- i) what are the datatypes in python of Explain
- (i) Numbers: It store numeric values number objects are created when you assign a value to them.
- cit) Strings: "Python allows either pair of single or double quotes". It is a configurous set of characters represented in blw".
- within square brackets.
- enclosed within paranthusis.
- (11) Detronary: Rython's Dectionaries are kind of hash-tabletype enclosed within curly brown.
- 2) Breifly emploin History of python ?

In the late 1020's history was about to be written. It was that time when working on python started. Soon after that, quido van Rossum began doing its application based work in December of 1989 by at centrain wiskunde & Information. (CWI) which is situated in Nethersland was started firstly as a hobby project because he was booking for an interesting project to keep him accopild during christmas.

For quite sometime he used to work for Google, but currently he is working at Dapton. The language was finally released in 1991.

- 3) Explain all the operators in python.
- > The Operators +,-,\*, land \* \* perform addition, substraction, multiplication, division.
  and exponentition.
- -> 11 is quotient operator
- -> 1/2 is modulus operator gives us an remainder.
- -> # This operator works as comment.

- 6) Explain the features of Python.
  - · Semple-
  - · Easy to Learn.
    - · Free and open source
    - . High level language-
    - · Portable
    - · Interactive
    - · Interpreted.
    - · Object Oriented.
    - · Extensible.

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- 5) Justify why python is intractive interpreted language?
- → Unlake clett etc. python is an interpreted object oriented programming language unlake clanguage.
- → which is a complicated programming language.
- The compiler translaters the whole code in one-go rather than line-by-line. This is the reason why in clanguage all the errors are tisted during complication only.