

Create and Delete

Let's start things off by learning how to create and destroy strings.

C++ offers many methods to create strings from C or C++ strings. Under the hood, there is always a C string involved for creating a C++ string. That changes with C++14, because the new C++ standard support C++ string literals: `std::string str{"string"s}`. The C string literals `"string literal"` becomes with the suffix `s` a C++ string literal: `"string literal"s`.

The table gives you an overview of the methods to create and delete a C++ string.

| Methods | Example |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Default | <code>std::string str</code> |
| Copies from a C++ string | <code>std::string str(oth)</code> |
| Moves from a C++ string | <code>std::string str(std::move(oth))</code> |
| From the range of a C++ string | <code>std::string(oth.begin(), oth.end())</code> |
| From a substring of a C++ string | <code>std::string(oth, otherIndex)</code> |
| From a substring of a C++ string | <code>std::string(oth, otherIndex, strlen)</code> |
| From a C string | <code>std::string str("c-string")</code> |
| From a C array | <code>std::string str("c-array", len)</code> |

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| From characters | <code>std::string str(num, 'c')</code> |
| From a initializer list | <code>std::string str({'a', 'b', 'c', 'd'})</code> |
| From a substring | <code>str= other.substring(3, 10)</code> |
| Destructor | <code>str.~string()</code> |

Methods to create and delete a string

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include <utility>

int main(){

    std::cout << std::endl;

    std::string defaultString;

    std::cout << "From C-String" << std::endl;

    std::string other{"123456789"};
    std::cout << "other: " << other << std::endl;

    std::cout << std::endl;

    std::cout << "From C++-string" << std::endl;

    std::string str1(other);
    std::string tmp(other);
    std::string str2(std::move(tmp));
    std::string str3(other.begin(), other.end());
    std::string str4(other, 2);
    std::string str5(other, 2, 5);

    std::cout << "str1: " << str1 << std::endl;
    std::cout << "str2: " << str2 << std::endl;
    std::cout << "str3: " << str3 << std::endl;
    std::cout << "str4: " << str4 << std::endl;
    std::cout << "str5: " << str5 << std::endl;

    std::cout << std::endl;

    std::cout << "From C-String" << std::endl;

    std::string str6("123456789", 5);
    std::string str7(5, '1');
    std::string str8({'1', '2', '3', '4', '5', '6', '7', '8', '9'});

    std::cout << "str6: " << str6 << std::endl;
    std::cout << "str7: " << str7 << std::endl;
```



```
std::cout << "str7: " << str7 << std::endl;
std::cout << "str8: " << str8 << std::endl;

std::cout << std::endl;

std::cout << "As Part of a C++-String" << std::endl;
std::cout << "str6.substr(): " << str6.substr() << std::endl;
std::cout << "str6.substr(1): " << str6.substr(1) << std::endl;
std::cout << "str6.substr(1, 2): " << str6.substr(1, 2) << std::endl;

std::cout << std::endl;
}
```



Creation of a string