Program 1: WAP to print "Hello C" Message

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
    clrscr();
    printf("Hello C");
    getch();
}
```

Output:

Hello C

Program 2: WAP to print Your Name

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
  clrscr();
  printf("Pramod Kumar");
  getch();
}
```

Output:

Pramod Kumar

Program 3: WAP to print "Hello How Are You" Message

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
```

```
clrscr();
printf("Hello How Are You");
getch();
}
Output:
Hello How Are You
Program 4: WAP to print "C is a Middle Level Language" Message
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
clrscr();
printf("C is a Middle Level Language");
getch();
Output:
C is a Middle Level Language
Program 5: WAP to print a Message as-
Hello
How
Are
You
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
```

```
clrscr();
printf("Hell0");
printf("\n How");
printf("\n Are");
printf("\n You");
getch();
}
Output:
Hello
How
Are
You
Program 6: WAP to print a Message as-
Hello
            How
                                      You
                         Are
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
clrscr();
printf("Hell0");
printf("\t How");
printf("\t Are");
printf("\t You");
getch();
```

```
Program 6: WAP to print a Message as-
Hello
```

You

How

Are

You

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
    clrscr();
    printf("Hell0");
    printf("\n\t How");
    printf("\n\t\t Are");
    printf("\n\t\t You");
    getch();
}
```

Output:

Hello

How

Are

You

Program 7: WAP to print a Message as-Hello How

Are

You

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
    clrscr();
    printf("/t/t/tHell0");
    printf("\n\t/tHow");
    printf("\n\tAre");
    printf("\nYou");
    getch();
}
```

Output:

Hello

How

Are

You

Program 8: WAP to print the square of a number

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
  int num=10, res;
  clrscr();
  res=num*num;
  printf("%d",res);
  getch();
}
```

Output:

100

Program 9: WAP to print the square of a number

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
int num=10, res;
clrscr();
res=num*num;
printf("The Sqaure is =%d",res);
getch();
}
```

Output:

The Square is =100

Program 10: WAP to print the cube of a number

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
  int num=10, res;
  clrscr();
  res=num*num*num;
  printf("%d",res);
  getch();
}
```

Output:

1000

Program 11: WAP to print the cube of a number

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
int num=10, res;
clrscr();
res=num*num*num;
printf("The Cube is =%d",res);
getch();
}
```

Output:

The Cube is =1000

Program 12: WAP to print the addition of two numbers

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
  int num1=10,num2=20, res;
  clrscr();
  res=num1+num2;
  printf("%d",res);
  getch();
}
```

Output:

30

Program 13: WAP to print the addition of two integer numbers

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
int num1=10,num2=20, res;
clrscr();
res=num1+num2;
printf("The Sum is =%d",res);
getch();
}
```

Output:

The Sum is =30

Program 13: WAP to print the addition of two real numbers

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
float num1=10.50, num2=5.25, res;
clrscr();
res=num1+num2;
printf("The Sum is =%f",res);
getch();
}
```

Output:

The Sum is =15.750000

Program 14: WAP to print the subtraction of two numbers

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
int num1=30,num2=20, res;
clrscr();
res=num1 - num2;
printf("The Sub is =%d",res);
getch();
}
```

The Sub is =10

Program 15: WAP to print the multiplication of two numbers

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
  int num1=10,num2=20, res;
  clrscr();
  res=num1 * num2;
  printf("The Mul is =%d",res);
  getch();
}
```

Output:

The Mul is =200

Program 16: WAP to print the division of two numbers

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
int num1=30,num2=10, res;
clrscr();
res=num1 / num2;
printf("The Div is =%d",res);
getch();
}
```

The Sub is =3

Program 17: WAP to print the division of two numbers

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
  int num1=30,num2=20, res;
  clrscr();
  res=num1 / num2;
  printf("The Div is =%d",res);
  getch();
}
```

Output:

