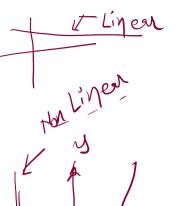
Linear Algebra:

$$y = 2x + 5x$$
 $y = mx + c$

$$x + 2y - z = 0$$





$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{13}{39} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 18 \end{bmatrix}$$

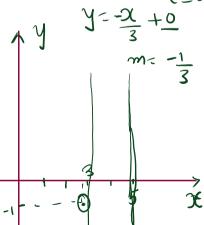
$$\Rightarrow |A| = (9-9) = 0$$

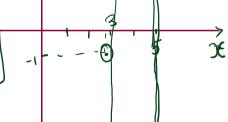
$$\Rightarrow (+3) = 6$$

$$3x + 9y = 18 \Rightarrow x + 3y = 6$$

 $3x + 9y = 18 \Rightarrow x + 3y = 0$
 $3x + 9y = 18 \Rightarrow x + 3y = 0$
 $3x + 9y = 18 \Rightarrow x + 3y = 0$
 $3x + 9y = 18 \Rightarrow x + 3y = 0$

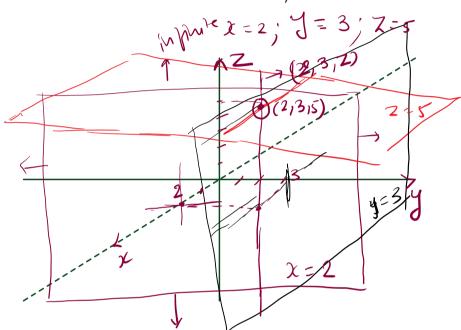
$$X = (S, k)$$





$$x = 3/x = 5$$

$$\chi = 3/x = 5$$



· Row Picture? -

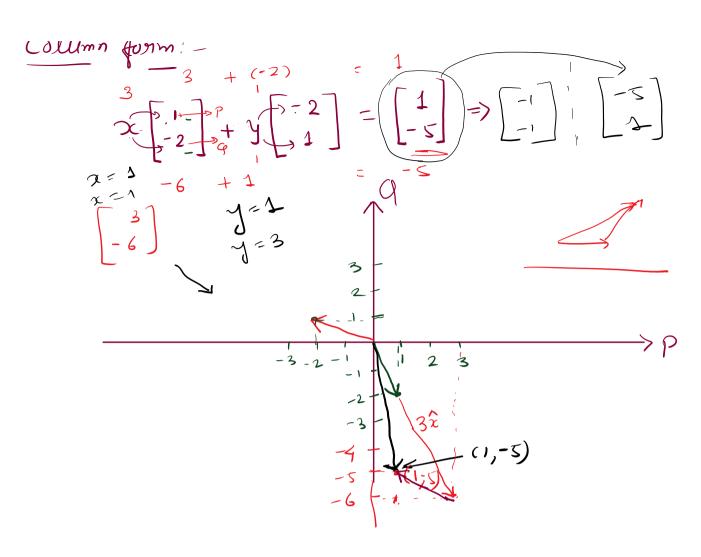
* Column Picture:

$$x - 2y = 1$$

$$-2x + y = -5$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Column form:
$$-3 + (-2) = 1$$



$$P - 3Q + R = -1$$

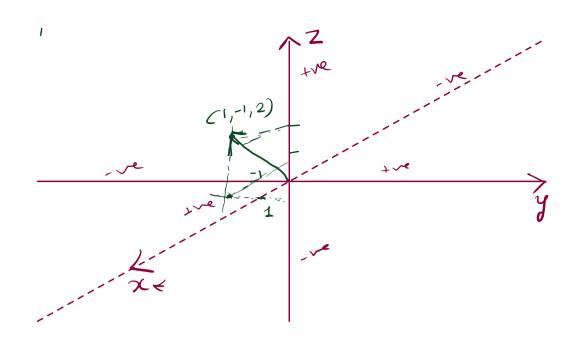
-P + Q - 3R = -3

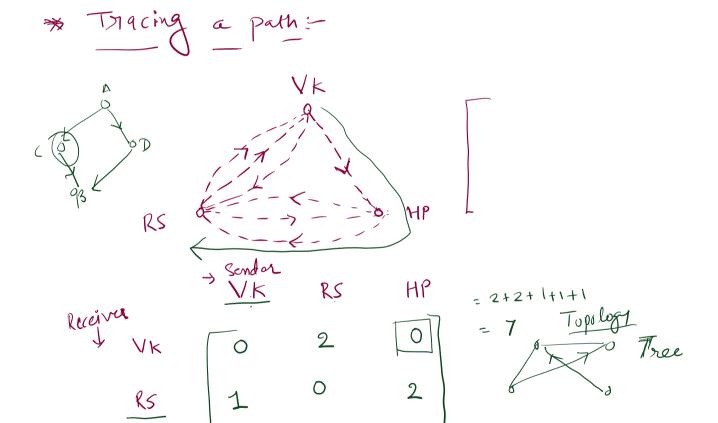
$$2P + 4Q - 6R = 0$$

$$1 - 3 + Q - 6R = 0$$

$$1 - 3 + R - 3 - 6$$

$$2 - 4$$





* Image Parolessing:-Ly Image Grientalian

HP

(x,y) | Image (slor transformation) other transformation

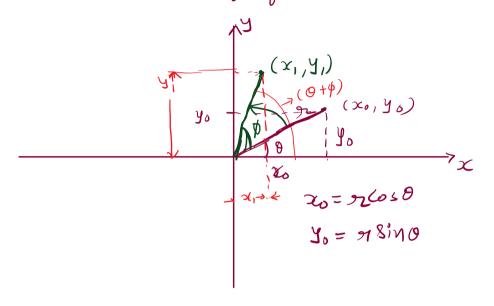
Laptor

Sisplan

setting

Ly (x,y) -> position

Ly (olor information)



