

Sardar Vallbhbhai National Institute of Technology Surat

Introduction to Security & Cryptography – Lab Project

**SECURE CHAT APPLICATION –
PRIVATEMSG-SECURE-CHAT**

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Motivation & Problem Statement

- **Motivation:** In today's digital era, secure communication is essential to protect sensitive information from unauthorized access. Chat applications, in particular, are prime targets for attacks such as eavesdropping and impersonation.
- **Problem:** Conventional chat apps often lack strong end-to-end encryption and proper key management mechanisms.
- **Objective:** To design and implement a client-server chat application with AES-CBC encryption, secure key management, and optional digital signatures.
- **Outcome:** Demonstrate confidentiality, integrity, and authenticity in real-time messaging.

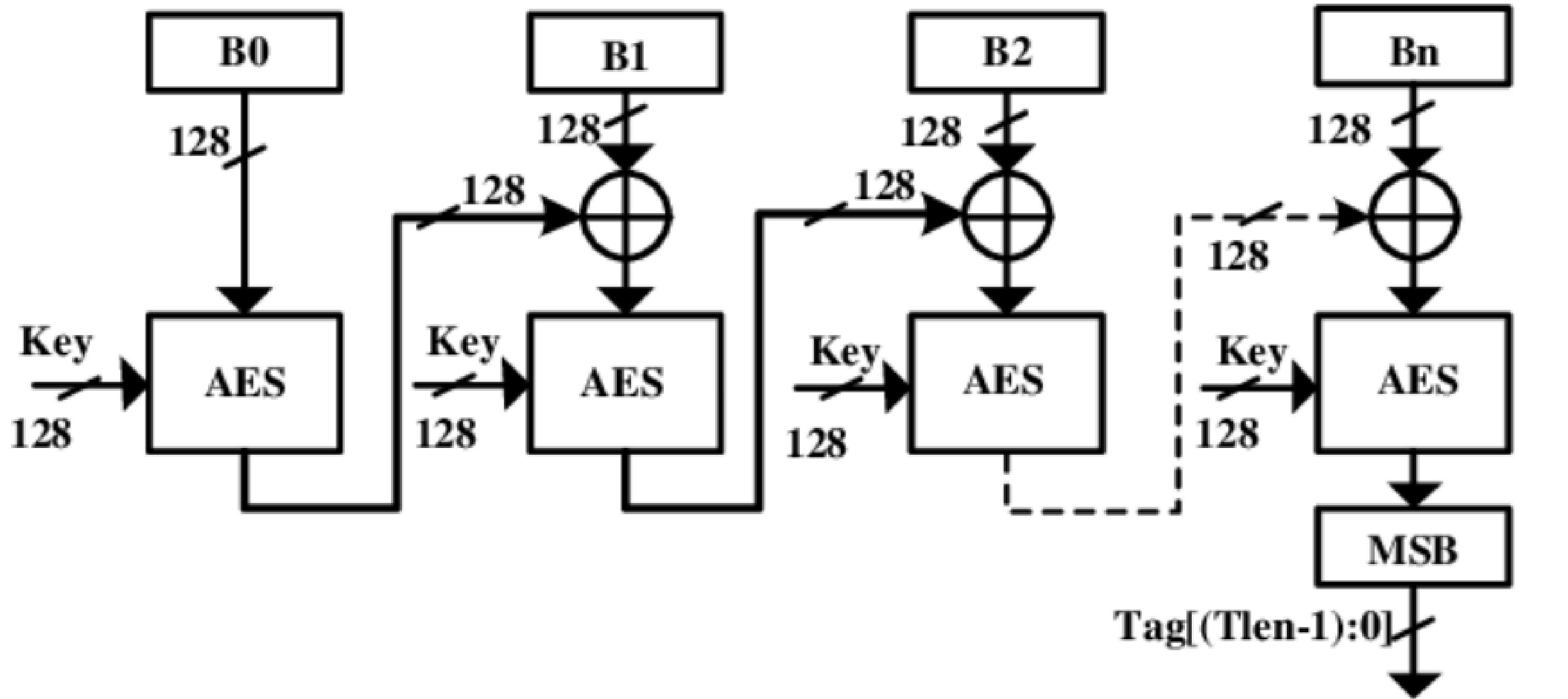
Project Overview & Features

- **Title:** Private Messaging Secure App
