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PROGRAM 8: STUDENT ENROLLMENT DATABASE

Consider the following database of student enrollment in courses and books adopted for each course.

STUDENT (regno: String, name: String, major: String, bdate: date)

COURSE (course #: int, cname: String, dept: String)

ENROLL (regno: String, cname: String, sem: int, marks: int) BOOK ADOPTION (course #: int, sem: int, book-ISBN: int)

TEXT(book-ISBN:int, book-title:String, publisher:String, author:String)

- i. Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys.
- ii. Enter at least five tuples for each relation.
- iii. Demonstrate how you add a new text book to the database and make this book be adopted by some department.
- iv. Produce a list of textbooks (include Course #, Book-ISBN, Book-title) in the alphabetical order for courses offered by the 'CS' department that use more than two books.
- v. List any department that has all its adopted books published by a specific publisher

create database student_enrollment;
use student_enrollment;

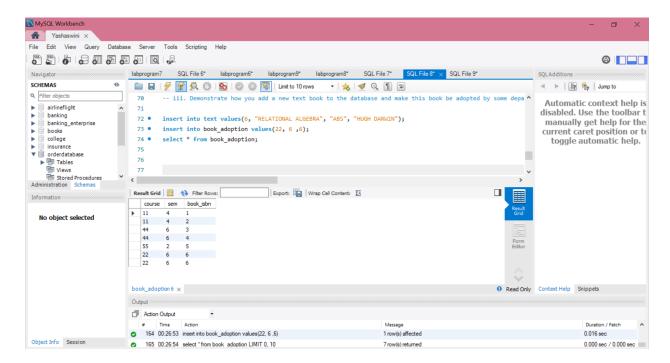
-- i) creating table

```
create table student(
regno varchar(10),
name varchar(30),
major varchar(10),
bdate date.
constraint stu reg primary key (regno)
);
create table course (
course int.
cname varchar(30),
dept varchar (30),
constraint cou cou primary key (course)
);
create table enroll (
regno varchar(10),
cname varchar (30),
sem int.
marks int.
constraint en reg foreign key (regno) references student(regno)
```

```
);
create table text (
book isbn int,
book title varchar(30),
publisher varchar(30),
author varchar (30),
constraint book book primary key (book isbn)
create table book adoption (
course int,
sem int,
book isbn int,
constraint book cou foreign key (course)
references course(course) on delete cascade on update cascade,
constraint book book foreign key (book isbn)
references text(book isbn) on delete cascade on update cascade
);
-- ii. Inserting tuples
insert into student values("CS01", "PRANAV", "DS", "1986-03-12");
insert into student values("IS02", "PRATEEK", "USP", "1987-12-23");
insert into student values("EC03", "SAURAB", "SNS", "1985-04-17");
insert into student values("CS03", "ARKA", "DBMS", "1987-01-01");
insert into student values("TC05", "PRANSHU", "EC", "1986-10-06");
insert into course values(11,"DS","CS");
insert into course values(22,"USP","IS");
insert into course values(33, "SNS", "EC");
insert into course values(44,"DBMS","CS");
insert into course values(55,"EC","TC");
insert into enroll values("CS01", 11, 4, 85);
insert into enroll values("IS02", 22, 6, 80);
insert into enroll values("EC03", 33, 2, 80);
insert into enroll values("CS03", 44, 6, 75);
insert into enroll values("TC05", 11, 4, 85);
insert into text values(1, "DS AND C", "PRINCETON", "PADMA REDDY");
insert into text values(2, "FUNDAMENTALS OF DS", "SPRINGER", "GODSE");
insert into text values(3, "FUNDAMENTALS OF DBMS", "SPRINGER", "NAVATHE");
insert into text values(4, "SQL", "PRINCETON", "FOLEY");
insert into text values(5, "ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS", "TMH", "ELMASRI");
insert into book adoption values(11, 4, 1);
insert into book adoption values(11, 4,2);
insert into book adoption values(44, 6, 3);
insert into book adoption values(44, 6, 4);
insert into book_adoption values(55, 2,5);
```

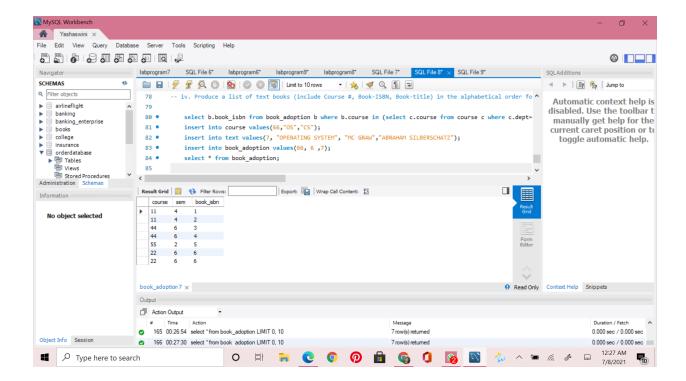
-- iii. Demonstrate how you add a new text book to the database and make this book be adopted by some department.

insert into text values(6, "RELATIONAL ALGEBRA", "ABS", "HUGH DARWIN"); insert into book_adoption values(22, 6,6); select * from book_adoption;



-- iv. Produce a list of text books (include Course #, Book-ISBN, Book-title) in the alphabetical order for courses offered by the 'CS' department that use more than two books.

```
select b.book_isbn from book_adoption b where b.course in (select c.course from course c where c.dept="CS") and (select count(*) from book_adoption be where be.course=b.course)>=2; insert into course values(66,"OS","CS"); insert into text values(7, "OPERATING SYSTEM", "MC GRAW","ABRAHAM SILBERSCHATZ"); insert into book_adoption values(66, 6,7); select * from book_adoption;
```



-- v. List any department that has all its adopted books published by a specific publisher.

select distinct c.dept from course c where not exists (select t.book_isbn from text t where t.publisher="SPRINGER") not in (select b.book_isbN from book_adoption b where b.course in (select ce.course from course ce where ce.dept=c.dept));

