Criterion-C

There are several modules I have made in a creative way to meet clients needs with accordance to my limited knowledge. Here is a list those modules:

- 1. Word divider
- 2. Room availability
- 3. Security check to change credentials
- 4. Verification of data
- 5. Room booking
- 6. Creating Employee Accounts
- 7. Updating all the database tables
- Word Divider Code:

```
// get room type cost
private void get_RT_cost(String RT)
{
    try
    {
        String sql ="SELECT * FROM `rooms`WHERE `Room_type` = '"+RT+"'";
        PreparedStatement ps = cn.prepareCall(sql);
        ResultSet rs = ps.executeQuery();
        while (rs.next())
        {
            cost each room = rs.getInt("cost_per_night");
            array_of_bookedrooms( room_list,rs.getInt("cost_per_night"),RT);
        }
    }
    catch(SQLException e )
    {
            JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, e);
        }
}
```

During the room choosing process where the user needs to choose the rooms for booking. The program needs to know which rooms are booked already in the given span of the current booking that's being registered. So, it can hide them from the user while making the current selection. To do so we need an array of already booked rooms and then compare it to the list with all the rooms and show only the ones that are not in the already booked rooms.

Therefore, to make an array with already booked room first I make a sting that contains all the booked

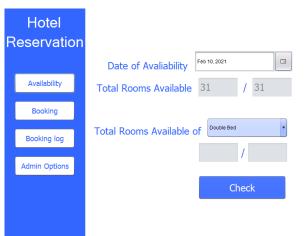
rooms in the current given date span. The rooms are already in string form in the database with a comma after every room number. This will function as an indicator to the program to separate the room numbers individually. The code is iterated twice with a little difference. First it is iterated to get the number of rooms, to initialize the array. Then it is iterated again to separate the words at the comma and insert into the array. This then gives an array with the utility to exclude the rooms in this array from the options of the user. So, no one room can be booked by two different booking instances.

2. Room Availability Code:

```
public void get_totRooms()
    SimpleDateFormat sdf - new SimpleDateFormat("yyyy-MM-dd");
    String date - sdf.format(date
                                               va.getDate());
    long millis-System.currentTimeMillis();
    java.sql.Date today -new java.sql.Date(millis);
    String Today - sdf.format(today);
    int booked rooms-0;
    int tot_rom-0;
    String sql = "SELECT Count('room_no') FROM 'each_room'";
       PreparedStatement ps = cm.prepareStatement(sq1);
ResultSet rs = ps.executeQuery();
            tot_rom -Integer.parseInt(rs.getString("Count('room_no')"));
                              ox.setText(String.valueOf(tot_rom));
    catch(SQLException e )
        JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "not conected " );
    int OS rooms -0;
    String sql = "SELECT Count('room_no') FROM 'each_room' Where'room_in_out_service' = 'Out of Service' ";
        PreparedStatement ps = cm.prepareStatement(sq1);
        while(rs.next())
            OS_rooms - Integer.parseInt(rs.getString("Count('room_no')"));
    catch(SQLException e )
        JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "not conected " );
        PreparedStatement ps = cn.prepareStatement(sq1);
        ResultSet rs - ps.executeQuery();
        while(rs.next())
            String datet = rs.getString("Booked_to");
boolean chl = datef.compareTo(date) <= 0;
            boolean ch2 - datet.compareTo(date) >- 0;
        int ava- 0 ;
ava - tot_rom-(booked_rooms+0S_rooms);
     catch(SQLException e )
        JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "not conected " );
```

