

TOPIC: IMPLEMENTING STORAGE SPACES AND DATA DEDUPLICATION

Objective:

- Configure and manage **Storage Pools** and **Storage Spaces**.
 - Create and manage **virtual disks** with different resiliency options.
 - Implement **Data Deduplication** to optimize disk usage.
 - Validate configuration using PowerShell and GUI tools.
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Pre-requisites:

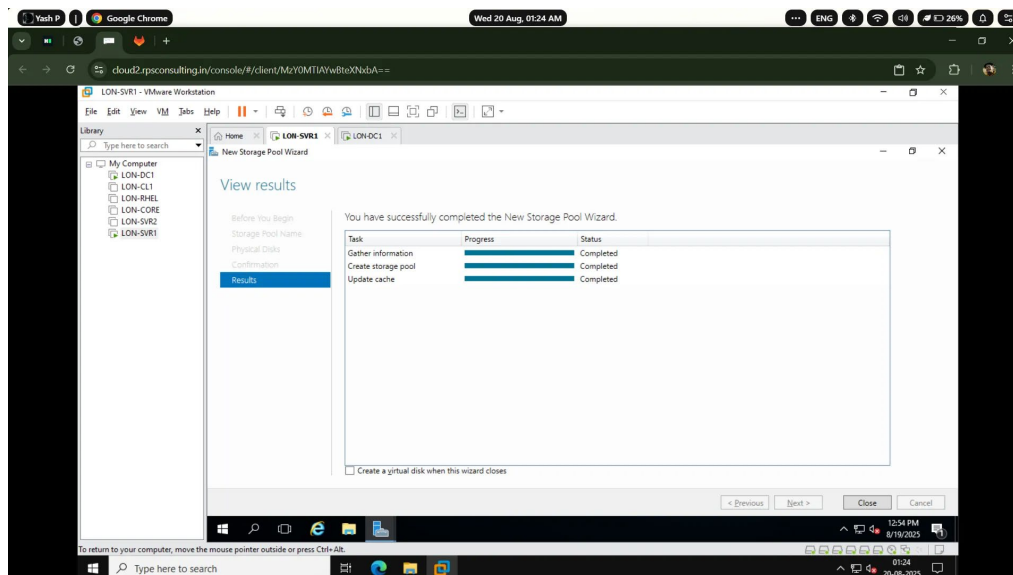
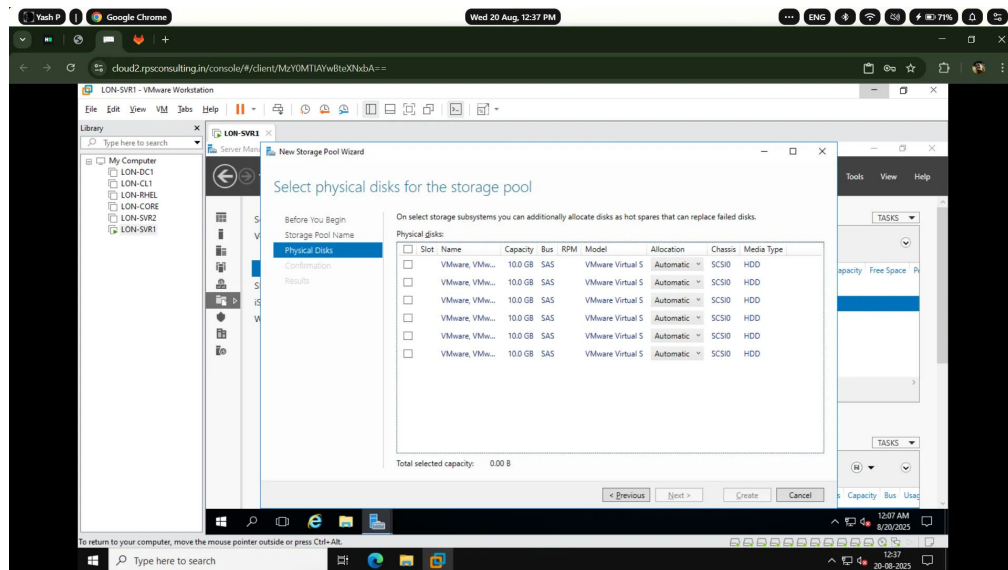
- Virtual Machines:
 - **LON-DC1** – Domain Controller (Windows Server 2016).
 - **LON-SVR1** – Windows Server 2016 (for storage pool and deduplication).
 - At least **three available disks** (unallocated) on LON-SVR1.
 - User credentials:
 - Username: Administrator
 - Password: Pa\$\$w0rd
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Procedure:

Exercise 1: Creating and Managing Storage Pools

Task 1: Create a Storage Pool

1. On **LON-SVR1**, open **Server Manager** → File and Storage Services → Storage Pools.
2. Select **Primordial pool**, create new pool → Name: **StoragePool1**.
3. Select three physical disks (e.g., Disk 2, Disk 3, Disk 4).
4. Verify pool creation.

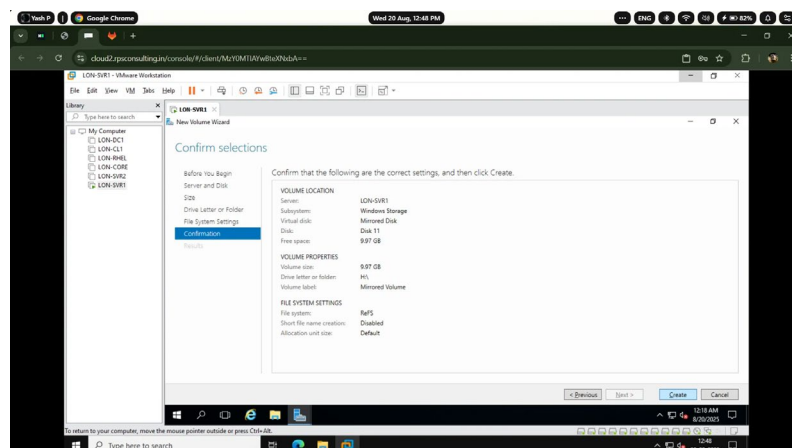
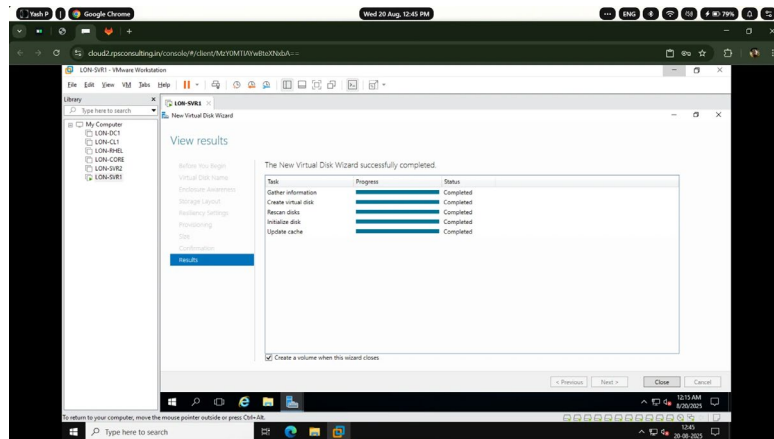
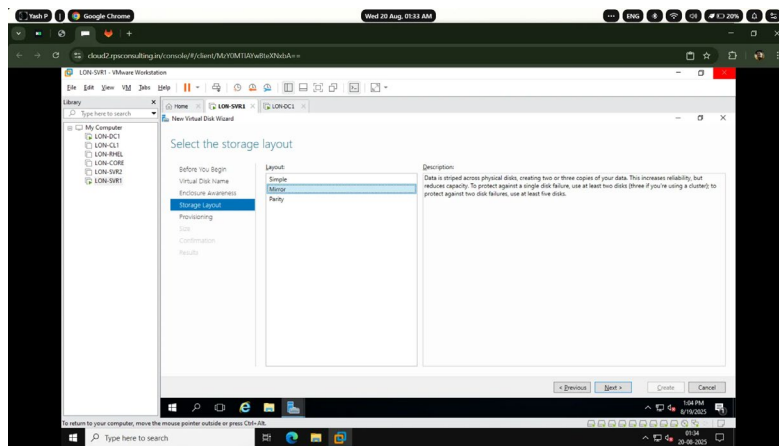
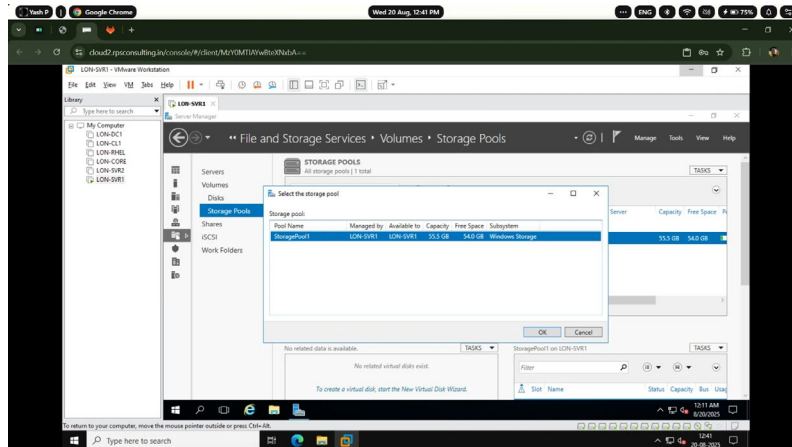