$$x_1 = 9265(0+\beta)$$

= $2\sqrt{650 \cdot 600} - 8in0 \cdot sin\beta$

= $2\sqrt{650} \cdot 600 - 2sin0 \cdot sin\beta$

= $2\sqrt{650} \cdot 600 - 2sin0 \cdot 8in\beta$
 $x_1 = 2\sqrt{650} \cdot 600 - 200 \cdot 8in\beta$

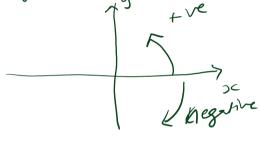
= $2\sqrt{650} \cdot 600 - 200 \cdot 8in\beta$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos \phi & -\sin \phi \\ \sin \phi & \cos \phi \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_0 \\ y_0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ y_1 \end{bmatrix} - - (3)$$

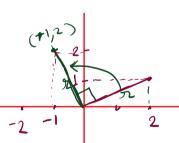
Take a point (2,1) and grotate it counter clockwile by 90°. (with the help of matrix) and find the coordinates of the new point.

$$\phi = 9\delta^{\circ}$$

$$\chi_o = 2$$



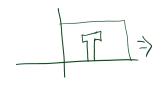
$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos 90 & -\sin 90 \\ \sin 90 & \cos 90 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

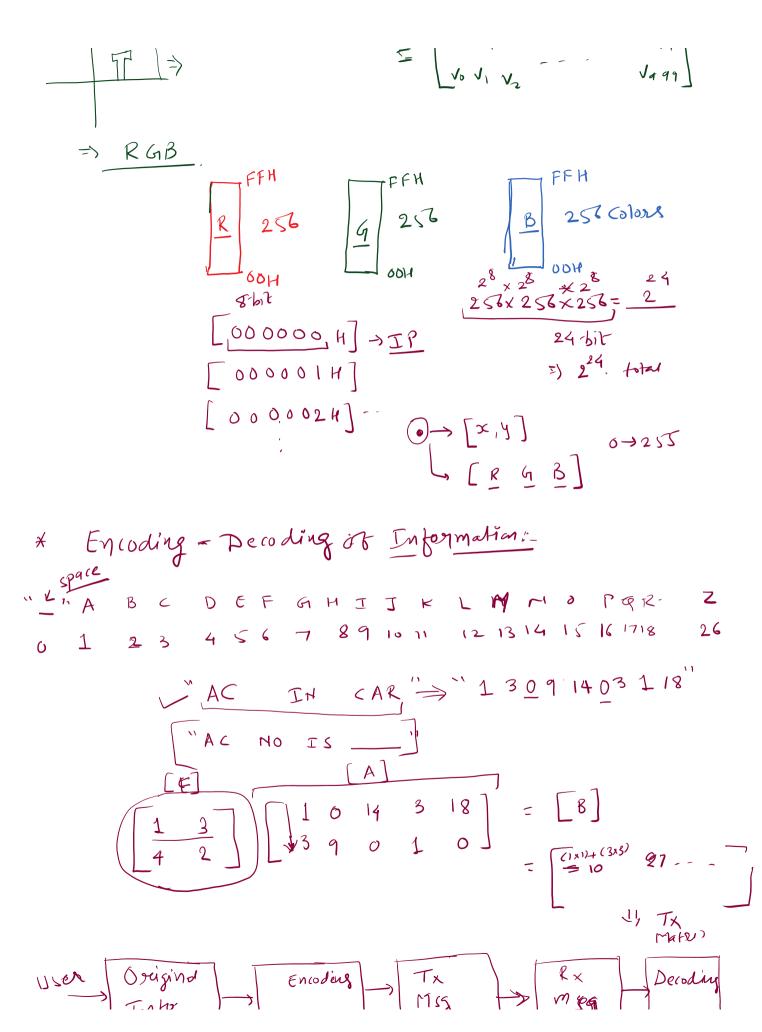


$$- \begin{bmatrix} \delta \times 2 + (-1) \times (1) \\ (1 \times 2) + (\delta \times 1) \end{bmatrix}$$
$$- \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

=> Image Rotation =-

$$\begin{bmatrix} \omega_1 \phi \\ \sin \phi \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \chi_0 \\ \chi_0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \chi_0 \\ \chi_1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \chi_2 \\ \chi_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \chi_1 \\ \chi_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \chi_2 \\ \chi_1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \chi_1 \\ \chi_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \chi_2 \\ \chi_1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \chi_1 \\ \chi_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \chi_1 \\ \chi_1 \\ \chi_1 \\ \chi_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \chi_1 \\ \chi_1 \\ \chi_1 \\ \chi_1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \chi_1 \\ \chi_1 \\$$





Class A Session 1 Page

