

TEST REPORT IEC 62471

Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems

Report Reference No...... SHES201202645571

Total number of pages 15

Name of Testing Laboratory preparing the Report....:

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Applicant's name..... EVERSTAR OPTO ELECTRONICS

Address: 1011, FILIX TOWERS, LBS MARG, BHANDUP WEST, MUMBAI

400078, INDIA.

Test specification:

Standard: IEC 62471:2006

Test procedure SGS-CSTC

Non-standard test method.....: N/A

Test Report Form No...... IEC62471B

Master TRF Dated 2018-08-16

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Test item description: LED PACKAGE

Trade Mark....: EVERSTAR

Manufacturer: Same as applicant

Model/Type reference: ES-2835-053V

Ratings: 180 mA; 3 V

Res	Responsible Testing Laboratory (as applicable), testing procedure and testing location(s):					
\boxtimes	Testing Laboratory:	SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.				
Test	ing location/ address::	588 West Jindu Road, Xinqiao, Songjiang, 201612 Shanghai, China.				
Test	ed by (name, function, signature):	Lillian Song				
App	roved by (name, function, signature):	Abby Yang				
	Testing procedure: CTF Stage 1:					
Test	ing location/ address:	を を を を を を が に nspection & Testing Services の に 。 に				
Test	ed by (name, function, signature):	Contains a second				
App	roved by (name, function, signature):	78chnical Services				
	Testing procedure: CTF Stage 2:					
Test	ing location/ address:					
Test	ed by (name + signature):					
Witn	essed by (name, function, signature).:					
App	roved by (name, function, signature):					
	Testing procedure: CTF Stage 3:					
	Testing procedure: CTF Stage 4:					
Testing location/ address:						
Tested by (name, function, signature):						
Witnessed by (name, function, signature).:						
App	roved by (name, function, signature):					
Sup	ervised by (name, function, signature) :					

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List of Attachments (including a total number of pages in each attachment):			
Attachment A: European group differences according to EN 62471:2008 (2 pages in total) Attachment B: Photo documentation (1 page in total)			
Summary of testing:			
Tests performed (name of test and test clause):	Testing location:		
Full tests	Refer. to page 1		
Summary of compliance with National Differences (List of countries addressed): List of countries addressed: 1. EU Group Differences: Yes ☐ The product fulfils the requirements of EN 62471:2008			
Copy of marking plate: The artwork below may be only a draft. The use of certification marks on a product must be authorized by the respective National Certification Body that own these marks. N/A			

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Test item particulars:	
Tested lamp	: ⊠ continuous wave lamps ☐ pulsed lamps
Tested lamp system:	☐ continuous wave lamps ☐ pulsed lamps
Lamp classification group:	⊠ exempt ☐ risk 1 ☐ risk 2 ☐ risk 3
Lamp cap	: N/A
Bulb	LED
Rated of the lamp	N/A
Furthermore marking on the lamp	N/A
Seasoning of lamps according IEC standard	N/A
Used measurement instrument	Spectroradiometer
Temperature by measurement	25 °C
Information for safety use	N/A
Possible test case verdicts:	
 test case does not apply to the test object: 	N/A
 test object does meet the requirement: 	P (Pass)
 test object does not meet the requirement: 	F (Fail)
Testing:	
Date of receipt of test item:	2020-12-29
Date (s) of performance of tests:	2020-12-29 to 2021-01-08
General remarks:	
"(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional information as	opended to the report
"(See appended table)" refers to a table appended to t	·
Throughout this report a $oxtimes$ comma / $oxtimes$ point is u	sed as the decimal separator.
accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Cone subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Docum http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions/Terms-of of liability, indemnification and jurisdiction issues defined any holder of this document is advised that information the time of its intervention only and within the limits of sponsibility is to its Client and this document does not their rights and obligations under the transaction document, without prior written approval of the Company. An content or appearance of this document is unlawful ar the law. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test.	nents at re-Document.aspx. Attention is drawn to the limitation ned therein. In contained hereon reflects the Company's findings at f Client's instructions, if any. The Company's sole ret exonerate parties to a transaction from exercising all ments. This document cannot be reproduced except in y unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the not offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of
sample(s) are retained for 30 days / 3 months only.	
Manufacturer's Declaration per sub-clause 4.2.5 of	1_
The application for obtaining a CB Test Certificate includes more than one factory location and a declaration from the Manufacturer stating that the sample(s) submitted for evaluation is (are) representative of the products from each factory has been provided	
When differences exist: they shall be identified in t	he General product information section

