Template Inheritance

In this lesson, we will be learning the method of creating template inheritance with Jinja!

```
WE'LL COVER THE FOLLOWING
Introduction
home.html + style.css
about.html + style.css
base.html
Blocks
Complete implementation
```

Introduction

Template inheritance is a compelling feature of Jinja that lets us **reuse** templates. Consider an example where we have two templates: home.html and about.html. Both of these files use the same css file called style.css. You can see the files and their outputs below.

```
home.html + style.css #
```

```
CSS
                                   HTML
    <!DOCTYPE html>
                                                #header {
                                   html
                                                                               CSS
    <html lang="en">
                                                  padding: 30px;
                                                  text-align: center;
       <link rel="stylesheet" href="{{ur</pre>
                                                  background: □#140005;
       <title>Home Page - Jinja Demo</ti>
                                                  color: white;
                                                  font-size: 40px;
       <div id="header"> JINJA DEMO </div
                                                   position: fixed;
       <div id="content">
10
         <h1>Home Page</h1>
                                                   width: 100%;
                                                   background-color: ■#BBC4C2;
11
         Welcome to the Jinja2 Demo.
                                            11
                                                    color:  white;
12
                                            12
       <div id="footer"> Copyright © 2019
13
                                            13
                                                    text-align: center;
                                                    left: 0;
                                                    hottom.a.
```

16 }

JINJA DEMO

Home Page

Welcome to the Jinja2 Demo.

Copyright © 2019 All Rights Reserved



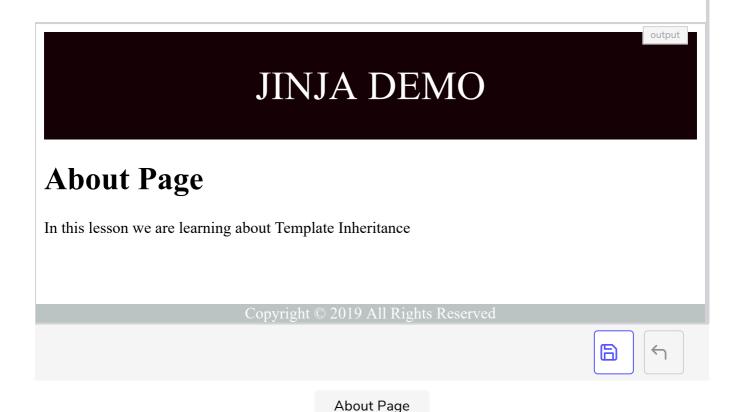


Home Page

about.html + style.css

```
HTML CSS
```

```
CSS
      padding: 30px;
      text-align: center;
      background: ■#140005;
      color:  white;
      font-size: 40px;
       position: fixed;
       width: 100%;
11
       background-color: ■#BBC4C2;
       color:  white;
12
13
       text-align: center;
       left: 0;
       bottom:0;
```



You may have observed that these files contain common components.

♥ Jinja provides us a way to avoid rewriting these components.

Let's create a new template containing **only the shared components** from both templates. We will name this template <code>base.html</code>. We will be using placeholders for the elements that differ.

base.html

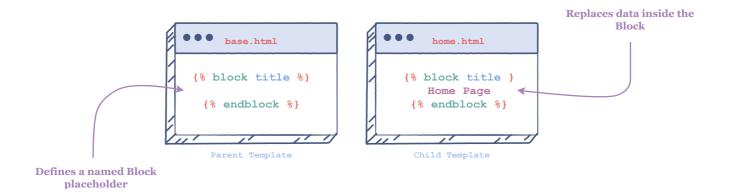
```
{% endblock %}
  </div>
  <div id="footer"> Copyright © 2019 All Rights Reserved </div>
  </body>
  </html>
```

The placeholders we have used are actually the syntax for **blocks** in jinja!

Blocks

Note: In jinja, the **blocks** are used as *placeholders* as well as *replacements*. In the **parent** template, these blocks are used as **placeholders**. Whereas in *child* template, they are used as **replacements**.

In the example shown above, **base.html** is a **parent** template. A **child** template would replace the placeholders as:



Note: The blocks can be named whatever we want them to be.
 However, we can't define multiple blocks with the same name in a template.

Complete implementation

In the complete implementation given below, take a look at the home.html and about.html templates and observe how the blocks from base.html have been replaced in the child templates. Moreover, notice that we used an extends statement in line 1 of the child templates to specify which template they are inherited from.

ш----- С

```
#neader {
  padding: 30px;
  text-align: center;
 background: #140005;
 color: white;
  font-size: 40px;
#footer {
   position: fixed;
  width: 100%;
  background-color: #BBC4C2;
  color: white;
  text-align: center;
   left: 0;
  bottom:0;
ul {
 list-style-type: none;
 margin: 0;
 padding: 0;
li {
 display: inline;
```

Quick Quiz!

Q

Which of these statements do we use in the child templates to inherit them from base.html?

1 of 1 <





In the next lesson, we will work on our course project again!