



Department of Mathematics
Mid Semester Examination, Session 2023-24 (Odd)

Programme: B.Tech Branch: Chemical Engineering
Course Name: Numerical Methods and Statistical Techniques
Course Code: MAN13101
Time: 90 Min

Semester: 3rd

Max. Marks: 25

Registration No.: 20222068

Instructions: Answer ALL questions.

Q1 Demonstrate the effect of error on a difference table. Locate and correct the error in the following table, if y is a cubic polynomial.

x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
y	25	21	18	18	27	45	76	123

Marks

Correspondi
course outco

(5)

CO2

Q2 a Define rate of convergence and Derive the condition for convergence of general iteration method

(3)

CO1

b Obtain the Everett's interpolation formula from Bessel's interpolation formula

(2)

CO2

Q3 Apply the quotient-difference method to obtain the approximate roots of the equation $x^3 - 7x^2 + 10x - 2 = 0$

(5)

CO1

Q4 Using Regula-falsi Method, Find the root of $2x = \log_{10} x + 7$ between 3 and 4 correct to 3 decimal places.

(5)

CO5

Q5 By means of Newton's general interpolation formula find the value of $f(8)$ and $f(15)$ from the following table:

(5)

CO4

x	4	5	7	10	11	13
f(x)	48	100	294	900	1210	2028



Department of Mathematics
End Semester Examination, Session 2023-24 (Model Question)

Programme: B.Tech Branch: Chemical Engineering
Course Name: Numerical Methods and Statistical Techniques
Course Code: MAN13101
Time: 2 1/2 hrs

Max. Marks: 50

Semester: 3rd

Registration No.: 20222068

Instructions: Answer ALL questions.

		Marks	Course Outcome																				
Q1	Given from the table, use the Stirling's formula and estimate the value of $\tan 16^\circ$ 4	(5)	CO2																				
	<table><tr><td>θ°</td><td>0</td><td>5</td><td>10</td><td>15</td><td>20</td><td>25</td><td>30</td></tr><tr><td>$\tan \theta$</td><td>0</td><td>0.0875</td><td>0.1763</td><td>0.2679</td><td>0.3640</td><td>0.4663</td><td>0.5774</td></tr></table>	θ°	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	$\tan \theta$	0	0.0875	0.1763	0.2679	0.3640	0.4663	0.5774						
θ°	0	5	10	15	20	25	30																
$\tan \theta$	0	0.0875	0.1763	0.2679	0.3640	0.4663	0.5774																
Q2	Evaluate $\int_0^6 \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$ by using Simpson's 3/8 rule and Weddle's rule and compare the results with its actual value. 3	(5)	CO3																				
Q3	Given from the table, find $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ at $x = 1.1$ and 1.6 with the help of forward and backward difference formula. 5	(5)	CO2																				
	<table><tr><td>x</td><td>1.0</td><td>1.1</td><td>1.2</td><td>1.3</td><td>1.4</td><td>1.5</td><td>1.6</td></tr><tr><td>y</td><td>7.989</td><td>8.403</td><td>8.781</td><td>9.129</td><td>9.451</td><td>9.750</td><td>10.031</td></tr></table>	x	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	y	7.989	8.403	8.781	9.129	9.451	9.750	10.031						
x	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6																
y	7.989	8.403	8.781	9.129	9.451	9.750	10.031																
Q4	Find the root of the equation $\cos x = xe^x$ using regular falsi method between 0 and 1 correct to 3 decimal places. 5	(5)	CO4																				
Q5	Given from the table, evaluate $f(9)$, using Newtons divide and difference formula 5	(5)	CO5																				
	<table><tr><td>x</td><td>5</td><td>7</td><td>11</td><td>13</td><td>17</td></tr><tr><td>$f(x)$</td><td>150</td><td>392</td><td>1452</td><td>2366</td><td>5202</td></tr></table>	x	5	7	11	13	17	$f(x)$	150	392	1452	2366	5202										
x	5	7	11	13	17																		
$f(x)$	150	392	1452	2366	5202																		
Q6	Apply Gauss-Seidal method to solve the sysstem of equations : $27x+6y-z = 85$; $x+y+54z = 110$; $6x+15y+2z = 72$ up to three iterations. 5	(5)	CO3																				
Q7	Fit a straight line to the following data	(5)	CO2																				
	<table><tr><td>x</td><td>6</td><td>7</td><td>7</td><td>8</td><td>8</td><td>8</td><td>9</td><td>9</td><td>10</td></tr><tr><td>y</td><td>5</td><td>5</td><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>4</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>3</td><td>3</td></tr></table>	x	6	7	7	8	8	8	9	9	10	y	5	5	4	5	4	3	4	3	3		
x	6	7	7	8	8	8	9	9	10														
y	5	5	4	5	4	3	4	3	3														
Q8	Find the sum of the series using Euler-Maclaurin formula. 5 $\frac{1}{51^2} + \frac{1}{53^2} + \frac{1}{55^2} + + \frac{1}{99^2}$	(5)	CO5																				
Q9	Calculate linear regreession coefficients from the following: 5	(5)	CO3																				
	<table><tr><td>x</td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>6</td><td>7</td><td>8</td></tr><tr><td>y</td><td>3</td><td>7</td><td>10</td><td>12</td><td>14</td><td>17</td><td>20</td><td>24</td></tr></table>	x	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	y	3	7	10	12	14	17	20	24				
x	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8															
y	3	7	10	12	14	17	20	24															
Q10	A curve passes through the points (0,18), (1,10), (3,-18) and (6,90), use Lagrange's formula and find the slope of the curve at $x = 2.3$. 4	(5)	CO1																				