Data Structures and Algorithms

CSE2001

Assignment - 3

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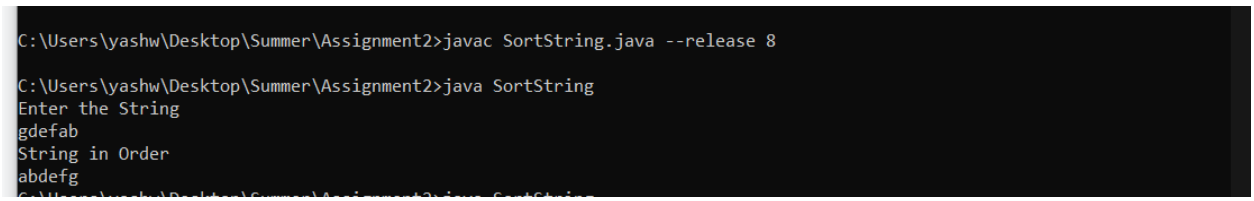
Problem-1 : Write an algorithm to read N individual characters and display them in alphabetical order using merge sort. Write down the code and execute it. Upload the code and execution results as well.

Code

```
import java.util.*;
public class SortString{
   static final int MAX_CHAR = 26;

   static void sortString(String str) {
      int letters[] = new int[MAX_CHAR];
      for (char x : str.toCharArray()) {
         letters[x - 'a']++;
      }
      for (int i = 0; i < MAX_CHAR; i++) {
         for (int j = 0; j < letters[i]; j++) {

            System.out.print((char) (i + 'a'));
         }
      }
```

```
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the String");
        String c = sc.nextLine();

        System.out.println("String in Order");
        sortString(c);

    }
}
```

Output



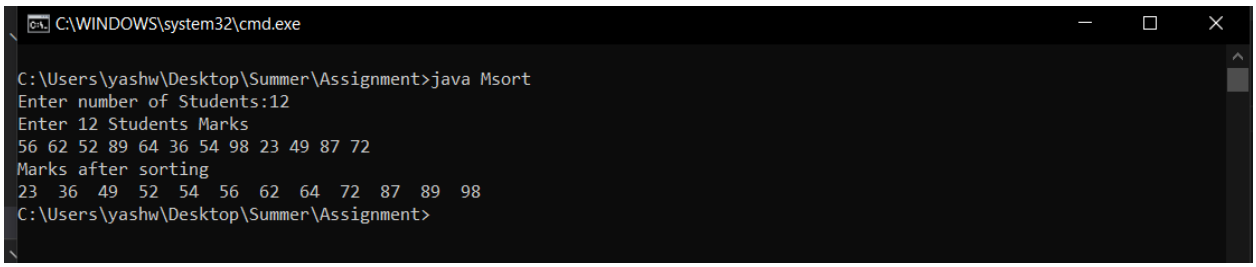
Code

```
import java.util.*;

public class MSort
{



 public static void merge(int a[],int l,int m,int h)
```

```
{
    int i, j,c=l;
    int b[]=new int[h+1];

 for(i = l,j = m+1; i<=m && j<=h; c++)
         {

              if(a[i] <= a[j])
              b[c] = a[i++];
             else
             b[c] = a[j++];
     }
  while(i <= m )
             b[c++] = a[i++];

            while(j<=h)
             b[c++] = a[j++];

  for(i = l ; i <= h; i++)
                    a[i] = b[i];
}

public static void Sort(int a[],int l,int h)
{
      if(l<h)
     {
        int m=(l+h)/2;
        Sort(a,l,m);
        Sort(a,m+1,h);
        merge(a,l,m,h);
```

```
        }


  }

 public static void printarray(int a[])
{
      for(int i=0; i < a.length; i++)
       {

       System.out.print(a[i]+"  ");
       }
}
   public static void main(String[] args)
   {
       int n, res,i;
       Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
      System.out.print("Enter number of Students:");
       n = s.nextInt();
       int a[] = new int[n];
       System.out.println("Enter "+ n +" Students Marks ");
       for( i=0; i < n; i++)
       {
           a[i] = s.nextInt();
       }
        Sort(a,0,n-1);
       System.out.println( "Marks after sorting");
        printarray(a);
  }
}
```

