

Energy Efficient Model

Importing dependencies

```
In [ ]: import pandas as pd
import glob
import os
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
import joblib
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Input, LSTM, Dense
from tensorflow.keras.models import Model, Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
```

Attaching storage which contains NYISO Data

```
In [ ]: # fetch data from drive
from google.colab import drive

# Mount Google Drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
```

Mounted at /content/drive

Process Energy Hourly Rates Data

```
In [ ]: dir_path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/energy_prices/'

# List all subdirectories in the main directory
sub_dirs = [os.path.join(dir_path, sub_dir) for sub_dir in os.listdir(dir_path)]

# Initialize an empty list to hold DataFrames
data_frames = []

# Loop through each subdirectory and read CSV files
for sub_dir in sub_dirs:
    csv_files = glob.glob(os.path.join(sub_dir, '*.csv'))
    for file in csv_files:
        df = pd.read_csv(file)
        data_frames.append(df)

# Concatenate all DataFrames into a single DataFrame
all_data = pd.concat(data_frames, ignore_index=True)

# Convert 'Time Stamp' column to datetime
all_data['Time Stamp'] = pd.to_datetime(all_data['Time Stamp'])
```

```
# Ensure the numeric columns are converted to numeric types, coercing errors
all_data['LBMP ($/MWhr)'] = pd.to_numeric(all_data['LBMP ($/MWhr)'], errors=
all_data['Marginal Cost Losses ($/MWhr)'] = pd.to_numeric(all_data['Marginal
all_data['Marginal Cost Congestion ($/MWhr)'] = pd.to_numeric(all_data['Marg

# Get the first few rows of the combined DataFrame
print(all_data.head())
```

	Time Stamp	Name	PTID	LBMP (\$/MWhr)	Marginal Cost Losses (\$/MWhr)	\
0	2024-06-01	CAPITL	61757	21.85	0.82	
1	2024-06-01	CENTRL	61754	21.03	0.00	
2	2024-06-01	DUNWOD	61760	22.18	1.16	
3	2024-06-01	GENESE	61753	20.61	-0.42	
4	2024-06-01	H Q	61844	21.03	0.00	

	Marginal Cost Congestion (\$/MWhr)
0	0.0
1	0.0
2	0.0
3	0.0
4	0.0

Filter Energy Hourly Rates Data and Convert to Numpy Array

```
In [ ]: # Filter out rows where Name is not 'N.Y.C.'
nyc_data = all_data[all_data['Name'] == 'N.Y.C.'].copy()

# Get the unique days in the dataset
unique_days = nyc_data['Time Stamp'].dt.date.unique()

# Initialize a list to store the hourly rates for each day
hourly_rates_list = []

# Loop over each day
for day in unique_days:
    # Filter data for the current day
    daily_data = nyc_data[nyc_data['Time Stamp'].dt.date == day].copy()

    # Combine the columns into a single LBMP column
    daily_data['Total LBMP ($/MWhr)'] = (
        daily_data['LBMP ($/MWhr)'] +
        daily_data['Marginal Cost Losses ($/MWhr)'] +
        daily_data['Marginal Cost Congestion ($/MWhr)']
    )

    # Drop rows with NaN values in the 'Total LBMP ($/MWhr)' column
    daily_data = daily_data.dropna(subset=['Total LBMP ($/MWhr)'])

    # Select only the 'Time Stamp' and 'Total LBMP ($/MWhr)' columns
    daily_data = daily_data[['Time Stamp', 'Total LBMP ($/MWhr)']]

    # Create a matrix for the current day's hourly rates
    hourly_rates = daily_data.set_index('Time Stamp').resample('H').mean()['

# Ensure the hourly rates have 24 samples, fill missing values if necess
```

```

if len(hourly_rates) < 24:
    hourly_rates = np.pad(hourly_rates, (0, 24 - len(hourly_rates)), 'cc')

# Store the matrix in the list
hourly_rates_list.append(hourly_rates)

# Convert the list to a NumPy array
hourly_rates = np.array(hourly_rates_list)

print(hourly_rates.shape)

```

(547, 24)

Process Numpy Array

```

In [ ]: # Identify NaNs in hourly_rates
nan_indices = np.where(np.isnan(hourly_rates))
print("NaN indices in hourly_rates:", nan_indices)

# Interpolate to fill NaNs in hourly_rates
hourly_rates = pd.DataFrame(hourly_rates).interpolate(axis=1).values

# Verify no NaNs in hourly_rates after interpolation
print("NaNs in hourly_rates after interpolation:", np.isnan(hourly_rates).sum())

```

NaN indices in hourly_rates: (array([100, 285]), array([2, 2]))

