

St Francis Institute of Technology, Mumbai-400 103

Class: SE-ITA/ITB Semester: III; A.Y. 2020-2021

Subject: Java Labs

Title-6: Java Program to implement Exception Handling (Inbuilt and User Defined Exceptions).

1. Aim:

- i. Write a program to demonstrate checked Exception Handling using nested try, catch statements.
- ii. Write a Java Program to Create Account with 1000 Rs Minimum Balance, Deposit Amount, Withdraw Amount and Also Throws LessBalanceException. It has a Class Called LessBalanceException Which returns the Statement that Says WithDraw Amount(_Rs) is Not Valid. It has a Class Which Creates 2 Accounts, Both Account Deposit Money and One Account Tries to WithDraw more Money Which Generates a LessBalanceException. Take Appropriate Action for the Same.

2. Prerequisite: Knowledge of Exception Handling in Java.

3. Requirements: Personal Computer (PC), Windows Operating System, Net beans 8.0.

4. Pre-Experiment Exercise:

Theory:

a. Exception Keyword:

- i. **Throw**- used to throw an exception explicitly. Only object of Throwable class or its sub classes can be thrown. Program execution stops on encountering **throw** statement, and the closest catch statement is checked for matching type of exception.
- ii. **Throws**- Any method that is capable of causing exceptions must list all the exceptions possible during its execution, so that anyone calling that method gets a prior knowledge about which exceptions are to be handled. A method can do so by using the **throws** keyword.
- iii. **Finally**- A finally keyword is used to create a block of code that follows a try block. A finally block of code is always executed whether an exception has occurred or not. Using a finally block, it lets you run any cleanup type statements that you want to execute, no matter what happens in the protected code. A finally block appears at the end of catch block.
- iv. **Try**- The try block contains set of statements where an exception can occur. A try block is always followed by a catch block, which handles the exception that occurs in associated try block. A try block must be followed by catch blocks or finally block or both.
- v. **Catch**- A catch block is where you handle the exceptions; this block must follow the try block. A single try block can have several catch

blocks associated with it. You can catch different exceptions in different catch blocks.

5. Laboratory Exercise

A. Procedure

- i. Open Net beans for Java.
- ii. Open File and Create New Java Project.
- iii. Inside the Java Project rename give name to your Java Class.
- iv. Click on Finish.
- v. Type the Java Code in the opened class.
- vi. Save the code by pressing Ctrl+S.
- vii. Run the code by pressing Shift+F6.

B. Program code with comments:

Write and execute your program code to achieve the given aim and attach it **with your own comments with neat indentation.**

6. Post-Experiments Exercise

A. Extended Theory:

1. Explain the hierarchy of Exception Handling Classes with the help of a diagram.
2. List and explain runtime errors.

B. Results/Observations/Program output:

Present the program input/output results and comment on the same.

C. Questions/Programs:

1. Write a Java Program to calculate the Result. Result should consist of name, seatno, date, centre number and marks of sem-2 examination. Create a user defined exception class MarksOutOfBoundsException, If Entered marks of any subject is greater than 100 or less than 0, and then program should create a user defined Exception of type MarksOutOfBoundsException and must have a provision to handle it.

D. Conclusion:

1. Write what was performed in the experiment/program.
2. What is the significance of experiment/program?
3. Mention few applications of what was studied.

E. References

1. Balguruswamy, "Programming with java A primer", Fifth edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publication.
2. Let Us Java-Yashwant Kanetkar.
3. Learn to Master JAVA, from Star EDU solutions , by ScriptDemics.
4. Java 8 Programming-Black Book,by-Dreamtech Publications.
5. www.programmingsimplified.com
6. www.javatpoint.com