First a date is selected and then it is compared to all the bookings. Then if the selected date is within the span of any bookings then the rooms of the bookings are called. For total number of rooms, the total number of rooms in the data base is set in the app. Then, the rooms available can be found by subtracting the booked rooms and out of service rooms from the total number of rooms. This gives us the in service and not booked rooms.

```
private void eachTRoomTypeAva2(String rt,int tot_rom)
    SimpleDateFormat sdf - new SimpleDateFormat("yyyy-MM-dd");
    long millis-System.currentTimeMillis();
   String Today = sdf.format(today);
int booked_rooms=0;
   int OS_rooms= 0;
        PreparedStatement ps = cn.prepareStatement(sq1);
             OS_rooms - Integer.parseInt(rs.getString("Count('room_no')"));
       PreparedStatement ps = cm.prepareStatement(sq1);
            String datef - rs.getString("Booked_from");
           String datet = rs.getString("Booked_to");
boolean chl = datef.compareTo(date) <= 0;
            boolean ch2 = datet.compareTo(date) >= 0;
            if(ch1 && ch2)
                 allRooms = allRooms +rs.getString("Booked_rooms");
        JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null,"3 " );
```



For each room it is a little bit different. Due to the extra constrains that the program needs to check if the room in the booking is from the selected room type. So, the breaking the room code is used here and the array is used to compare and check if the room is from the room type. This is then stored and used in further calculations. The similar concepts like the total rooms are used here also.

```
private void find_room(int tot_room, int out_of_service , String RM, String RT)
  int num_words - 0;
           String t2 -"";
           System.out.println(RM);
           if(RM.equals("")!- true)
           int y = RM.length();
           for(int z=0; z<y; z++)
               String t -RM.substring(z,z+1);
               if(t.equals(","))
                   num_words++;
           String[] list - new String[num_words];
           for(int z=0; z<y; z++)
               String t = RM.substring(z,z+1);
               if(t.equals(","))
           int bookedR- 0;
           for(int coc-0; cocsnum_words; coc++ ){
               System.out.println(list[coc]);
                 String sql = "SELECT * FROM 'each_room' Where 'room_no' = '"+list[coc]+"'";
                  PreparedStatement ps = cm.prepareStatement(sq1);
                  ResultSet rs - ps.executeQuery();
                      String room_t = rs.getString("room_type");
                      if(room_t.equals(RT)){bookedR++;}
               catch(SQLException e)[ System.out.println("3");]
           int ava = tot_room = (out_of_service+bookedR );
           String aval - String.valueOf(ava);
            totalRoomsAvailableOf_textbox.setText(aval);
               totalRoomsAvailableOf_textbox.setText(String.valueOf(tot_room));
```

3. Security check to change credentials Code:

```
public class permission {
    private boolean permission ;
    public void Set_per(boolean per)
    {
        permission = per;
    }
    public boolean Return()
    {
        return permission ;
    }
}
```

The permission class.

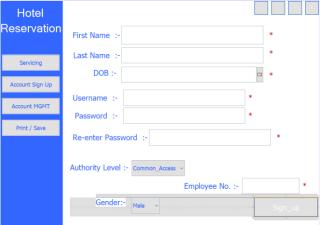
```
permission sl = new permission();
public username_forgot() {
   initComponents();
   this.setLocationRelativeTo(null);
   conection();
   empno_get_question.setVisible(true);
   question_ans.setVisible(false);
   Set_Password.setVisible(false);
}
```

The initialization of the class.

Setting the private variable in the class as true.

Then using the class's set variable as a verification as a precaution to check if the previous step is done. Thus, it serves as a security check.

4. Verification of Data:



The password is entered once in the password field and then again in the "reenter password" in order for the user to be sure of the entered password.

private void accountNote buttonActionPerformed()ava.avt.event.ActionEvent eve) {

// TODO and your handling code here:

String State hase = "";

String state hase = "";

String state hase = "";

String state has = "";

String state of "";

String state of "";

String state of "";

String passwords = string rector, getText();

username = string passwords = "";

state hase = transmant extract, getText();

username = string password, getText();

gassword = string value() (instruction, getText();

string told = string value() (instruction, getText();

string told = string value() (instruction, getText();

gassword = string value() (instruction, getText();

string told = string value() (instruction, getText();

string told = string value() (instruction, getText();

string cold = string value() (instruction, getText();

string cold = string value() (instruction, getText();

string cold = string value() (instruction, getText();

boolean col = (dob.compareTo(Today)>0);

boolean col = (dob.compareTo(Today)>0);

boolean col = string value() (instruction);

string cold = string value() (instruction);

