Using if In A Search Statement

Let's test the 'if' statement feature we discussed in the last lesson.

We learned that C++17 allows us to specify a new variable which can be used in the condition. This variable is inside the if condition scope:

```
if (auto val = GetValue(); condition(val))
  // on success
else
  // on false...
```

Let's see if this is useful. Say you want to search for a few things in a string:

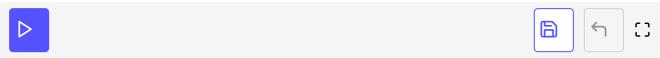


As you can see, you have to use different names for pos or enclose it with a separate scope, otherwise the code will fail as it does in the "Error" tab above.

The new if statement will make that additional scope in one line:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
int main() {
  const std::string myString = "My Hello World Wow";
  if (const auto pos = myString.find("World"); pos != std::string::npos)
    std::cout << pos << " World\n";
  else
    std::cout << pos << " not found!!\n";
}</pre>
```



As mentioned before, the variable defined in the if statement is also visible in the else block. So you can write:

```
if (const auto pos = myString.find("World"); pos != std::string::npos)
    std::cout << pos << " World\n";
else
    std::cout << pos << " not found!!\n";</pre>
```

Plus, you can use it with structured bindings (following Herb Sutter code):

```
// better together: structured bindings + if initializer
if (auto [iter, succeeded] = mymap.insert(value); succeeded) {
  use(iter); // ok
  // ...
} // iter and succeeded are destroyed here
```

In the above example, you can refer to iter and succeeded rather than pair.first and pair.second that is returned from mymap.insert.

As you can see, structured bindings and tuples allow you to create even more variables in the init section of the if-statement. But is the code easier to read that way?

For example:

```
string str = "Hi World";
if (auto [pos, size] = pair(str.find("Hi"), str.size()); pos != string::np
os)
    std::cout << pos << " Hello, size is " << size;</pre>
```

We can argue that putting more code into the init section makes the code less readable, so pay attention to such cases.

Extra Info: The change was proposed in: P0305R1.

In the next lesson, we will discuss inline variable initialization.