

CHIPXPRT

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Assignment 2

Synchronous FIFO Verification using Layered Testbench

Version 1.1

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Document History

The changes and versions of the document are outlined below:

Version	State / Changes	Date	Author
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Objectives

This assignment will enable you to,

- Apply the concepts learned through labs on a more complex fifo design.
- Understand DUT behaviour through the specification document
- Write Verification plan of any DUT based on its specification document.
- Setup a layered testbench for verification of any Design.
- Write Diverse test cases to verify all the features of the design mentioned in the Specification Document.

Tools

- SystemVerilog
- Synopsys VCS

Instructions for Assignment

The required files for this assignment can be found on the

share_folder/CX-300-DesignVerification/Assignments/A2

Submit Verification plan and all the layered testbench files. Make sure all the components and classes are in separate files.

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DUT Specification (Synchronous FIFO)

Read the specification first and then follow the instructions to fully verify the provided FIFO design.

Introduction

A **Synchronous FIFO** (First-In, First-Out) memory is a type of buffer used for temporary data storage while transferring data between two systems or processes operating at the same clock frequency. This document specifies the design, functionality, and verification process for a synchronous FIFO design.

Key Features

- Data Width: Configurable (8-bit, 16-bit, 32-bit, etc.)
- **FIFO Depth:** Configurable (16, 32, 64, 128, etc.)
- **Synchronous Operation:** All operations are synchronized with the clock signal.
- **Flags:** Full, Empty.
- **Reset:** Asynchronous reset to initialize the FIFO.

Functional Description

The FIFO memory is structured as a circular buffer consisting of multiple registers. Data is written to the FIFO via the write interface and read through the read interface. All operations are synchronized with the rising edge of the clock signal.



Interface Signals

Signal Name	Direction	Width	Description	
clk	Input	1	Clock signal	
rst_n	Input	1	Asynchronous reset (active low)	
wr_en	Input	1	Write enable	
rd_en	Input	1	Read enable	
data_in	Input	DATA_WIDTH	Data input is parametrized	
data_out	Output	DATA_WIDTH	Data output is parametrized	
full	Output	1	Full flag (indicates FIFO is full)	
empty	Output	1	Empty flag (indicates FIFO is empty)	

Operations

Reset Operation

FIFO is asynchronously reset when rst_n transitions from high to low. After reset, the FIFO is empty, indicated by empty flag being high. data_out can hold any value post-reset.

Write Operation

Data is written into the FIFO on the rising edge of the clock when wr_en is asserted high and the FIFO is not full (full is low).

Read Operation

Data is read from the FIFO on the rising edge of the clock when rd_en is asserted high and the FIFO is not empty (empty is low).

Note: Both Write and Read Operation can be performed on FIFO at the same time.



Flag Descriptions

Full Flag (full)

The full flag is asserted (set to high) when the FIFO is full. Once this flag is set, FIFO write operation will be disabled. The flag will only be deserted (set to low) when data is read from the FIFO through fifo read operation or the reset operation occurs.

Empty Flag (empty)

The empty flag is asserted (set to high) when the FIFO is empty or if the reset operation is performed on the FIFO. Once this flag is set, FIFO read operation will be disabled. The flag will only be deserted (set to low) only when data is written to the FIFO through fifo write operation.

Configurable Parameters

Parameter	Description	Default Value
DATA_WIDTH	Width of the data bus	8
DEPTH	Depth of the FIFO	8



Verification Tasks

Taskl: Creating Verification Plan for FIFO

- 1. Understand the FIFO functionality first through specifications mentioned above.
- 2. Create a detailed verification plan by stating objectives, listing features to verify, outlining specific test cases, and specifying whether the stimulus will be random or directed.

Example Test Cases for Full Flag

- Fill the FIFO to its maximum capacity and check if the full flag is asserted.
- Add one more item to the full FIFO and ensure no data is written and the full flag remains asserted.
- Read one item from the full FIFO and verify the full flag is de-asserted.
 - **Stimulus:** Directed control signals(rst_n, wr_en, rd_en) with random data.
- 3. Add coverage goals in the verification plan by defining what needs to be covered (e.g., all possible states, transitions, boundary conditions), create coverage bins by categorizing different scenarios and conditions that need to be tested, and include assertions for key properties to ensure thorough validation.

Task 2: FIFO Verification

Set up the Environment

 Follow verification plan to create a Layered Testbench Environment to Verify the FIFO Design.

Test fifo with different test cases

2. Execute the verification plan by creating test cases mentioned in the plan. As your environment is already set, you will only be modifying the Generator code in this subtask.



- 3. Run the simulation with the provided design file **fifo.sv**.
- 4. Debug as needed until you are happy that design is verified.
- 5. In case of any error, clearly mention that in the comment section of the verification plan. Additionally, attach the waveform and provide a detailed error description.
- 6. Finally add the Complete Coverage report in the verification plan.

