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2	PG Mates / RoomSharing / Flat Mates	React+Springboot+MySql
3	Tour and Travel management System	React+Springboot+MySql
4	Election commition of India (online Voting System)	React+Springboot+MySql
5	HomeRental Booking System	React+Springboot+MySql
6	Event Management System	React+Springboot+MySql
7	Hotel Management System	React+Springboot+MySql
8	Agriculture web Project	React+Springboot+MySql
9	AirLine Reservation System / Flight booking System	React+Springboot+MySql
10	E-commerce web Project	React+Springboot+MySql
11	Hospital Management System	React+Springboot+MySql
12	E-RTO Driving licence portal	React+Springboot+MySql
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25	RealEstate Property Project	React+Springboot+MySql
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29	Solar Management Project	React+Springboot+MySql
30	OneStepService LinkLabourContractor	React+Springboot+MySql
31	Vehical Service Center Portal	React+Springboot+MySql
32	E-wallet Banking Project	React+Springboot+MySql
33	Blogg Application Project	React+Springboot+MySql
34	Car Parking booking Project	React+Springboot+MySql
35	OLA Cab Booking Portal	React+NextJs+Springboot+MySql
36	Society management Portal	React+Springboot+MySql
37	E-College Portal	React+Springboot+MySql
38	FoodWaste Management Donate System	React+Springboot+MySql
39	Sports Ground Booking	React+Springboot+MySql
40	BloodBank mangement System	React+Springboot+MySql

41	Bus Tickit Booking Project	React+Springboot+MySql
42	Fruite Delivery Project	React+Springboot+MySql
43	Woodworks Bed Shop	React+Springboot+MySql
44	Online Dairy Product sell Project	React+Springboot+MySql
45	Online E-Pharma medicine sell Project	React+Springboot+MySql
46	FarmerMarketplace Web Project	React+Springboot+MySql
47	Online Cloth Store Project	React+Springboot+MySql
48	Train Ticket Booking Project	React+Springboot+MySql
49	Quizz Application Project	JSP+Springboot+MySql
50	Hotel Room Booking Project	React+Springboot+MySql
51	Online Crime Reporting Portal Project	React+Springboot+MySql
52	Online Child Adoption Portal Project	React+Springboot+MySql
53	online Pizza Delivery System Project	React+Springboot+MySql
54	Online Social Complaint Portal Project	React+Springboot+MySql
55	Electric Vehical management system Project	React+Springboot+MySql
56	Online mess / Tiffin management System Project	React+Springboot+MySql
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Spring Boot + React JS + MySQL Project List

Sr.No	Project Name	YouTube Link
1	Online E-Learning Hub Platform Project	https://youtu.be/KMjyBaWmgzg?si=YckHuNzs7eC84-IW
2	PG Mate / Room sharing/Flat sharing	https://youtu.be/4P9clHg3wvk?si=4uEsi0962CG6Xodp
3	Tour and Travel System Project Version 1.0	https://youtu.be/-UHOBywHaP8?si=KHHfE_A0uv725f12
4	Marriage Hall Booking	https://youtu.be/VXz0kZQi5to?si=IIOS-QG3TpAFP5k7
5	Ecommerce Shopping project	https://youtu.be/vJ_C6LkhrZ0?si=YhcBylSErvdn7paq
6	Bike Rental System Project	https://youtu.be/FlzsAmIBCbk?si=7ujQTJqEgkQ8ju2H
7	Multi-Restaurant management system	https://youtu.be/pvV-pM2Jf3s?si=PgvnT-yFc8ktrDxB
8	Hospital management system Project	https://youtu.be/lynlouBZvY4?si=CXzQs3BsRkjKhZCw
9	Municipal Corporation system Project	https://youtu.be/cVMx9NVyl4I?si=qX0oQt-GT-LR_5jF
10	Tour and Travel System Project version 2.0	https://youtu.be/_4u0mB9mHXE?si=gDiAhKBowi2gNUKZ

Sr.No	Project Name	YouTube Link
11	Tour and Travel System Project version 3.0	https://youtu.be/Dm7nOdpasWg?si=P_Lh2gcOFhlyudug
12	Gym Management system Project	https://youtu.be/J8_7Zrkg7ag?si=LcxV51ynfUB7OptX
13	Online Driving License system Project	https://youtu.be/3yRzsMs8TLE?si=JRI_z4FDx4Gmt7fn
14	Online Flight Booking system Project	https://youtu.be/m755rOwdk8U?si=HURvAY2VnizlyJlh
15	Employee management system project	https://youtu.be/ID1iE3W_GRw?si=Y_jv1xV_BljhrD0H
16	Online student school or college portal	https://youtu.be/4A25aEKfei0?si=RoVgZtxMk9TPdQvD
17	Online movie booking system project	https://youtu.be/Lfjv_U74SC4?si=fiDvrhhrjb4KSIsm
18	Online Pizza Delivery system project	https://youtu.be/Tp3izreZ458?si=8eWAOzA8SVdNwlyM
19	Online Crime Reporting system Project	https://youtu.be/0UlzReSk9tQ?si=6vN0e70TVY1GOwPO
20	Online Children Adoption Project	https://youtu.be/3T5HC2HKyT4?si=bntP78niYH802I7N

✓ What will the output of the code be? *

1/1

```
public class PrintTest {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
  
        System.out.print("Hello ");  
  
        System.out.println("World!");  
  
        System.out.printf("Number: %d", 10);  
  
    }  
  
}
```

- ☐ Hello World!Number: 10
- ☐ Hello World! Number: 10
- ☒ Hello World! /n Number: 10 ✓
- ☐ HelloWorld!Number: 10

✗ What is the significance of using String... args instead of String[] args in the main method? *0/1

- ☐ It is an invalid syntax.
- ☒ It allows passing multiple string arguments in the command line. ✗
- ☐ It does not affect functionality; both are equivalent.
- ☐ It prevents passing arguments to the program.

