

In [2]:

```
1 import cv2
2 import numpy as np
3 # Load HAAR face classifier
4 face_classifier = cv2.CascadeClassifier('haarcascade_frontalface_default.xml')
5 # Load functions
6 def face_extractor(img):
7     # Function detects faces and returns the cropped face
8     # If no face detected, it returns the input image
9     gray = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
10    faces = face_classifier.detectMultiScale(gray, 1.3, 5)
11    if faces is ():
12        return None
13    # Crop all faces found
14    for (x,y,w,h) in faces:
15        cropped_face = img[y:y+h, x:x+w]
16    return cropped_face
17 # Initialize Webcam
18 cap = cv2.VideoCapture(0)
19 count = 0
20 # Collect 100 samples of your face from webcam input
21 while True:
22     ret, frame = cap.read()
23     if face_extractor(frame) is not None:
24         count += 1
25         face = cv2.resize(face_extractor(frame), (200, 200))
26         face = cv2.cvtColor(face, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
27         # Save file in specified directory with unique name
28         file_name_path = 'C://Users//harsh//Desktop//MLOPS//self practice//train//harshita//image' + str(count) + '.jpg'
29         cv2.imwrite(file_name_path, face)
30         # Put count on images and display live count
31         cv2.putText(face, str(count), (50, 50), cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_COMPLEX, 1, (0, 255, 0), 2)
32         cv2.imshow('Face Cropper', face)
33     else:
34         print("Face not found")
35         pass
36     if cv2.waitKey(1) == 13 or count == 100: #13 is the Enter Key
37         break
38 cap.release()
39 cv2.destroyAllWindows()
40 print("Collecting Samples Complete")
```

```
File Edit View Insert Cell Kernel Widgets Help
+ ✂ 📄 📌 ⬆ ⬇ ⏪ Run ■ ↺ ⏩ Code Python 3 Trusted Logout

In [3]: 1 from keras.applications import VGG16
2 # VGG16 was designed to work on 224 x 224 pixel input images sizes
3 img_rows = 64
4 img_cols = 64
5
6 #loads the VGG16 model
7 model = VGG16(weights = 'imagenet',
8               include_top = False,
9               input_shape = (img_rows, img_cols, 3))
Using TensorFlow backend.

In [4]: 1 # let's print our layers
2 for (i,layer) in enumerate(model.layers):
3     print(str(i) + " " + layer.__class__.__name__, layer.trainable)

0 InputLayer False
1 Conv2D True
2 Conv2D True
3 MaxPooling2D True
4 Conv2D True
5 Conv2D True
6 MaxPooling2D True
7 Conv2D True
8 Conv2D True
9 Conv2D True
10 MaxPooling2D True
11 Conv2D True
12 Conv2D True
13 Conv2D True
14 MaxPooling2D True
15 Conv2D True
16 Conv2D True
17 Conv2D True
18 MaxPooling2D True
```



```

4 top_model = bottom_model.output
5 top_model=GlobalAveragePooling2D()(top_model)
6 top_model=Dense(1024,activation='relu')(top_model)
7 top_model=Dense(512,activation='relu')(top_model)
8 top_model=Dense(248,activation='relu')(top_model)
9 top_model=Dense(248,activation='relu')(top_model)
10 top_model=Dense(128,activation='relu')(top_model)
11 top_model=Dense(64,activation='relu')(top_model)
12 top_model = Dense(num_classes, activation = "softmax")(top_model)
13 return top_model

```

```

In [6]: 1 #Adding fully connected layer in VGG
2 from keras.models import Sequential
3 from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, Activation, Flatten, GlobalAveragePooling2D
4 from keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, ZeroPadding2D
5 from keras.layers.normalization import BatchNormalization
6 from keras.models import Model
7 num_classes = 4
8
9 FC_Head = addTopModel(model, num_classes)
10
11 modelnew = Model(inputs=model.input, outputs=FC_Head)
12
13 print(modelnew.summary())

```

Model: "model\_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
=====		
input_1 (InputLayer)	(None, 64, 64, 3)	0
block1_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 64, 64, 64)	1792
block1_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 64, 64, 64)	36928
block1_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 32, 32, 64)	0
block2_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 128)	73856
block2_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 128)	147584
block2_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 16, 16, 128)	0

Jupyter Deep Learning face recognition Last Checkpoint: an hour ago (autosaved) Logout

File Edit View Insert Cell Kernel Widgets Help Trusted Python 3

In [7]:

```
1 #Loading Dataset
2 from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
3
4 train_data_dir = 'C://Users//harsh//Desktop//MLOPS//self practice//train//'
5 validation_data_dir = 'C://Users//harsh//Desktop//MLOPS//self practice//validation//'
6
7 train_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
8     rescale=1./255,
9     rotation_range=20,
10    width_shift_range=0.2,
11    height_shift_range=0.2,
12    horizontal_flip=True,
13    fill_mode='nearest')
14
15 validation_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
16
17 # Change the batchsize according to your system RAM
18 train_batchsize = 16
19 val_batchsize = 16
20
21 train_generator = train_datagen.flow_from_directory(
22     train_data_dir,
23     target_size=(img_rows, img_cols),
24     batch_size=train_batchsize,
25     class_mode='categorical')
26
27 validation_generator = validation_datagen.flow_from_directory(
28     validation_data_dir,
29     target_size=(img_rows, img_cols),
30     batch_size=val_batchsize,
31     class_mode='categorical',
32     shuffle=False)
33
```

Found 400 images belonging to 4 classes.  
Found 40 images belonging to 4 classes.