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Name and address of factory (ies): Not provided			
General product information and other remarks:			

The product is LED package emitting white light.

The angular substance of the product is 2,8 mrad. It should belong to blue light source considering the blue light hazard. But in order to have higher accuracy, it is regarded as the normal products.

To consider the worst case, the product was tested at 200mm with 180 mA constant current.

The appliance is classified as **Exempt Group** according to EN 62471:2008.

TRF No. IEC62471B

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IEC 62471				
	Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

4	EXPOSURE LIMITS	P
4.1	General	Р
	The exposure limits in this standard is not less than 0,01 ms and not more than any 8-hour period and should be used as guides in the control of exposure	Р
	Detailed spectral data of a light source are generally required only if the luminance of the source exceeds $10^4 \text{ cd} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$ see clause 4.3	Р
4.3	Hazard exposure limits	Р
4.3.1	Actinic UV hazard exposure limit for the skin and eye	Р
	The exposure limit for effective radiant exposure is 30 J·m ⁻² within any 8-hour period	Р
	To protect against injury of the eye or skin from ultraviolet radiation exposure produced by a broadband source, the effective integrated spectral irradiance, Es, of the light source shall not exceed the levels defined by:	P
	$E_{s} \cdot t = \sum_{200}^{400} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot S_{UV}(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 30$ J·m ⁻²	Р
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye or skin shall be computed by:	Р
	$t_{\text{max}} = \frac{30}{E_{\text{s}}}$ s	Р
4.3.2	Near-UV hazard exposure limit for eye	Р
	For the spectral region 315 nm to 400 nm (UV-A) the total radiant exposure to the eye shall not exceed 10000 J·m ⁻² for exposure times less than 1000 s. For exposure times greater than 1000 s (approximately 16 minutes) the UV-A irradiance for the unprotected eye, E _{UVA} , shall not exceed 10 W·m ⁻² .	P
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye for time less than 1000 s, shall be computed by:	Р
	$t_{\text{max}} \le \frac{10\ 000}{E_{\text{UVA}}} \qquad \qquad \text{s}$	Р
4.3.3	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit	Р
	To protect against retinal photochemical injury from chronic blue-light exposure, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source weighted against the blue-light hazard function, $B(\lambda)$, i.e., the blue-light weighted radiance, L_B , shall not exceed the levels defined by:	Р
	$L_{\rm B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_t L_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 10^6 \qquad \text{J} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1} \qquad \text{for } t \le 10^4 \text{ s} \qquad t_{\rm max} = \frac{10^6}{L_{\rm B}}$	N/A