NaNs in hourly_rates after interpolation: 0

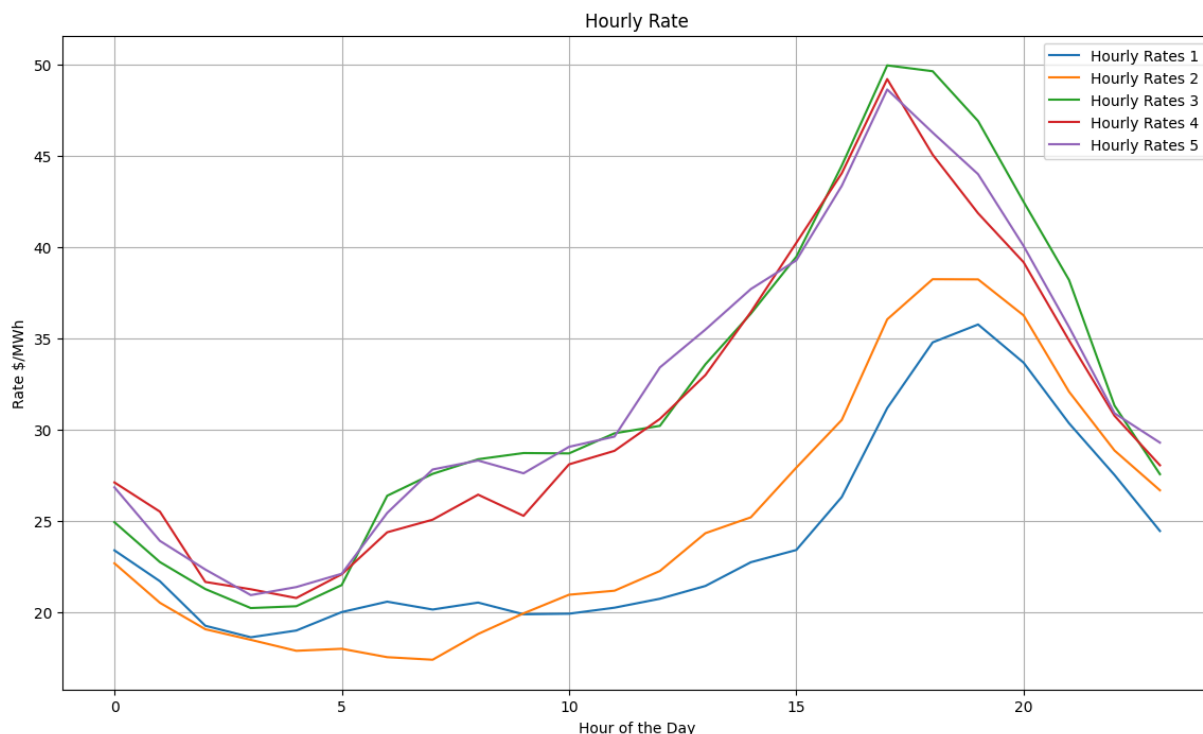
Energy Hourly Rates plot for NYC

```

In [ ]: # Plot a few of the hourly rates
num_profiles_to_plot = 5

plt.figure(figsize=(14, 8))
for i in range(num_profiles_to_plot):
    plt.plot(hourly_rates[i], label=f'Hourly Rates {i+1}')
plt.xlabel('Hour of the Day')
plt.ylabel('Rate $/MWh')
plt.title('Hourly Rate')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()

```



Generate Training Output Data using energy rate convexity algorithm

```
In [ ]: # Number of days
num_days = hourly_rates.shape[0]

# Initialize a matrix to store the charging profiles
charging_profiles = np.zeros((num_days, 24))

# Loop through each day's hourly rates
for i in range(num_days):
    i_hourly_rates = hourly_rates[i, :]

    # Random total energy required (kWh) and curtailment power
    total_energy = np.random.uniform(30, 70) # Random energy between 10 and 70
    curtailment_power = np.random.uniform(3, 5) # Random curtailment power

    # Check if total_energy can be met with the given curtailment power
    max_possible_energy = curtailment_power * len(i_hourly_rates)

    if max_possible_energy < total_energy:
        raise ValueError(f'Total energy requirement cannot be met with the g

    # Create a DataFrame for easier manipulation
    df = pd.DataFrame({'Hour': range(24), 'Rate': i_hourly_rates})

    # Sort the DataFrame by the rates
    df = df.sort_values('Rate')

    # Calculate the fraction of total energy to be allocated to each hour
    df['Energy Fraction'] = (1 / df['Rate']) / (1 / df['Rate']).sum()
```

```

# Calculate the actual energy to be allocated to each hour without curtailment
df['Allocated Energy (kWh)'] = df['Energy Fraction'] * total_energy

# Apply curtailment: limit the charging power to the curtailment power
df['Curtailed Energy (kWh)'] = np.minimum(df['Allocated Energy (kWh)'],

# Calculate the total curtailed energy
curtailed_energy = df['Allocated Energy (kWh)'].sum() - df['Curtailed Energy (kWh)'].sum()

# Distribute the curtailed energy to non-peak hours
non_peak_hours = df['Curtailed Energy (kWh)'] < curtailment_power
df.loc[non_peak_hours, 'Curtailed Energy (kWh)'] += df.loc[non_peak_hours, 'Allocated Energy (kWh)']

# Ensure total energy meets the requirement
total_curtailed_energy = df['Curtailed Energy (kWh)'].sum()
adjustment_factor = total_energy / total_curtailed_energy
df['Curtailed Energy (kWh)'] *= adjustment_factor

# Sort the DataFrame back by hour to get the charging profile in chronological order
df = df.sort_values('Hour')

# Get the charging profile and store it in the matrix
charging_profiles[i, :] = df['Curtailed Energy (kWh)'].values

# Print the resulting matrix of charging profiles
print("Charging Profiles:")
print(charging_profiles)

