular GSEA (Gene Set Enrichment Analysis) software with its own collection of metabolite set libraries as well as an implementation of user-friendly web-interfaces. GSEA is widely used in genomics data analysis and has proven to be a powerful alternative to conventional approaches. For more information, please refer to the original paper by Subramanian A, and a nice review paper by Nam D, Kim SY. ¹. ²

2 MSEA Overview

Metabolite set enrichment analysis consists of four steps - data input, data processing, data analysis, and results download. Different analysis procedures are performed based on different input types. In addition, users can also browse and search the metabolite set libraries as well as upload their self-defined metabolite sets for enrichment analysis. Users can also perform metabolite name mapping between a variety of compound names, synonyms, and major database identifiers.

3 Data Input

There are three enrichment analysis algorithms offered by MSEA. Accordingly, three different types of data inputs are required by these three approaches:

- A list of important compound names entered as a one column data (Over Representation Analysis (ORA));
- A single measured biofluid (urine, blood, CSF) sample- entered as tab separated two-column data with the first column for compound name, and the second for concentration values (Single Sample Profiling (SSP));

¹Subramanian Gene set enrichment analysis: A knowledge-based approach for interpreting genome-wide expression profiles., Proc Natl Acad Sci USA. 2005 102(43): 15545-50

²Nam D, Kim SY. Gene-set approach for expression pattern analysis, Briefings in Bioinformatics. 2008 9(3): 189-197.

• A compound concentration table - entered as a comma separated (.csv) file with the each sample per row and each metabolite concentration per column. The first column is sample names and the second column for sample phenotype labels (Quantitative Enrichment Analysis (QEA))

You selected Over Representation Analysis (ORA) which requires a list of compound names as input.

4 Data Process

The first step is to standardize the compound labels. It is an essential step since the compound labels will be subsequently compared with compounds contained in the metabolite set library. MSEA has a built-in tool to convert between compound common names, synonyms, identifiers used in HMDB ID, PubChem, ChEBI, BiGG, METLIN, KEGG, or Reactome. **Table 1** shows the conversion results. Note: 1 indicates exact match, 2 indicates approximate match, and θ indicates no match. A text file contain the result can be found the downloaded file name map.csv