Found 40 images belonging to 4 classes.

```
In [8]: 1 from keras.optimizers import RMSprop
2 from keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint, EarlyStopping
3
4 checkpoint = ModelCheckpoint("data.h5",
5                             monitor="val_loss",
6                             mode="min",
7                             save_best_only = True,
8                             verbose=1)
9
10 earlystop = EarlyStopping(monitor = 'val_loss',
11                           min_delta = 0,
12                           patience = 3,
13                           verbose = 1,
14                           restore_best_weights = True)
15
16 # we put our call backs into a callback list
17 callbacks = [earlystop, checkpoint]
18
19 # Note we use a very small learning rate
20 modelnew.compile(loss = 'categorical_crossentropy',
21                 optimizer = RMSprop(lr = 0.001),
22                 metrics = ['accuracy'])
23
24 nb_train_samples = 400
25 nb_validation_samples = 100
26 epochs = 5
27 batch_size = 20
28 history = modelnew.fit_generator(
29     train_generator,
30     steps_per_epoch = nb_train_samples // batch_size,
31     epochs = epochs,
32     callbacks = callbacks,
33     validation_data = validation_generator,
34     validation_steps = nb_validation_samples // batch_size)
35 modelnew.save("data.h5")
36
37 Epoch 1/5
38 20/20 [=====] - 52s 3s/step - loss: 373.6386 - accuracy: 0.2094 - val_loss: 1.3759 - val_accuracy: 0.2778
```

```

In [41]: 1 from keras.models import load_model
2 classifier = load_model('data.h5')
3 import os
4 import cv2
5 import numpy as np
6 from os import listdir
7 from os.path import isfile, join
8 from random import *
9
10 dict1 = {"[0]": "dad",
11          "[1]": "dad",
12          "[2]": "dad",
13          "[3]": "dad"}
14
15 dict_n = {"n0": "aman",
16           "n1": "dad",
17           "n2": "dad",
18           "n3": "dad"}
19
20 def draw_test(name, pred, im):
21     datac = dict1[str(pred)]
22     BLACK = [0,0,0]
23     expanded_image = cv2.copyMakeBorder(im, 80, 0, 0, 100, cv2.BORDER_CONSTANT, value=BLACK)
24     cv2.putText(expanded_image, datac, (20, 60), cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, 1, (0,0,255), 2)
25     cv2.imshow(name, expanded_image)
26
27 def getRandomImage(path):
28     """function loads a random images from a random folder in our test path """
29     folders = list(filter(lambda x: os.path.isdir(os.path.join(path, x)), os.listdir(path)))
30     random_directory = np.random.randint(0, len(folders))
31     path_class = folders[random_directory]
32
33     file_path = path + path_class
34     file_names = [f for f in listdir(file_path) if isfile(join(file_path, f))]
35     random_file_index = np.random.randint(0, len(file_names))
36     image_name = file_names[random_file_index]
37     return cv2.imread(file_path+"/"+image_name)
38
39 for i in range(0,10):
40     input_im = getRandomImage('validation/')
41     input_original = input_im.copy()
42     input_original = cv2.resize(input_original, None, fx=0.5, fy=0.5, interpolation = cv2.INTER_LINEAR)
43

```



```
29 folders = list(filter(lambda x: os.path.isdir(os.path.join(path, x)), os.listdir(path)))
30 random_directory = np.random.randint(0, len(folders))
31 path_class = folders[random_directory]
32
33 file_path = path + path_class
34 file_names = [f for f in listdir(file_path) if isfile(join(file_path, f))]
35 random_file_index = np.random.randint(0, len(file_names))
36 image_name = file_names[random_file_index]
37 return cv2.imread(file_path + "/" + image_name)
38
39 for i in range(0, 10):
40     input_im = getRandomImage('validation/')
41     input_original = input_im.copy()
42     input_original = cv2.resize(input_original, None, fx=0.5, fy=0.5, interpolation=cv2.INTER_LINEAR)
43
44     input_im = cv2.resize(input_im, (64, 64), interpolation=cv2.INTER_LINEAR)
45     input_im = input_im / 255.
46     input_im = input_im.reshape(1, 64, 64, 3)
47
48     # Get Prediction
49     res = np.argmax(classifier.predict(input_im, 1, verbose=0), axis=1)
50
51     # Show image with predicted class
52     draw_test("Prediction", res, input_original)
53     cv2.waitKey(0)
54
55 cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```



Pred...



aman







Pred...



dad







Pred...



harshita







Pred...



mom

