### - Solution

The solution to the type traits exercise of the previous lesson.

# WE'LL COVER THE FOLLOWING ^ Solution Explanation Further information

# Solution #

```
// typeModifications.cpp
#include <iostream>
#include <type_traits>
int main(){

std::cout << std::is_const<std::add_const<int>::type>::value: " << std::is_const<std::add_std::cout << "std::is_const<std::remove_const<const int>::type>::value: " << std::is_const<
std::cout << std::endl;
typedef std::add_const<int>::type myConstInt;
std::cout << "std::is_const<myConstInt>::value: " << std::is_const<myConstInt>::value << st
typedef const int myConstInt2;
std::cout << "std::is_same<myConstInt, myConstInt2>::value: " << std::is_same<myConstInt, m
std::cout << std::endl;
}</pre>
```

## **Explanation** #

• In line 7, due to the flag boolalpha in line 10, the program displays either true or false instead of 1 or 0.

- In line 9, we used std::add\_const<int> to add const to int and checked it using std::is\_const.
- In line 10, we used std::remove\_const<const int> to remove const from
  const int and checked it using std::is\_const.
- In lines 13-14, we defined a const int myConstInt using std::add\_const<int>::type and checked it using std::is\_const.
- In lines 15-16, we defined a const int myConstInt2 using const int keyword and checked to see that it is the same as MyConstInt using std::is\_same.

# Further information #

- Type\_traits
- Variations of gcd algorithm

This concludes our discussion on utilities. In the next chapter, we will learn about smart pointers.