Task 2: Create a Virtual Disk with Parity

1. In StoragePool1 → Create new virtual disk → Name: **ParityDisk**.
2. Select **Parity** resiliency option.
3. Size: 10 GB.
4. Initialize disk and create volume → Assign drive letter **P:** → Label: **ParityVol**.

Task 3: Create a Virtual Disk with Mirror

1. In StoragePool1 → Create new virtual disk → Name: **MirrorDisk**.
2. Select **Two-way mirror** resiliency option.
3. Size: 5 GB.
4. Assign drive letter **M:** → Label: **MirrorVol**.



Task 4: Create a Simple Virtual Disk

1. In StoragePool1 → Create new virtual disk → Name: **SimpleDisk**.
2. Select **Simple** resiliency option.
3. Size: 2 GB.
4. Assign drive letter **S:** → Label: **SimpleVol**.

Task 5: Verify with PowerShell

```
Get-StoragePool
Get-VirtualDisk
Get-PhysicalDisk
Get-Volume
```

Result: Successfully created storage pool and three types of virtual disks (Parity, Mirror, Simple).

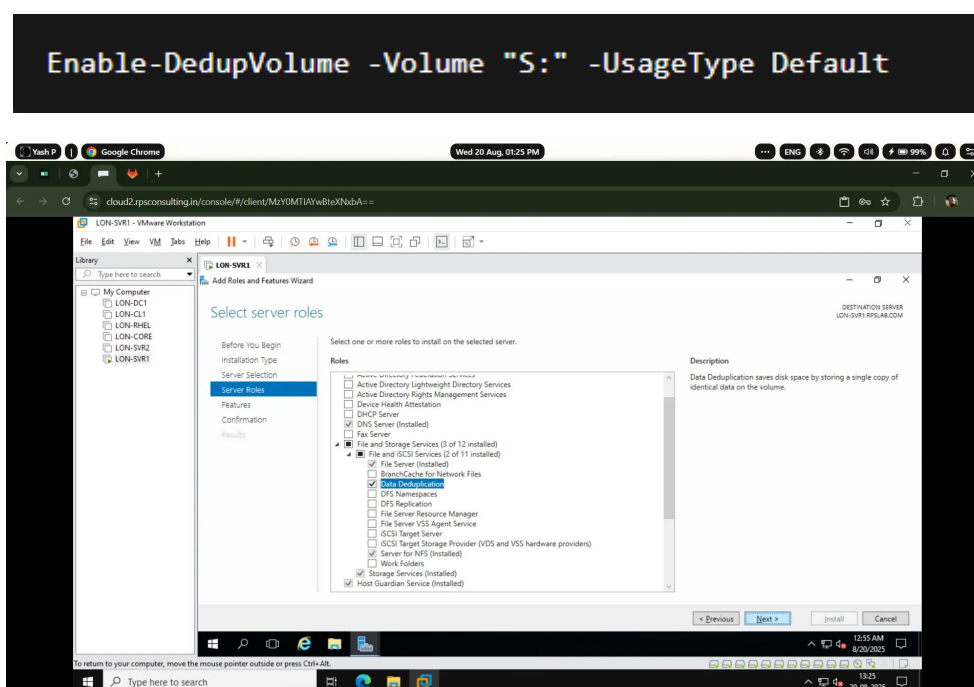
Exercise 2: Implementing Data Deduplication