```

Charging Profiles:

```

[[1.90066238 2.04868631 2.30822913 ... 1.46479384 1.61542489 1.81826147]
 [1.79352896 1.98232148 2.1330486 ... 1.26799367 1.40946767 1.52463406]
 [1.70156105 1.86461174 1.99435435 ... 1.11046903 1.35440348 1.53918422]
 ...
 [2.68236492 2.84863422 2.86494319 ... 2.30780973 2.30426743 2.26829045]
 [2.50663633 2.62910032 2.68811585 ... 2.86665895 2.97915573 2.88025422]
 [2.31271354 2.38709656 2.70397663 ... 4.26492483 4.52992317 4.24529664]]

```

Process Output Data

```

In [ ]: # Identify NaNs in real_profiles
nan_indices = np.where(np.isnan(charging_profiles))
print("NaN indices in real_profiles:", nan_indices)

# Interpolate to fill NaNs in real_profiles
real_profiles = pd.DataFrame(charging_profiles).interpolate(axis=1).values

# Verify no NaNs in real_profiles after interpolation
print("NaNs in real_profiles after interpolation:", np.isnan(charging_profiles).any())

```

NaN indices in real_profiles: (array([], dtype=int64), array([], dtype=int64))

NaNs in real_profiles after interpolation: 0

Hourly Rates and Training Energy Profiles Plot

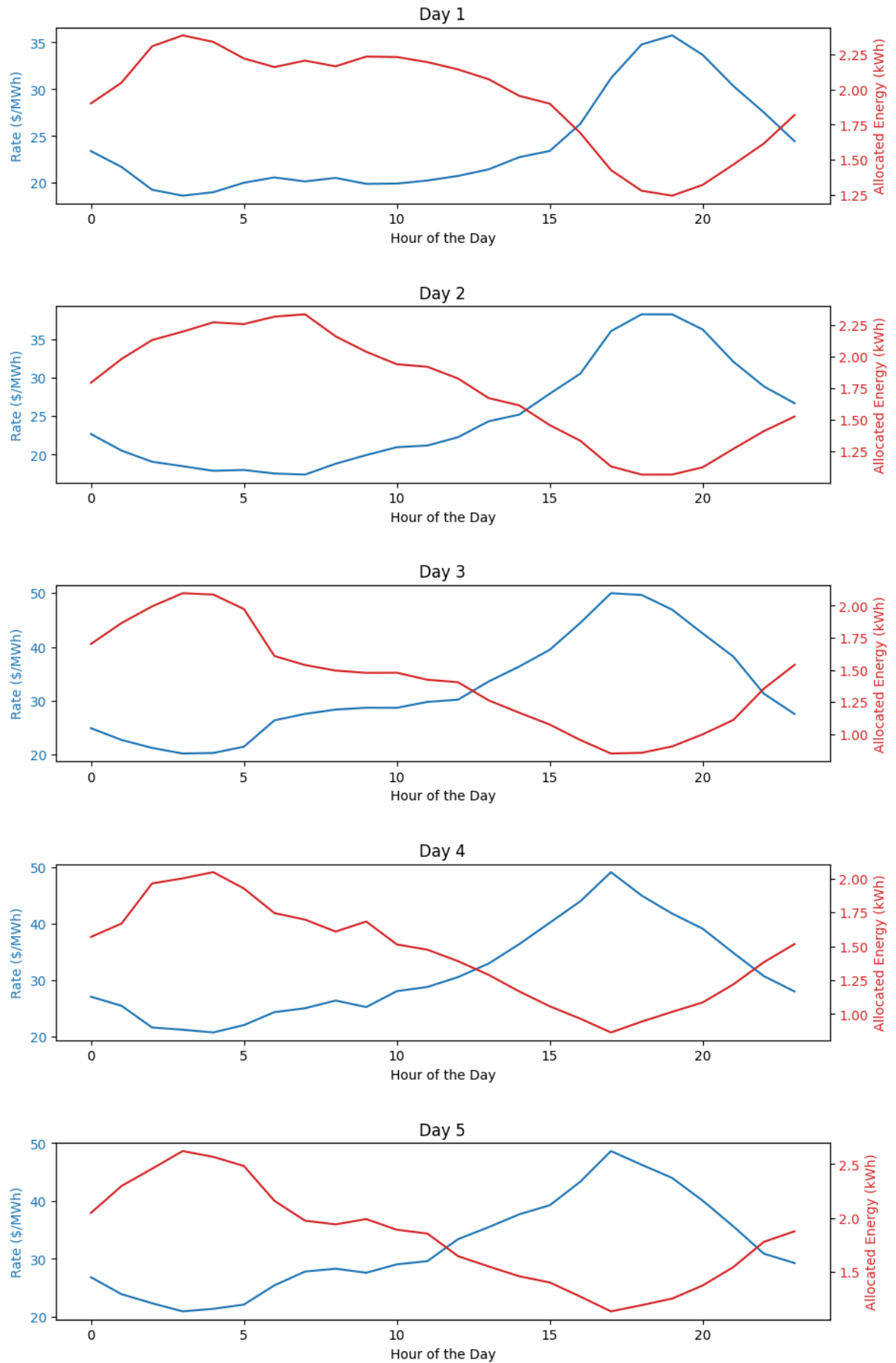
```
In [ ]: # Plot a few of the charging profiles and hourly rates
days_to_plot = 5 # Number of days to plot
fig, axs = plt.subplots(days_to_plot, 1, figsize=(10, 15))

for i in range(days_to_plot):
    ax1 = axs[i]
    ax1.set_xlabel('Hour of the Day')
    ax1.set_ylabel('Rate ($/MWh)', color='tab:blue')
    ax1.plot(range(24), hourly_rates[i, :], color='tab:blue', label='Hourly')
    ax1.tick_params(axis='y', labelcolor='tab:blue')

    ax2 = ax1.twinx()
    ax2.set_ylabel('Allocated Energy (kWh)', color='tab:red')
    ax2.plot(range(24), charging_profiles[i, :], color='tab:red', label='Charging')
    ax2.tick_params(axis='y', labelcolor='tab:red')

    ax1.set_title(f'Day {i+1}')
    fig.tight_layout(pad=3.0)

plt.show()
```



