Nested if-else

Let's learn how to implement nested if-else expressions.

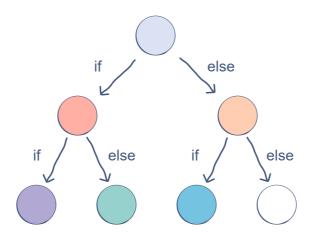
WE'LL COVER THE FOLLOWING ^

- Purpose of Nesting
- Example

Purpose of Nesting

Reason supports the use of nested if-else expressions. This is useful because
it allows us to create a decision tree branching towards different outcomes.

Think of the if-else expression as a chance to go two ways. If we create new if-else conditionals within these expressions, we are basically allowing the program to go into deeper paths.



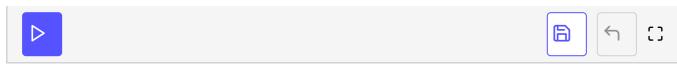
Example

Let's take a look at nesting in if-else expressions.

```
let arr = [| 20, 50, 10, 90, 70, 40|];
Js.log(arr);

if (Array.length(arr) < 10){
   if (arr[0] mod 2 == 1) {</pre>
```

```
arr[0] = 1000;
}
else{
    arr[0] = 2000;
};
}
else{
    arr[0] = 3000;
};
Js.log(arr);
```



The code above changes the value of arr's first element based on the conditions we specify. It goes into the nested else expression since the length of arr is less than 10 and arr[0] mod 2 is not equal to 1.

We're done with the basics of the if-else expression.

Next, we'll discuss the switch conditional expression.