

# Experiment 1.4

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**Semester: 6**  
**Subject Name: CC LAB**

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**Section/Group: 20BCS\_DM-716 B**  
**Date of Performance: 06/03/23**  
**Subject Code: 20CSP\_351**

## 1. Aim:

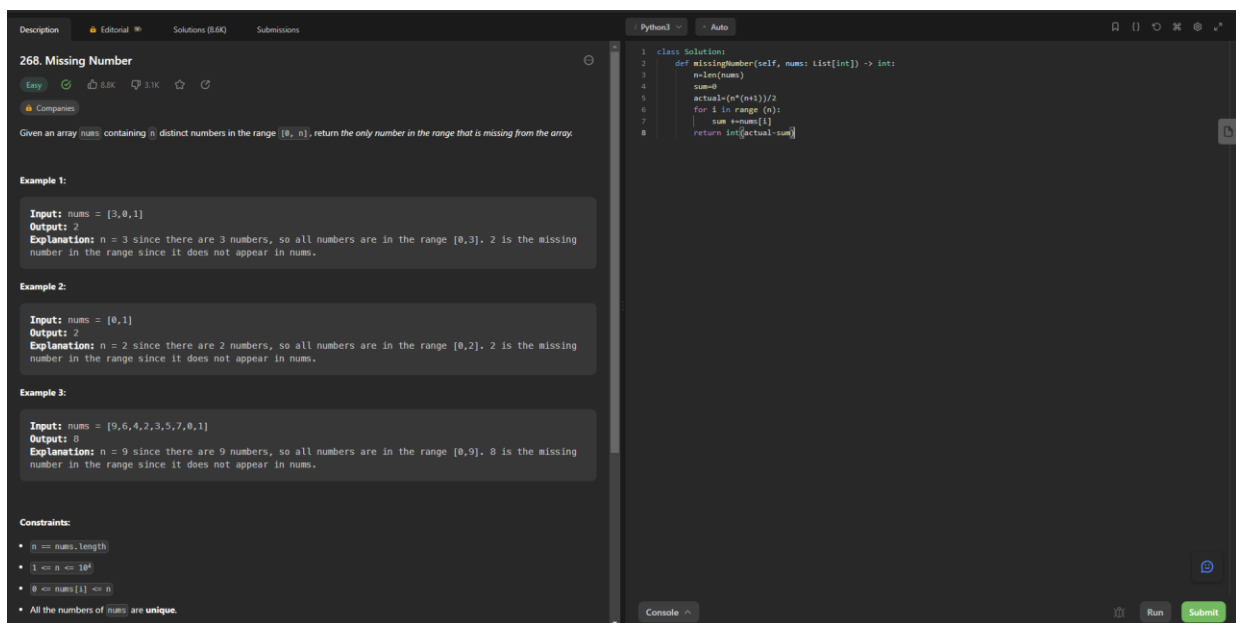
To implement the concept of hashing.

## 2. Objective:

- The objective is to build problem solving capability and to learn the basic concepts of data structures.
- Understand the problem and find out better approach to solve particular problem

## 3. LeetCode code and output:

- **Missing Number**



The screenshot displays the LeetCode interface for the problem "268. Missing Number". On the left, the problem description states: "Given an array `nums` containing `n` distinct numbers in the range `[0, n]`, return the only number in the range that is missing from the array." It includes three examples with their inputs, outputs, and explanations. Below the examples, the constraints are listed: `n == nums.length`, `1 <= n <= 104`, `0 <= nums[i] <= n`, and "All the numbers of `nums` are unique." On the right, a Python code editor shows the following solution:

```
1 class Solution:
2     def missingNumber(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
3         n=len(nums)
4         sum=0
5         actual=(n*(n+1))/2
6         for i in range(n):
7             sum+=nums[i]
8         return int(actual-sum)
```

Yash\_Gupta202

Mar 06, 2023 15:06

Details

+ Solution

Python3

Runtime 133 ms

Beats 61.81%

Memory 15.1 MB

Beats 98.42%

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Notes

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```

class Solution:
    def missingNumber(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
        n=len(nums)
        sum=0
        actual=(n*(n+1))/2
        for i in range (n):
            sum +=nums[i]
        return int(actual-sum)

```

Console

Run

Submit

class Solution:

def missingNumber(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:

n=len(nums)

sum=0

actual=(n\*(n+1))/2

for i in range (n):

sum +=nums[i]

return int(actual-sum)

## • Word Pattern

290. Word Pattern

Easy

14

199

1

Companies

Given a `pattern` and a string `s`, find if `s` follows the same pattern.

Here **follow** means a full match, such that there is a bijection between a letter in `pattern` and a **non-empty** word in `s`.

**Example 1:**

Input: pattern = "abba", s = "dog cat cat dog"

Output: true

**Example 2:**

Input: pattern = "abba", s = "dog cat cat fish"

Output: false

**Example 3:**

Input: pattern = "aaaa", s = "dog cat cat dog"

Output: false

**Constraints:**

- `1 <= pattern.length <= 300`
- `pattern` contains only lower-case English letters.
- `1 <= s.length <= 3000`
- `s` contains only lowercase English letters and spaces `' '`.
- `s` **does not contain** any leading or trailing spaces.
- All the words in `s` are separated by a **single** space.

```


1 class Solution:
2     def wordPattern(self, pattern: str, s: str) -> bool:
3         word = s.split(" ")
4         pat_occ = {}
5         st_occ = {}
6         p_pat = {}
7         s_pat = {}
8         k = 1
9         c = 1
10
11         if len(word) != len(pattern):
12             return False
13         for i in range(len(word)):
14             if word[i] in st_occ:
15                 s_pat.append(st_occ[word[i]])
16             if word[i] not in st_occ:
17                 st_occ[word[i]] = c
18                 s_pat.append(st_occ[word[i]])
19                 c += 1
20
21         for i in range(len(pattern)):
22             if pattern[i] in pat_occ:
23                 p_pat.append(pat_occ[pattern[i]])
24             if pattern[i] not in pat_occ:
25                 pat_occ[pattern[i]] = k
26                 k += 1
27                 p_pat.append(pat_occ[pattern[i]])
28
29         for i in range(len(s_pat)):
30             if s_pat[i] != p_pat[i]:
31                 return False
32         return True

```


Console

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**Yash\_Gupta202**  
 Mar 06, 2023 11:30



Details
 + Solution

Python3



Runtime **31 ms**
Beats **71.78%**
Memory **14 MB**
Beats **13.36%**

Click the distribution chart to view more details

Notes

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```

class Solution:
    def wordPattern(self, pattern: str, s: str) -> bool:
        word = s.split(' ')
        pat_occ = {}
        st_occ = {}
        p_pat = []
        s_pat = []
        k = 1
        c = 1
        if len(word) != len(pattern):
            return False
        for i in range(len(word)):
            if word[i] in st_occ:
                s_pat.append(st_occ[word[i]])
            if word[i] not in st_occ:
                st_occ[word[i]] = c
                c += 1
                s_pat.append(st_occ[word[i]])
        for i in range(len(pattern)):
            if pattern[i] in pat_occ:
                p_pat.append(pat_occ[pattern[i]])

```

Console


Run
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