Table 1: Result from Compou

$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		Query	Match	HMDB	PubChem	KEGG	SMILES
2 C07005	1	C03017	Propionylcarnitine	HMDB0000824	188824	C03017	CCC(=O)O[C@H](CC(O)=O)C[N+](C)(C)C
Common	2	C07005	Flunisolide	HMDB0014326	82153	C07005	[H][C@@]12C[C@@]3([H])[C@]4([H])C[C@H]
5 C00307 Citicoline HMDB0001413 318805 C00307 CN+ C C C CO O C O C O O C O C O	3	C00062	L-Arginine	HMDB0000517	6322	C00062	N[C@@H](CCCNC(N)=N)C(O)=O
6 C00127 Oxidized glotathione HMDB0000238 6339 C00107 Nice@HI CCC(-c) Nice@HI CCGeHI CGE GeHI CCGE 8 C00015 Uridine 5 - Imponphate HMDB0000295 6031 C00015 O CeHI Ce@HI CO C@HI CCGEHI CCGE 9 C00020 Adenosine monphosphate HMDB0000318 C00015 O CeHI Ce@HI CO C@HI CCGC(0) 10 C02494 I-Methyladenosine HMDB0000318 27476 C02494 CN1C=NC2=C(N=CN2 C@HI C0 CCC(0) 12 C01586 Hippuric acid HMDB0000714 464 C01586 C0(-c)CNC(-c)C1=CC=CCC-CC 13 C02301 O-Acylearntine HMDB0000714 464 C01586 C0(-c)CNC(-c)C1=CC=CCC-CC 14 C11430 O-Hydroxyphenanthrene HMDB0000228 C11430 C01=CC2=CCC=CC=CC=CC=CC=CC=CC=CC 15 C16207 Anthraquinone HMDB0000228 C102 C11430 C01=CC2=CCC=CC=CC=CC=CC=CC=CC=CC=CC=CC=CC=C	4	C00003	NAD	${\rm HMDB0000902}$	5892	C00003	NC(=O)C1=C[N+](=CC=C1)[C@@H]1O[C
7 C00105 Uridine 5 - Monophosphate HMDB0000288 6031 C00105 C C EH C C@H	5	C00307	Citicoline	HMDB0001413	13805	C00307	C[N+](C)(C)CCOP(O)(=O)OP(O)(=O)OC
8 C00015 Uridine 5'-diphosphate HMDB0000255 6031 C00015 O[CeH] CoCeM CoCeM	6	C00127	Oxidized glutathione	HMDB0003337	65359	C00127	N[C@@H](CCC(=O)N[C@@H](CSSC[C@H](
9	7	C00105	Uridine 5'-monophosphate	HMDB0000288	6030	C00105	O[C@H]1[C@@H](O)[C@@H](O[C@@H]1CO)
	8	C00015	Uridine 5'-diphosphate	${\rm HMDB0000295}$	6031	C00015	O[C@H]1[C@@H](O)[C@@H](O[C@@H]1CO
11 C20387 Blotin sulfone HMDB0004818 21252323 C20387 H C@ 12CS(=O) C@@H CCCCC(O) C1 CCCCCCCCCCC) C3 C02301 C420301 C42	9	C00020	Adenosine monophosphate	HMDB0000045	6083	C00020	NC1=C2N=CN([C@@H]3O[C@H](COP(O)(COP(O)))
12 C01586 Hippuric acid HMDB0000714 464 C01586 OC(=O)CNC(=O)C1=CC=CC=C1 C1207 C12020 C1430 O-14024caritine C11430 O-14024caritine HMDB0058801 10229 C11430 OC1=CC2=CC=CC=CC=CC=CC=CC=CC=CC=C12 C12026 C12290 NA	10	C02494	1-Met hyladenosine	HMDB0003331	27476	C02494	CN1C=NC2=C(N=CN2[C@@H]2O[C@H](C
13	11	C20387	Biotin sulfone	HMDB0004818	21252323	C20387	[H][C@]12CS(=O)(=O)[C@@H](CCCCC(O)
14	12	C01586	Hippuric acid	HMDB0000714	464	C01586	OC(=O)CNC(=O)C1=CC=CC=C1
15	13	C02301	O-Acylcarnitine		5355	C02301	
16	14	C11430	9-Hydroxyphenanthrene	HMDB0059801	10229	C11430	OC1=CC2=CC=CC=C2C2=CC=CC=C12
17	15	C16207	Anthraquinone	HMDB0248468	6780	C16207	O=C1C2=CC=CC=C2C(=O)C2=CC=CC=
18	16	C22599		NA	NA	NA	
19	17	C00319	Sphingosine	${ m HMDB0000252}$	5280335	C00319	CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	18	C00836		${ m HMDB0000269}$	91486	C00836	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	19	C02990		${ m HMDB0000222}$	11953816	C02990	
22 C00362 2'-Deoxy quanosine 5'-monophosphate HMDB00010144 65059 C00362 NCI=NC2=C(N=CN2[C@H]CO]C@H](O) C@H](O) O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O				HMDB0000618	439184		
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	21	C05382	D-Sedoheptulose 7-phosphate	${ m HMDB0001068}$	92042786		OC[C@]1(O)O[C@H](COP(O)(O)=O)[C@@I
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				${ m HMDB0001044}$	65059	C00362	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	24	C00052		${ m HMDB0000302}$	18068	C00052	
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$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				${ m HMDB0000567}$	5372954		$OC(=O)\C=C/C1=CC=CC=C1$
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43 C05526 S-Glutathionyl-L-cysteine METPA0607 C05526 44 C00946 Adenosine 2'-phosphate HMDB0011617 53481006 C00946 NC1=NC=NC2=C1N=CN2C10[C@H](CO) 45 C05282 gamma-Glutamylglutamic acid HMDB0011737 92865 C05282 N[C@@H](CCC(=O)N[C@@H](CCC(O)N[C@GH](CCC(O)) 46 C00055 Cytidine monophosphate HMDB0000995 6131 C00055 NC1=NC=O)N(C=C1)[C@@H](O)[C@H](
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					123727		NCCOP(O)(=O)OP(O)(=O)OC[C@H]1O[CO]
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					F040400-		No. No. No. G.N. GNagaoisani/sa)
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$47 \text{C00043} \text{Uridine diphosphate-N-acety lglucosamine} \text{HMDB0000290} 445675 \qquad \text{C00043} CC(=O)N[C@@H](D)[C@H](O)[C@H]$							
48 CUUIU3 Giucose 1-pnospnate HMDB0001586 65533 CU0103 OC[C@H]IO[C@H](OP(O)(O)=O)[C@H](O							
	48	000103	Glucose 1-phosphate	HMDR0001286	05533	C00103	Octomultotemul(or(o)(o)=o)[c@n](o)

