

## Practical No.1

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class FibonacciIterative {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.print("Enter the number of terms: ");
        int n = sc.nextInt();

        int first = 0, second = 1;

        System.out.println("Fibonacci Series up to " + n + " terms:");

        for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
            System.out.print(first + " ");
            int next = first + second;
            first = second;
            second = next;
        }

        sc.close();
    }
}
```

## Practical No.2

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class FibonacciRecursive {
    static int fib(int n) {
        if (n <= 1)
            return n;
        return fib(n - 1) + fib(n - 2);
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter number of terms: ");
        int n = sc.nextInt();

        System.out.println("Fibonacci Series (Recursive):");
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            System.out.print(fib(i) + " ");
        }
        sc.close();
    }
}
```

### Practical No.3

```
import java.util.PriorityQueue;
import java.util.Scanner;

class HuffmanNode {
    int data;
    char c;
    HuffmanNode left, right;
}

class ImplementComparator implements java.util.Comparator<HuffmanNode>
{
    public int compare(HuffmanNode x, HuffmanNode y) {
        return x.data - y.data;
    }
}

class HuffmanEncoding {
    static void printCode(HuffmanNode root, String s) {
        if (root.left == null && root.right == null && Character.isLetter(root.c)) {
            System.out.println(root.c + ":" + s);
            return;
        }
        printCode(root.left, s + "0");
        printCode(root.right, s + "1");
    }
}

public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

    System.out.print("Enter number of characters: ");
    int n = sc.nextInt();
    char[] charArray = new char[n];
    int[] charfreq = new int[n];

    System.out.println("Enter characters and their frequencies:");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        charArray[i] = sc.next().charAt(0);
        charfreq[i] = sc.nextInt();
    }
}
```

```
PriorityQueue<HuffmanNode> q = new PriorityQueue<>(n, new
ImplementComparator());

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    HuffmanNode hn = new HuffmanNode();
    hn.c = charArray[i];
    hn.data = charfreq[i];
    hn.left = null;
    hn.right = null;
    q.add(hn);
}

HuffmanNode root = null;

while (q.size() > 1) {
    HuffmanNode x = q.poll();
    HuffmanNode y = q.poll();

    HuffmanNode f = new HuffmanNode();
    f.data = x.data + y.data;
    f.c = '-';
    f.left = x;
    f.right = y;

    root = f;
    q.add(f);
}

System.out.println("Huffman Codes are:");
printCode(root, "");
sc.close();
}
```

## Practical No.4

```
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.Comparator;
import java.util.Scanner;

class Item {
    int weight, value;

    Item(int weight, int value) {
        this.weight = weight;
        this.value = value;
    }
}

class FractionalKnapsack {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter number of items: ");
        int n = sc.nextInt();

        Item[] items = new Item[n];
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            System.out.print("Enter weight and value of item " + (i + 1) + ": ");
            int w = sc.nextInt();
            int v = sc.nextInt();
            items[i] = new Item(w, v);
        }

        System.out.print("Enter capacity of knapsack: ");
        int capacity = sc.nextInt();

        Arrays.sort(items, new Comparator<Item>() {
            public int compare(Item a, Item b) {
                double r1 = (double) a.value / a.weight;
                double r2 = (double) b.value / b.weight;
                return Double.compare(r2, r1); // Sort in descending order
            }
        });

        double totalValue = 0.0;

        for (Item item : items) {
```

```
        if (capacity >= item.weight) {
            capacity -= item.weight;
            totalValue += item.value;
        } else {
            totalValue += ((double) item.value / item.weight) * capacity;
            break;
        }
    }

System.out.println("Maximum value in knapsack (Profit) = " + totalValue);
sc.close();
}
```

## Practical No.5 (Using Dynamic Programming)

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class Knapsack01 {
    static int knapSack(int W, int wt[], int val[], int n) {
        int[][] dp = new int[n + 1][W + 1];

        for (int i = 0; i <= n; i++) {
            for (int w = 0; w <= W; w++) {
                if (i == 0 || w == 0)
                    dp[i][w] = 0;
                else if (wt[i - 1] <= w)
                    dp[i][w] = Math.max(val[i - 1] + dp[i - 1][w - wt[i - 1]], dp[i - 1][w]);
                else
                    dp[i][w] = dp[i - 1][w];
            }
        }
        return dp[n][W];
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.print("Enter number of items: ");
        int n = sc.nextInt();

        int[] values = new int[n];
        int[] weights = new int[n];

        System.out.println("Enter weight and value for each item:");
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            weights[i] = sc.nextInt();
            values[i] = sc.nextInt();
        }

        System.out.print("Enter knapsack capacity: ");
        int W = sc.nextInt();

        int maxValue = knapSack(W, weights, values, n);
        System.out.println("Maximum value in Knapsack (Profit) = " +
maxValue);
    }
}
```

```
        sc.close();  
    }  
}
```

