

## CBSE TEST PAPER-01

### CLASS - XI PHYSICS (Physical World & Measurement)

#### Topic: - Physical World & Measurement

1. If  $x = at + bt^2$  where  $x$  is in meters and  $t$  is in seconds. What are the units of  $a$  and  $b$ ? [1]
2. Fill ups. [1]
  - (i)  $3.0\text{m/s}^2 = \text{----- km/hr}^2$
  - (ii)  $6.67 \times 10^{-11}\text{Nm}^2/\text{kg}^2 = \text{----- g}^{-1}\text{cm}^3\text{s}^{-2}$
3. Write S.I unit of luminous intensity and temperature? [1]
4. Calculate the time taken by the light to pass through a nucleus of diameter  $1.56 \times 10^{-16}\text{ m}$ . (speed of light is  $3 \times 10^8\text{ m/s}$ ) [2]
5. If force ( $F$ ) acceleration ( $A$ ) and time ( $T$ ) are taken as fundamental units, then find the dimension of energy. [2]
6. Two resistances  $R_1 = 100 \pm 3\Omega$  and  $R_2 = 200 \pm 4\Omega$  are connected in series. Then what is the equivalent resistance? [2]
7. If velocity, time and force were chosen the basic quantities, find the dimensions of mass? [2]
8. Young's modulus of steel is  $19 \times 10^{10}\text{ N/m}^2$ . Express it in dynes  $\text{cm}^2$ . Here dynes are the C.G.S unit of force. [3]
9. The velocity  $v$  of water waves may depend on their wavelength  $\lambda$  density of water  $\rho$  and the acceleration due to gravity  $g$ . Find relation between these quantities by the method of dimension? [3]
10. The force acting on an object of mass  $m$  traveling at velocity  $v$  in a circle of radius  $r$  is giving by  $F = \frac{mv^2}{r}$  [3]
 

The measurements recorded as  $m = 3.5\text{kg} \pm 0.1\text{kg}$   
 $v = 20\text{m/s} \pm 1\text{m/s}$        $r = 12.5\text{m} \pm 0.5\text{m}$

Find the maximum possible (1) fractional error (2) % error in the measurement of force. How will you record the reading?