The second step is to check concentration values. For SSP analysis, the concentration must be measured in umol for blood and CSF samples. The urinary concentrations must be first converted to $umol/mmol_creatinine$ in order to compare with reported concentrations in literature. No missing or negative values are allowed in SSP analysis. The concentration data for QEA analysis is more flexible. Users can upload either the original concentration data or normalized data. Missing or negative values are allowed (coded as NA) for QEA.

5 Selection of Metabolite Set Library

Before proceeding to enrichment analysis, a metabolite set library has to be chosen. There are seven built-in libraries offered by MSEA:

- Metabolic pathway associated metabolite sets (currently contains 99 entries);
- Disease associated metabolite sets (reported in blood) (currently contains 344 entries);
- Disease associated metabolite sets (reported in urine) (currently contains 384 entries)
- Disease associated metabolite sets (reported in CSF) (currently contains 166 entries)
- Metabolite sets associated with SNPs (currently contains 4598 entries)
- Predicted metabolite sets based on computational enzyme knockout model (currently contains 912 entries)
- Metabolite sets based on locations (currently contains 73 entries)
- Drug pathway associated metabolite sets (currently contains 461 entries)

In addition, MSEA also allows user-defined metabolite sets to be uploaded to perform enrichment analysis on arbitrary groups of compounds which researchers want to test. The metabolite set library is simply a two-column comma separated text file with the first column for metabolite set names and the second column for its compound names (must use HMDB compound name) separated by "; ". Please note, the built-in libraries are mainly from human studies. The functional grouping of metabolites may not be valid. Therefore, for data from subjects other than human being, users are suggested to upload their self-defined metabolite set libraries for enrichment analysis.

6 Enrichment Analysis

Over Representation Analysis (ORA) is performed when a list of compound names is provided. The list of compound list can be obtained through conventional feature selection methods, or from a clustering algorithm, or from the compounds with abnormal concentrations detected in SSP, to investigate if some biologically meaningful patterns can be identified.

ORA was implemented using the *hypergeometric test* to evaluate whether a particular metabolite set is represented more than expected by chance within the given compound list. One-tailed p values are provided after adjusting for multiple testing. **Figure 2** below summarizes the result.

Metabolite Sets Enrichment Overview

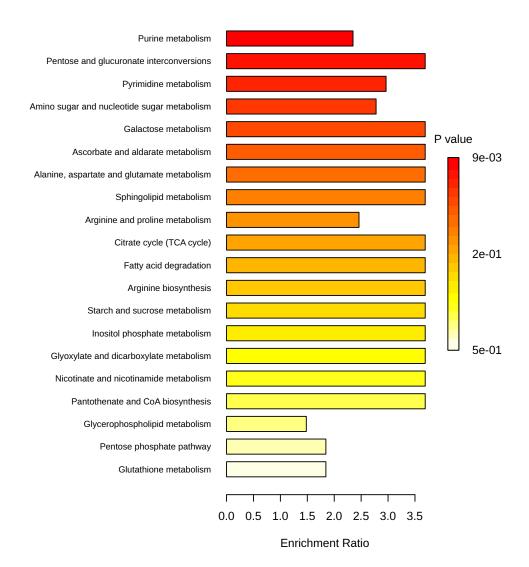


Figure 1: Summary Plot for Over Representation Analysis (ORA)