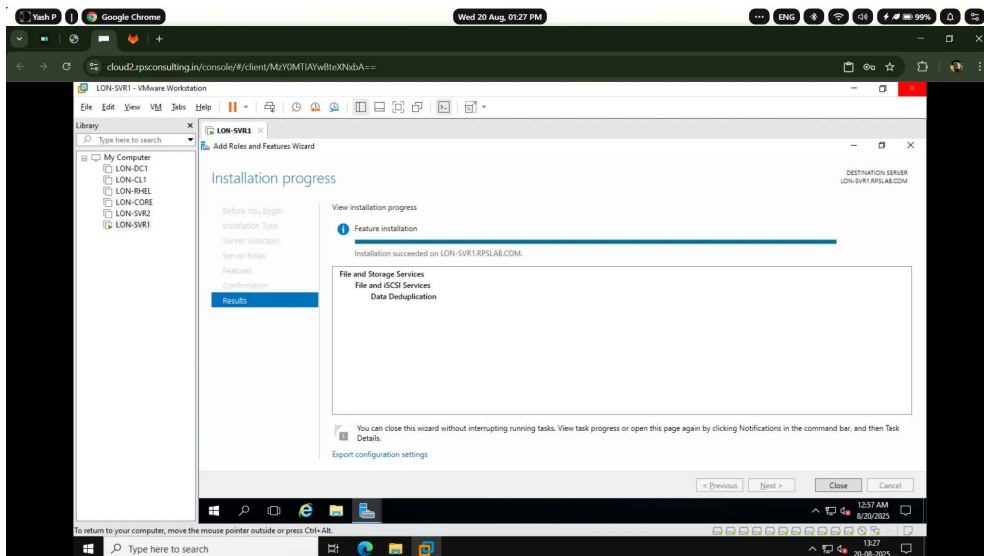
Task 1: Install Data Deduplication Role

1. Open Server Manager → Add Roles and Features → Enable **Data Deduplication**.

Task 2: Enable Deduplication on Volume

On LON-SVR1:

