Local & Cascaded Check

This lesson looks at the two types of rule checking that can be used with the CHECK option clause.

LOCAL AND CASCADED CHECK

Local and cascaded check clauses are used to determine the scope of rule testing when a view is created based on another view. To summarize, Local check option restricts the rule checking to only the view being defined whereas the Cascaded check option checks the rules of all underlying views. In the absence of these keywords, cascaded check is used as default.

Syntax #

CREATE [OR REPLACE] VIEW view name AS

select_statement

WITH [LOCAL | CASCADED] CHECK OPTION;

Connect to the terminal below by clicking in the widget. Once connected, the command line prompt will show up. Enter or copy and paste the command ./DataJek/Lessons/44lesson.sh and wait for the MySQL prompt to start-up.

G

-- The lesson queries are reproduced below for convenient copy/paste into the terminal.
-- CASCADED CHECK

Query 1

```
SELECI
FROM Actors
WHERE TIMESTAMPDIFF(YEAR, DoB, CURDATE()) > 40;
-- Query 2
INSERT INTO ActorsView1
VALUES (DEFAULT, 'Young', 'Actress', '2000-01-01', 'Female', 'Single', 000.00);
-- Query 3
CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW ActorsView2 AS
SELECT *
FROM ActorsView1
WITH CASCADED CHECK OPTION;
-- Query 4
INSERT INTO ActorsView2
VALUES (DEFAULT, 'Young', 'Actor', '2000-01-01', 'Male', 'Single', DEFAULT);
-- Query 5
CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW ActorsView3 AS
SELECT *
FROM ActorsView2
WHERE TIMESTAMPDIFF(YEAR, DoB, CURDATE()) < 50;
-- Query 6
INSERT INTO ActorsView3
VALUES (DEFAULT, 'Young', 'Actor', '2000-01-01', 'Male', 'Single', DEFAULT);
-- Query 7
INSERT INTO ActorsView3
VALUES (DEFAULT, 'Old', 'Actor', '1960-01-01', 'Male', 'Single', DEFAULT);
-- LOCAL CHECK
-- Query 8
ALTER VIEW ActorsView2 AS
SELECT *
FROM ActorsView1
WITH LOCAL CHECK OPTION;
-- Query 9
INSERT INTO ActorsView2
VALUES (DEFAULT, 'Young', 'Actor', '2000-01-01', 'Male', 'Single', DEFAULT);
-- Query 10
INSERT INTO ActorsView3
VALUES (DEFAULT, 'Young', 'Actor', '2000-01-01', 'Male', 'Single', DEFAULT);
```

Terminal



Cascaded Check

1. We will start by creating a view **ActorsView1** which shows all actors who are older than 40.

```
FROM Actors
WHERE TIMESTAMPDIFF(YEAR, DoB, CURDATE()) > 40;
```

Seven rows from the **Actors** table satisfy the WHERE clause.

```
mysql> CREATE VIEW ActorsView1 AS
    -> SELECT *
   -> FROM Actors
   -> WHERE TIMESTAMPDIFF (YEAR, DoB, CURDATE()) > 40;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> SELECT * FROM ActorsView1;
 Id | FirstName | SecondName | DoB
                                         | Gender | MaritalStatus | NetWorthInMillions |
  1 | Brad
                | Pitt
                            | 1963-12-18 | Male
                                                Single
                                                                                 240
    | Jennifer | Aniston | 1969-11-02 | Female | Single
                                                                                 240
  2
               | Jolie
                                         | Female |
    | Angelina
                            | 1975-06-04
                                                   Single
                                                                                 100
    Johnny
                Depp
                           | 1963-06-09 | Male
                                                 | Single
                                                                                 200
                           | 1962-07-03 | Male
                Cruise
                                                  Divorced
                                                                                 570
    Tom
                            | 1942-10-11 | Male
    Amitabh
                Bachchan
                                                 | Married
                                                                                 400
    | Shahrukh | Khan
                            | 1965-11-02 | Male
                                                 Married
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql>
```

In the absence of the WITH CHECK OPTION clause there is no restriction on updates through **ActorsView1**. We can insert a 20-year-old actor to the **Actors** table using this view as follows:

```
INSERT INTO ActorsView1
VALUES (DEFAULT, 'Young', 'Actress', '2000-01-01', 'Female', 'Sin gle', 000.00);
```