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	$L_{\rm B} = \sum_{300}^{700} L_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad \qquad W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	for t > 10 ⁴ s	Р
4.3.4	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit - small source	9	N/A
	Thus the spectral irradiance at the eye E_{λ} , weighted against the blue-light hazard function $B(\lambda)$ shall not exceed the levels defined by:	see table 4.2	N/A
	$E_{B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad J \cdot m^{-2}$	for t ≤ 100 s	N/A
	$E_{B} = \sum_{300}^{700} E_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 1 \qquad W \cdot m^{-2}$	for t > 100 s	N/A
4.3.5	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit		Р
	To protect against retinal thermal injury, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source, L_{λ} , weighted by the burn hazard weighting function $R(\lambda)$ (from Figure 4.2 and Table 4.2), i.e., the burn hazard weighted radiance, shall not exceed the levels defined by:		Р
	$L_{R} = \sum_{380}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{50000}{\alpha \cdot t^{0,25}} \qquad \qquad W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	(10 μs ≤ t ≤ 10 s)	Р
4.3.6	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit – weak visual s	stimulus	N/A
	For an infrared heat lamp or any near-infrared source where a weak visual stimulus is inadequate to activate the aversion response, the near infrared (780 nm to 1400 nm) radiance, L _{IR} , as viewed by the eye for exposure times greater than 10 s shall be limited to:		N/A
	$L_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{6000}{\alpha} \qquad \qquad \text{W} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1}$	t > 10 s	N/A
4.3.7	Infrared radiation hazard exposure limits for the eye		Р
	The avoid thermal injury of the cornea and possible delayed effects upon the lens of the eye (cataractogenesis), ocular exposure to infrared radiation, E _{IR} , over the wavelength range 780 nm to 3000 nm, for times less than 1000 s, shall not exceed:		Р
	$E_{\text{IR}} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 18000 \cdot t^{-0.75}$ W·m ⁻²	t ≤ 1000 s	N/A
	For times greater than 1000 s the limit becomes:		Р
	$E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100$ W·m ⁻²	t > 1000 s	Р
4.3.8	Thermal hazard exposure limit for the skin		Р
	Visible and infrared radiant exposure (380 nm to 3000 nm) of the skin shall be limited to:		Р

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	$E_{H} \cdot t = \sum_{3800}^{3000} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 20000 \cdot t^{0.25} \qquad \text{J} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$	Р
5	MEASUREMENT OF LAMPS AND LAMP SYSTEMS	Р
5.1	Measurement conditions	Р
	Measurement conditions shall be reported as part of the evaluation against the exposure limits and the assignment of risk classification.	Р
5.1.1	Lamp ageing (seasoning)	N/A
	Seasoning of lamps shall be done as stated in the appropriate IEC lamp standard.	N/A
5.1.2	Test environment	Р
	For specific test conditions, see the appropriate IEC lamp standard or in absence of such standards, the appropriate national standards or manufacturer's recommendations.	P
5.1.3	Extraneous radiation	Р
	Careful checks should be made to ensure that extraneous sources of radiation and reflections do not add significantly to the measurement results.	Р
5.1.4	Lamp operation	Р
	Operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:	Р
	the appropriate IEC lamp standard, or	N/A
	the manufacturer's recommendation	Р
5.1.5	Lamp system operation	N/A
	The power source for operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:	N/A
	the appropriate IEC standard, or	N/A
	the manufacturer's recommendation	N/A
5.2	Measurement procedure	Р
5.2.1	Irradiance measurements	Р
	Minimum aperture diameter 7mm.	P
	Maximum aperture diameter 50 mm.	Р
	The measurement shall be made in that position of the beam giving the maximum reading.	Р
	The measurement instrument is adequate calibrated.	Р
5.2.2	Radiance measurements	Р
5.2.2.1	Standard method	Р
	The measurements made with an optical system.	Р
	The instrument shall be calibrated to read in absolute radiant power per unit receiving area and per unit solid angle to acceptance averaged over the field of view of the instrument.	Р

