

Adding Lazy Loading to the Bank App

In this lesson, we'll add lazy loading to our bank app to increase its performance.

WE'LL COVER THE FOLLOWING



- Lazy Loading the App Component

We can add some lazy loading to the bank application we saw in the last chapter.

Consider the `Root` component of the application:

```
const Root = () => (  
  <AuthProvider>  
    <UserConsumer>  
      ({ { user, handleLogin } }) =>  
        user ? <App /> : <Login handleLogin={handleLogin} />  
    </UserConsumer>  
  </AuthProvider>  
)
```



Lazy Loading the App Component

When a user isn't logged in, we display the login page. The `App` component is displayed only when the user is logged in.

We could lazy load the `App` component, right?

This is very easy. You use the dynamic import syntax with `React.lazy` and wrap the `App` component in a `Suspense` component.

Here's how:

```
...  
const App = React.lazy(() => import('./containers/App'))  
const Root = () => (  
  ...
```



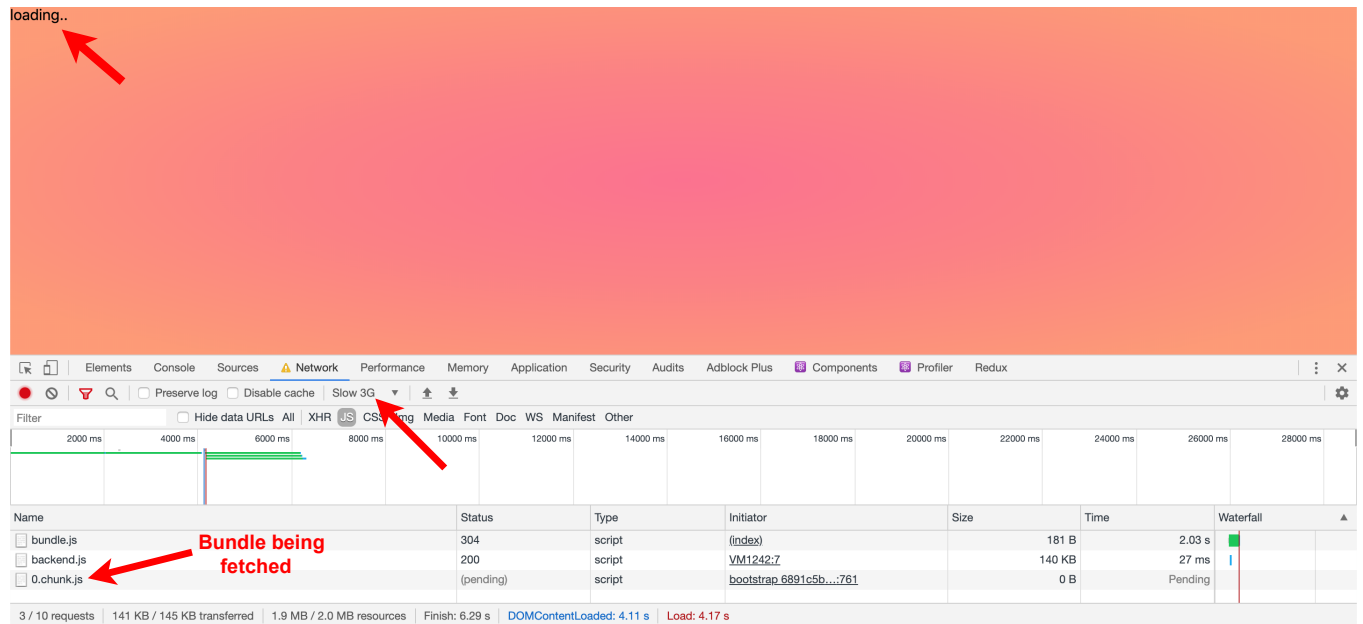
```

<Suspense fallback='loading... '>
  <App />

</Suspense>
)

```

Now, if you throttle your network connection to simulate Slow 3G, you'll see the intermediate “loading...” text after logging in.



Let's look at the implementation of the bank app after using lazy loading.

```

export const USER = {
  name: 'June',
  totalAmount: 2500701
}

```

Let's move on to the conclusion of this chapter in the next lesson.