The record is inserted in the table even though it does not satisfy the condition of the view (age > 40 years).

```
mysql> INSERT INTO ActorsView1
-> VALUES (DEFAULT, 'Young', 'Actress', '2000-01-01', 'Female', 'Single', 000.00);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> SELECT * FROM Actors;
                                          | Gender | MaritalStatus | NetWorthInMillions |
 Id | FirstName | SecondName | DoB
                Pitt
                             | 1963-12-18 | Male
                                                   | Single
                                                                                     240
      Brad
  2 | Jennifer | Aniston
                             | 1969-11-02 | Female | Single
                                                                                    240
    | Angelina | Jolie
                            | 1975-06-04 | Female | Single
                                                                                     100
                | Depp
    Johnny
                             | 1963-06-09 | Male
                                                   | Single
                                                                                    200
                             | 1981-06-09 | Male
    | Natalie
                                                   Married
                                                                                     60
                Portman
                                                   Divorced
      Tom
                Cruise
                            | 1962-07-03 |
                                            Male
                                                                                    570
      Kylie
                Jenner
                             | 1997-08-10 | Female | Married
                                                                                    1000
                | Kardashian | 1980-10-21 |
  8
                                            Female | Married
                                                                                    370
    Kim
      Amitabh
                 | Bachchan | 1942-10-11 |
                                            Male
                                                   Married
                                                                                     400
 10
    Shahrukh
                Khan
                             | 1965-11-02 | Male
                                                   Married
                                                                                     600
                             | 1982-07-18 |
      priyanka
                | Chopra
                                            Female | Married
                                                                                     28
      Young
                 Actress
                             | 2000-01-01 |
                                            Female | Single
                                                                                      0
12 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

The record appears in the table but not in the view.

Id First	Name	SecondName	l DoB	Gender	MaritalStatus	NetWorthInMillions
1 Brad		Pitt	1963-12-18	Male	Single	240
2 Jenni	fer	Aniston	1969-11-02	Female	Single	240
3 Angel	ina	Jolie	1975-06-04	Female	Single	100
4 Johnn	У	Depp	1963-06-09	Male	Single	200
6 Tom		Cruise	1962-07-03	Male	Divorced	570
9 Amita	bh	Bachchan	1942-10-11	Male	Married	400
10 Shahr	ukh	Khan	1965-11-02	Male	Married	600
+			+	+		

This is a disparity that can be handled using the **WITH CHECK OPTION** clause as discussed at length in the previous lesson.

2. Next, create a view **ActorsView2** based on **ActorsView1** as follows:

```
CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW ActorsView2 AS

SELECT *

FROM ActorsView1

WITH CASCADED CHECK OPTION;
```

Since **ActorsView2** is based on **ActorsView1**, it also has seven rows. The view has a **CASCADED** check option which means that insert or update through **ActorsView2** should not only be compatible with this view but also the underlying view, which is, **ActorsView1**. To see how it works, insert an actor to the **Actors** table using **ActorsView2** whose age is 20 years.

```
INSERT INTO ActorsView2
VALUES (DEFAULT, 'Young', 'Actor', '2000-01-01', 'Male', 'Single'
, DEFAULT);
```

```
mysql> CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW ActorsView2 AS

-> SELECT *

-> FROM ActorsView1

-> WITH CASCADED CHECK OPTION;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO ActorsView2

-> VALUES (DEFAULT, 'Young', 'Actor', '2000-01-01', 'Male', 'Single', DEFAULT);
ERROR 1369 (HY000): CHECK OPTION failed 'MovieIndustry.ActorsView2'

mysql>
```

We encounter an error message, CHECK OPTION failed 'MovieIndustry.ActorsView2'. The record is not inserted into the Actors table even though ActorsView2 did not impose any age restrictions. This is because the CASCADED CHECK OPTION clause

also tests the rules of the underlying view, **ActorsView1**. Since **ActorsView1** only allowed actors who are older than 40 years and **ActorsView2** is based on **ActorsView1** so we were unable to add a 20 year old actor.

3. Now we are going to demonstrate the scope of rule testing of the **CASCADED** check option. For this purpose, create a view **ActorsView3** based on **ActorsView2** which should only display actors who are younger than 50.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW ActorsView3 AS

SELECT *

FROM ActorsView2

WHERE TIMESTAMPDIFF(YEAR, DoB, CURDATE()) < 50;
```

