

1 Create a delegate calArea(float a,float b) with two float type parameters and having void return type. Create delegate instances for Calculate area of rectangle and triangle and display result on the screen.

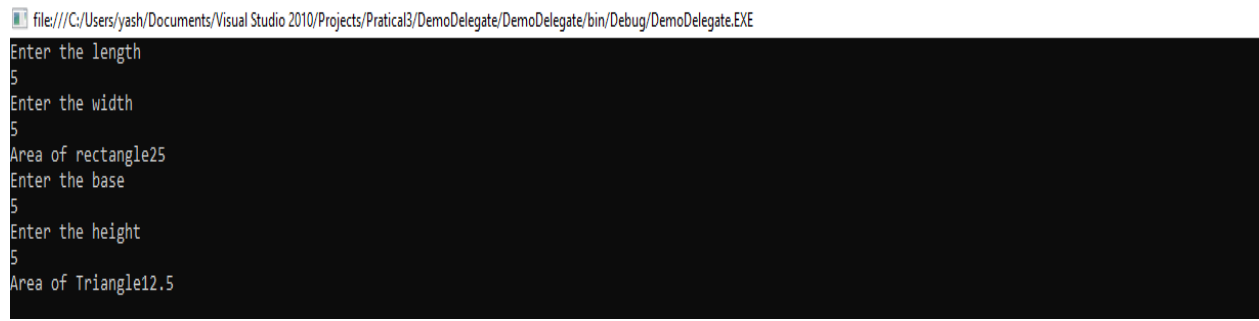
```
using System;
namespace DemoDelegate
{
    class Program
    {
        public delegate void calArea(float a, float b);
        public void areaRectangle(float a, float b)
        {
            float ar = a * b;
            Console.WriteLine("Area of
rectangle"+ar);
        }
        public void areaTriangle(float a, float b)
        {
            float ar = (a * b)/2;
            Console.WriteLine("Area of Triangle" + ar);
        }

        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            Program de1 = new Program();
            Console.WriteLine("Enter the length");
            float l =
(float)Convert.ToDouble(Console.ReadLine());
            Console.WriteLine("Enter the width");
            float w =
(float)Convert.ToDouble(Console.ReadLine());
            calArea area = new calArea(de1.areaRectangle);
            area(l, w);
            Console.WriteLine("Enter the base");
            float b =
(float)Convert.ToDouble(Console.ReadLine());
```

```

        Console.WriteLine("Enter the height");
        float h =
        (float)Convert.ToDouble(Console.ReadLine());
        calArea area1 = new calArea(de1.areaTriangle);
        area1(b,h);
        Console.ReadKey();
    }
}
}

```

**Output: -**


```

file:///C:/Users/yash/Documents/Visual Studio 2010/Projects/Practical3/DemoDelegate/DemoDelegate/bin/Debug/DemoDelegate.EXE
Enter the length
5
Enter the width
5
Area of rectangle25
Enter the base
5
Enter the height
5
Area of Triangle12.5

```

2 Create a delegate with one string parameter and having string return type. Use delegate firstly for concatStr() and secondly use it for reverseStr() method. Create instances of delegate and display concat as well as reverse string by combining delegate instances.

```

using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;

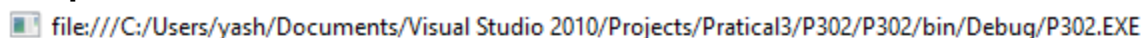
```

```

namespace P302
{
    class StringDemo
    {

```

```
public delegate string delString(string str);
public string concatStr(string str)
{
    return "Hello " + str;
}
public string reverseStr(string str)
{
    char[] rev = str.ToCharArray();
    Array.Reverse(rev);
    return new String(rev);
}
static void Main(string[] args)
{
    StringDemo del = new StringDemo();
    delString strdel1 = new
    delString(del.concatStr);
    Console.WriteLine("Enter the string for
    concat");
    string str = Console.ReadLine();
    string str1 = strdel1(str);
    Console.WriteLine("After the
    concotention = " + str1);
    delString str2 = new
    delString(del.reverseStr);
    Console.WriteLine("\n Reverse String = " +
    str2(str1));
    Console.ReadKey();
}
}
```

**Output:-**

```
Enter the string for concat
Yash
After the concotention = Hello Yash

Reverse String = hsaY olleH
```

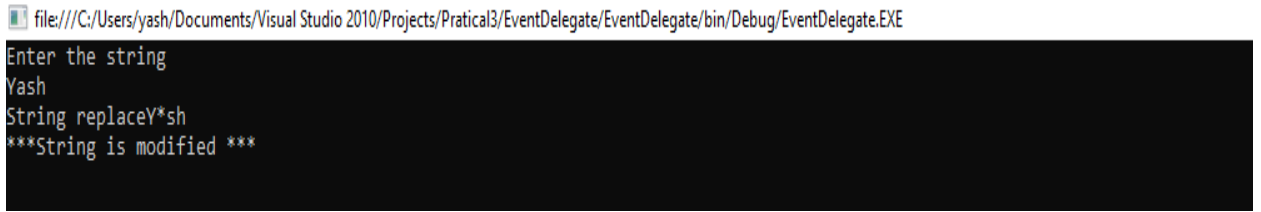
3 Create a program which implements delegate with event model for string modification. Whenever string is modified (by Replace()) fire an event to display a message that is “String is modified”.

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;

namespace EventDelegate
{
    class EventDelegate
    {
        public delegate void delModified();
        public static event delModified modify;
        public static void strChange()
        {
            Console.WriteLine("Enter the string");
            string str = Console.ReadLine();
            Console.WriteLine("String  
replace"+str.Replace("a","*"));
            Console.WriteLine("***String is modified  
***");
        }

        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            EventDelegate eventdel = new  
            EventDelegate();
            modify = new delModified(strChange);
            modify.Invoke();
            Console.ReadKey();
        }
    }
}
```

}

**Output: -**

```
Enter the string
Yash
String replace Y*sh
***String is modified ***
```

4 Create a program which Demonstrate file read and write operation using file stream.

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.IO;
namespace File
{
    class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            string[] names = new string[] { "Yash",
            "xyz", "pqr" };
            using (StreamWriter sw = new
            StreamWriter("file1.txt"))
            {
                foreach (string s in names)
                {
                    sw.WriteLine(s);
                }
            }
            string line = "";
            using (StreamReader sr = new
            StreamReader("file1.txt"))
            {
                while ((line = sr.ReadLine()) != null)
                {
                    Console.WriteLine(line);
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
```



```
if (!EmailValid)
{
    Console.WriteLine("Email is not valid");
}
else
{
    Console.WriteLine("Email id is valid");
}
if (!phoneValid)
{
    Console.WriteLine("Phone is not valid");
}
else
{
    Console.WriteLine("Phone is valid");
}
Console.ReadKey();
}
}
}
```



```
file:///C:/Users/yash/Documents/Visual Studio 2010/Projects/Practical3/RegulareExp/RegulareExp/bin/Debug/RegulareExp.EXE
Enter Email address
yap@gmail.com
Enter phone number
1234567890
Email id is valid
Phone is valid
```