

/*

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QUESTION-

An airline company is interested in airline route among seven cities: Delhi, Mumbai, Jaipur, Pune, Bangalore, Ahmedabad and Goa. It flies on the following routes:

- a) Ahmedabad to Goa h) Jaipur to Ahmedabad
- b) Ahmedabad to Pune i) Jaipur to Delhi
- c) Bangalore to Jaipur j) Jaipur to Goa
- d) Bangalore to Pune k) Mumbai to Pune
- e) Delhi to Jaipur l) Pune to Bangalore
- f) Delhi to Mumbai
- g) Goa to Ahmedabad m) Pune to Mumbai

Questions:

a. Represent the above scenario using Graph. Represent the Graph in Adjacency matrix and Adjacency List representation both

-For creating Adjacency list take adjacency matrix as input

The Graph function is used for it- The adjacency list is shown below

```
spit@DB-Lab-406-U16: ~/Desktop
spit@DB-Lab-406-U16:~$ cd Desktop
spit@DB-Lab-406-U16:~/Desktop$ gcc graph.c
spit@DB-Lab-406-U16:~/Desktop$ ./a.out
0-AHMEDABAD, 1-GOA, 2-BANGALORE, 3-PUNE, 4-JAIPUR, 5-MUMBAI, 6-DELHI

The adjacency matrix is-
  0      0      1      2      3      4      5      6
  1      1      0      0      0      0      0      0
  2      0      0      0      1      1      0      0
  3      0      0      1      0      0      1      0
  4      1      1      0      0      0      0      1
  5      0      0      0      1      0      0      0
  6      0      0      0      0      1      1      0

The outdegree of the places
place  outdegree
0      2
1      1
2      2
3      2
4      3
5      1
6      2

The indegree of the places
place  indegree
0      2
1      2
2      1
3      3
4      2
5      2
6      1

The adjacency list is stored -
vertex  adjacent vertices
0      3-1
1      0
2      4-3
3      5-2
4      6-1-0
5      3
```

- Show indegree and out degree of each vertex

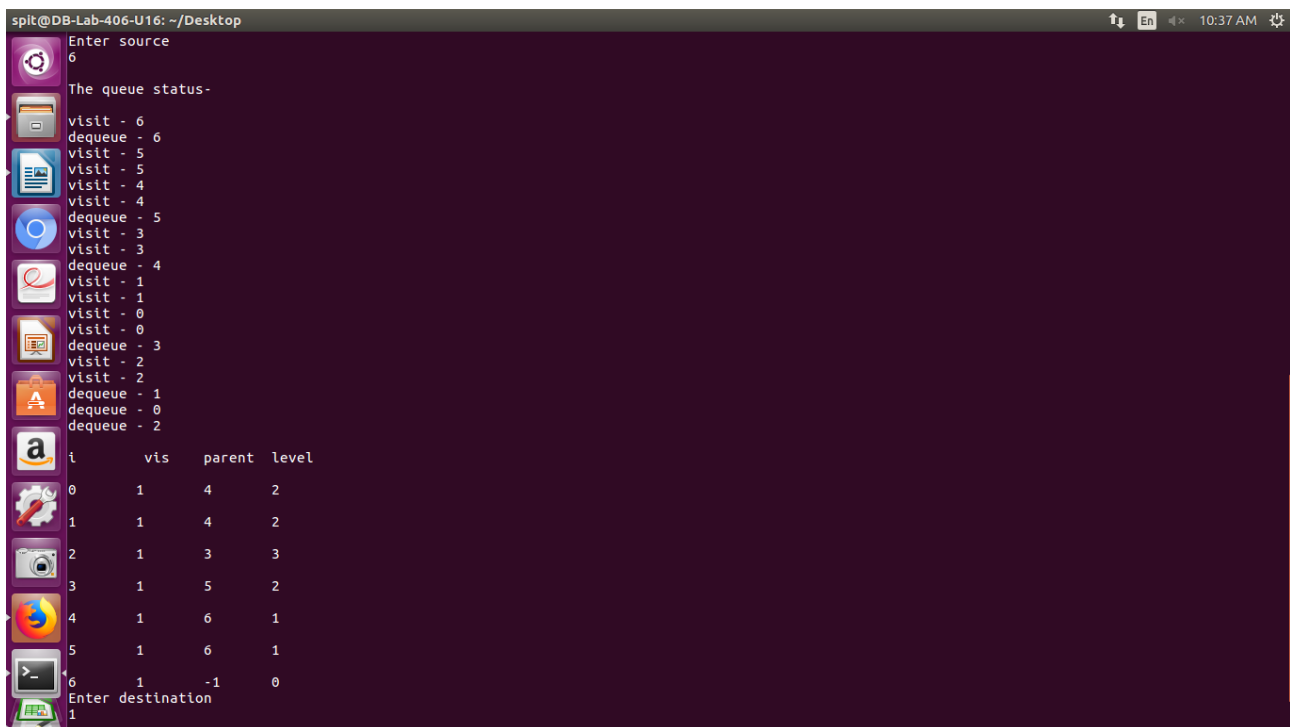
The get_degree function is used for it

The indegree and outdegree are displayed in the above picture

b. Design, apply and implement a strategy to find the route (direct or indirect) from one city to another city.