Data Preparation for Training Model

```
In [ ]: # Training data preparation (dummy data for illustration)
batch_size = 10
num_samples = hourly_rates.shape[0]

# Training data preparation
total_energy_values = np.random.uniform(30, 70, (num_days, 1)) # Total energy
curtailment_values = np.random.uniform(3, 5, (num_days, 1)) # Curtailment p

# Normalize input data
scaler_hourly_rates = MinMaxScaler()
scaler_total_energy = MinMaxScaler()
scaler_curtailment = MinMaxScaler()

# Fit and transform the hourly rates
hourly_rates_normalized = scaler_hourly_rates.fit_transform(hourly_rates)

# Fit and transform total energy and curtailment values
total_energy_values_normalized = scaler_total_energy.fit_transform(total_ene
curtailment_values_normalized = scaler_curtailment.fit_transform(curtailment

input_data_normalized = np.hstack((hourly_rates_normalized, total_energy_val

# Check for NaNs after normalization
print(np.isnan(input_data_normalized).sum())

# Real charging profiles (dummy data for illustration)
real_profiles = charging_profiles

scaler_real_profiles = MinMaxScaler()
real_profiles_normalized = scaler_real_profiles.fit_transform(real_profiles)

# Check for NaNs after normalization
print(np.isnan(real_profiles_normalized).sum())

# Print the shapes of the input data and real profiles to verify
print("Shape of input data:", input_data_normalized.shape)
print("Shape of real profiles:", real_profiles_normalized.shape)

# Save scalers
joblib.dump(scaler_hourly_rates, '/content/drive/MyDrive/energy_model/scaler
joblib.dump(scaler_total_energy, '/content/drive/MyDrive/energy_model/scaler
joblib.dump(scaler_curtailment, '/content/drive/MyDrive/energy_model/scaler_
joblib.dump(scaler_real_profiles, '/content/drive/MyDrive/energy_model/scale

0
0
Shape of input data: (547, 26)
Shape of real profiles: (547, 24)

Out[ ]: ['content/drive/MyDrive/energy_model/scaler_real_profiles.pkl']
```

