### - Solution

In this lesson, we'll discuss the solution to the previous exercise.

# WE'LL COVER THE FOLLOWING ^SolutionExplanation

# Solution #

```
// singletonCallOnce.cpp
                                                                                         G
#include <iostream>
#include <mutex>
class MySingleton{
  private:
    static std::once_flag initInstanceFlag;
    static MySingleton* instance;
    MySingleton()= default;
    ~MySingleton()= default;
  public:
    MySingleton(const MySingleton&)= delete;
    MySingleton& operator=(const MySingleton&)= delete;
    static MySingleton* getInstance(){
      std::call_once(initInstanceFlag,MySingleton::initSingleton);
      return instance;
    static void initSingleton(){
      instance= new MySingleton();
};
MySingleton* MySingleton::instance= nullptr;
std::once_flag MySingleton::initInstanceFlag;
int main(){
  std::cout << std::endl;</pre>
```

```
std::cout << "MySingleton::getInstance(): "<< MySingleton::getInstance() << std::endl;
std::cout << "MySingleton::getInstance(): "<< MySingleton::getInstance() << std::endl;
std::cout << std::endl;
}</pre>
```

## Explanation #

First, let's consider static std::once\_flag. This is declared in line 9 and initialized in line 29. The static method getInstance (lines 18 - 21) uses the flag in order to ensure that the static method initSingleton (lines 23 - 25) is executed exactly once. The singleton is created in the body of the method.

### default and delete

We can request special methods from the compiler by using the keyword default. These methods are special because the compiler can create them for us. The result of annotating a method with delete is that the compiler-generated methods will not be available and, therefore, cannot be called. If we try to use them, we'll get a compile-time error. Here are the details for the keywords default and delete.

The MySingleton::getInstance() method displays the address of the singleton.

In the next lesson, we will look at how variables can be initialized in a threadsafe way using static variables.