Output



Problem-2 : Get 30 numbers from the user and store in array. Create a Binary search tree in the sequence of input. Perform the following:
(i) Insert an element into BST.
(ii) Delete an element from BST.
(iii) Search an element from BST

Code

```
class BST_class {

  class Node {
     int key;
     Node left, right;

     public Node(int data) {
        key = data;
        left = right = null;
     }
  }
  Node root;
  BST_class() {
     root = null;
```

```
}
void deleteKey(int key) {
    root = delete_Recursive(root, key);
}
Node delete_Recursive(Node root, int key) {
    if (root == null)
        return root;
    if (key < root.key)
        root.left = delete_Recursive(root.left, key);
    else if (key > root.key)
        root.right = delete_Recursive(root.right, key);
    else {
        if (root.left == null)
            return root.right;
        else if (root.right == null)
            return root.left;

        root.key = minValue(root.right);

        root.right = delete_Recursive(root.right, root.key);
    }
    return root;
}

int minValue(Node root) {

    int minval = root.key;

    while (root.left != null) {
        minval = root.left.key;
        root = root.left;
```

```
    }
    return minval;
}

void insert(int key) {
    root = insert_Recursive(root, key);
}
Node insert_Recursive(Node root, int key) {
    if (root == null) {
        root = new Node(key);
        return root;
    }
    if (key < root.key)
        root.left = insert_Recursive(root.left, key);
    else if (key > root.key)
        root.right = insert_Recursive(root.right, key);

    return root;
}
void inorder() {
    inorder_Recursive(root);
}

void inorder_Recursive(Node root) {
    if (root != null) {
        inorder_Recursive(root.left);
        System.out.print(root.key + " ");
        inorder_Recursive(root.right);
    }
}
```

```
}

class BST2 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        BST_class bst = new BST_class();

        bst.insert(2);
        bst.insert(6);
        bst.insert(3);
        bst.insert(12);
        bst.insert(16);
        bst.insert(5);
        bst.insert(4);
        bst.insert(7);
        bst.insert(16);
        bst.insert(26);
        bst.insert(23);
        bst.insert(18);
        bst.insert(8);
        bst.insert(19);
        bst.insert(62);
        System.out.println("The BST Created with input data:");
        bst.inorder();
        System.out.println("\nThe BST after Delete 62:");
        bst.deleteKey(62);
        bst.inorder();
        System.out.println("\nThe BST after Delete 8:");
        bst.deleteKey(8);
        bst.inorder();
        System.out.println("\nThe BST after Delete 4 :");
        bst.deleteKey(4);
```

```
        bst.inorder();
    }
}
```

Output

```
C:\Users\yashw\Desktop\Summer\Assignment2>javac BST2.java --release 8

C:\Users\yashw\Desktop\Summer\Assignment2>java BST2
The BST Created with input data:
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 12 16 18 19 23 26 62
The BST after Delete 62:
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 12 16 18 19 23 26
The BST after Delete 8:
2 3 4 5 6 7 12 16 18 19 23 26
The BST after Delete 4 :
2 3 5 6 7 12 16 18 19 23 26
C:\Users\yashw\Desktop\Summer\Assignment2>
```