Model Training


```
In [ ]: # Reshape data for LSTM
X_train = input_data_normalized.reshape((input_data_normalized.shape[0], 1,
y_train = real_profiles_normalized

# Define the LSTM model with regularization
model = Sequential()
model.add(LSTM(128, input_shape=(X_train.shape[1], X_train.shape[2]), return_sequences=True))
model.add(LSTM(64, return_sequences=False, dropout=0.2, recurrent_dropout=0.2))
model.add(Dense(24, activation='linear'))

# Compile the model
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='mean_squared_error')

# Early Stopping Callback
early_stopping = EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patience=10, restore_best_weights=True)

# Train the model
history = model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=100, batch_size=32, validation_data=(X_test, y_test),
                    callbacks=[early_stopping])

# Plot training & validation loss values
plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('Model loss')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.legend(['Train', 'Validation'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()
```

```
Epoch 1/100
14/14 [=====] - 7s 52ms/step - loss: 0.1547 - val_loss: 0.1371
Epoch 2/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.1052 - val_loss: 0.0672
Epoch 3/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0526 - val_loss: 0.0312
Epoch 4/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 11ms/step - loss: 0.0329 - val_loss: 0.0265
Epoch 5/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0290 - val_loss: 0.0251
Epoch 6/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 0.0261 - val_loss: 0.0244
Epoch 7/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0246 - val_loss: 0.0241
Epoch 8/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 11ms/step - loss: 0.0241 - val_loss: 0.0238
Epoch 9/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0241 - val_loss: 0.0236
Epoch 10/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 0.0229 - val_loss: 0.0235
Epoch 11/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 13ms/step - loss: 0.0231 - val_loss: 0.0232
Epoch 12/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0214 - val_loss: 0.0231
Epoch 13/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0214 - val_loss: 0.0231
Epoch 14/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0217 - val_loss: 0.0230
Epoch 15/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0219 - val_loss: 0.0230
Epoch 16/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 8ms/step - loss: 0.0212 - val_loss: 0.0229
Epoch 17/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0209 - val_loss: 0.0229
Epoch 18/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 11ms/step - loss: 0.0209 - val_loss: 0.0229
Epoch 19/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 0.0210 - val_loss: 0.0210
```

```
oss: 0.0229
Epoch 20/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 0.0209 - val_l
oss: 0.0228
Epoch 21/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 0.0208 - val_l
oss: 0.0229
Epoch 22/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0207 - val_lo
ss: 0.0229
Epoch 23/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0206 - val_lo
ss: 0.0229
Epoch 24/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0207 - val_lo
ss: 0.0229
Epoch 25/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 13ms/step - loss: 0.0207 - val_l
oss: 0.0229
Epoch 26/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 0.0206 - val_l
oss: 0.0229
Epoch 27/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 11ms/step - loss: 0.0203 - val_l
oss: 0.0228
Epoch 28/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0205 - val_lo
ss: 0.0228
Epoch 29/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0208 - val_lo
ss: 0.0228
Epoch 30/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0205 - val_lo
ss: 0.0229
Epoch 31/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0206 - val_lo
ss: 0.0229
Epoch 32/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0202 - val_l
oss: 0.0227
Epoch 33/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0201 - val_lo
ss: 0.0227
Epoch 34/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0199 - val_lo
ss: 0.0227
Epoch 35/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 0.0200 - val_l
oss: 0.0224
Epoch 36/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 0.0199 - val_l
oss: 0.0225
Epoch 37/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 0.0200 - val_l
oss: 0.0225
Epoch 38/100
```

```
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0198 - val_loss: 0.0223
Epoch 39/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 13ms/step - loss: 0.0198 - val_loss: 0.0223
Epoch 40/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 0.0196 - val_loss: 0.0224
Epoch 41/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 0.0196 - val_loss: 0.0221
Epoch 42/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 0.0193 - val_loss: 0.0221
Epoch 43/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0193 - val_loss: 0.0218
Epoch 44/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0193 - val_loss: 0.0218
Epoch 45/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 17ms/step - loss: 0.0194 - val_loss: 0.0217
Epoch 46/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 17ms/step - loss: 0.0194 - val_loss: 0.0217
Epoch 47/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 17ms/step - loss: 0.0189 - val_loss: 0.0216
Epoch 48/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 15ms/step - loss: 0.0193 - val_loss: 0.0215
Epoch 49/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 15ms/step - loss: 0.0191 - val_loss: 0.0215
Epoch 50/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 16ms/step - loss: 0.0192 - val_loss: 0.0214
Epoch 51/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 17ms/step - loss: 0.0189 - val_loss: 0.0213
Epoch 52/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 17ms/step - loss: 0.0188 - val_loss: 0.0211
Epoch 53/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 17ms/step - loss: 0.0191 - val_loss: 0.0211
Epoch 54/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 20ms/step - loss: 0.0191 - val_loss: 0.0210
Epoch 55/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 16ms/step - loss: 0.0191 - val_loss: 0.0210
Epoch 56/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 17ms/step - loss: 0.0188 - val_loss: 0.0210
```

