## Multithreaded Summation: Using fetch\_add Method

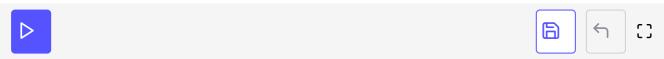
This lesson explains the solution for calculating the sum of a vector problem using the fetch\_add method in C++.

The modification of the source code is minimal. I have only changed the summation expression to sum.fetch\_add(val[it]).

Let's see the result of above code:

```
// synchronisationWithFetchAdd.cpp
#include <chrono>
#include <iostream>
#include <mutex>
#include <random>
#include <thread>
#include <utility>
#include <vector>
#include <atomic>
constexpr long long size = 100000000;
constexpr long long fir = 25000000;
constexpr long long sec = 50000000;
constexpr long long thi = 75000000;
constexpr long long fou = 100000000;
std::mutex myMutex;
std::atomic<unsigned long long> sum = {};
void sumUp(std::atomic<unsigned long long>& sum, const std::vector<int>& val,
           unsigned long long beg, unsigned long long end){
    for (auto it - hog: it < end: ++it){
```

```
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        sum.fetch_add(val[it]);
    }
}
int main(){
  std::cout << std::endl;</pre>
  std::vector<int> randValues;
  randValues.reserve(size);
  std::mt19937 engine;
  std::uniform_int_distribution<> uniformDist(1,10);
  for (long long i = 0; i < size; ++i)
      randValues.push_back(uniformDist(engine));
  const auto sta = std::chrono::steady_clock::now();
  std::thread t1(sumUp, std::ref(sum), std::ref(randValues), 0, fir);
  std::thread t2(sumUp, std::ref(sum), std::ref(randValues), fir, sec);
  std::thread t3(sumUp, std::ref(sum), std::ref(randValues), sec, thi);
  std::thread t4(sumUp, std::ref(sum), std::ref(randValues), thi, fou);
  t1.join();
  t2.join();
  t3.join();
  t4.join();
  std::chrono::duration<double> dur= std::chrono::steady_clock::now() - sta;
  std::cout << "Time for addition " << dur.count()</pre>
            << " seconds" << std::endl;
  std::cout << "Result: " << sum << std::endl;</pre>
  std::cout << std::endl;</pre>
}
```



Now we have similar pursuance as the previous example, and there is little difference between the operator += and fetch\_add.

Although there is no performance difference between the += operation and the fetch\_add method on an atomic, fetch\_add has an advantage; it allows me to explicitly weaken the memory model and to apply relaxed semantic.