## **Exercise Solution: Time Counter**

I hope you figured out how to refactor the Counter and update changes.

Take a look at one way of doing this:

```
export default function(state, action) {
switch (action.type) {
  case "SET_ACTIVE_SESSION":
    return {
      ...state,
      activeSession: action.payload
  case "INCREASE_COUNTER":
    //retrieve the activeSession from the action payload
    //however this comes in all caps so convert to lower Case
    const activeSession = action.payload.toLowerCase();
    return {
      ...state,
      [activeSession]: state[activeSession] + 1
  case "DECREASE_COUNTER":
    //retrieve the activeSession (called session here) from the action payload
    const session = action.payload.toLowerCase();
    return {
      ...state,
      [session]: Math.max(0, state[session] - 1)
  default:
    return state;
```

Once again, there isn't much complexity in the solution.

We have a three types of actions being handled in the reducers/index.js.

INCREASE\_COUNTER is used to increment the counter.

```
[activeSession]: state[activeSession] + 1
```

DECREASE COUNTER is used to decrement the counter.

[session]: Math.max(0, state[session] - 1)

**Math.max()** simply takes the larger value between zero and **state[session] - 1** in order to avoid negative values in the counter.

The initial state is set in **store.js** as always.

The **handleCounter** is an action creator being used in **App.js** for dispatching our desired action once the button is clicked.

That's it for this section of the course. Next up, we'll be moving on to a more complex Redux app. See you!