- Examples

In this lesson, we'll learn about some examples of class templates.

WE'LL COVER THE FOLLOWING Example 1: Templates in class Explanation Example 2: Inheritance in Class Templates Explanation Example 3: Methods in Class Templates Explanation

Example 1: Templates in class

```
// templateClassTemplate.cpp
#include <iostream>
class Account{
public:
  explicit Account(double amount=0.0): balance(amount){}
  void deposit(double amount){
    balance+= amount;
  void withdraw(double amount){
    balance-= amount;
  double getBalance() const{
    return balance;
private:
 double balance;
};
template <typename T, int N>
class Array{
```

```
public:
  Array()= default;
  int getSize() const;
private:
 T elem[N];
};
template <typename T, int N>
int Array<T,N>::getSize() const {
  return N;
int main(){
  std::cout << std::endl;</pre>
  Array<double,10> doubleArray;
  std::cout << "doubleArray.getSize(): " << doubleArray.getSize() << std::endl;</pre>
  Array<Account,1000> accountArray;
  std::cout << "accountArray.getSize(): " << accountArray.getSize() << std::endl;</pre>
  std::cout << std::endl;</pre>
```

Explanation

We have created two Array class objects, doubleArray and accountArray, in lines 45 and 48. By calling the generic function getSize() in line 37, we can access the size of different objects.

Example 2: Inheritance in Class Templates

```
// templateClassTemplateInheritance.cpp

#include <iostream>

template <typename T>
class Base{
public:
    void func1() const {
        std::cout << "func1()" << std::endl;
    }
    void func2() const {
        std::cout << "func2()" << std::endl;
    }
    void func3() const {
        std::cout << "func3()" << std::endl;
    }
}</pre>
```

```
template <typename T>
class Derived: public Base<T>{
public:
  using Base<T>::func2;
  void callAllBaseFunctions(){
    this->func1();
    func2();
    Base<T>::func3();
};
int main(){
  std::cout << std::endl;</pre>
  Derived<int> derived;
  derived.callAllBaseFunctions();
  std::cout << std::endl;</pre>
```







Explanation

We have implemented both a Base and a Derived class. Derived publicly inherits from Base and may, therefore, use its method callAllBaseFunctions in line 24, and the methods func1, func2, and func3 from the Base class.

- Make the name dependent: The call this->func1 in line 25 is dependent. In this case, the name lookup will consider all base classes.
- Introduce the name into the current scope: The expression using Base<T>::func2 (line 22) introduces func2 into the current scope.
- Call the name fully qualified: Calling func3 fully qualified (line 27) will break virtual dispatch and may cause new surprises.

We have created a Derived class object named derived. By using this object, we can access the base class functions by calling the method callAllBaseFunctions.

Example 3: Methods in Class Templates

```
#include <vector>
template <typename T, int N>
class Array{
public:
  Array()= default;
  template <typename T2>
 Array<T, N>& operator=(const Array<T2, N>& arr){
    elem.clear();
          elem.insert(elem.begin(), arr.elem.begin(), arr.elem.end());
          return *this;
  }
  int getSize() const;
  std::vector<T> elem;
};
template <typename T, int N>
int Array<T, N>::getSize() const {
  return N;
int main(){
 Array<double, 10> doubleArray{};
 Array<int, 10> intArray{};
 doubleArray= intArray;
 Array<std::string, 10> strArray{};
 Array<int, 100> bigIntArray{};
                                       // ERROR: cannot convert 'const std::basic_string<char</pre>
  // doubleArray= strArray;
                                       // ERROR: no match for 'operator=' in 'doubleArray = b
  // doubleArray= bigIntArray;
```

Explanation

In the example above, we have initialized two instances of the Array class namely doubleArray and intArray in lines 32 and 33. We're using the generic = operator to copy the intArray elements to doubleArray in line 35. Looking carefully, note that the generic = is only applicable when both arrays have the same length.

In the next lesson, we have a small challenge to test our knowledge of class templates.