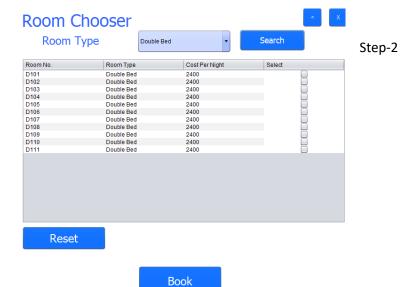
string c

Here is the code for the verification. There is check "C6" which checks the verification of the password.

5. Room Booking:

Booking a room happens in three steps. First is to take in customer credentials and ID photos which is then stored in the data base. Second is the selection of the room, the customer is showed the available rooms of the desired room type and they can select from it. Third the payment is made physically and confirmation pop is displayed. (note: the current version of the application does not contain a E-payment method. This is an improvement criterion for later version

Hotel			Log out	-		
Reservation	First Name			St	tep-1	
Availability	Last Name					
Booking	Date From					
Booking log	Date To					
Admin Options	No.of Adults					
	No.of Children					
	Add Identification	Add				
private void bookConf	firm_buttonActionPerfo	med(java.awt.event.Actio	nEvent evt) {			
String lastname = String datefrom = String datefrom = String datefrom = String datefrom = datefrom = string string rum_datlit // check for miss String c = ""; long millis=Syste java.sql. Date too String Today = sc boolean c1 = firs boolean c2 = last boolean c2 = last boolean c4 = Toda boolean c4 = Toda boolean c3 = dat boolean c5 = num boolean c6 = num boolean c7 = inse f(c1) {error1 in f(c2) {error2 in f(c3) {error3 in f(c4) {error3 in f(c4) {error3 in f(c5) {error4 in f(c5) {error4 in f(c6) {error4 in f(c6) {error4 in f(c6) {error4 in f(c7) {error5 in f(c6) {error4 in f(c6) {error4 in f(c7) {error5 in f(c6) {error4 in f(c7) {error5 in f(c6) {error4 in f(c7) {error5	= firstName_textbox.get = lastName_textbox.get = ""; if.format(dateTrom_date format(dateTrom_date format(today); istname.equals(c); istname.equals(c); istname.equals(c); istname.equals(c); istname.equals(c); istname.equals(c); istname.equals(c); istoname.equals(c); istoname.	<pre>price (); price (); price</pre>	lse && c5==false && c6==	čalse && c7 == fals	ie){ct = true;}	
if (ct)						
{new Booking_choothis.dispose		name,num_children,num_ad	ult,datefrom,dateto,_use	name, image_indent	offication, cn).setVisik	ole(true);



```
//Get the table model and reffer it to the table in the booking choose_room pane
DefaultTableModel model = (DefaultTableModel) roomChooser_table.getModel();
//Array to hold the booked rooms
String(] RoomNos = new String(model.getRowCount()) ;
int count=0;
//Cycle through the displayed table and check whihe rooms are chosen
while (model.getRowCount() > 0)
{
    if (model.getRowCount() > 0)
}

String t = String.valueOf(cost_sach_room);
int costEachRoom = Integer.parseInt(t);
int Total_cost = costEachRoom*count;
// check if the count > 0, as that will signify that there are rooms chosen to book if not then a error is displayed
if(count > 0) {
    new booking_confirm( Booked_by_firstname,_Booked_by_lastname,_childetE,_sach!URO,_Booked_from,_Booked_to_RoomNos,Total_cost,count,image_indentification,_cm).setVisible(true);
}
else
{
    Error_roomNoSelect.setVisible(true);
}
```

Step-3

Total Cost :- 4800

Book

6. Creating an employee account:

Creating an employee account requires employee's details, then a security question setup is needed. Lastly a pop-up display if the data was submitted or not.