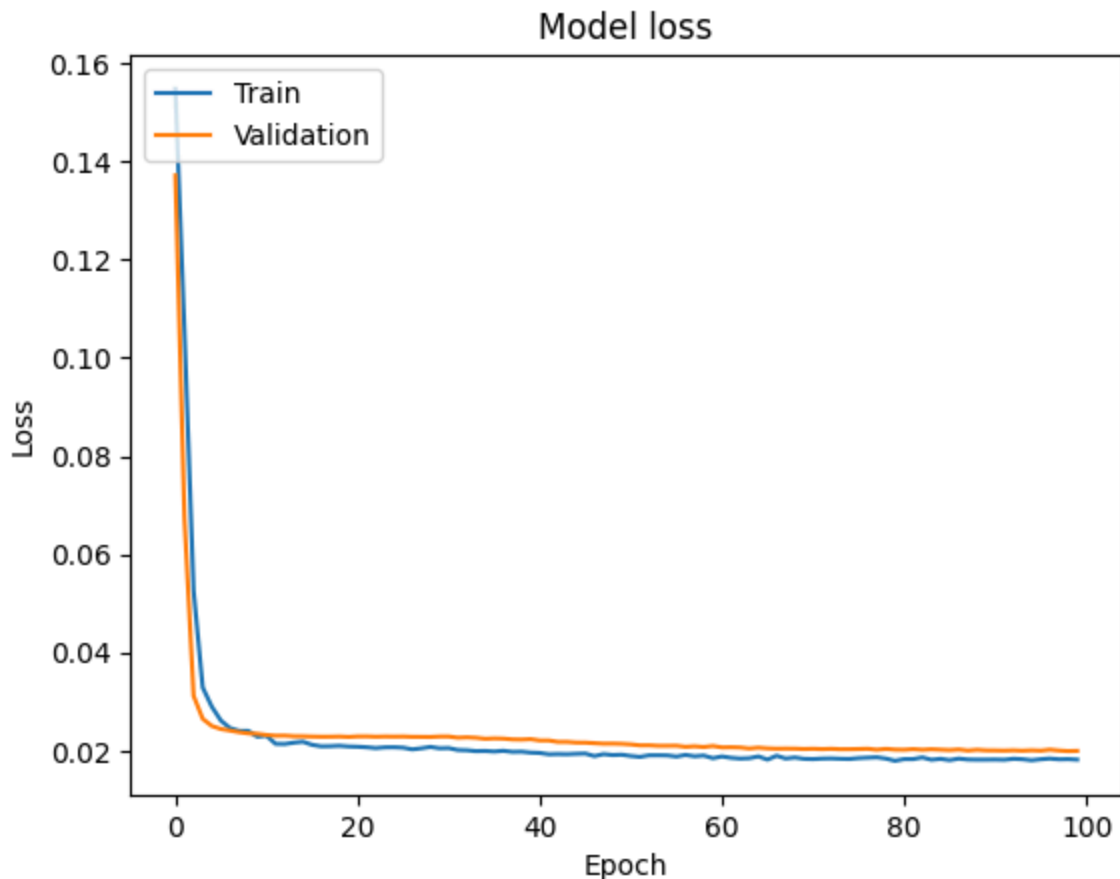
```
Epoch 57/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 17ms/step - loss: 0.0192 - val_loss: 0.0208
Epoch 58/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 18ms/step - loss: 0.0189 - val_loss: 0.0209
Epoch 59/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 16ms/step - loss: 0.0190 - val_loss: 0.0208
Epoch 60/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 19ms/step - loss: 0.0185 - val_loss: 0.0210
Epoch 61/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 17ms/step - loss: 0.0189 - val_loss: 0.0207
Epoch 62/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 18ms/step - loss: 0.0186 - val_loss: 0.0207
Epoch 63/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 0.0184 - val_loss: 0.0207
Epoch 64/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0185 - val_loss: 0.0205
Epoch 65/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 0.0189 - val_loss: 0.0206
Epoch 66/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 11ms/step - loss: 0.0182 - val_loss: 0.0205
Epoch 67/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 0.0190 - val_loss: 0.0204
Epoch 68/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0184 - val_loss: 0.0205
Epoch 69/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0186 - val_loss: 0.0204
Epoch 70/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 0.0184 - val_loss: 0.0204
Epoch 71/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0183 - val_loss: 0.0204
Epoch 72/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 0.0184 - val_loss: 0.0203
Epoch 73/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 0.0185 - val_loss: 0.0204
Epoch 74/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0184 - val_loss: 0.0203
Epoch 75/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 13ms/step - loss: 0.0183 - val_loss:
```

```
oss: 0.0203
Epoch 76/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0185 - val_loss: 0.0204
Epoch 77/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0186 - val_loss: 0.0204
Epoch 78/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 0.0187 - val_loss: 0.0202
Epoch 79/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 0.0184 - val_loss: 0.0204
Epoch 80/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 11ms/step - loss: 0.0180 - val_loss: 0.0202
Epoch 81/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0183 - val_loss: 0.0202
Epoch 82/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0183 - val_loss: 0.0203
Epoch 83/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0187 - val_loss: 0.0202
Epoch 84/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0182 - val_loss: 0.0203
Epoch 85/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 11ms/step - loss: 0.0184 - val_loss: 0.0202
Epoch 86/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0181 - val_loss: 0.0202
Epoch 87/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 11ms/step - loss: 0.0184 - val_loss: 0.0203
Epoch 88/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 0.0182 - val_loss: 0.0201
Epoch 89/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 11ms/step - loss: 0.0182 - val_loss: 0.0202
Epoch 90/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0182 - val_loss: 0.0201
Epoch 91/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0182 - val_loss: 0.0201
Epoch 92/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0182 - val_loss: 0.0200
Epoch 93/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0184 - val_loss: 0.0201
Epoch 94/100
```

```

14/14 [=====] - 0s 11ms/step - loss: 0.0183 - val_loss: 0.0200
Epoch 95/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 11ms/step - loss: 0.0181 - val_loss: 0.0201
Epoch 96/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0183 - val_loss: 0.0200
Epoch 97/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0184 - val_loss: 0.0202
Epoch 98/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 0.0183 - val_loss: 0.0201
Epoch 99/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0183 - val_loss: 0.0199
Epoch 100/100
14/14 [=====] - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 0.0182 - val_loss: 0.0200

```



Model Inference

```

In [ ]: # Generate a new charging profile based on input data
new_hourly_rates = np.array([22.21, 20.66, 18.35, 17.75, 18.14, 19.08, 19.66])
new_total_energy = np.array([50]) # Random total energy between 30 and 70
new_curtailment_limit = np.array([3]) # Random curtailment power between