Table 2: Result from Over Representation Analysis

	total	expected	hits	Raw p	Holm p	FDR
Purine metabolism	11	2.98	7	9.45E-03	7.56E-01	5.15E-01
Pentose and glucuronate interconversions	3	0.81	3	1.89E-02	1.00E+00	5.15E-01
Pyrimidine metabolism	5	1.35	4	1.93E-02	1.00E+00	5.15E-01
Amino sugar and nucleotide sugar	4	1.08	3	6.09E-02	1.00E+00	7.21E-01
$\operatorname{metabolism}$						
Galactose metabolism	2	0.54	2	7.21E-02	1.00E+00	7.21E-01
Ascorbate and aldarate metabolism	2	0.54	2	7.21E-02	1.00E+00	7.21E-01
Alanine, aspartate and glutamate	2	0.54	2	7.21E-02	1.00E + 00	7.21E-01
metab olism						
Sphingolipid metabolism	2	0.54	2	7.21E-02	1.00E+00	7.21E-01
Arginine and proline metabolism	3	0.81	2	1.79E-01	1.00E+00	1.00E+00
Citrate cycle (TCA cycle)	1	0.27	1	2.71E-01	1.00E + 00	1.00E+00
Fatty acid degradation	1	0.27	1	2.71E-01	1.00E+00	1.00E+00
Arginine biosynthesis	1	0.27	1	2.71E-01	1.00E+00	1.00E+00
Starch and sucrose metabolism	1	0.27	1	2.71E-01	1.00E+00	1.00E+00
Inositol phosphate metabolism	1	0.27	1	2.71E-01	1.00E + 00	1.00E+00
Glyoxylate and dicarboxylate	1	0.27	1	2.71E-01	1.00E + 00	1.00E+00
$\operatorname{metabolism}$						
Nicotinate and nicotinamide metabolism	1	0.27	1	2.71E-01	1.00E + 00	1.00E+00
Pantothenate and CoA biosynthesis	1	0.27	1	2.71E-01	1.00E + 00	1.00E+00
Glycerophospholipid metabolism	5	1.35	2	4.12E-01	1.00E+00	1.00E + 00
Pentose phosphate pathway	2	0.54	1	4.70E-01	1.00E + 00	1.00E + 00
Glutathione metabolism	2	0.54	1	4.70E-01	1.00E+00	1.00E+00

7 Appendix: R Command History

```
[1] "mSet<-InitDataObjects(\"conc\", \"msetora\", FALSE)"
[2] "cmpd.vec<-c(\"C03017\",\"C07005\",\"C00062\",\"C00003\",\"C00307\",\"C00127\",\"C00105\",\"C00
[3] "mSet<-Setup.MapData(mSet, cmpd.vec);"
[4] "mSet<-CrossReferencing(mSet, \"kegg\");"
[5] "mSet<-CreateMappingResultTable(mSet)"
[6] "mSet<-Setup.HMDBReferenceMetabolome(mSet, \"Phena.txt\");"
[7] "mSet<-SetMetabolomeFilter(mSet, T);"
[8] "mSet<-SetCurrentMsetLib(mSet, \"kegg_pathway\", 2);"
[9] "mSet<-CalculateHyperScore(mSet)"
[10] "mSet<-PlotORA(mSet, \"ora_0_\", \"net\", \"png\", 72, width=NA)"
[11] "mSet<-PlotEnrichDotPlot(mSet, \"ora\", \"ora_dot_0_\", \"png\", 72, width=NA)"
[12] "mSet<-CalculateHyperScore(mSet)"
[13] "mSet<-PlotORA(mSet, \"ora_1_\", \"net\", \"png\", 72, width=NA)"
[14] "mSet<-PlotEnrichDotPlot(mSet, \"ora\", \"png\", 72, width=NA)"
[15] "mSet<-SaveTransformedData(mSet)"
[16] "mSet<-PreparePDFReport(mSet, \"guest4417387823491703439\")\n"</pre>
```

The report was generated on Mon Jan 13 05:53:39 2025 with R version 4.3.2 (2023-10-31), OS system: Linux.