The Sub is =1

Program 18: WAP to print the reminder of given numbers

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
  int num1=15,num2=4, res;
  clrscr();
  res=num1 % num2;
  printf("The Reminder is =%d",res);
  getch();
}
```

The Sub is =3

Program 18: WAP to performs basic arithmetic operations

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
int num1=15,num2=5, add, sub, mul, div, rem;
clrscr();
add=num1 + num2;
sub=num1 - num2;
mul=num1 * num2;
div=num1 / num2;
rem=num1 % num2;
printf("The Addition is =%d", add);
printf("The Subtraction is =%d", sub);
printf("The Multiplication is =%d", mul);
printf("The Division is =%d", div);
printf("The Reminder is =%d", rem);
getch();
```

Output:

```
The Addition is =20
The Addition is =10
The Addition is =75
The Addition is =3
```

Program 19: WAP to performs basic arithmetic operations

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
int num1=15,num2=5, res;
clrscr();
res=num1 + num2;
printf("The Addition is =%d", res);
res=num1 - num2;
printf("The Subtraction is =%d", res);
res=num1 * num2;
printf("The Multiplication is =%d", res);
res=num1 / num2;
printf("The Division is =%d", res);
res=num1 % num2;
printf("The Reminder is =%d", res);
getch();
Output:
The Addition is =20
The Addition is =10
The Addition is =75
```

```
The Addition is =3
```

The Addition is =0

Program 20: WAP to performs basic arithmetic operations

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
  int a=15,b=5;
  clrscr();
  printf("The Addition is =%d", a+b);
  printf("The Subtraction is =%d", a-b);
  printf("The Multiplication is =%d", a*b);
  printf("The Division is =%d", a/b);
  printf("The Reminder is =%d", a%b);
  getch();
}
```

Output:

The Addition is =20

The Addition is =10

The Addition is =75

The Addition is =3

The Addition is =0

Program 21: WAP to calculate the area of rectangle

#include <stdio.h>

```
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
int length=20, breath=15, area;
clrscr();
area=length*breath;
printf("The area of rectangle is =%d", area);
getch();
}
```

The area of rectangle is= 300

Program 22: WAP to calculate the area of circle

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
  const float pi=3.14;
  float r = 4.50, area;
  clrscr();
  area = pi * r * r;
  printf("The area of circle is =%f", area);
  getch();
}
```

The area of circle is= 14.13

Program 23: WAP to calculate the area of triangle

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
float b = 20.25, h = 30.58, area;
clrscr();
area = (b * h)/2;
printf("The area of triangle is =%f", area);
getch();
}
```

Output:

The area of circle is= 309.6225

Program 23: WAP to convert the given hours into minutes, seconds

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
    Int h=5, m, s;
    clrscr();
    m = h * 60;
    s = m * 60;
    printf("Total hours are =%f", h);
    printf("Total minutes are =%f", m);
    printf("Total second are =%f", s);
```

```
getch();
}
```

The area of circle is= 309.6225

Program 1: WAP to print the addition of two integers.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
   int num1, num2, sum;
   clrscr();
   printf("Enter first number: ");
   scanf("%d", &num1);
   printf("Enter second number: ");
   scanf("%d", &num2);
   sum = num1 + num2;
   printf("Sum of the numbers: %d", sum);
   getch();
}
```

Output:

Enter first number: 20 Enter second number: 19 Sum of the numbers: 39

Program 2: WAP to print the multiplication of two integers.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
   int num1, num2, mul;
   clrscr();
   printf("Enter first number: ");
   scanf("%d", &num1);
   printf("Enter second number: ");
   scanf("%d", &num2);
   mul = num1 * num2;
   printf("Multiplication of the numbers: %d", mul);
   getch();
}
```

Output:

Enter first number: 20 Enter second number: 10

Multiplication of the numbers: 200

Program 3: WAP to determining if a number is +ve or -ve.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
  int num;
  clrscr();
  printf("Enter a number: ");
  scanf("%d", &num);
  if (num > 0)
    printf("%d is a positive number ", num);
  else
    printf("%d is a positive number ", num);
  getch();
}
Output:
Run 1:
Enter a number: 10
10 is a positive number
Run 2:
Enter a number: -3
-3 is a negative number
```

Program 4: WAP to determining whether given number is even or odd.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
   int num;
   clrscr();
   printf("Enter a number: ");
   scanf("%d", &num);
   if (num%2==0)
      printf("%d is an Even number ", num);
   else
      printf("%d is an Odd number ", num);
      getch();
}
```

Output:

Run 1:

Enter a number: 10 10 is an Even number

Run 2:

Enter a number: 13 13 is an Odd number

Program 5: WAP to find out maximum between two numbers.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
  int num1, num2;
  clrscr();
  printf("Enter two numbers: ");
  scanf("%d%d", &num1, &num2);
  if (num1>num2)
    printf("%d is maximum ", num1);
    printf("%d is maximum ", num2);
  getch();
}
Output:
Run 1:
Enter two number: 100
                      80
100 is maximum
Run 2:
Enter a number: 80 90
90 is maximum
```

Program 6: WAP to find out maximum number among three numbers.