- **Purpose:** Educational project showcasing modern cryptographic principles through a secure chat platform.
- **Key Features:**
 - Single-Process CLI Application supporting multiple users.
 - AES-CBC based End-to-End Encryption with password-derived keys.
 - Argon2 key derivation for secure password hashing.
 - Ed25519 Digital Signatures for authentication and non-repudiation.
 - Interactive Command-Line Interface (CLI) with persistent storage.
 - Technologies Used: C++, libsodium, OpenSSL, JSON file-based persistence.

Architecture Overview:

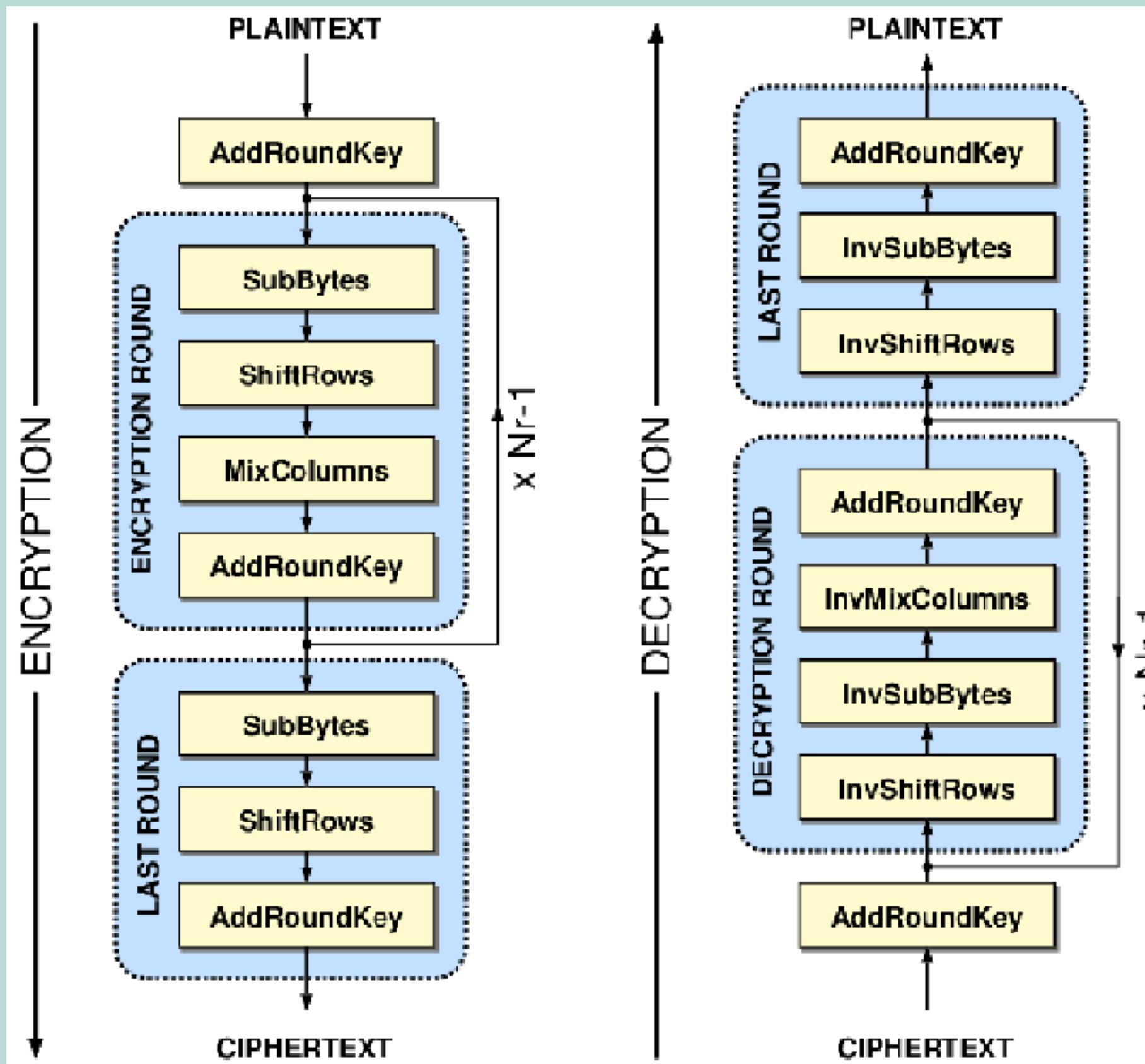
- **Local Multi-User Model:** Single application manages multiple user accounts with persistent storage.
- **Application Role:** Handles user registration, AES-CBC encryption/decryption, and secure message routing between local users.
- **User Role:** Registers with password-based authentication, sends AES-encrypted messages, and receives messages in personal inbox.
- **Storage:** JSON-based persistent storage with encrypted private keys and message inboxes.