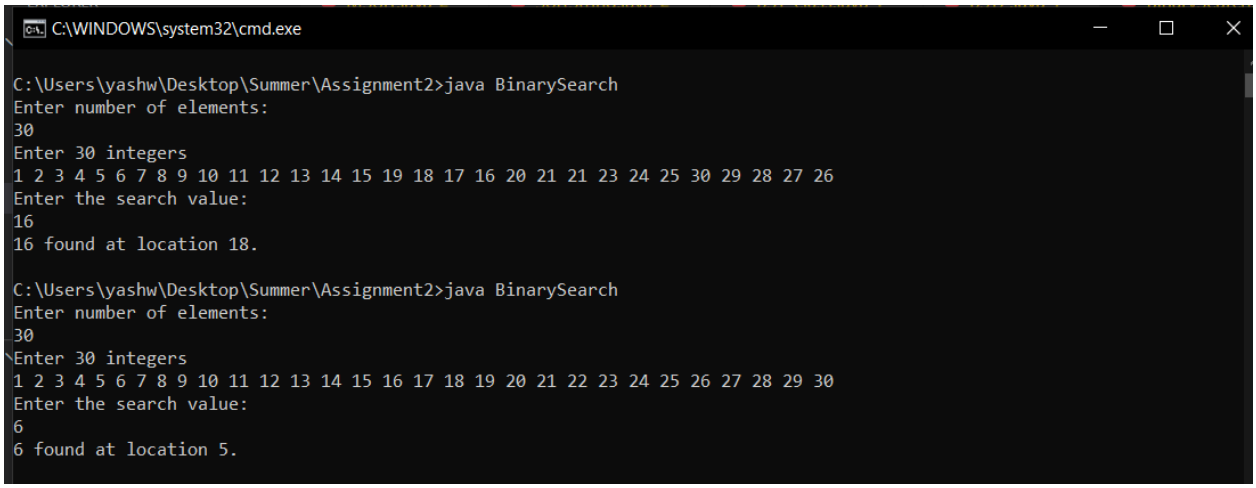
BST-Search

Code

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class BinarySearch
{
  public static void main(String args[])
  {
    int counter, num, item, array[], first, last, middle;
    Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter number of elements:");
    num = input.nextInt();
    array = new int[num];

    System.out.println("Enter " + num + " integers");
    for (counter = 0; counter < num; counter++)
        array[counter] = input.nextInt();
```

```
    System.out.println("Enter the search value:");
    item = input.nextInt();
    first = 0;
    last = num - 1;
    middle = (first + last)/2;

    while( first <= last )
    {
      if ( array[middle] < item )
        first = middle + 1;
      else if ( array[middle] == item )
      {
        System.out.println(item + " found at location " + (middle) + ".");
        break;
      }
      else
      {
         last = middle - 1;
      }
      middle = (first + last)/2;
    }
    if ( first > last )
       System.out.println(item + " is not found.\n");
  }
}
```

Output



Problem-3 :(a) Write a Program to implement the DFS algorithm and print the DFS sequence for the graph below starting with node D.
(b) Write a Program to implement BFS Algorithm and print the BFS sequence starting with node A.

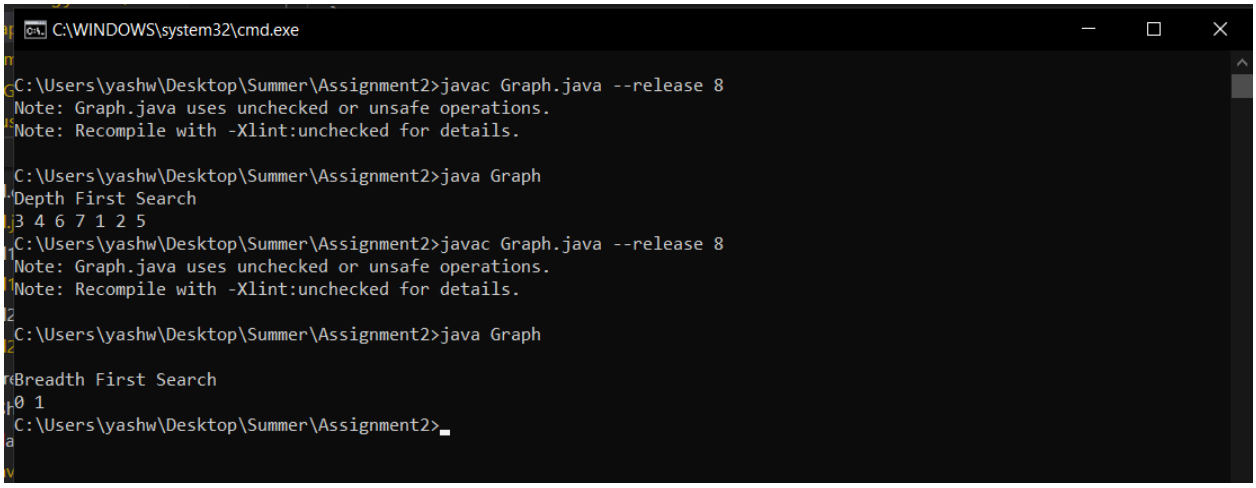
Code

```
import java.util.*;
class Graph {
 private LinkedList<Integer> adjLists[];
 private boolean visited[];