Solution 1:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
  int num1, num2, num3;
 clrscr();
  printf("Enter three numbers: ");
  scanf("%d%d%d", &num1, &num2, &num3);
  if (num1>num2 && num1>num3)
    printf("%d is maximum ", num1);
  else if(num2>num1 && num2>num3)
    printf("%d is maximum ", num2);
  else
    printf("%d is maximum ", num3);
getch();
Output 1:
Enter two number: 100
                           80
                                 50
100 is maximum
Output 2:
Enter a number: 80
                    100
                           50
100 is maximum
Output 3:
Enter a number: 80
                          100
                    50
100 is maximum
```

Solution 2

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
  int n1, n2, n3;
  printf("Enter three numbers: ");
  scanf("%d%d %d", &n1, &n2, &n3);
  if (n1 >= n2)
    if (n1 >= n3)
       printf("%d is the largest number.", n1);
    else
       printf("%d is the largest number.", n3);
  }
  else
    if (n2 >= n3)
       printf("%d is the largest number.", n2);
       printf("%d is the largest number.", n3);
 getch();
Output 1:
Enter two number: 100
                              80
                                    50
100 is maximum
Output 2:
Enter a number: 80 100
                           50
100 is maximum
Output 3:
Enter a number: 80 50
                          100
100 is maximum
```

Program 7: WAP to Sum of first N natural numbers

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
    int num, i, sum = 0;
    clrscr();
    printf(" Enter a positive number: ");
    scanf("%d", &num);
    for (i = 0; i <= num; i++)
    {
        sum = sum + i;
    }
    printf("\n Sum of the first %d numbers is= %d", num, sum);
    getch();
}</pre>
```

Output:

Enter a positive number: 5 Sum of the first 5 numbers is= 15

Program 8: WAP to print the division of two integers.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
 int num1, num2, div;
 clrscr();
 printf("Enter first number: ");
 scanf("%d", &num1);
 printf("Enter second number: ");
 scanf("%d", &num2);
 div = num1 / num2;
 printf("Division of the numbers: %d", div);
 getch();
Output:
Enter first number: 20
Enter second number: 5
```

Division of the numbers: 4

Program 9: WAP to print the reverse of the number

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
{
    int n, reverse=0, rem;
    clrscr();
    printf("Enter a number= ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    while(n!=0)
    {
        rem=n%10;
        reverse=reverse*10+rem;
        n=n/10;
    }
    printf("Reversed Number= %d",reverse);
    getch();
}
```

Output:

Enter a number= 1234 Reversed Number= 4321

Program 10: WAP to print the table of given number.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
int main()
  int num, i = 1;
  clrscr();
  printf (" Enter a number to generate the table= ");
  scanf (" %d", &num);
  printf ("\n Table of %d \n ", num);
  while (i \le 10)
     printf (" \%d x \%d = \%d \n", num, i, (num * i));
     i++;
  getch();
}
Output:
Enter a number to generate the table= 8
Table of 8
 8 \times 1 = 8
8 \times 2 = 16
8 \times 3 = 24
8 \times 4 = 32
8 \times 5 = 40
8 \times 6 = 48
8 \times 7 = 56
8 \times 8 = 64
8 \times 9 = 72
8 \times 10 = 80
```

Program 11: WAP to calculate the factorial of given number

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
int main()
{
  int i,fact=1,n;
  clrscr();
  printf("Enter a number: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  for(i=1;i<=n; i++)
  {
    fact=fact*i;
  }
  printf("Factorial of %d is: %d", n, fact);
  getch();
}</pre>
```

Output:

Enter a number: 5 Factorial of 5 is: 120

Program 12: C program to find the value of nCr(Combination) using function

Logic

To find combination we use the concept of finding factorial of a number and use the standard formula for nCr=n!/r!*(n-r)!.

Run of the Program