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5.2.2.2	Alternative method		N/A
	Alternatively to an imaging radiance set-up, an irradiance measurement set-up with a circular field stop placed at the source can be used to perform radiance measurements.		N/A
5.2.3	Measurement of source size		Р
	The determination of α , the angle subtended by a source, requires the determination of the 50% emission points of the source.		Р
5.2.4	Pulse width measurement for pulsed sources		N/A
	The determination of Δt , the nominal pulse duration of a source, requires the determination of the time during which the emission is > 50% of its peak value.		N/A
5.3	Analysis methods		Р
5.3.1	Weighting curve interpolations		Р
	To standardize interpolated values, use linear interpolation on the log of given values to obtain intermediate points at the wavelength intervals desired.	see table 4.1	Р
5.3.2	Calculations		Р
	The calculation of source hazard values shall be performed by weighting the spectral scan by the appropriate function and calculating the total weighted energy.		Р
5.3.3	Measurement uncertainty		Р
	The quality of all measurement results must be quantified by an analysis of the uncertainty.	see Annex C in the norm	Р
6	LAMP CLASSIFICATION		
	For the purposes of this standard it was decided that the values shall be reported as follows:	see table 6.1	Р
	 for lamps intended for general lighting service, the hazard values shall be reported as either ir- radiance or radiance values at a distance which produces an illuminance of 500 lux, but not at a distance less than 200 mm 		N/A
	 for all other light sources, including pulsed lamp sources, the hazard values shall be reported at a distance of 200 mm 		Р
6.1	Continuous wave lamps		Р
6.1.1	Except Group		Р
	In the except group are lamps, which does not pose any photobiological hazard. The requirement is met by any lamp that does not pose:		Р
	 an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E_s) within 8-hours exposure (30000 s), nor 		Р
	 a near-UV hazard (E_{UVA}) within 1000 s, (about 16 min), nor 		Р

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	 a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 10000 s (about 2,8 h), nor 		Р	
	 a retinal thermal hazard (L_R) within 10 s, nor 		Р	
	 an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 1000 s 		Р	
6.1.2	Risk Group 1 (Low-Risk)		N/A	
	In this group are lamps, which exceeds the limits for the except group but that does not pose:		N/A	
	 an actinic ultraviolet hazard (Es) within 10000 s, nor 		N/A	
	 a near ultraviolet hazard (E_{UVA}) within 300 s, nor 		N/A	
	 a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 100 s, nor 		N/A	
	 a retinal thermal hazard (L_R) within 10 s, nor 		N/A	
	 an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 100 s 		N/A	
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard ($L_{\rm IR}$), within 100 s are in Risk Group 1.		N/A	
6.1.3	Risk Group 2 (Moderate-Risk)	N/A		
	This requirement is met by any lamp that exceeds the limits for Risk Group 1, but that does not pose:		N/A	
	an actinic ultraviolet hazard (Es) within 1000 s exposure, nor		N/A	
	 a near ultraviolet hazard (E_{UVA}) within 100 s, nor 		N/A	
	 a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor 		N/A	
	 a retinal thermal hazard (L_R) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor 		N/A	
	 an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 10 s 		N/A	
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard ($L_{\rm IR}$), within 10 s are in Risk Group 2.		N/A	
6.1.4	Risk Group 3 (High-Risk)		N/A	
	Lamps which exceed the limits for Risk Group 2 are in Group 3.		N/A	
6.2	Pulsed lamps		N/A	
	Pulse lamp criteria shall apply to a single pulse and to any group of pulses within 0,25 s.		N/A	
	A pulsed lamp shall be evaluated at the highest nominal energy loading as specified by the manufacturer.		N/A	
	The risk group determination of the lamp being tested shall be made as follows:		N/A	

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	 a lamp that exceeds the exposure limit shall be classified as belonging to Risk Group 3 (High-Risk) 		N/A				
	 for single pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance does is below the EL shall be classified as belonging to the Exempt Group 		N/A				
	 for repetitively pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance dose is below the EL, shall be evaluated using the continuous wave risk criteria discussed in clause 6.1, using time averaged values of the pulsed emission 		N/A				

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Table 4.1	Spectral we	eighting function for assessing u	ıltraviolet hazards for sl	kin and eye	
	elength¹ , nm	UV hazard function S _{υν} (λ)	Wavelength λ, nm	UV hazard fu S _∞ (λ)	nction
2	200	0,030	313*	0,006	
2	205	0,051	315	0,003	
2	210	0,075	316	0,0024	
2	215	0,095	317	0,0020	
2	220	0,120	318	0,0016	
	225	0,150	319	0,0012	
2	230	0,190	320	0,0010	
2	235	0,240	322	0,00067	7
2	240	0,300	323	0,00054	ļ
2	245	0,360	325	0,00050)
2	250	0,430	328	0,00044	
2	254*	0,500	330	0,00041	
2	255	0,520	333*	0,00037	•
2	260	0,650	335	0,00034	
2	265	0,810	340	0,00028	
2	270	1,000	345	0,00024	ļ
2	275	0,960	350	0,00020)
2	280*	0,880	355	0,00016	6
2	285	0,770	360	0,00013	3
2	290	0,640	365*	0,00011	
2	295	0,540	370	0,000093	
2	297*	0,460	375	0,00007	7
;	300	0,300	380	0,00006	4
3	303*	0,120	385	0,00005	3
;	305	0,060	390	390 0,000044	
;	308	0,026	395	0,000036	
;	310	0,015	400	0,00003	0

