## Solution Review: Implement a Calculator Class

This review provides a detailed analysis to solve the 'Implement a Calculator Class' challenge.

## WE'LL COVER THE FOLLOWING ^

- Solution
  - Explanation

## Solution #

```
class Calculator {
  // Class fields
  private double num1;
  private double num2;
  // Default Constructor
  public Calculator(double num1, double num2) {
   this.num1 = num1;
   this.num2 = num2;
  // Addition Method
  double add() {
    return this.num1 + this.num2;
  // Subtraction Method
  double subtract() {
    return this.num2 - this.num1;
  // Multiplication Method
  double multiply() {
    return this.num1 * this.num2;
  }
  // Divison Method
  double divide() {
    return this.num2 / this.num1;
  }
}
class Demo {
```

```
public static void main(String args[]) {
   Calculator obj = new Calculator(10, 94);

   System.out.println(obj.add());
   System.out.println(obj.subtract());
   System.out.println(obj.multiply());
   System.out.println(obj.divide());
}
```







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## Explanation #

- We have implemented the Calculator class which has the data members num1 and num2.
- In the constructor, initialized both variables to **num1** and **num2**
- Implemented add(), a method which returns the addition of two numbers i.e. num1 + num2
- Implemented Subtract(), a *method* which returns the subtraction two numbers i.e. num1 num2
- Implemented multiply(), a method which returns the multiplication of two numbers i.e. num1\*num2
- Implemented divide(), a method which returns the division of two numbers i.e. num1/num2