## Static Cast

This lesson highlights the key features of the static\_cast operator.

## WE'LL COVER THE FOLLOWING ^

- Features
- Example

## Features #

- static\_cast is the simplest casting operator and is used for simple conversions.
- It can only perform all the conversions that are well-defined by the compiler. For example, a string to integer cast won't work.
- It allows bidirectional conversion between related data types such as:
  - o pointer types in class hierarchies
  - o integrals and floating-point numbers
  - o integrals and enumerations
- static\_cast cannot be used with polymorphic types.
- Unlike <a href="mailto:dynamic\_cast">dynamic\_cast</a>, a <a href="mailto:static\_cast">static\_cast</a> is performed during compile time.

## Example #

```
#include <iostream>

class Account{};
class BankAccount: public Account{};

enum Color{
  red,
  blue,
    green
```

```
};
int main(){
  std::cout << std::endl;</pre>
  Account * a = nullptr;
  BankAccount * b = nullptr;
  a = static_cast<Account*> (b);
                                                              // upcast
  a = b;
                                                              // upcast
  b = static_cast<BankAccount*>(a);
                                                              // downcast
  int i{2};
  Color col = static_cast<Color>(i);
  std::cout << "i: " << i << std::endl;</pre>
  std::cout << "col: " << col << std::endl;</pre>
  int i2= static_cast<int>(3.14);
  std::cout << "i2: " << i2 << std::endl;</pre>
  std::cout << std::endl;</pre>
```





- In lines 19 and 22, we can see how static\_cast supports up and down casting between pointers of the same class hierarchy.
- An integer can be cast into an enum state using static\_cast. This is
  evident in line 25.
- A simple conversion from float to integer can be seen in line 29.

The next named cast operator on our list is const\_cast.