The bfs function is used for it-

the queue status is displayed



The terminal window shows the execution of a BFS algorithm. It starts by entering source 6 and destination 1. The queue status is displayed as a list of visit and dequeue operations. Finally, a table shows the path from source to destination.

```
spit@DB-Lab-406-U16: ~/Desktop
Enter source
6
The queue status-
visit - 6
dequeue - 6
visit - 5
visit - 5
visit - 4
visit - 4
dequeue - 5
visit - 3
visit - 3
dequeue - 4
visit - 1
visit - 1
visit - 0
visit - 0
dequeue - 3
visit - 2
visit - 2
dequeue - 1
dequeue - 0
dequeue - 2

i      vis      parent  level
0      1         4       2
1      1         4       2
2      1         3       3
3      1         5       2
4      1         6       1
5      1         6       1
6      1        -1       0
Enter destination
1
```

c. Is there any route from Delhi to Goa?

Yes the route is Delhi-Jaipur-Goa

route is displayed in the picture in the form of keys mention 6->4->1

```

splt@DB-Lab-406-U16: ~/Desktop
visit - 6
dequeue - 6
visit - 5
visit - 5
visit - 4
visit - 4
dequeue - 5
visit - 3
visit - 3
dequeue - 4
visit - 1
visit - 1
visit - 0
visit - 0
dequeue - 3
visit - 2
visit - 2
dequeue - 1
dequeue - 0
dequeue - 2

i      vis    parent  level
0      1      4        2
1      1      4        2
2      1      3        3
3      1      5        2
4      1      6        1
5      1      6        1
6      1      -1       0
Enter destination
1
The shortest route is
6->4->1
splt@DB-Lab-406-U16:~/Desktop$

```

*/

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>

```

```

typedef struct node      //structure declaration for node
{
    int vertex;
    struct node* next;
}node;

```

```

node* head[10];          //global declare-arrays and head array
int visited[10];
int level[10];
int parent[10];

```

```

void printlist()          //function to print adj list
{
    node* curr;
    int i,j;
    printf("vertex\tadjacent vertices\n");
    for(i=0;i<7;i++)
    {
        printf("%d\t",i);
        curr=head[i];
        while(curr->next!=NULL)
        {
            printf("%d-",curr->vertex);
            curr=curr->next;
        }
    }
}

```

```

    printf("%d\n",curr->vertex);
}

}

```

```

void graph(int a[][7])          //function to form adj list
{
int i,j;
for(i=0;i<7;i++)
{
head[i]=NULL;
for(j=0;j<7;j++)
{
if(a[i][j]==1)
{
node* newnode=(node*)malloc(sizeof(node*));
newnode->vertex=j;
if(head[i]==NULL)
{
head[i]=newnode;
newnode->next=NULL;
}
else
{
newnode->next=head[i];
head[i]=newnode;
}
}
}
}
printf("\n");
printlist();
printf("\n");
}

```

```

typedef struct qnode            //queue nodes structure
{
int vertex;
struct qnode* next;
}qnode;

/*Queue ADT*/

typedef struct queue
{
qnode* front, *rear;
}queue;

void enq(queue*q,int v)        //enqueue

```

```

{
    qnode* newnode=(qnode*)malloc(sizeof(qnode*));
    newnode->vertex=v;
    newnode->next=NULL;
    if(q->front==NULL)
    {
        q->front=newnode;
        q->rear=newnode;
    }
    else
    {
        q->rear->next=newnode;
        q->rear=newnode;
    }
}

int deq(queue*q)                //dequeue
{
    int p;
    qnode* temp;
    if(q->front==NULL)
        printf("\nQueue Underflow! Can't Delete!");
    else
    {
        temp=q->front;
        q->front=q->front->next;
        p=temp->vertex;
        free(temp);
        if(q->front==NULL)
            q->rear=NULL;
    }
    return p;
}

int empty(queue* q)            //is empty
{
    if(q->front==NULL)
        return 1;
    else
        return 0;
}

void print()                    //print
{
    int i;
    printf("\ni\t vis\tparent\tlevel\n");
    for(i=0;i<7;i++)
    {
        printf("\n%d \t%d \t%d \t%d\n",i,visited[i],parent[i],level[i]);
    }
}

```

```

void bfs(int x)                //breadth first search
{
    int s=x;
    queue q;
    q.front=NULL;
    q.rear=NULL;
    int i,m;
    for(i=0;i<7;i++)          //common value to all vertice
    {
        visited[i]=0;
        parent[i]=-1;
        level[i]=-1;