There is only one row in this view. We should be able to insert a 20-year-old actor through this view as it satisfies the age < 50 rule. Try the following query:

```
INSERT INTO ActorsView3
VALUES (DEFAULT, 'Young', 'Actor', '2000-01-01', 'Male', 'Single'
, DEFAULT);
```

```
mysql> INSERT INTO ActorsView3

-> VALUES (DEFAULT, 'Young', 'Actor', '2000-01-01', 'Male', 'Single', DEFAULT);

ERROR 1369 (HY000): CHECK OPTION failed 'MovieIndustry.ActorsView3'

mysql>
```

When executed, we encounter the error, CHECK OPTION failed 'MovieIndustry.ActorsView3'. This is because the CASCADED check option checks the rules of all underlying views before an update is allowed. ActorsView3 is based on ActorsView2 and ActorsView2 is based on ActorsView1 which only allows actors older than 40 so we were unable to add a 20-year-old actor through ActorsView3.

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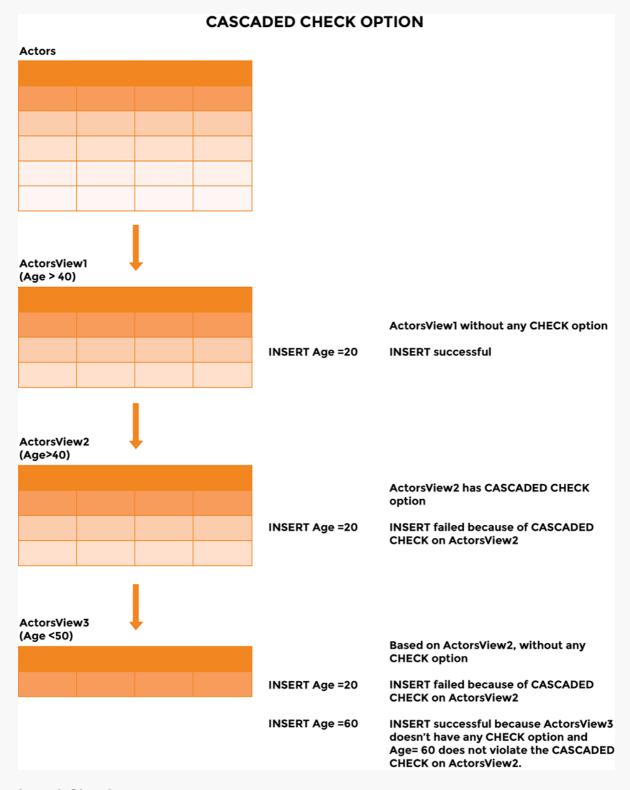
the query given below:

```
INSERT INTO ActorsView3
VALUES (DEFAULT, 'Old', 'Actor', '1960-01-01', 'Male', 'Single',
DEFAULT);
```

Insert operation is successful even though an actor whose age is more than 50 years does not comply with the age restriction of **ActorsView3**. Since we did not mention the **WITH CHECK OPTION** clause when creating **ActorsView3**, the above insert operation was successful. Here the rules for **ActorsView2** and **ActorsView1** were checked because of the **CASCADED** check option and the insert was made as the row conforms with the rules of the underlying view (age should be more than 40 years).

Note that if **ActorsView3** was created using the **WITH CHECK OPTION** clause then the above insert operation would fail.

The following image gives a pictorial explanation of the effects of using cascaded check option:



Local Check

5. To limit the scope of rule checking let's redefine **ActorsView2** with a **LOCAL** check option as follows:

```
ALTER VIEW ActorsView2 AS

SELECT *

FROM ActorsView1

WITH LOCAL CHECK OPTION;
```