Protocols Used: AES-256-CBC for message encryption, Argon2 for password hashing, Ed25519 for digital signatures.



AES-CBC encryption process showing block chaining and key reuse for secure message encryption.

ABOUT AES



SubBytes = SBox

ShiftRows = cyclic shift, n-rows= n-byte shift

MixColumns = Each column is treated as a polynomial over $GF(2^8)$ and multiplied (modulo an irreducible polynomial) by a fixed matrix.

AddRoundKey = Each byte of the state is XORed with the corresponding byte of the round key.

10 rounds → AES-128

12 rounds → AES-192

14 rounds → AES-256

Key Management & Secure Exchange

- **Private Key Protection:** All sensitive keys encrypted at rest using password-derived encryption.
- **Key Derivation:** Argon2 algorithm derives encryption keys from user passwords with random salts.
- **Dual Encryption Approach:**
 - AES-256-CBC keys for message confidentiality (shared per user)
 - Ed25519 keypairs for digital signatures (public/private per user)
 - Password-based encryption protects private keys when stored
- **Storage Security:**
 - Private signing keys encrypted with user password before JSON storage
 - AES encryption keys encrypted with user password before JSON storage
 - Only plaintext data stored: usernames, password hashes, public keys, encrypted messages

User Experience: Seamless key management - users only need to remember their login password.

Authentication & Integrity (Digital Signatures)

- **Authentication:** Ed25519 digital signatures ensure message sender legitimacy and non-repudiation.
- **Integrity:** SHA-256 message hashing ensures content has not been tampered with during storage.
- **Digital Signature Mechanism:**
 - a. Sender signs the original plaintext message using Ed25519 private key.
 - b. Signature is stored alongside the encrypted message in recipient's inbox.
 - c. Receiver verifies signature using sender's Ed25519 public key after decryption.

Implementation & Demonstration

- **Development Stack:** C++, OpenSSL, Sockets.
- **Libraries:**
- **libsodium:** Key derivation (Argon2), digital signatures (Ed25519), SHA-256 hashing
- **OpenSSL:** AES-CBC encryption/decryption
- **nlohmann::json:** JSON file handling (user data, inbox)
- **Environment:** CLI (Command Line Interface)

Conclusion & Future Enhancements

Conclusion:

- Successfully implemented a secure client-server chat system with AES-CBC encryption.
- Demonstrated understanding of symmetric encryption, key exchange, and authentication mechanisms.
- Reinforced key principles of cryptography: Confidentiality, Integrity, and Authenticity.

Future Work:

- Implement AES-GCM for authenticated encryption.
- Integrate Diffie-Hellman for perfect forward secrecy.
- Add Graphical Interface (GUI).
- Include logging & intrusion detection modules.
- Extend to multi-server federated architecture.

Thank You