    }
    enq(&q,s);
    visited[s]=1;
    printf("\nvisit - %d\n",s);
    parent[s]=-1;;
    level[s]=0;
    node* curr;

    while(!empty(&q))
    {
        s=deq(&q);
        printf("dequeue - %d\n",s);
        for(curr=head[s];curr!=NULL;curr=curr->next)
        {
            m=curr->vertex;
            if(visited[m]==0)
            {
                enq(&q,m);
                printf("visit - %d\n",m);
                parent[m]=s;
                visited[m]=1;
                level[m]=level[s]+1;
                printf("visit - %d\n",m);
            }
        }
    }
    print();
}

void getroute(int destination)    //function to get a route
{
    int i=destination;
    int a[7];
    int j=1,m;
    a[0]=i;
    while(parent[i]!=-1)
    {
        a[j]=parent[i];
        i=parent[i];
    }
}

```

```

    j=j+1;
}
printf("\n");
for(m=j-1;m>0;m--)
{
    printf("%d->",a[m]);
}
printf("%d\n",a[m]);
}

```

```

void get_degree(int a[][7]) //function to get degree
{
    int b[7];
    int sum=0;
    int i,j;

```

```

    printf("The outdegree of the places\n");
    for(i=0;i<7;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j<7;j++)
        {
            if(a[i][j]==1)
                sum=sum+1;
        }
        b[i]=sum;
        sum=0;
    }
    printf("place\toutdegree\n");

```

```

    for(i=0;i<7;i++)
    {
        printf("%d\t %d\n",i,b[i]);
    }

```

```

    printf("The indegree of the places\n");
    sum=0;
    for(j=0;j<7;j++)
    {
        for(i=0;i<7;i++)
        {
            if(a[i][j]==1)
                sum=sum+1;
        }
        b[j]=sum;
        sum=0;
    }

```

```

    printf("place\tindegree\n");

```

```

    for(j=0;j<7;j++)
    {
        printf("%d\t %d\n",j,b[j]);
    }

```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
int i,j;
```

```
printf("0-AHEMDABAD, 1-GOA, 2-BANGALORE, 3-PUNE, 4-JAIPUR, 5-MUMBAI ,6-  
DELHI\n\n");//key
```

```
int a[7][7]={
```

```
    {0,1,0,1,0,0,0},
```

```
    {1,0,0,0,0,0,0},
```

```
    {0,0,0,1,1,0,0},
```

```
    {0,0,1,0,0,1,0},
```

```
    {1,1,0,0,0,0,1},
```

```
    {0,0,0,1,0,0,0},
```

```
    {0,0,0,0,1,1,0},
```

```
};
```

```
    printf("The adjacency matrix is-\n\n"); //print matrix
```

```
    printf("\t0\t1\t2\t3\t4\t5\t6\n");
```

```
for(i=0;i<7;i++)
```

```
{
```

```
    printf("%d\t",i);
```

```
    for(j=0;j<7;j++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("%d\t",a[i][j]);
```

```
    }
```

```
    printf("\n");
```

```
}
```

```
get_degree(a);
```

```
printf("\nThe adjacency list is stored -\n");
```

```
graph(a); //forming adj list
```

```
int x;
```

```
printf("Enter source\n");
```

```
scanf("%d",&x);
```

```
printf("\nThe queue status-\n");
```

```
bfs(x); //performing bfs
```

```
printf("Enter destination \n");
```

```
scanf("%d",&x);
```

```
printf("The shortest route is\n");
```

```
getroute(x); //getting route to destination
```

```
}
```

```
/*
```

```
OUTPUT-
```

```
/*
```



```
spit@DB-Lab-406-U16:~$ cd Desktop
```

```
spit@DB-Lab-406-U16:~/Desktop$ gcc graph.c
```

```
spit@DB-Lab-406-U16:~/Desktop$ ./a.out
```

0-AHEMDABAD, 1-GOA, 2-BANGALORE, 3-PUNE, 4-JAIPUR, 5-MUMBAI ,6-DELHI

The adjacency matrix is-

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
3	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
4	1	1	0	0	0	0	1
5	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	0	1	1	0

The outdegree of the places

place	outdegree
-------	-----------

0	2
---	---

1	1
---	---

2	2
---	---

3	2
---	---

4	3
---	---

5	1
---	---

6	2
---	---

The indegree of the places

place	indegree
-------	----------

0	2
---	---

1	2
---	---

2	1
---	---

3	3
---	---

4	2
---	---

5	2
---	---

6	1
---	---

The adjacency list is stored -

vertex	adjacent vertices
--------	-------------------

0	3-1
---	-----

1	0
---	---

2	4-3
---	-----

3	5-2
---	-----

4	6-1-0
---	-------

5	3
---	---

6	5-4
---	-----

Enter source

6

The queue status-

visit - 6

dequeue - 6

visit - 5
visit - 5
visit - 4
visit - 4
dequeue - 5
visit - 3
visit - 3
dequeue - 4
visit - 1
visit - 1
visit - 0
visit - 0
dequeue - 3
visit - 2
visit - 2
dequeue - 1
dequeue - 0
dequeue - 2

i	vis	parent	level
0	1	4	2
1	1	4	2
2	1	3	3
3	1	5	2
4	1	6	1
5	1	6	1
6	1	-1	0

Enter destination

1

The shortest route is

6->4->1

*/