LAB 5 : CIRCULAR QUEUE IMPLEMENTATION

WAP to simulate the working of a circular queue of integers using an array. Provide the following operations

- a) Insert
- b) Delete
- c) Display

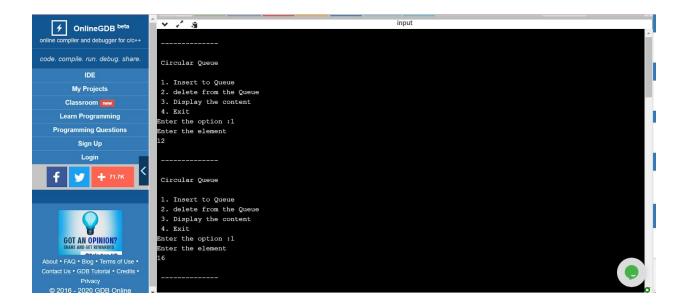
The program should print appropriate messages for queue empty and queue overflow conditions

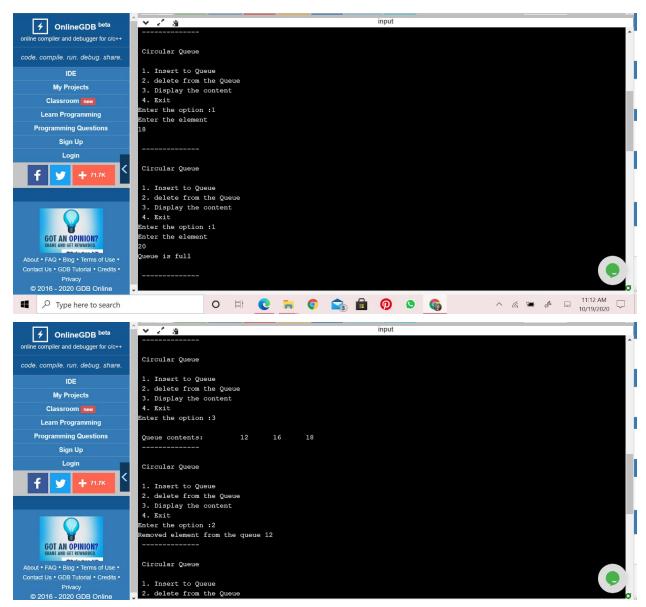
```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define MAX 3
int front=-1;
int rear=-1;
int queue[MAX];
void Enque(int);
int Deque();
void display();
int main(int argc, char **argv)
{
        int option;
  int item;
  do{
    printf("\n ----\n");
    printf("\n Circular Queue\n");
    printf("\n 1. Insert to Queue ");
    printf("\n 2. delete from the Queue ");
    printf("\n 3. Display the content ");
    printf("\n 4. Exit\n");
    printf("Enter the option :");
    scanf("%d",&option);
    switch(option)
      case 1: printf("Enter the element\n");
            scanf("%d",&item);
            Enque(item);
            break;
      case 2: item=Deque();
           if(item==-1)
             printf("Queue is empty\n");
           else
```

```
printf("Removed element from the queue %d",item);
           break;
      case 3: display();
           break;
      case 4: exit(0);
  } while (option!=4);
       return 0;
}
void Enque(int ele)
  if ((rear+1)%MAX==front)
   printf("Queue is full\n");
  else
   rear=(rear+1)%MAX;
   queue[rear]=ele;
   if(front ==-1)
     front=0;
 }
int Deque()
  int item;
  if((front == -1)&&(rear==-1))
    return -1;
  else
  {
    item=queue[front];
    front=(front+1)%MAX;
    if(front>rear)
      front=-1;
      rear=-1;
    }
    return item;
  }
}
void display()
```

```
int i;
if((front==0)&& (rear==-1))
    printf("Queue is empty\n");
else
{
    printf("\n Queue contents:");
    for(i=front;i<=rear;i++)
        printf("\t %d", queue[i]);
}
</pre>
```

FOR **OUTPUT** I have define size as 3:





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