

## **CBSE TEST PAPER-02**

## **CLASS - XI PHYSICS (Kinematics)**

## **Topic: - Motion in Straight Line [ANSWERS]**

- Ans1: Yes, because length of the train is smaller as compared to the distance between New Delhi and Kanpur.
- Ans2: Displacement = 0Distance = 2.5km + 2.5km = 5.0km.
- Ans3: No speed of an object can never be negative because distance is also always positive.
- Ans4: Velocity of a particle changes

  (1) If magnitude of velocity changes
  - (1) If magnitude of velocity changes(2) If direction of motion changes.
  - Ans5: (1) Both the curves are representing uniform linear motion.
    (2) Uniform velocity of II is more than the velocity of I because slope of curve (II) is greater.

Ans6: 
$$x = 3t^{2} + 7t - 9$$

$$v = \frac{dx}{dt} = 6t + 7 \text{ m/s}$$

$$a = \frac{d\vartheta}{dt} = 6m/s^{2}$$

Ans7: 
$$s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$
As the particle comes to the same point as 9s where it was at 5s. The net displacement at 4s is zero.

$$0 = v \times 4 - \frac{1}{2}(g) \times (4)^2$$

$$4v = \frac{1}{2} \times 9.8 \times 16$$

$$v = 2 \times 9.8$$

$$v = 19.6m/s$$

Ans8:  $V_{PJ} = 54 \text{km/hr} = 15 \text{m/s} V_{TC} = 126 \text{km/hr} = 35 \text{m/s}$ Muzzle speed of the bullet  $v_b = 100 \text{m/s}$ .



$$V_{CP} = 35 - 15 = 20 \text{m/s}.$$
  
 $V_{BC} = 100 - 20 = 80 \text{ m/s}$ 

 $V_{CP}$  = Velocity of car w.r.t. police

 $V_{BC}$  = Velocity of bullet w.r.t car

Thus bullet will hit the car with a velocity 80m/s.

Ans9: 
$$Snth = Sn - Sn_{-1}$$

$$S_n = un + \frac{1}{2}an^2$$

$$S_{n-1} = u(n-1) + \frac{1}{2}a(n-1)^2$$

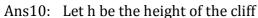
$$Snth = un + \frac{1}{2}an^2 - u(n-1) - \frac{1}{2}a(n-1)^2$$

$$\mu n + \frac{1}{2} \alpha n^2 - \mu n + u - \frac{1}{2} \alpha n^2 - \frac{1}{2} a + na$$

Snth = 
$$u - \frac{1}{2}a + na$$

$$= \mathbf{u} + \frac{a}{2} (2n - 1)$$

Hence proved.



n be the total time taken by the stone while falling

$$u = 0$$

$$A = g = 9.8 \text{m/s}^2$$

$$Snth = u + \frac{a}{2}(2n-1)$$

$$44.1 = 0 + \frac{9.8}{2}(2n-1)$$

$$n = \frac{10}{2} = 55$$

Height of the cliff

$$h = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$h = un + \frac{1}{2}gn^2$$

$$h = 0 \times 5 + \frac{1}{2} \times 9.8 \times (5)^2$$

$$h = 4.9 \times 25$$