 Graph(int vertices) {
  adjLists = new LinkedList[vertices];
  visited = new boolean[vertices];

  for (int i = 0; i < vertices; i++)
   adjLists[i] = new LinkedList<Integer>();
 }

 void addEdge(int src, int dest) {
  adjLists[src].add(dest);
```

```
}
void DFS(int vertex) {
  visited[vertex] = true;
  System.out.print(vertex + " ");
  Iterator<Integer> ite = adjLists[vertex].listIterator();
  while (ite.hasNext()) {
    int adj = ite.next();
    if (!visited[adj])
      DFS(adj);
  }
}
void BFS(int s) {
  LinkedList<Integer> queue = new LinkedList();

  visited[s] = true;
  queue.add(s);

  while (queue.size() != 0) {
    s = queue.poll();
    System.out.print(s + " ");

    Iterator<Integer> i = adjLists[s].listIterator();
    while (i.hasNext()) {
      int n = i.next();
      if (!visited[n]) {
        visited[n] = true;
        queue.add(n);
      }
    }
  }
}
```

```
 public static void main(String args[]) {
   Graph g = new Graph(10);
// A -0 , B - 1, C-2, D-3, E - 4, F - 5, G -6, H - 7
   g.addEdge(0, 1);
   g.addEdge(7, 1);
   g.addEdge(6, 7);
   g.addEdge(6, 3);
   g.addEdge(4, 6);
   g.addEdge(3, 4);
   g.addEdge(3, 2);
   g.addEdge(3, 5);
   g.addEdge(5, 2);

System.out.println("\nBreadth First Search");
g.BFS(0);
System.out.println("Depth First Search");
g.DFS(3);
 }
}
```

Output



Problem-4 :(a) Write a Program to Implement Prim's Algorithm and find the minimum spanning tree for the given graph
(c) Write a Program to implement Kruskal's Algorithm and find the minimum spanning tree for the above graph

Code

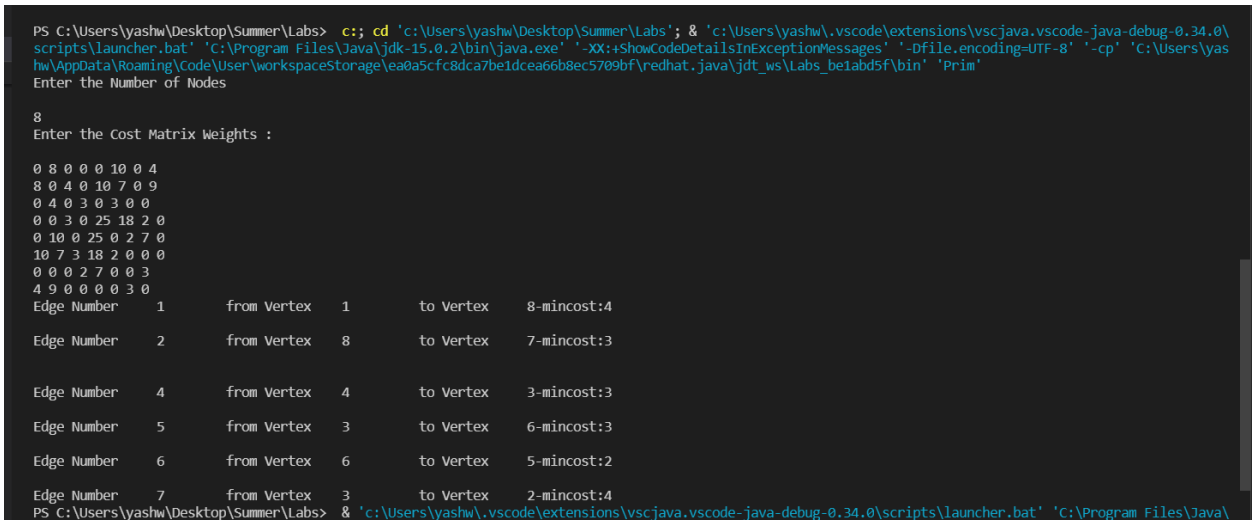
Prim's

```
import java.util.*;

public class Prim {
   public int isVisited[] = new int[15];
   public int cost[][] = new int[10][10];
   public int minimum_cost;

   public void calc(int n)
   {
      int flag[] = new int[n+1];
      int i,j,min=999,num_edges=1,a=1,b=1,minpos_i=1,minpos_j=1;

      while(num_edges < n)
      {

         for(i=1,min=999;i<=n;i++)
          for(j=1;j<=n;j++)
           if(this.cost[i][j]<min)
             if(this.isVisited[i]!=0)
              {
                  min=this.cost[i][j];
                  a=minpos_i=i;
                  b=minpos_j=j;
```

