

**PRACTICAL - 6**

**AIM:** To study and design Wallace Tree Adder.

**THEORY:**

There are many cases where it is desired to add more than two numbers together. The straightforward way of adding together  $m$  numbers (all  $n$  bits wide) is to add the first two, then add that sum to the next using cascading full adders.

The Wallace tree has three steps:

1. Multiply (that is – AND) each bit of one of the arguments, by each bit of the other, yielding  $n^2$  results. Depending on position of the multiplied bits, the wires carry different weights, for example wire of bit carrying result of  $a_2b_3$  is 32.
2. Reduce the number of partial products to two by layers of full and half adders.
3. Group the wires in two numbers, and add them with a conventional adder.

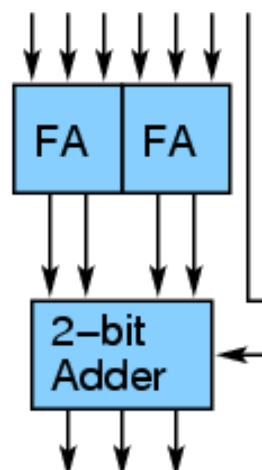
The second phase works as follows. As long as there are three or more wires with the same weight add a following layer:

- Take any three wires with the same weights and input them into a full adder. The result will be an output wire of the same weight and an output wire with a higher weight for each three input wires.
- If there are two wires of the same weight left, input them into a half adder.
- If there is just one wire left, connect it to the next layer.

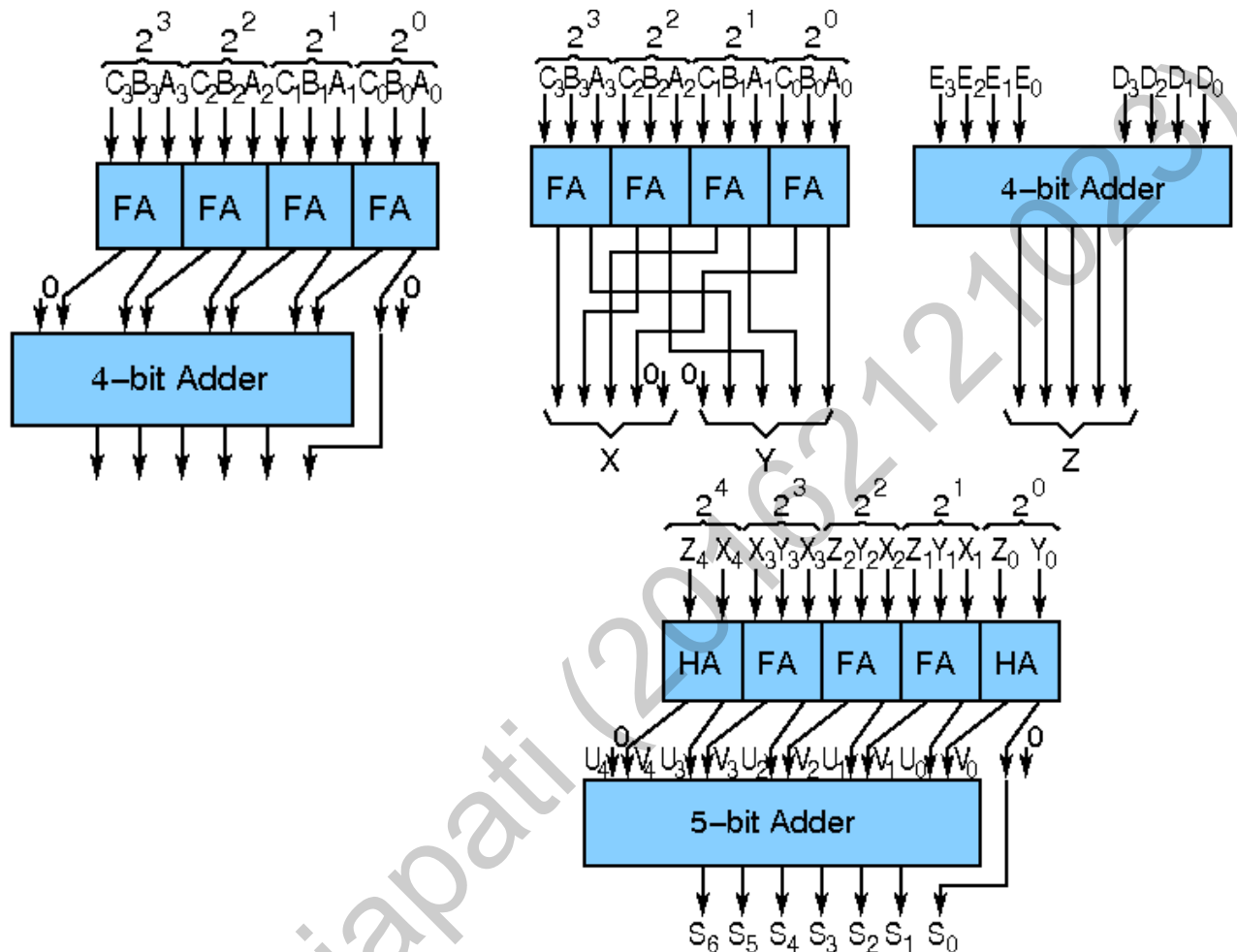
This requires a total of  $m - 1$  additions, for a total gate delay of  $O(m \lg n)$  (assuming look ahead carry adders). Instead, a tree of adders can be formed, taking only  $O(\lg m \cdot \lg n)$  gate delays.