To recap, this view is based on ActorsView1 which shows actors who

are older than 40 as shown:

mysql>

```
mysql> ALTER VIEW ActorsView2 AS
    -> SELECT *
   -> FROM ActorsView1
   -> WITH LOCAL CHECK OPTION;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> SELECT * FROM ActorsView2;
 Id | FirstName | SecondName | DoB
                                          | Gender | MaritalStatus | NetWorthInMillions
                Pitt
                             | 1963-12-18 |
                                           Male
                                                                                   240
      Brad
                                                    Single
                             | 1969-11-02
                Aniston
                                                                                   240
  2
      Jennifer
                                          | Female |
                                                    Single
      Angelina | Jolie
                             1975-06-04
                                           Female |
                                                    Single
                                                                                   100
                             1963-06-09
                                                                                   200
      Johnny
                                           Male
                                                    Single
                Depp
      Tom
                  Cruise
                               1962-07-03
                                           Male
                                                    Divorced
                                                                                   570
    Amitabh
                             1942-10-11
                Bachchan
                                           Male
                                                   Married
                                                                                   400
 10 | Shahrukh
                             | 1965-11-02 | Male
                                                                                   600
                Khan
                                                   Married
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Since **ActorsView2** does not specify any age criterion, we can try inserting a 20-year-old actor using this view:

```
INSERT INTO ActorsView2
VALUES (DEFAULT, 'Young', 'Actor', '2000-01-01', 'Male', 'Single'
, DEFAULT);

mysql> INSERT INTO ActorsView2
   -> VALUES (DEFAULT, 'Young', 'Actor', '2000-01-01', 'Male', 'Single', DEFAULT);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

The row is successfully inserted. **LOCAL** check option in **ActorsView2** means that insert operation should only conform to the age restriction of **ActorsView2** (none in our case). When we used the **CASCADED** check in step 2, we got an error message when the above query was executed, because the rule of the underlying **ActorsView1** was also checked.

However, the row just inserted into the **Actors** table is not visible through **ActorsView2** because this view only shows actors who are older than 40.

```
mysql> INSERT INTO ActorsView2
   -> VALUES (DEFAULT, 'Young', 'Actor', '2000-01-01', 'Male', 'Single', DEFAULT);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> SELECT * FROM ActorsView2;
 Id | FirstName | SecondName | DoB
                                          | Gender | MaritalStatus | NetWorthInMillions
                             | 1963-12-18 | Male
      Brad
                  Pitt
                                                   | Single
                             | 1969-11-02
                                          | Female | Single
      Jennifer
                Aniston
                                                                                    240
    | Angelina | Jolie
                             | 1975-06-04
                                          | Female | Single
                                                                                    100
                | Depp
                             | 1963-06-09
    | Johnny
                                          | Male
                                                   | Single
                                                                                    200
                Cruise
                             | 1962-07-03
                                          | Male
                                                   Divorced
                             | 1942-10-11 | Male
    Amitabh
                Bachchan
                                                   Married
                                                                                    400
                             | 1965-11-02 | Male
 10 | Shahrukh | Khan
                                                   | Married
                                                                                    600
```

```
7 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

6. Now that we have changed the scope of the check option for **ActorsView2**, we can see the effects on **ActorsView3** as well (**ActorsView3** is based on **ActorsView2** and specifies a rule, age < 50). We can now insert a 20-year-old actor using **ActorsView3** with the following query:

```
INSERT INTO ActorsView3
VALUES (DEFAULT, 'Young', 'Actor', '2000-01-01', 'Male', 'Single'
, DEFAULT);
```

Because of the **LOCAL** check, the insert operation is successful. Previously we had encountered an error in step 3 with the same query. At that time **ActorsView2** had a **CASCADED** check option and MYSQL checked the age restriction of underlying **ActorsView1**. Now **ActorsView2** has a **LOCAL** check option. Hence MYSQL inserts the record without checking the rule of **ActorsView1** (age>40).

As can be seen from the image above, the newly inserted row does not appear in the view because the actor we just inserted is 20-years-old while this view only shows actors who are older than 40 but less than 50 years old.

The following image shows the effects of using local check option instead of cascaded check:

LOCAL CHECK OPTION Actors ActorsView1 (Age > 40) ActorsView1 without any CHECK option ActorsView2 (Age>40) ActorsView2 has LOCAL CHECK option INSERT Age =20 **INSERT successful because of LOCAL** CHECK ActorsView3 (Age <50) Based on ActorsView2, without any **CHECK option** INSERT Age =20 **INSERT** successful because of LOCAL CHECKoption of ActorsView2.