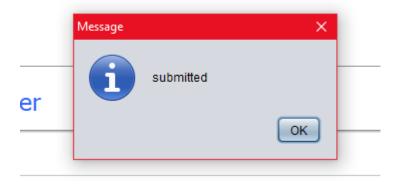
Hotel	8 8 8 8					
Reservation	First Name :-					
Servicing	Last Name :-					
Account Sign Up Account MGMT Print / Save	DOB :-					
	Username :-					
	Password :-					
	Re-enter Password :-					
	Authority Level :- Common_Access •					
	Employee No. :-					
	Gender:- Sign_up					

```
rivate void accountMake_buttonActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {
  String first_name = "";
  String last_name = "";
  String username = "";
  String password = "";
   String authority_level = "";
  String gender = "";
String empNo = "";
  String dob = "";
   String passwordRe = "";
  SimpleDateFormat sdf = new SimpleDateFormat("yyyy-MM-dd");
  first_name = firstName_textbox.getText();
last_name = lastName_textbox.getText();
  username = username_textbox.getText();
password = password_textbox.getText();
  authority_level = String.valueOf(authorityLevel_combobox.getSelectedItem());
  gender = String.valueOf(gender_comb
                                               box.getSelectedItem());
  empNo = employeeNo_textbox.getText();
  dob = sdf.format(dob_datechooser.getDate());}
   catch(NullPointerException e) {System.out.println(e);}
   passwordRe = passwordRe ta
                                       x.getText();
   long millis=System.currentTimeMillis();
   java.sql.Date today =new java.sql.Date(millis);
   String Today = sdf.format(today);
  String check = "";
   boolean c0 = (dob.compareTo(Today)>0);
   boolean c01 = dob.equals("");
   boolean cl = first_name.equals(check);
  boolean c2 = last_name.equals(check);
  boolean c3 = username.equals(check);
  boolean c4 = password.equals(check);
  boolean c5 = empNo.equals(check);
  boolean c6 = password.equals(passwordRe);
  if (first_name.equals(check)){error1 lable.setVisible(true);}
if (last_name.equals(check)){error2_lable.setVisible(true);}
if (username.equals(check)){error4_lable.setVisible(true);}
if (password.equals(check)){error5_lable.setVisible(true);}
   if (empNo.equals(check)) {error
                                     or7_lable.setVisible(true);}
   if (c0) {error3_lable.setVisible(true);}
if (c01) {error3_lable.setVisible(true);}
                                lable.setVisible(true);}
   if (cl==false && c2==false && c3==false && c4==false && c5==false && c0 == false && c6 == true )
   {error_disable(); do
                                        ser.setDate(null);
   new Security_questions(first_name, last_name, username, password, authority_level,gender,empNo ,dob,passwordRe, on).setVisible(true);
```



Submit

```
// get data from textboxes
String question = Question.getText();
String Ans = Answer.getText();
// check data
boolean cl = question.equals("");
boolean c2 = Ans.equals("");
// Display error
if (cl) {Errorl.setVisible(true);}
if (c2) {Error2.setVisible(true);}
//
if (c1 == false && c2 == false )
{
    dataInput(First_name , Last_name , Username, Password , Authority_level , Gender , EmpNo, Dob , PasswordRe , question, Ans);
    System.out.println("3");
}
```



7. Updating all the database tables:

```
package loop;
import java.sql.*;
import java.text.SimpleDateFormat;
public class get_set_data {
 public Connection on =null;
  public Statement st = null;
  public void main(Connection con) {
    //conection();
    cn = con;
    checkBooking();
}
```