A Wallace tree adder adds together  $n$  bits to produce a sum of  $\log_2 n$  bits.

**Case 1:** Wallace tree adder to add seven bits ( $W_7$ ) is illustrated below:



**Case 2:** Wallace tree adder to add three 4-bit numbers is illustrated below:  
**Case 3:** Wallace tree adder to add five 4-bit numbers is illustrated below:

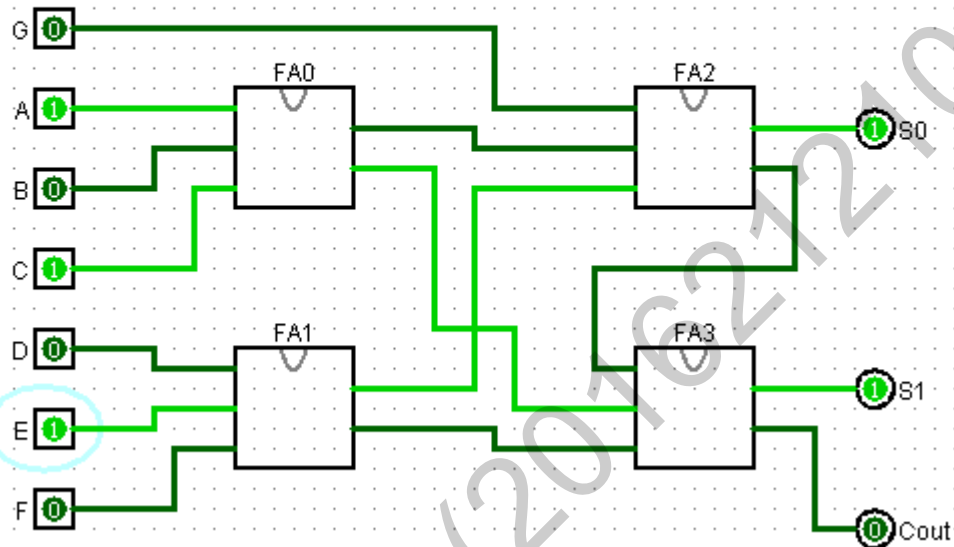


### Components:

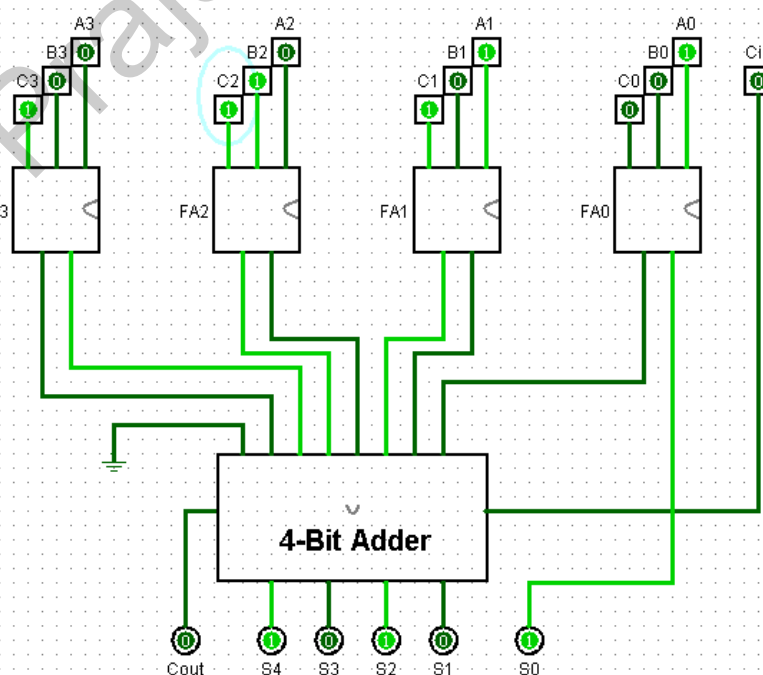
1. Half Adder
2. Full Adder
3. 4-bit adder

