

```
import tensorflow as tf
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

Downloading the data

```
dir_path = tf.keras.utils.get_file(fname="/content/creditcard.csv",origin="https://datahub
```

Downloading data from <https://datahub.io/machine-learning/creditcard/r/creditcard.csv>
151114991/151114991 [=====] - 2s 0us/step

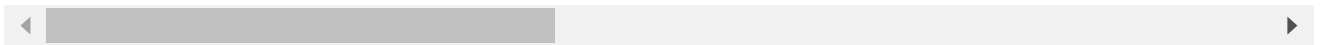


```
df = pd.read_csv("creditcard.csv")
```

```
df.head()
```

	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	
0	0.0	-1.359807	-0.072781	2.536347	1.378155	-0.338321	0.462388	0.239599	0.0
1	0.0	1.191857	0.266151	0.166480	0.448154	0.060018	-0.082361	-0.078803	0.0
2	1.0	-1.358354	-1.340163	1.773209	0.379780	-0.503198	1.800499	0.791461	0.0
3	1.0	-0.966272	-0.185226	1.792993	-0.863291	-0.010309	1.247203	0.237609	0.0
4	2.0	-1.158233	0.877737	1.548718	0.403034	-0.407193	0.095921	0.592941	-0.0

5 rows × 31 columns



```
df.describe()
```

	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	
count	284807.000000	2.848070e+05	2.848070e+05	2.848070e+05	2.848070e+05	2.84
mean	94813.859575	1.168375e-15	3.416908e-16	-1.379537e-15	2.074095e-15	9.60
std	47488.145955	1.958696e+00	1.651309e+00	1.516255e+00	1.415869e+00	1.38
min	0.000000	-5.640375e+01	-7.071570e+01	-4.000550e+01	-5.600171e+00	-1.10

```
df["Class"].unique()
```

```
array([''0'', ''1''], dtype=object)
```

Type Casting the Label

```
classes = df["Class"]
```

```
↕↕
```

```
df["Class"] = classes=="'0'"
```

```
df["Class"].unique()
```

```
array([ True, False])
```

```
print(pd.value_counts(df["Class"]))
```

```
True      284315
False       492
Name: Class, dtype: int64
```

Normalization

```
sc = StandardScaler()
df["Time"] = sc.fit_transform(df["Time"].values.reshape(-1,1))
df["Amount"] = sc.fit_transform(df["Amount"].values.reshape(-1,1))
```

```
data = df.iloc[:,0:-1]
labels = df.iloc[:, -1]
```

Train test splitting

```
train_data, test_data, train_labels, test_labels = train_test_split(data, labels, test_siz
```

```
min = train_data.min()
max = train_data.max()
```

```
train_data = (train_data-min)/(max-min)
```

```
test_data = (test_data - min) / (max-min)
```

Making the distiction between normal and fraud data

```
normal_data_train = train_data[train_labels]
fraud_data_train = train_data[~train_labels]
```

Input Layer

```
input_shape = train_data.shape[1]
```

```
input_layer = tf.keras.layers.Input(shape=input_shape)
```

Encoder Layer

```
encoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(14,activation="tanh")(input_layer)
encoder = tf.keras.layers.Dropout(0.2)(encoder)
encoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(7, activation="relu")(encoder)
encoder = tf.keras.layers.Dropout(0.2)(encoder)
encoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(4, activation=tf.nn.leaky_relu)(encoder)
```

Decoder Layer

```
decoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(7, activation="relu")(encoder)
decoder = tf.keras.layers.Dropout(0.2)(decoder)
decoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(14, activation="relu")(decoder)
decoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(input_shape, activation="tanh")(decoder)
```

Combining the autoencoder parts

```
autoencoder = tf.keras.Model(inputs=input_layer, outputs=decoder)
autoencoder.summary()
```

Model: "model"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
=====		
input_1 (InputLayer)	[(None, 30)]	0
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 14)	434
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None, 14)	0
dense_4 (Dense)	(None, 7)	105
dropout_3 (Dropout)	(None, 7)	0

dense_5 (Dense)	(None, 4)	32
dense_6 (Dense)	(None, 7)	35
dropout_4 (Dropout)	(None, 7)	0
dense_7 (Dense)	(None, 14)	112
dense_8 (Dense)	(None, 30)	450

```

=====
Total params: 1,168
Trainable params: 1,168
Non-trainable params: 0

```

```
autoencoder.compile(metrics=["accuracy"], optimizer="adam", loss="mean_squared_error")
```

```
history = autoencoder.fit(normal_data_train, normal_data_train, epochs=10, batch_size=64,
```