```
Take input n=5 and r=3
ncr=fact(n)/fact(r)*fact(n-r) i.e. npr=fact(5)/fact(3)*fact(5-3) i.e. npr=fact(5)/fact(3)*fact(2)
Now function fact() is called.
We now calculate fact(5),fact(3) and fact(2)
int fact(int n)
n=5
Initialize f=1;
1st iteration for(i=1;i \le n;i++) i.e. for(i=1;1 \le 5;i++)
f=f*i; i.e. f=1*1 i.e. f=1
2nd iteration for(i=2;i<=n;i++) i.e. for(i=2;2<=5;i++)
f=f*i; i.e. f=1*2 i.e. f=2
3rd iteration for(i=3; i <= n; i++) i.e. for(i=3; 3 <= 5; i++)
f=f*i; i.e. f=2*3 i.e. f=6
4th iteration for (i=4; i<=n; i++) i.e. for (i=4; 4<=5; i++)
f=f*i; i.e. f=6*4 i.e. f=24
5th iteration for (i=5; i <= n; i++) i.e. for (i=5; 5 <= 5; i++)
f=f*i; i.e. f=24*5 i.e. f=120
Now we break out of the for loop as i will now be greater than n(5).
In a similar way, we calculate fact(3) & fact(2) for which answer will be 2
Hence 5c3 = 120/6*2 = 10.
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
int fact(int);
void main()
        int n,r,ncr;
       clrscr();
       printf("Enter the value of n=");
       scanf("%d",&n);
        printf("Enter the value of r=");
       scanf("%d",&r);
       ncr=fact(n)/(fact(r)*fact(n-r));
        printf("Value of \%dC\%d = \%d", n, r, ncr);
       getch();
}
int fact(int n)
  int i,f=1;
  for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
     f=f*i;
  return f;
Output:
Enter the value of n=5
Enter the value of r=3
Value of 5C3 = 10
```

Program 13: WAP to check whether given number is prime or not

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
int n,i,m=0,flag=0;
clrscr();
printf("Enter the number to check prime:");
scanf("%d", &n);
m=n/2;
for(i=2;i<=m;i++)
if(n\%i==0)
printf("Number is not prime");
flag=1;
break;
}
if(flag==0)
printf("Number is prime");
getch();
Output
```

Enter the number to check prime:56 Number is not prime

Enter the number to check prime:23 Number is prime

Program 14: WAP to find the factors of given number

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
 int num, i;
 clrscr();
 printf("Enter the number: ");
 scanf("%d",&num);
 printf("Factors of %d are:\n", num);
 for(int i=1; i<=num/2; i++)
  if(num%i==0)
  printf("%d\t", i);
getch();
}
Output:
Enter the number: 12
Factors of 12 are:
12346
```

Program 14: WAP to check whether given number is perfect or not

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
int num, sum = 0, i;
clrscr();
printf("Enter a number = ");
scanf("%d", &num);
for(i = 1; i < num; i++)
    rem = num \% i;
    if (num\%i == 0)
      sum = sum + i;
if (sum == num)
             printf(" %d is a Perfect Number");
      else
             printf("\n % d is not a Perfect Number");
getch();
}
```

Output

```
Run 1:
Enter a number= 28
28 is a Perfect Number
Run 2:
Enter a number= 20
20 is not a Perfect Number
```

Program 15: WAP to find out GCD of two numbers

GCD or HCF of two numbers in C 24 - 2 x 2 x 2 x 3 30 - 2 x 3 x 5 GCD = Multiplication of common factors = 2 x 3 = 6

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
    int n1, n2, i, res;
    clrscr();
    printf ( " Enter any two numbers: \n ");
    scanf ( "%d %d", &n1, &n2);
    for( i = 1; i <= n1 && i <= n2; ++i)
    {
        if (n1 % i ==0 && n2 % i == 0)
            res = i;
    }
    printf (" GCD of two numbers %d and %d is %d", n1, n2, res);
    getch();
}</pre>
```

Output

```
Enter any two numbers:
24
30
GCD of two numbers 24 and 30 is 6
```