Wavelengths chosen are representative: other values should be obtained by logarithmic interpolation at intermediate wavelengths.
 * Emission lines of a mercury discharge spectrum.

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Table 4.2 Spectral weighting functions for assessing retinal hazards from broadband optical sources

sources					
Wavelength nm	Blue-light hazard function B (λ)	Burn hazard function R (λ)			
300	0,01				
305	0,01				
310	0,01				
315	0,01				
320	0,01				
325	0,01				
330	0,01				
335	0,01				
340	0,01				
345	0,01				
350	0,01				
355	0,01				
360	0,01				
365	0,01				
370	0,01				
375	0,01				
380	0,01	0,1			
385	0,013	0,13			
390	0,025	0,25			
395	0,05	0,5			
400	0,10	1,0			
405	0,20	2,0			
410	0,40	4,0			
415	0,80	8,0			
420	0,90	9,0			
425	0,95	9,5			
430	0,98	9,8			
435	1,00	10,0			
440	1,00	10,0			
445	0,97	9,7			
450	0,94	9,4			
455	0,90	9,0			
460	0,80	8,0			
465	0,70	7,0			
470	0,62	6,2			
475	0,55	5,5			
480	0,45	4,5			
485	0,40	4,0			
490	0,22	2,2			
495	0,16	1,6			
500-600	10[(450-\)/50]	1,0			
600-700	0,001	1,0			
700-1050		10 ^[(700-λ)/500]			
1050-1150		0,2			
1150-1200		0,2·10 ^{0,02(1150-λ)}			
1200-1400		0,02			

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Table 5.4	Su	ummary of the ELs for the surface of the skin or cornea (irradiance based values)							
Hazard Name		Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Limiting aperture rad (deg)	EL in terms of con- stant irradiance W•m ⁻²			
Actinic UV skin & eye		$E_S = \sum E_\lambda \bullet S(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	200 – 400	< 30000	1,4 (80)	30/t			
Eye UV-A		$E_{UVA} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet \Delta \lambda$	315 – 400	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	10000/t 10			
Blue-light small source		$E_B = \sum E_\lambda \bullet B(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	≤100 >100	< 0,011	100/t 1,0			
Eye IR		$E_IR = \sum E_\lambda \bullet \Delta \lambda$	780 –3000	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	18000/t ^{0,75} 100			
Skin thermal		$E_H = \sum E_\lambda \bullet \Delta \lambda$	380 – 3000	< 10	2π sr	20000/t ^{0,75}			

Table 5.5	Summary of the ELs for the retina (radiance based values)						
Hazard Name		Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Field of view radians	EL in te constant i W•m ⁻²	adiance
Blue light		$L_{B} = \sum L_{\lambda} \bullet B(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	0,25 - 10 10-100 100-10000 ≥ 10000	0,011•√(t/10) 0,011 0,0011•√t 0,1	10 ⁶ 10 ⁶ 10 ⁶	/t /t
Retinal thermal		$L_{R} = \sum L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda$	380 – 1400	< 0,25 0,25 – 10	0,0017 0,011•√(t/10)	50000/(d 50000/(d	
Retinal thermal (weak visual stimulus)		$L_{IR} = \sum L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda$	780 – 1400	> 10	0,011	6000)/α

