assertIterableEquals method

This lesson demonstrates how to use assertlterableEquals method in JUnit 5 to assert test conditions.

WE'LL COVER THE FOLLOWING

- assertIterableEquals() method
- Demo
- Explanation -

assertIterableEquals() method

Assertions API provide static assertIterableEquals() method. This method helps us in validating that expected and actual iterables are deeply equal. By, deeply equal we mean that number and order of elements in the collection must be the same, as well as iterated elements must be equal.

There are basically three useful overloaded methods for assertIterableEquals:-

```
public static void assertIterableEquals(Iterable<?> expected, Iterable> actual)
public static void assertIterableEquals(Iterable<?> expected, Iterable> actual, String message
public static void assertIterableEquals(Iterable<?> expected, Iterable> actual, Supplier<Stri</pre>
```

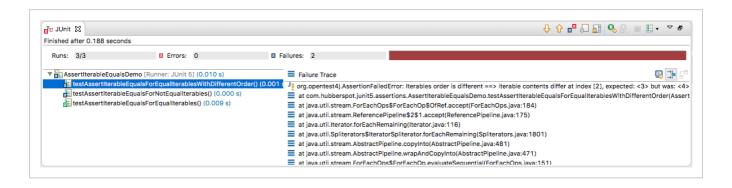
Demo

Let's look into the usage of the above methods:-

$assert Iterable {\sf Equals}\ method$

```
package io.educative.junit5;
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import static org.junit.jupiter.api.Assertions.assertIterableEquals;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Arrays;
import org.junit.jupiter.api.Test;
public class AssertIterableEqualsDemo {
        @Test
        public void testAssertIterableEqualsForEqualIterables() {
                  Iterable<Integer> expected = new ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(1,2,3,4));
            Iterable<Integer> actual = new ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(1,2,3,4));
            assertIterableEquals(expected, actual);
        }
        @Test
        public void testAssertIterableEqualsForNotEqualIterables() {
                  Iterable<Integer> expected = new ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(1,2,3,4));
            Iterable<Integer> actual = new ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(1,2,3));
            assertIterableEquals(expected, actual, "Iterables are not equal.");
        }
        @Test
        public void testAssertIterableEqualsForEqualIterablesWithDifferentOrder() {
                  Iterable<Integer> expected = new ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(1,2,3,4));
            Iterable<Integer> actual = new ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(1,2,4,3));
```

Run AssertIterableEqualsDemo class as JUnit Test.



Explanation -

In the AssertIterableEqualsDemo class, there are 3 @Test methods. These 3 methods demonstrate the working of the above 3 overloaded methods of assertIterableEquals:-

- 1. testAssertIterableEqualsForEqualIterables() It asserts that actual and expected iterables are equal. Here, the expected iterable is ArrayList with four elements as, {1,2,3,4} and actual iterable is ArrayList with four elements as, {1,2,3,4}. Thus, it passes the Junit test case because assertIterableEquals finds actual and expected iterables to be equal.
- 2. testAssertIterableEqualsForNotEqualIterables() It asserts that actual and expected iterables are equal. Here, the expected iterable is arraylist with four elements as, {1,2,3,4} and actual iterable is arraylist with four elements as, {1,2,3}. Thus, it fails the Junit test case with

 AssertionFailedError: Iterables are not equal. ==> iterable lengths differ, expected: <4> but was: <3> because assertIterableEquals finds actual and expected iterables not equal. It gives AssertionFailedError followed by String message we provide to assertIterableEquals() method.
- 3. testAssertIterableEqualsForEqualIterablesWithDifferentOrder() It asserts that actual and expected iterables are equal. Here, the expected iterable is arraylist with four elements as, {1,2,3,4} and actual iterable is arraylist with four elements as, {1,2,4,3}. Thus, it fails the Junit test case with AssertionExilodEppore. Iterables order is different ==> iterable.

contents differ at index [2], expected: <3> but was: <4> because though contents of iterables are same they are not in same order. It gives

AssertionFailedError followed by lazily evaluated String message we provide to assertIterableEquals() method, as lambda expression.

In the next lesson, we will look into assertThrows() assertion.