## Lists

C++ supports the linked list data structure and provides additional methods to improve the list's functionality.

WE'LL COVER THE FOLLOWINGSpecial methods of std::list



std::list is a doubled linked list. std::list needs the header <list>.

Although it has a similar interface to std::vector or std::deque, std::list is
quite different to both of them. That's due to its structure.

std::list makes the following points unique:

- It supports no random access.
- The access of an arbitrary element is slow because you have to iterate in the worst case through the whole list.
- To add or remove an element is fast, if the iterator points to the right place.
- If you add or remove an element, the iterator adjusts accordingly and stays valid (does not go out of bounds).

Because of its special structure, std::list has a few special methods.

## Special methods of std::list#

Method	Description
	Merges the sorted list c into the
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```
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                                  softed list 115, so that 115 keeps
                                               sorted.
                                  Merges the sorted list c into the
  lis.merge(c, op)
                                  sorted list lis, so that lis keeps
                                 sorted. Uses op as sorting criteria.
                                  Removes all elements from lis
   lis.remove(val)
                                          with value val.
                                  Removes all elements from lis,
 lis.remove_if(pre)
                                    fulfilling the predicate pre.
                                  Splits the elements in lis before
                                  pos. The elements can be single
lis.splice(pos, ...)
                                      elements, ranges or lists.
                                Removes adjacent element with the
    lis.unique()
                                            same value.
                                    Removes adjacent elements,
   lis.unique(pre)
                                    fulfilling the predicate pre.
```

Here are a few of the methods in a code snippet.

```
list1.splice(std::find(list1.begin(), list1.end(), 15), list2);
for (auto 1: list1) std::cout << l << " ";
    // 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19
return 0;
}</pre>
```





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