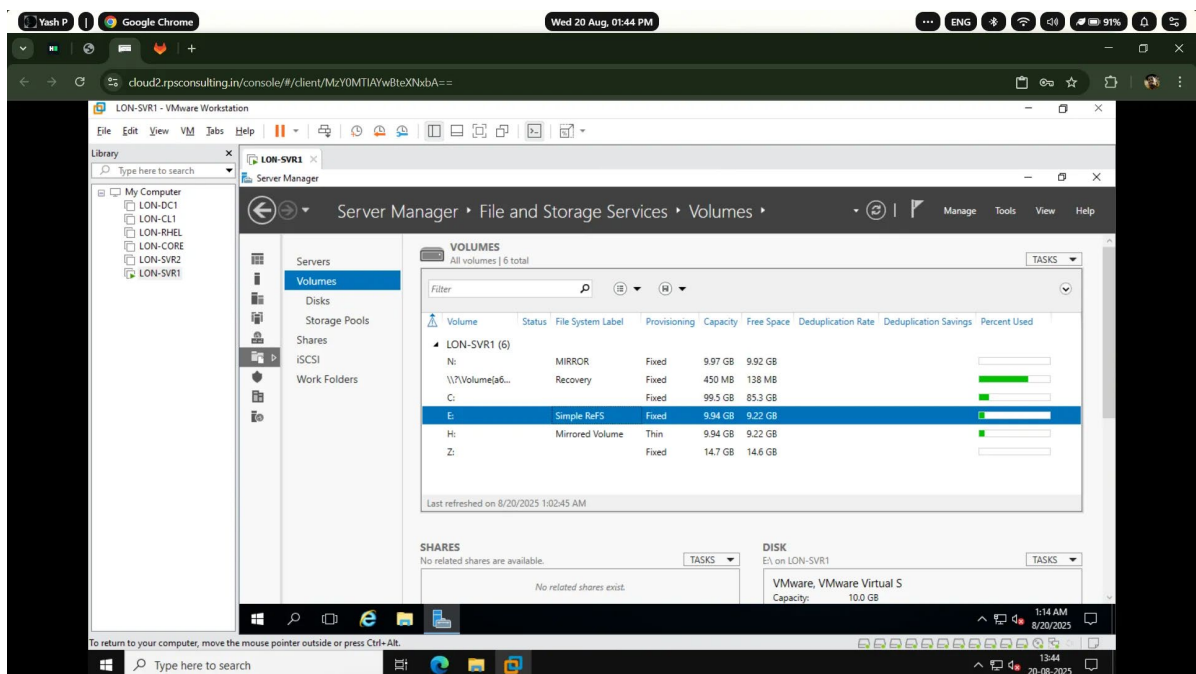


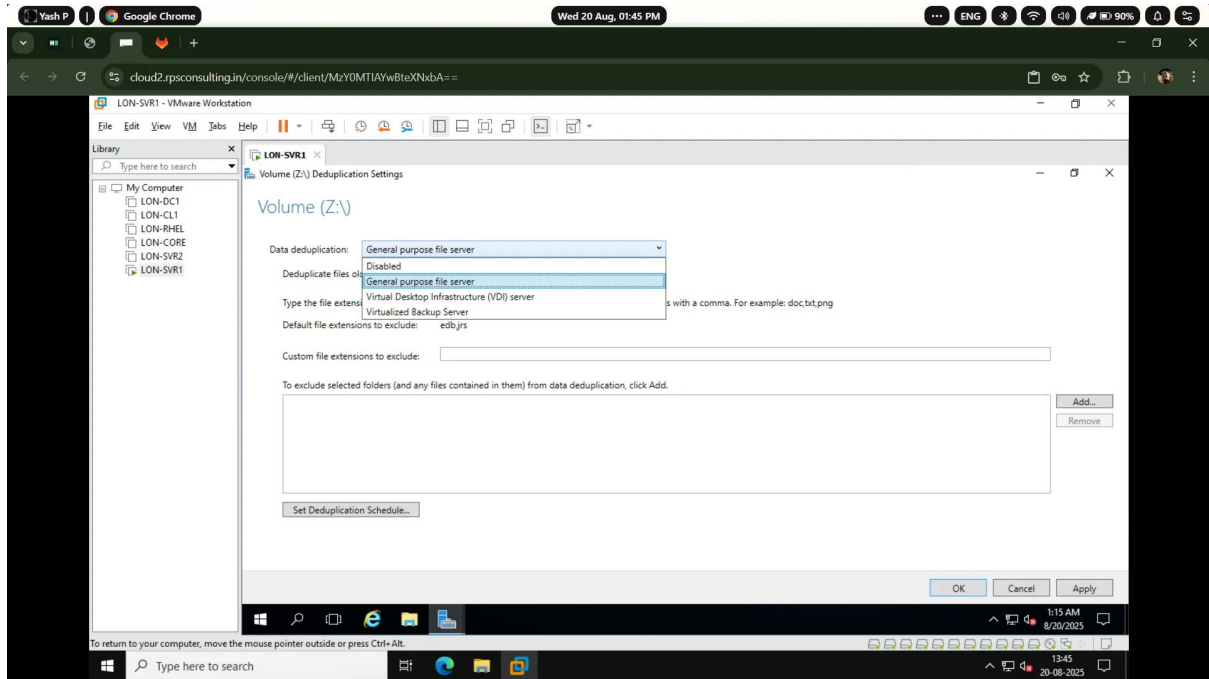


Task 3: Copy Sample Files for Deduplication

- Copy multiple identical files to **S:** drive.
- Run optimization:

```
Start-DedupJob -Volume "S:" -Type Optimization
```





Task 4: Check Deduplication Savings

```
Get-DedupStatus  
Get-DedupVolume
```

Result: Deduplication successfully reduced duplicate file storage size.

Conclusion

By completing this lab, we:

- Configured a **Storage Pool** and created different types of virtual disks with resiliency options (parity, mirror, simple).
- Verified storage spaces using both GUI and PowerShell.
- Installed and enabled **Data Deduplication**, tested its functionality, and validated disk space savings.

Thus, Module 4 demonstrated how to optimize and manage enterprise storage using **Storage Spaces and Deduplication** in Windows Server 2016.