- Examples

Some examples of copy and move semantics will be discussed in this lesson.

WE'LL COVER THE FOLLOWING ^

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Example 1#

```
// copyMoveSemantic.cpp
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include <utility>
int main(){
  std::string str1{"ABCDEF"};
  std::string str2;
  std::cout << "\n";</pre>
  // initial value
  std::cout << "str1= " << str1 << std::endl;</pre>
  std::cout << "str2= " << str2 << std::endl;</pre>
  // copy semantic
  str2= str1;
  std::cout << "str2= str1;\n";</pre>
  std::cout << "str1= " << str1 << std::endl;</pre>
  std::cout << "str2= " << str2 << std::endl;</pre>
  std::cout << "\n";</pre>
  std::string str3;
  // initial value
```

```
std::cout << "str1= " << str1 << std::endl;

std::cout << "str3= " << str3 << std::endl;

// move semantic
str3= std::move(str1);
std::cout << "str3= std::move(str1);\n";
std::cout << "str1= " << str1 << std::endl;
std::cout << "str3= " << str3 << std::endl;
std::cout << "\n";
}</pre>
```







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Explanation

In the above example, we demonstrated how the value of str1 can be transferred to strings using two different methods: copy semantic and move semantic.

- In line 18, we used the copy semantic, and the string "ABCDEF" is present in both str1 and str2. We can, therefore, say that the value has been copied from str1 to str2.
- In line 32, we used the move semantic, and now the string "ABCDEF" is present only in str3 but not in str1. We can therefore say the value has moved from str1 to str3.

Example 2

```
//swap.cpp
#include <algorithm>
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>

template <typename T>
void swap(T& a, T& b){
    T tmp(std::move(a));
    a = std::move(b);
    b = std::move(tmp);
}

struct MyData{
    std::vector<int> myData;

MyData():myData({1, 2, 3, 4, 5}){}
```

```
// copy semantic
MyData(const MyData& m):myData(m.myData){
    std::cout << "copy constructor" << std::endl;
}

MyData& operator=(const MyData& m){
    myData= m.myData;
    std::cout << "copy assignment operator" << std::endl;
    return *this;
}

};

int main(){
    std::cout << std::endl;
    MyData a, b;
    swap(a, b);
    std::cout << std::endl;
};</pre>
```







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Explanation ‡

- The example shows the workings of a simple swap function that uses the move semantic internally. MyData does not support move semantic.
- Line 9 invokes the move constructor in line 20.
- Lines 10 and 11 invoke the move assignment operator defined in line 24.
- When you invoke move on a copyable type, copy-semantic will begin.

 This is due to the fact that an rvalue is first bound to an rvalue reference, and the second is bound to a const lvalue reference.
- Copy semantic is a fallback for move semantic.

Example 3



```
using std::endl;
using std::chrono::system_clock;
using std::chrono::duration;
using std::vector;
class BigArray{
public:
  BigArray(size_t len): len_(len), data_(new int[len]){}
  BigArray(const BigArray& other): len_(other.len_), data_(new int[other.len_]){
    cout << "Copy construction of " << other.len_ << " elements "<< endl;</pre>
    std::copy(other.data_, other.data_ + len_, data_);
  BigArray& operator=(const BigArray& other){
     cout << "Copy assignment of " << other.len_ << " elements "<< endl;</pre>
     if (this != &other){
        delete[] data_;
        len_ = other.len_;
        data = new int[len ];
        std::copy(other.data_, other.data_ + len_, data_);
     return *this;
  ~BigArray(){
     if (data_ != nullptr) delete[] data_;
private:
  size_t len_;
  int* data_;
};
int main(){
  cout << endl;</pre>
  vector<BigArray> myVec;
  auto begin= system clock::now();
  myVec.push_back(BigArray(100000000));
  auto end= system_clock::now() - begin;
  auto timeInSeconds= duration<double>(end).count();
  cout << endl;</pre>
  cout << "time in seconds: " << timeInSeconds << endl;</pre>
  cout << endl;</pre>
```



Explanation

- BigArray only supports copy semantic. This is a performance issue in line 54. The containers of the standard template library have copy-semantic.
- This means that the containers want to copy all elements. If <code>BigData</code> had implemented move semantic implemented, it would have been used automatically in line 54 since the constructor call <code>BigArray(1000000000)</code> creates an rvalue.

Copy semantic is a fallback for move semantic.

Let's test your understanding of this topic with an exercise in the next lesson.