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Certainly, I'll provide explanations for the AngularJS directives (ng-attributes) used in the code:

1. **ng-app**: This directive defines the root of the AngularJS application. In this code, `ng-app="ToDoApp"` specifies the application's name as "ToDoApp."
2. **ng-controller**: This directive attaches a controller to a specific HTML element, defining the scope for the associated HTML content. In this code, `ng-controller="ToDoController"` links the controller "ToDoController" to the `<div>` element.
3. **ng-model**: This directive binds the value of an HTML element (e.g., an input field) to a property in the AngularJS scope. For example, `ng-model="newTodo"` connects the input field's value to the "newTodo" property in the controller.
4. **ng-repeat**: The `ng-repeat` directive iterates over a collection in the scope and generates HTML elements for each item in the collection. In this code, `ng-repeat="todo in todos"` repeats the `` element for each "todo" item in the "todos" array.
5. **ng-submit**: This directive specifies an AngularJS expression to be executed when a form is submitted. In this code, `ng-submit="addItem()"` calls the "addItem" function when the form is submitted.
6. **ng-show and ng-hide**: These directives conditionally show or hide elements based on the evaluated expression. In the code, `ng-show="todo.editing"` and `ng-hide="todo.editing"` are used to show or hide the input field and text based on the "editing" property of the to-do item.
7. **ng-click**: The `ng-click` directive defines an expression to be executed when an element is clicked. In this code, it's used with "ng-click" to specify the functions to call when buttons are clicked, such as `editItem(todo)` and `deleteItem(todo)`.

These AngularJS directives enable dynamic behavior in the application by allowing you to interact with the data and perform actions such as adding, editing, and deleting to-do items. They help synchronize the view (HTML) with the model (JavaScript) by updating the DOM elements based on the application's data and logic.

code

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html ng-app="ToDoApp">
<head>
  <title>AngularJS To-Do List</title>
  <script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/angularjs/1.8.3/angular.min.js"></script>
</head>
<body>
  <div ng-controller="ToDoController">
    <h1>To-Do List</h1>
    <form ng-submit="addItem()">
      <!-- This is an input field where you can type in new to-do items. The ng-model directive binds the input's value to the "newTo
      <input type="text" ng-model="newTodo" placeholder="Add a new to-do" required>
      <button type="submit">Add</button>
    </form>
    <ul>
      <li ng-repeat="todo in todos">
        <span ng-hide="todo.editing">{{ todo.text }}</span>
        <!-- Input field for editing a to-do (hidden by default) -->
        <input type="text" ng-show="todo.editing" ng-model="todo.text" ng-blur="updateItem(todo)">
        <!-- Edit button to switch to edit mode -->
        <button ng-click="editItem(todo)">Edit</button>
        <!-- Delete button to remove the to-do item -->
        <button ng-click="deleteItem(todo)">Delete</button>
      </li>
    </ul>
  </div>

  <script>
    angular.module('ToDoApp', [])
      .controller('ToDoController', function ($scope) {
        $scope.todos = [];
        $scope.newTodo = '';

        // Function to add a new to-do item
        $scope.addItem = function () {
```

```

        if ($scope.newTodo) {
            $scope.todos.push({ text: $scope.newTodo, editing: false });
            $scope.newTodo = '';
        }
    };

    // Function to delete a to-do item
    $scope.deleteItem = function (todo) {
        var index = $scope.todos.indexOf(todo);
        $scope.todos.splice(index, 1);
    };

    // Function to switch to edit mode
    $scope.editItem = function (todo) {
        todo.editing = true;
    };

    // Function to exit edit mode
    $scope.updateItem = function (todo) {
        todo.editing = false;
    };
    });
</script>
</body>
</html>

```

Registration form

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>Registration Form</title>
</head>
<body>
<h1>Registration</h1>
<form id="registrationForm">
<label for="username">Username:</label>
<input type="text" id="username" name="username" required>
<span id="usernameError" style="color: red;"></span><br><br>

```

```

<label for="email">Email:</label>
<input type="email" id="email" name="email" required>
<span id="emailError" style="color: red;"></span><br><br>

<label for="password">Password:</label>
<input type="password" id="password" name="password" required>
<span id="passwordError" style="color: red;"></span><br><br>

<button type="button" onclick="validateForm()">Register</button>
</form>

<script>
function validateForm() {
    // Get form elements
    var username = document.getElementById("username");
    var email = document.getElementById("email");
    var password = document.getElementById("password");

    // Get error message elements
    var usernameError = document.getElementById("usernameError");
    var emailError = document.getElementById("emailError");
    var passwordError = document.getElementById("passwordError");

    // Reset error messages
    usernameError.textContent = "";
    emailError.textContent = "";
    passwordError.textContent = "";

    // Check for empty fields
    if (username.value === "") {
        usernameError.textContent = "Username is required.";
    }
}

```

```

        return;
    }

    if (email.value === "") {
        emailError.textContent = "Email is required.";
        return;
    }

    if (password.value === "") {
        passwordError.textContent = "Password is required.";
        return;
    }

    // If all fields are filled, proceed with registration
    alert("Registration successful!");
    // You can add further processing here, such as sending data to a server.
}
</script>

```

</body>

</html>

Bootstrap

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<head>

<title>Bootstrap Example</title>

<!-- Include Bootstrap CSS (Bootstrap usage starts here) -->

<link rel="stylesheet" href="https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/4.5.2/css/bootstrap.min.css">

</head>

<body>

<!-- Navigation Bar (Bootstrap classes used for styling) -->

<nav class="navbar navbar-expand-lg navbar-light bg-light">

My Website

<button class="navbar-toggler" type="button" data-toggle="collapse" data-target="#navbarNav" aria-controls="navbarNav" aria-expanded="false" aria-label="Toggle navigation">

</button>

<div class="collapse navbar-collapse" id="navbarNav">

<ul class="navbar-nav">

<li class="nav-item active">

Home

<li class="nav-item">

About

<li class="nav-item">

Services

<li class="nav-item">

Contact

</div>

</nav>

```

<!-- Content Container (Bootstrap classes used for layout) -->
<div class="container mt-4">
  <div class="row">
    <div class="col-md-4">

```

```

    <!-- Card Component (Bootstrap classes used for styling) -->
    <div class="card">
      
      <div class="card-body">
        <h5 class="card-title">Card Title</h5>
        <p class="card-text">This is a simple card component using Bootstrap.</p>
        <a href="#" class="btn btn-primary">Read More</a>
      </div>
    </div>
  </div>
</div>

<!-- Include Bootstrap JS and jQuery (Bootstrap JavaScript usage starts here) -->
<script src="<https://code.jquery.com/jquery-3.5.1.slim.min.js>"></script>
<script src="<https://cdn.jsdelivrivr.net/npm/@popperjs/core@2.11.6/dist/umd/popper.min.js>"></script>
<script src="<https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/4.5.2/js/bootstrap.min.js>"></script>

```

```

</body>

```

```

</html>

```