3. Performing matrix addition:

$$B = [4 \ 5 \ 6; \ 7 \ 8 \ 9; \ 10 \ 11 \ 12];$$
  
 $C = A + B;$ 

This creates a new matrix C that is the sum of matrices A and B.

4. Performing matrix multiplication:

$$D = A * B;$$

This creates a new matrix D that is the product of matrices A and B.

5. Finding the transpose of a matrix:

This returns the transpose of matrix A.

6. Finding the determinant of a matrix:

This returns the determinant of matrix A.

7. Finding the inverse of a matrix:

This returns the inverse of matrix A.