```

Epoch 1/10
3555/3555 [=====] - 9s 3ms/step - loss: 0.0017 - accuracy: 0.0000
Epoch 2/10
3555/3555 [=====] - 9s 3ms/step - loss: 0.0017 - accuracy: 0.0000
Epoch 3/10
3555/3555 [=====] - 9s 2ms/step - loss: 0.0017 - accuracy: 0.0000
Epoch 4/10
3555/3555 [=====] - 10s 3ms/step - loss: 0.0017 - accuracy: 0.0000
Epoch 5/10
3555/3555 [=====] - 9s 3ms/step - loss: 0.0017 - accuracy: 0.0000
Epoch 6/10
3555/3555 [=====] - 12s 3ms/step - loss: 0.0017 - accuracy: 0.0000
Epoch 7/10
3555/3555 [=====] - 10s 3ms/step - loss: 0.0017 - accuracy: 0.0000
Epoch 8/10
3555/3555 [=====] - 9s 2ms/step - loss: 0.0017 - accuracy: 0.0000
Epoch 9/10
3555/3555 [=====] - 9s 2ms/step - loss: 0.0017 - accuracy: 0.0000
Epoch 10/10
3555/3555 [=====] - 9s 2ms/step - loss: 0.0017 - accuracy: 0.0000

```

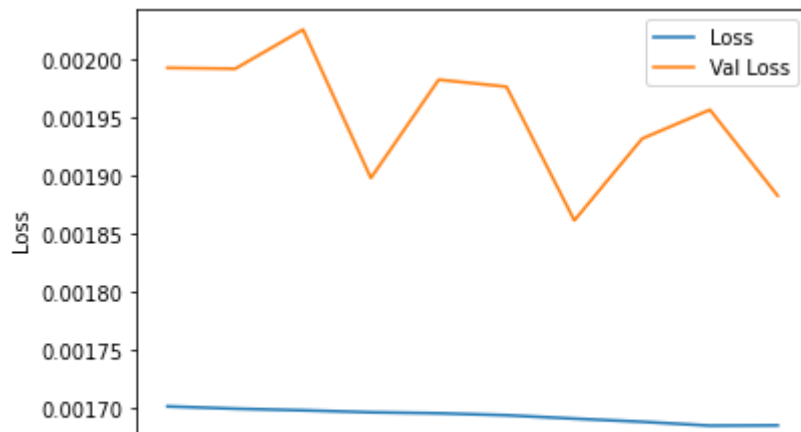


Loss while training

```

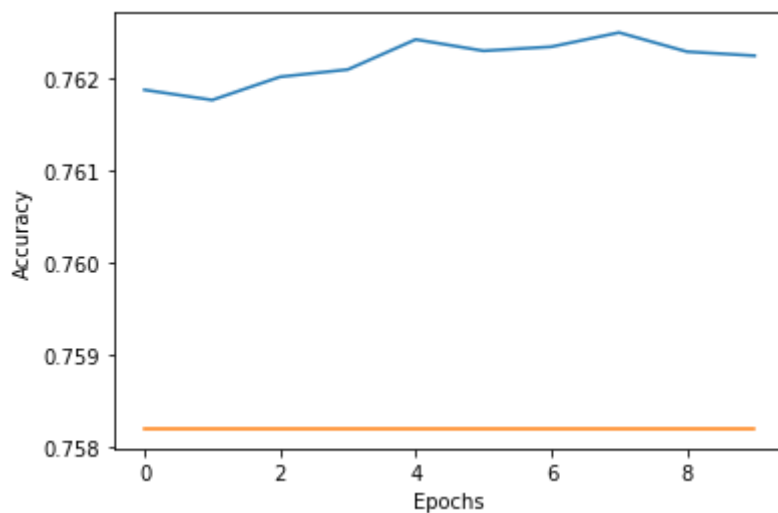
plt.figure()
plt.plot(history.history["loss"], label="Loss")
plt.plot(history.history["val_loss"], label="Val Loss")
plt.xlabel("Epochs")
plt.ylabel("Loss")
plt.legend()
plt.show()

```



Accuracy

```
plt.figure()
plt.plot(history.history["accuracy"], label="Accuracy")
plt.plot(history.history["val_accuracy"], label="Val Accuracy")
plt.xlabel("Epochs")
plt.ylabel("Accuracy")
plt.show()
```



Reconstruction to show distinction between fraud and normal transaction

```
reconstructions = autoencoder.predict(normal_data_train)
train_loss = tf.keras.losses.mae(reconstructions, normal_data_train)

plt.hist(train_loss[None,:],bins=50)
plt.xlabel("Train Loss")
plt.ylabel("No of examples")
plt.show()
```

7109/7109 [=====] - 10s 1ms/step



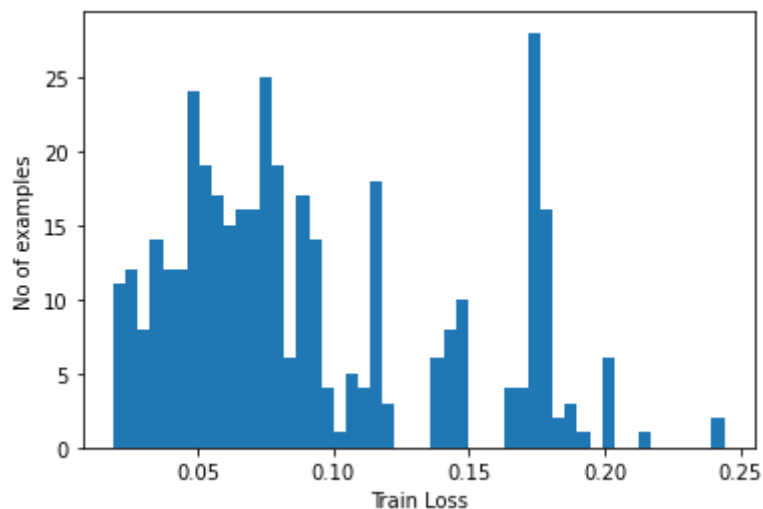
```
threshold = np.mean(train_loss) + np.std(train_loss)
print("Threshold: ",threshold)
```

Threshold: 0.034391352921359704

```
reconstructions = autoencoder.predict(fraud_data_train)
test_loss = tf.keras.losses.mae(reconstructions, fraud_data_train)
```

```
plt.hist(test_loss[None,:],bins=50)
plt.xlabel("Train Loss")
plt.ylabel("No of examples")
plt.show()
```

12/12 [=====] - 0s 3ms/step



Conclusion: The model developed have a threshold of 0.0343.. below which the transaction is normal, otherwise fraud

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✓ 0s completed at 10:27 PM