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Table 6.1	Emission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps						Р		
					Emission Measurement (α=0,0028 rad)				
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Exe	empt	Low	risk	Mod risk	
	op con ann			Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	Sυν(λ)	Es	W•m⁻²	0,001	1,268*10 ⁻⁵	0,003		0,03	-
Near UV		Euva	W•m⁻²	10	1,236*10 ⁻³	33		100	1
Blue light	Β(λ)	L _B	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	100	6,702*10 ¹	10000		4000000	
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	Ев	W•m⁻²	1,0*		1,0		400	
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	L _R	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	28000/α	5,101*10 ⁴	28000/α		71000/α	
Retinal thermal, weak visual stimulus**	R(λ)	Lir	W•m⁻²•sr⁻¹	6000/α		6000/α		6000/α	
IR radiation, eye		E _{IR}	W•m⁻²	100	3,367*10 ⁻³	570		3200	

^{*} Small source defined as one with α < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian.

— End of Test Report —

^{**} Involves evaluation of non-GLS source

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	IEC62471B A	TTACHMENT					
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	ATTACHMENT TO TEST REPORT IEC 62471 EUROPEAN GROUP DIFFERENCES AND NATIONAL DIFFERENCES Photobiological safety of lamps and lamps systems						
Differences	s according to EN 62471:2008						
Annex For	m No EU_GD_IEC624	71B					
Annex For	m Originator OVE						
Master Ani	Master Annex Form 2019-01-24						
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	CENELEC COMMON MODIFICATIONS (EN)		Р
4	EXPOSURE LIMITS		Р
	Contents of the whole Clause 4 of IEC 62471:2006 moved into a new informative Annex ZB		_
	Clause 4 replaced by the following:		Р
	Limits of the Artificial Optical Radiation Directive (2006/25/EC) have been applied instead of those fixed in IEC 62471:2006	See appended Table 6.1	Р
4.1	General	·	Р
	First paragraph deleted		_

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Table 6.1	Emission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps (based on EU Directive 2006/25/EC)								Р
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Emission Measurement (α=0,0028 rad)					
				Exempt		Low risk		Mod risk	
				Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	S _{UV} (λ)	Es	W•m⁻²	0,001	1,268*10 ⁻⁵	-	-	-	-
Near UV		Euva	W•m⁻²	0,33	1,236*10 ⁻³	-	-	-	-
Blue light	Β(λ)	L _B	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	100	6,702*10 ¹	10000	-	4000000	-
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	Ев	W•m ⁻²	0,01*		1,0	-	400	-
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	L_R	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	28000/α	5,101*10 ⁴	28000/α	-	71000/α	-
Retinal thermal, weak visual stimulus**	R(λ)	Lir	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	545000 0,0017≤ α ≤ 0,011					
				6000/α 0,011≤ α ≤ 0,1					
IR radiation, eye		E _{IR}	W•m⁻²	100	3,367*10 ⁻³	570	-	3200	-

^{*} Small source defined as one with α < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian.

NOTE The action functions: see Table 4.1 and Table 4.2

The applicable aperture diameters: see 4.2.1

The limitations for the angular subtenses: see 4.2.2

The related measurement condition 5.2.3 and the range of acceptance angles: see Table 5.5.

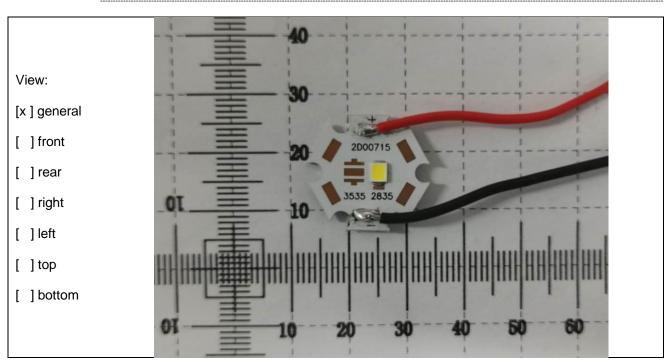
^{**} Involves evaluation of non-GLS source

Attachment B

Photo documentation

Type of equipment, model: See main report

Details of: Overview



- End of Attachment B -