```

```

new_hourly_rates_normalized = scaler_hourly_rates.transform(new_hourly_rates)
new_total_energy_normalized = scaler_total_energy.transform(new_total_energy)
new_curtailment_limit_normalized = scaler_curtailment.transform(new_curtailment_limit)

new_input_normalized = np.hstack((new_hourly_rates_normalized, new_total_energy_normalized, new_curtailment_limit_normalized))
new_input_reshaped = new_input_normalized.reshape((new_input_normalized.shape[0], new_input_normalized.shape[1]))

# Generate the charging profile
generated_profile_normalized = model.predict(new_input_reshaped)
generated_profile = scaler_real_profiles.inverse_transform(generated_profile_normalized)

print("Generated Charging Profile:\n", generated_profile)

```

1/1 [=====] - 0s 19ms/step

Generated Charging Profile:

```

[[2.2151136 2.4278884 2.5570025 2.6388474 2.6065881 2.4074996 2.125495
 2.0174513 1.908136 1.9176843 1.9238529 1.9549723 1.9934498 1.9964244
 2.0390773 2.0503511 1.9470215 1.7433889 1.6044722 1.4942234 1.554036
 1.723802 1.9003501 2.012805 ]]

```

Verify Model

```

In [ ]: total_generated_energy = 0

for energy in generated_profile[0]:
    total_generated_energy += energy

print(f"Total generated energy: {total_generated_energy:.2f} kWh")

if np.isclose(total_generated_energy, new_total_energy[0][0]):
    print("Generated profile matches the total energy requirement.")
else:
    print("Generated profile does not match the total energy requirement.")

```

Total generated energy: 48.76 kWh

Generated profile does not match the total energy requirement.

Predicted Energy Profile Plot

```

In [ ]: # Create a figure and a set of subplots
fig, ax1 = plt.subplots(figsize=(14, 8))

# Plot the hourly rates on the first axis
ax1.set_xlabel('Hour of the Day')
ax1.set_ylabel('Rate ($/MWh)', color='tab:blue')
ax1.plot(range(24), new_hourly_rates[0], color='tab:blue', label='Hourly Rate')
ax1.tick_params(axis='y', labelcolor='tab:blue')

# Create a twin Axes sharing the xaxis for the charging profile
ax2 = ax1.twinx()
ax2.set_ylabel('Allocated Energy (kWh)', color='tab:red')
ax2.plot(range(24), generated_profile[0], color='tab:red', label='Generated Energy')
ax2.tick_params(axis='y', labelcolor='tab:red')

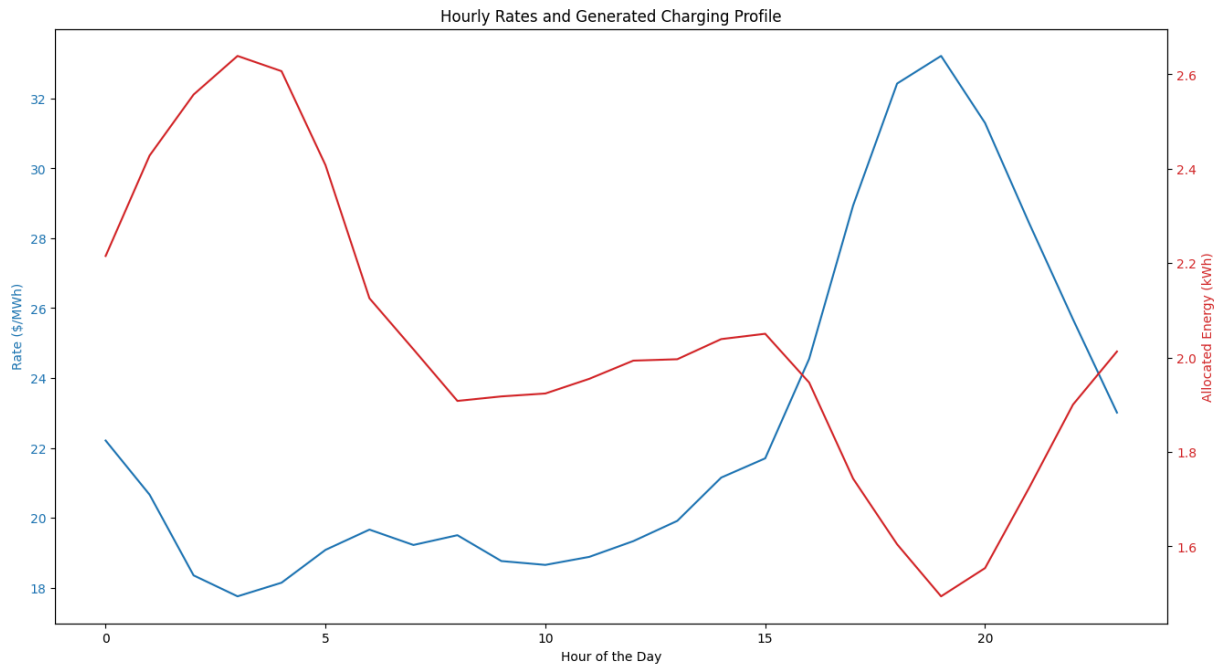
# Add a title and layout adjustments

