Final Project

Part I (Handwritten and MATLAB)

It is required to perform the following tasks using both <u>handwritten analysis</u> and <u>MATLAB</u> simulation:

1-

a) Generate the following function

$$y(t) = e^{-|t|/5} [u(t+1) - u(t-3)]$$

b) Generate the following signal, defined in terms of y(t)

$$y_1(t) = y(3t), \quad y_2(t) = y(t+2), \quad y_3(t) = y(4-2t)$$

c) Use "subplot(.)" to plot $y(t), y_1(t), y_2(t), y_3(t)$ in a 2×2 figure

2-

a) Find and plot the Fourier transform of the following signal

$$m(t) = sinc^2(10^{-3}t)$$

b) Find and plot the following signal, as well as its Fourier transform

$$r(t) = m(t)cos(2\pi 10^5 t)$$

c) Comment on the relation between the spectrum $M(\omega)$ and $R(\omega)$

3-

a) Find the Fourier series coefficients of the following periodic signal

$$x(t) = e^{-t}$$
, $0 < t < \pi$ (periodic with period π)

b) Plot the magnitude and the phase of the Fourier series coefficients obtained in the previous step.

Deliverables

Deliver, electronically, the following in a **single** PDF report:

- 1) Handwritten solutions of all problems
- 2) Source codes (.m files) of all problems
- 3) Figures requested by each part. Label your figures properly

Part II (MATLAB):

General signal generator

It is required to implement a general signal generator that has the following specifications:

- 1. When the program starts the program asks the user for the following parameters:
- a. Sampling frequency of signal.
- b. Start and end of time scale
- c. Number of the break points and their positions (i.e. the points that the signal definition rule changes).

Example: The signal is defined from -2:0 as a DC signal and from 0:2 as ramp the user will enter that the number of break points =1 and the position at t=0.

- 2. According to the number of break points the program asks the user at each region to enter the specifications of the signal at this region which are:
- a. DC signal: Amplitude.
- b. Ramp signal: slope intercept.
- c. General order polynomial: Amplitude-power intercept.
- d. Exponential signal: Amplitude exponent.
- e. Sinusoidal signal: Amplitude frequency phase.
- 3. Display the resulting signal in time domain
- 4. the program asks the user if he wants to perform any operation on the signal
- a. Amplitude Scaling: scale value.
- b. Time reversal.
- c. Time shift: shift value.
- d. Expanding the signal: expanding value
- e. Compressing the signal: compressing value
- f. None
- 5. Display the new signal in time domain

Required:

Make any assumptions and generate signals covering all program options (at least 10 signals with different number of break points and signal specifications).

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