

# Solution to Exercise 1

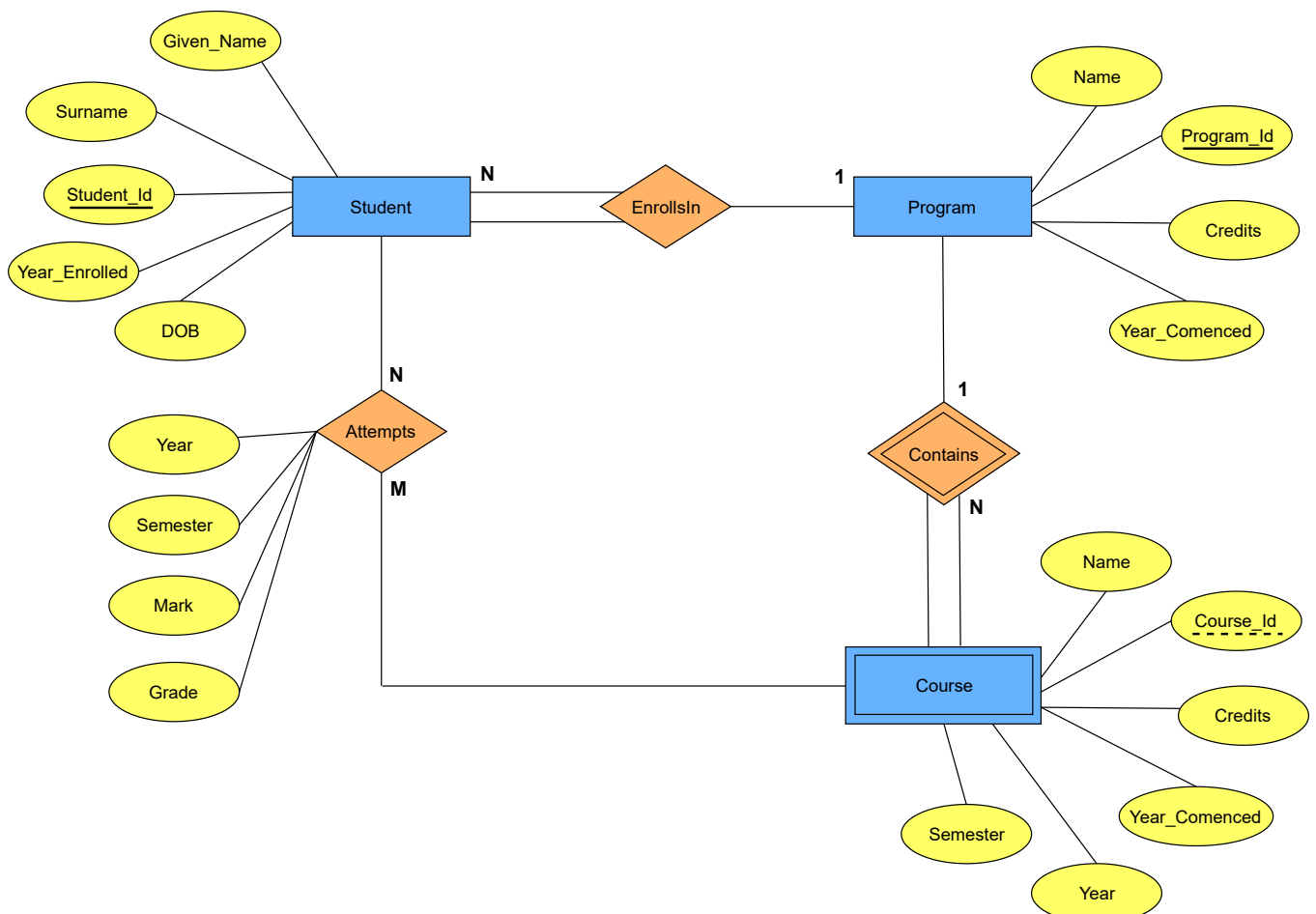
Solution to exercise 1.

WE'LL COVER THE FOLLOWING ^

- Solution
- Explanation

## Solution #

The ER diagram derived from our requirements is shown below. The diagram uses some advanced features, including relationships that have attributes and weak entity types.



## Explanation #

In our design:

- STUDENT is a strong entity, with an identifier, `Student_Id`, created to be the primary key used to distinguish between students (remember, we could have several students with the same name).
- PROGRAM is a strong entity, with the identifier `Program_Id` as the primary key used to distinguish between programs.
- Each student must be enrolled in a program, so the STUDENT entity participates totally in the many-to-one ENROLLS\_IN relationship with PROGRAM. A program can exist without having any enrolled students, so it participates partially in this relationship.
- A COURSE has meaning only in the context of a PROGRAM, so it's a weak entity, with `Course_Id` as a weak key. This means that a COURSE entity is uniquely identified using its `Course_Id` and the `Program_Id` of its owning program.
- As a weak entity, COURSE participates totally in the many-to-one identifying relationship with its owning PROGRAM.
- STUDENT and COURSE are related through the many-to-many, ATTEMPTS relationships; a course can exist without a student, and a student can be enrolled without attempting any courses, so the participation is not total.
- When a student attempts a course, there are attributes needed to capture the `Year`, `Semester`, `Mark` and `Grade` of that course.