**LABWORK:****1. Addition of Seven Bits.****SOLUTION:**

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**Addition of 7 Bits****2. Addition of Three 4-Bit Numbers.****SOLUTION:**

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**Addition of 3 4-Bit Numbers**

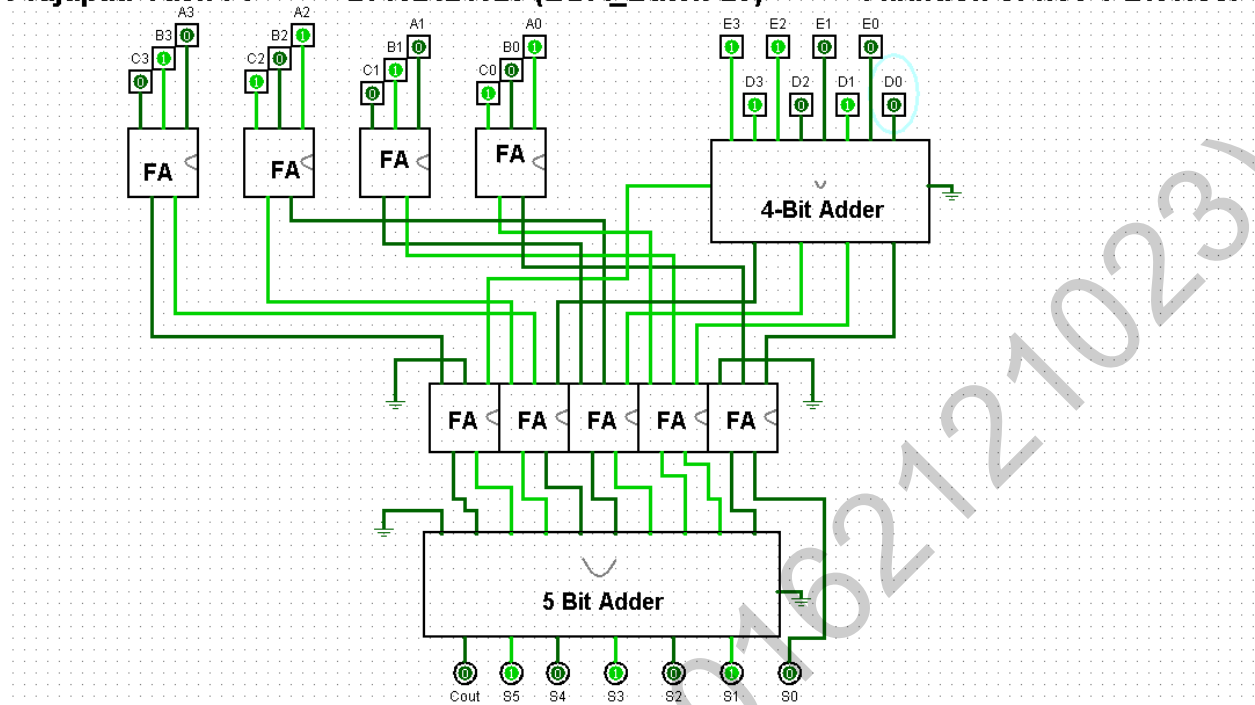
## 3. Addition of Five 4-bit Numbers.

**SOLUTION:**

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Addition of five 4-Bit Nos.

**CONCLUSION:**

Hence by studying the design and analyzing the results of the circuit, we conclude the study and design of **Wallace Tree Adder**.