```



```
ax1.set_title('Hourly Rates and Generated Charging Profile')
fig.tight_layout(pad=3.0)

# Show the plot
plt.show()
```



Fix Predicted Energy Profile

```
In [ ]: def adjust_profile_to_total_energy(profile, total_energy):
        profile_sum = profile.sum()
        if not np.isclose(profile_sum, total_energy):
            adjustment_factor = total_energy / profile_sum
            profile *= adjustment_factor
        return profile

# Adjust the generated profile
generated_profile_adjusted = adjust_profile_to_total_energy(generated_profile, 50.0)
print(f"Adjusted Generated Profile: {generated_profile_adjusted}")
print(f"Total Energy After Adjustment: {generated_profile_adjusted.sum()} kWh")
```

Adjusted Generated Profile: [2.2714486 2.4896348 2.6220324 2.7059588 2.67287
92 2.4687274 2.179551
2.0687594 1.956664 1.9664551 1.9727806 2.0046914 2.0441475 2.0471978
2.0909352 2.102496 1.9965384 1.787727 1.6452773 1.5322247 1.5935584
1.7676419 1.94868 2.063995]
Total Energy After Adjustment: 50.0 kWh

Plot Fixed Energy Profile

```
In [ ]: # Create a figure and a set of subplots
fig, ax1 = plt.subplots(figsize=(14, 8))

# Plot the hourly rates on the first axis
ax1.set_xlabel('Hour of the Day')
```

```

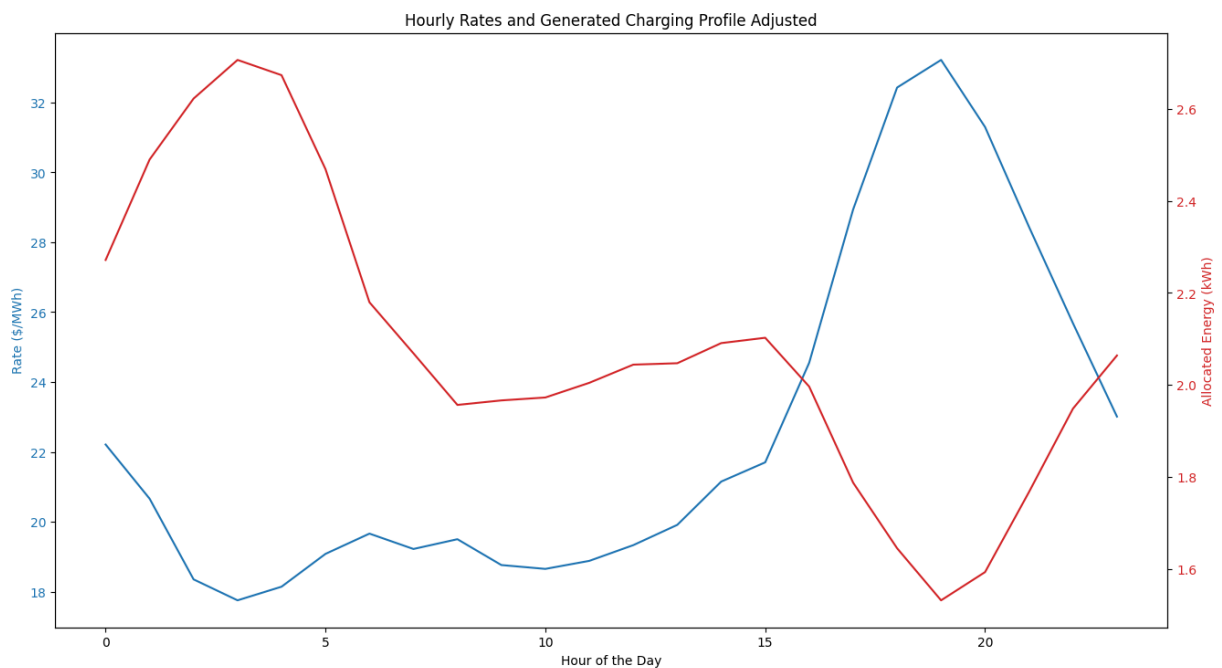
ax1.set_ylabel('Rate ($/MWh)', color='tab:blue')
ax1.plot(range(24), new_hourly_rates[0], color='tab:blue', label='Hourly Rate')
ax1.tick_params(axis='y', labelcolor='tab:blue')

# Create a twin Axes sharing the xaxis for the charging profile
ax2 = ax1.twinx()
ax2.set_ylabel('Allocated Energy (kWh)', color='tab:red')
ax2.plot(range(24), generated_profile_adjusted, color='tab:red', label='Generated Profile Adjusted')
ax2.tick_params(axis='y', labelcolor='tab:red')

# Add a title and layout adjustments
ax1.set_title('Hourly Rates and Generated Charging Profile Adjusted')
fig.tight_layout(pad=3.0)

# Show the plot
plt.show()

```



```
In [ ]: model.save('/content/drive/MyDrive/energy_model/')
```