Daily updates need to be made to the application as it is opened. This necessary as the auto unbooking system is in place to free up rooms for later rebooking the room under new customers. For this the update needs to happen on a frequency of daily bases.

```
private void checkBooking()
       String sql = "SELECT * FROM 'bookings'";
       PreparedStatement ps = cn.prepareStatement(sql);
       ResultSet rs = ps.executeQuery();
        while (rs.next())
           String booking_stat = rs.getString("stat");
           if(booking_stat.equals("yet"))
               String booked_date_from = rs.getDate("Booked_from").toString();
               String booked_date_to = rs.getDate("Booked_to").toString();
               SimpleDateFormat sdf = new SimpleDateFormat("yyyy-MM-dd");
               long millis=System.currentTimeMillis();
               java.sql.Date today =new java.sql.Date(millis);
               String Today = sdf.format(today);
               String fn = rs.getString("Booked_by_firstname");
               String ln = rs.getString("Booked_by_lastname");
                boolean c1 = booked_date_from.compareTo(Today) <= 0;</pre>
               boolean c2 = booked_date_to.compareTo(Today) >= 0;
               System.out.println(c1+" "+c2);
                if(c1 == true && c2 == true)
                    break_rooms(rs.getString("Booked_rooms"),true, rs.getString("Ind_book"),fn,ln,booked_date_from,booked_date_to);
               if(c1 == true && c2 == false)
                   break_rooms(rs.getString("Booked_rooms"),false, rs.getString("Ind_book"),fn,ln,booked_date_from,booked_date_to);
   catch(SQLException e )
       System.out.print("1");
```

This method takes in all the booked rooms of the booking and break it down in order to perform separate updates on each room.

```
private void break_rooms(String rooms, boolean check, String booking_ind, String fn, String ln, String bf, String bt)
    String rm = rooms;
           int num_words = 0;
           int y = rm.length();
           for(int s=0; s<y; s++)
               String t =rm.substring(s,s+1);
               if(t.equals(","))
                   num_words++;
           String[] list = new String[num_words];
           String t2 ="";
           int ct = 0;
           for(int s=0; s<y; s++)
               String t = rm.substring(s,s+1);
               if(t.equals(","))
                   list[ct] = t2;
                   ct++;
                   t2 ="";
                   t2 = t2+t ;
                   set_occupy(list,num_words,booking_ind,fn,ln,bf,bt);
                if(check == false)
                   System.out.println("here");
                   set_vacant(list,num_words);
           //set stat of a booking been cause today has passed the span of booked dates
           if(check == false)
                set_booking_been(booking_ind);
```

These are the separate updates that will be performed on each according to the output of the last method.

```
ivate void set_occupy(String[] room,int num, String booking_ind, String first_name, String last_name, String bookfrom, String bookf
     System.out.println(room[0]);
         String sql ="UPDATE `each_room` SET `room_occupancy`='Occupied', `booked_from'= '"+bookfrom+"', `booked_to`='"+bookto+"',"

+ "'Booked_by_firstname`='"+first_name
+"', `Booked_by_lastname'='"+last_name+"', `Related_bookingIndex`='"+booking_ind+"' WHERE `room_no` ='"+room[s]+"'";

PreparedStatement ps = cn.prepareStatement(sql);
         int rs = ps.executeUpdate();
     catch(SQLException e)
        System.out.print("2");
private void set_vacant(String []room, int num)
     System.out.println(num);
     for(int s=0 ; s<num; s++) {</pre>
         String sql ="UPDATE 'each_room' SET 'room_occupancy'='Vacant', 'booked_from'= null, 'booked_to'=null, 'Booked_by_firstname'='',"
+ "`Booked_by_lastname'='', 'Related_bookingIndex'='' WHERE 'room_no' = '"
+room[s]+"'";
          PreparedStatement ps = on.prepareStatement(sql);
          int rs = ps.executeUpdate();
     catch(SQLException e )
        System.out.print("3");
private void set_booking_been(String booking_ind)
         String sql ="UPDATE `bookings` SET `stat`='been' WHERE `Ind_book` = '"+booking_ind+"'";
          PreparedStatement ps = on.prepareStatement(sql);
          int rs = ps.executeUpdate();
     catch(SOLException e )
        System.out.print("4");
```

I have also made use of additional libraries. Here is a list of the libraries I used:

- Jdatepicker- 1.3.4
- Sqlite-jdbc 3.7.2