

# Natural Join

This lesson explains the natural join.

## Natural Join

In this lesson we'll look at a syntactic sugar called **NATURAL JOIN**. The clause attempts to find the *natural join* between participating tables by matching on columns with same name.

### Syntax for Natural Join

```
SELECT *  
  
FROM table1  
  
NATURAL JOIN table2
```

Connect to the terminal below by clicking in the widget. Once connected, the command line prompt will show up. Enter or copy and paste the command `./DataJek/Lessons/29lesson.sh` and wait for the MySQL prompt to start-up.

-- The lesson queries are reproduced below for convenient copy/paste into the terminal.



```
-- Query 1  
SELECT FirstName, SecondName, AssetType, URL  
FROM Actors  
NATURAL JOIN DigitalAssets;
```

```
-- Query 2  
SELECT FirstName, SecondName, AssetType, URL  
FROM Actors  
INNER JOIN DigitalAssets;
```

```

INNER JOIN DigitalAssets;

-- Query 3
-- Alter the column name
ALTER TABLE DigitalAssets CHANGE ActorId Id INT;
-- rerun the previous query
SELECT FirstName, SecondName, AssetType, URL
FROM Actors
NATURAL JOIN DigitalAssets;

-- Query 4
SELECT FirstName, SecondName, AssetType, URL
FROM Actors
INNER JOIN DigitalAssets USING (Id);

-- Query 5
SELECT FirstName, SecondName, AssetType, URL
FROM Actors
NATURAL LEFT OUTER JOIN DigitalAssets;

```

● Terminal



1. The **NATURAL JOIN** performs an inner join of the participating tables essentially without the user having to specify the matching columns. An example is as follows:

```

SELECT FirstName, SecondName, AssetType, URL

FROM Actors

NATURAL JOIN DigitalAssets;

```

```

mysql> SELECT FirstName, SecondName, AssetType, URL
->
-> FROM Actors
->
-> NATURAL JOIN DigitalAssets;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| FirstName | SecondName | AssetType | URL |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Brad      | Pitt       | Website   | http://jennifer-aniston.org |
| Jennifer  | Aniston    | Website   | http://jennifer-aniston.org |
| Angelina  | Jolie      | Website   | http://jennifer-aniston.org |
| Johnny    | Depp       | Website   | http://jennifer-aniston.org |
| Natalie   | Portman    | Website   | http://jennifer-aniston.org |
| Tom       | Cruise     | Website   | http://jennifer-aniston.org |
| Kylie     | Jenner     | Website   | http://jennifer-aniston.org |
| Kim       | Kardashian | Website   | http://jennifer-aniston.org |
| Amitabh   | Bachchan   | Website   | http://jennifer-aniston.org |
| Shahrukh  | Khan       | Website   | http://jennifer-aniston.org |
| priyanka  | Chopra     | Website   | http://jennifer-aniston.org |
| Brad      | Pitt       | Website   | http://www.angelina-jolie.com |

```

Note that since none of the columns in the two tables share the same name, the result is a cartesian product. The screenshot shows the

name, the result is a cartesian product. The screenshot shows the cartesian product only partially. The same result can be achieved using the inner join as follows:

```
SELECT FirstName, SecondName, AssetType, URL  
  
FROM Actors  
  
INNER JOIN DigitalAssets;
```

2. We'll execute the above query again, but we'll alter the column name for the **DigitalAssets** table from ActorID to ID so that it matches the column name in the **Actors** table.

```
-- Alter the column name  
ALTER TABLE DigitalAssets CHANGE ActorId Id INT;  
  
-- rerun the previous query  
SELECT FirstName, SecondName, AssetType, URL  
  
FROM Actors  
  
NATURAL JOIN DigitalAssets;
```

```
mysql> ALTER TABLE DigitalAssets CHANGE ActorId Id INT;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> SELECT FirstName, SecondName, AssetType, URL
->
-> FROM Actors
->
-> NATURAL JOIN DigitalAssets;
```

FirstName	SecondName	AssetType	URL
Jennifer	Aniston	Website	http://jennifer-aniston.org
Angelina	Jolie	Website	http://www.angelina-jolie.com
Tom	Cruise	Website	http://www.tomcruise.com
Shahrukh	Khan	Twitter	https://twitter.com/iamsrk
Jennifer	Aniston	Twitter	https://twitter.com/jenniferannistn
Angelina	Jolie	Twitter	https://twitter.com/joliestweet
Kim	Kardashian	Twitter	https://twitter.com/KimKardashian
Natalie	Portman	Twitter	https://twitter.com/natpdotcom
Tom	Cruise	Twitter	https://twitter.com/TomCruise
Brad	Pitt	Website	https://www.bradpittweb.com
Shahrukh	Khan	Facebook	https://www.facebook.com/IamSRK
Jennifer	Aniston	Facebook	https://www.facebook.com/JenniferAniston
Johnny	Depp	Website	https://www.facebook.com/JohnChristopherOfficial
Kim	Kardashian	Facebook	https://www.facebook.com/KimKardashian
Natalie	Portman	Facebook	https://www.facebook.com/natalieportmandotcom
Tom	Cruise	Facebook	https://www.facebook.com/officialtomcruise
Brad	Pitt	Instagram	https://www.instagram.com/bradpittofficial
Kim	Kardashian	Website	https://www.kkwbeauty.com
Natalie	Portman	Website	https://www.natalieportman.com
Angelina	Jolie	Pinterest	https://www.pinterest.com/angelinajolie5601
Natalie	Portman	Pinterest	https://www.pinterest.com/natalieportmandotcom

```
21 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

You can observe from the results that the server matched the columns with the same name in both the tables and we get results equivalent to the following inner join query:

```
SELECT FirstName, SecondName, AssetType, URL

FROM Actors

INNER JOIN DigitalAssets USING (Id);
```

```
mysql> SELECT FirstName, SecondName, AssetType, URL
->
-> FROM Actors
->
-> INNER JOIN DigitalAssets USING (Id);
```

FirstName	SecondName	AssetType	URL
Jennifer	Aniston	Website	http://jennifer-aniston.org
Angelina	Jolie	Website	http://www.angelina-jolie.com
Tom	Cruise	Website	http://www.tomcruise.com
Shahrukh	Khan	Twitter	https://twitter.com/iamsrk
Jennifer	Aniston	Twitter	https://twitter.com/jenniferannistn
Angelina	Jolie	Twitter	https://twitter.com/joliestweet
Kim	Kardashian	Twitter	https://twitter.com/KimKardashian
Natalie	Portman	Twitter	https://twitter.com/natpdotcom
Tom	Cruise	Twitter	https://twitter.com/TomCruise
Brad	Pitt	Website	https://www.bradpittweb.com
Shahrukh	Khan	Facebook	https://www.facebook.com/IamSRK
Jennifer	Aniston	Facebook	https://www.facebook.com/JenniferAniston
Johnny	Depp	Website	https://www.facebook.com/JohnChristopherOfficial
Kim	Kardashian	Facebook	https://www.facebook.com/KimKardashian
Natalie	Portman	Facebook	https://www.facebook.com/natalieportmandotcom
Tom	Cruise	Facebook	https://www.facebook.com/officialtomcruise
Brad	Pitt	Instagram	https://www.instagram.com/bradpittofficial
Kim	Kardashian	Website	https://www.kkwbeauty.com
Natalie	Portman	Website	https://www.natalieportman.com
Angelina	Jolie	Pinterest	https://www.pinterest.com/angelinajolie5601
Natalie	Portman	Pinterest	https://www.pinterest.com/natalieportmandotcom

```
21 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Under the hood, a natural join query is translated into an inner join query with matching column names ending up inside the using clause.

3. We can also ask for natural left and right joins. As an example, we show a natural left join below:

```
SELECT FirstName, SecondName, AssetType, URL

FROM Actors

NATURAL LEFT OUTER JOIN DigitalAssets;
```

```
mysql> SELECT FirstName, SecondName, AssetType, URL
->
-> FROM Actors
->
-> NATURAL LEFT OUTER JOIN DigitalAssets;
```

FirstName	SecondName	AssetType	URL
Jennifer	Aniston	Website	http://jennifer-aniston.org
Angelina	Jolie	Website	http://www.angelina-jolie.com
Tom	Cruise	Website	http://www.tomcruise.com
Shahrukh	Khan	Twitter	https://twitter.com/iamsrk
Jennifer	Aniston	Twitter	https://twitter.com/jenniferannistn
Angelina	Jolie	Twitter	https://twitter.com/joliestweet
Kim	Kardashian	Twitter	https://twitter.com/KimKardashian
Natalie	Portman	Twitter	https://twitter.com/natpdotcom
Tom	Cruise	Twitter	https://twitter.com/TomCruise
Brad	Pitt	Website	https://www.bradpittweb.com
Shahrukh	Khan	Facebook	https://www.facebook.com/IamSRK
Jennifer	Aniston	Facebook	https://www.facebook.com/JenniferAniston
Johnny	Depp	Website	https://www.facebook.com/JohnChristopherOfficial
Kim	Kardashian	Facebook	https://www.facebook.com/KimKardashian
Natalie	Portman	Facebook	https://www.facebook.com/natalieportmandotcom
Tom	Cruise	Facebook	https://www.facebook.com/officialtomcruise
Brad	Pitt	Instagram	https://www.instagram.com/bradpittofficial
Kim	Kardashian	Website	https://www.kkwbeauty.com
Natalie	Portman	Website	https://www.natalieportman.com
Angelina	Jolie	Pinterest	https://www.pinterest.com/angelinajolie5601
Natalie	Portman	Pinterest	https://www.pinterest.com/natalieportmandotcom
Kylie	Jenner	NULL	NULL
Amitabh	Bachchan	NULL	NULL
priyanka	Chopra	NULL	NULL

```
24 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

From the output you can see there's nothing magical about the natural join, it's just syntactic sugar that implicitly finds the columns to join the tables. Ideally, we should write expressive queries and avoid using the natural join as it hides the columns that'll be used for the join and can subtly introduce bugs. Imagine a situation where a table is altered to have an additional column that has the same name as a column in another table which is naturally joined with the first table in an existing query. Suddenly, the results from the natural join query will stop to make sense.