Integers

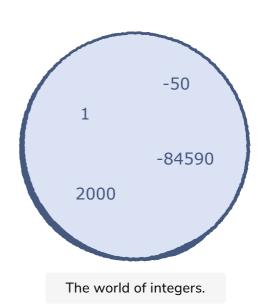
This lesson highlights the features of the integer data type.

WE'LL COVER THE FOLLOWING ^

Integers and Operators

Definition

Integers are plain whole numbers. Any normal negative or positive number such as 1, -50, or 2000 is classified as an integer by default.



Naturally, we can conclude that decimal numbers cannot be integers. If a decimal number is converted to an integer, it will be floored to the nearest whole number.

An integer takes up 4 bytes of memory.

Integers play a crucial role in mathematical computations and numerical data storage.

In Reason, integers are labeled with the int tag. Apart from Js.log(), integers can also be printed using the print_int() method.

However, print commands like print_int always print in the same line.

Integers and Operators

integers and Operators

Integers can be used with arithmetic and comparison operators to produce a meaningful output. Let's have a look at a few examples of integer arithmetic.

In the code above, we can see how arithmetic operations can be performed on integers. The next lesson will show the comparison of integers to introduce the **boolean** data type.