

Q21-b) Linear regression is about determining the best predicted weights by using the method of ordinary least squares.

Q22-d) The value $r^2 = 1$, which corresponds to $SSR = 0$

Q23-b) BO

Q24-d) The top left plot.

Q25-d) d, b, e, a, c

Q26- there are four optional parameters (b, c, d, e)

Q27-c) Polynomial regression

Q28-c) You need more detailed results.

Q29-b) Numpy

Q30-b) Seaborn

Q41-d) Collinearity

Q42-b) Random Forest

Random Forest is based on the idea of bagging (Bootstrap Aggregating).

Q43-c) Decision Tree are prone to overfit

One disadvantage of decision trees is that they are prone to overfitting.

Q44-c) Training data

Machine learning algorithms build a model based on training data.

Q45-c) Anomaly detection

Anomaly detection is a technique used to detect outliers in data.

Q46-a) Support Vector

Support Vector Machines (SVM) are typically used for classification, not numerical representation.

Q47-d) Both a and b

Analysis of ML algorithm needs both statistical learning theory and computational learning theory.

Q48-c) Both a and b

Q49-b) 2

Q50-a) PCA

Principal Component Analysis (PCA) is an unsupervised learning technique, not a supervised one.