```
            }
            if(this.isVisited[minpos_i]==0 || this.isVisited[minpos_j]==0)
            {
                System.out.println("Edge Number \t"+num_edges+"\t from Vertex
\t"+a+"\t  to Vertex \t"+b+"-mincost:"+min+" \n");
                this.minimum_cost=this.minimum_cost+min;
                num_edges=num_edges+1;
                this.isVisited[b]=1;
            }
              this.cost[a][b]=this.cost[b][a]=999;



      }

  }

  public static void main(String args[])
  {
     int nodes,i,j;
     Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.println("Enter the Number of Nodes \n");
     nodes = in.nextInt();
     Prim p = new Prim();
     System.out.println("Enter the Cost Matrix Weights : \n");
     for(i=1;i<=nodes;i++)
       for(j=1;j<=nodes;j++)
       {
         p.cost[i][j]=in.nextInt();
         if(p.cost[i][j]==0)
           p.cost[i][j]=999;
       }
```

```
        p.isVisited[1]=1;
        p.calc(nodes);
    }
}
```

Output



Kruskal's

Code

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Comparator;
import java.util.PriorityQueue;

public class KrushkalMST {
    static class Edge {
```

```
    int source;
    int destination;
    int weight;

    public Edge(int source, int destination, int weight) {
        this.source = source;
        this.destination = destination;
        this.weight = weight;
    }
}

static class Graph {
    int vertices;
    ArrayList<Edge> allEdges = new ArrayList<>();

    Graph(int vertices) {
        this.vertices = vertices;
    }

    public void addEgde(int source, int destination, int weight) {
        Edge edge = new Edge(source, destination, weight);
        allEdges.add(edge);
    }

    public void kruskalMST(){
        PriorityQueue<Edge> pq = new PriorityQueue<>(allEdges.size(),
Comparator.comparingInt(o -> o.weight));

        for (int i = 0; i <allEdges.size() ; i++) {
            pq.add(allEdges.get(i));
        }
```

```
    int [] parent = new int[vertices];

    makeSet(parent);

    ArrayList<Edge> mst = new ArrayList<>();

    int index = 0;
    while(index<vertices-1){
        Edge edge = pq.remove();
        int x_set = find(parent, edge.source);
        int y_set = find(parent, edge.destination);

        if(x_set==y_set){
        }else {
            mst.add(edge);
            index++;
            union(parent,x_set,y_set);
        }
    }
    System.out.println("Minimum Spanning Tree: ");
    printGraph(mst);
}

public void makeSet(int [] parent){

    for (int i = 0; i <vertices ; i++) {
        parent[i] = i;
    }
}
```

```
    public int find(int [] parent, int vertex){
        if(parent[vertex]!=vertex)
            return find(parent, parent[vertex]);;
        return vertex;
    }

    public void union(int [] parent, int x, int y){
        int x_set_parent = find(parent, x);
        int y_set_parent = find(parent, y);
        parent[y_set_parent] = x_set_parent;
    }

    public void printGraph(ArrayList<Edge> edgeList){
        for (int i = 0; i <edgeList.size() ; i++) {
            Edge edge = edgeList.get(i);
            System.out.println("Edge-" + i + " source: " + edge.source +
                    " destination: " + edge.destination +
                    " weight: " + edge.weight);
        }
    }
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
        int vertices = 8;
        Graph graph = new Graph(vertices);
        graph.addEgde(0, 1, 8);
        graph.addEgde(0, 5, 10);
        graph.addEgde(0, 7, 4);
        graph.addEgde(1, 7, 9);
        graph.addEgde(1, 5, 7);
        graph.addEgde(1, 2, 4);
        graph.addEgde(1, 4, 10);
```

```
        graph.addEgde(2, 3, 3);
        graph.addEgde(2, 5, 3);
        graph.addEgde(3, 5, 18);
        graph.addEgde(3, 4, 10);
        graph.addEgde(3, 6, 25);
        graph.addEgde(4, 6, 2);
        graph.addEgde(4, 5, 7);
        graph.addEgde(6, 7, 3);
        graph.kruskalMST();
    }
}
```

Output