Correct answer

- ☒ It does not affect functionality; both are equivalent.



✗ What concept is demonstrated in Line 1? *

0/1

```
public class Test {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
  
        int a = 10;  
  
        Integer b = a; // Line 1  
  
        System.out.println(b);  
  
    }  
  
}
```

☒ Implicit Unboxing

✗

☐ Explicit Boxing

☐ Implicit Boxing

☐ Explicit Unboxing

Correct answer

☒ Implicit Boxing



✗ What concept is demonstrated in Line 2? *

0/1

```
public class Test {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
  
        Integer a = 15;  
  
        int b = a; // Line 2  
  
        System.out.println(b);  
  
    }  
  
}
```

- ☐ Explicit Boxing
- ☐ Implicit Unboxing
- ☒ Implicit Boxing
- ☐ Explicit Unboxing

Correct answer

- ☒ Implicit Unboxing



✓ What will happen when the code at Line 1 is executed? *

1/1

```
public class Test {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
  
        String str = "abc";  
  
        int num = Integer.parseInt(str); // Line 1  
  
        System.out.println(num);  
  
    }  
  
}
```

- ☐ It will compile and print abc.
- ☐ It will compile and print 0.
- ☒ It will throw a NumberFormatException. ✓
- ☐ It will throw a NullPointerException.



✓ What will happen when the code at Line 1 is executed? *

1/1

```
public class Test {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
  
        String[] arr = new String[3];  
  
        arr[0] = "Java";  
  
        System.out.println(arr[1].toUpperCase()); // Line 1  
  
    }  
  
}
```

- ☐ It will compile and print null.
- ☐ It will compile and print JAVA.
- ☐ It will throw an `ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException`.
- ☒ It will throw a `NullPointerException`. ✓

✓ Which of the following is a correct example of Widening Conversion in Java? *1/1

- ☐ `int i = 10; byte b = i;`
- ☐ `double d = 10.5; int i = d;`
- ☒ `float f = 10; double d = f;` ✓
- ☐ `long l = 100; int i = l;`



✓ Which of the following requires an explicit cast for Narrowing Conversion in Java?

*1/1

☒ double d = 100.25; int i = (int) d; ✓

☐ int i = 50; long l = i;

☐ byte b = 100; int i = b;

☐ float f = 10.5F; double d = f;

✓ Which of the following statements is true about the memory storage of a and b in the given code? *1/1

```
public class Test {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int a = 10; // Line 1  
        String b = "Hello"; // Line 2  
    }  
}
```

☐ Both a and b are stored in the heap memory.

☒ a is stored in the stack memory, while b is stored in the heap memory. ✓

☐ Both a and b are stored in the stack memory.

☐ a is stored in the heap memory, while b is stored in the stack memory.



✓ **What are the default values of primitive and non-primitive data types in Java?** *1/1

- ☐ Primitive types have default values of null, and non-primitive types have default values of 0.
- ☒ Primitive types have default values based on their type (e.g., 0 for int, false for boolean), and non-primitive types have null as their default value. ✓
- ☐ Both primitive and non-primitive types have null as their default value.
- ☐ Both primitive and non-primitive types have 0 as their default value.

✗ **Which of the following static methods is common to all wrapper classes in Java (such as Integer, Double, and Character)?** *0/1

- ☐ parseInt(String s)
- ☐ valueOf(String s)
- ☒ toString() ✗
- ☐ compareTo(T another)

Correct answer

- ☒ valueOf(String s)



✓ What will be the output of this code? *

1/1

```
public class Test {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
  
        double d = 9.78;  
  
        int i = (int) d; // Line 1  
  
        System.out.println(i);  
  
    }  
  
}
```

☒ 9

☐ 9.78

☐ 10

☐ Error



✓ Consider the following Java code:

*1/1

```
public class BankAccount {  
  
    static double interestRate = 0.03;  
  
    static void updateInterestRate(double newRate) {  
  
        interestRate = newRate;  
  
    }  
  
    double balance;  
  
    void deposit(double amount) {  
        if (amount > 0) {  
            balance += amount;  
        }  
    }  
}  
  
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        BankAccount.updateInterestRate(0.05);  
  
        BankAccount account = new BankAccount();  
        account.deposit(500.00);  
  
        System.out.println("Interest Rate: " + BankAccount.interestRate);  
    }  
}
```



```
System.out.println("Account Balance: " + account.balance);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Which of the following statements is correct regarding the code execution?

- ☐ updateInterestRate can be called on the BankAccount instance, and deposit can be called on the class BankAccount.
- ☒ updateInterestRate can be called directly on the BankAccount class, and deposit must be called on an instance of BankAccount. ✓
- ☐ updateInterestRate can only be called on an instance of BankAccount, and deposit can be called on the BankAccount class.
- ☐ Both updateInterestRate and deposit can be called directly on the BankAccount class.

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✓ Given the following Java class:

*1/1

```
public class Customer {  
  
    String customerName;  
  
    double accountBalance;  
  
    void deposit(double amount) {  
  
        if (amount > 0) {  
  
            accountBalance += amount;  
  
        }  
  
    }  
  
    static void setDefaultBalance(double defaultBalance) {  
  
        // This method should set a default balance for all customers  
  
    }  
  
}
```

Which of the following statements is correct about customerName, accountBalance, and setDefaultBalance?

- ☐ customerName and accountBalance are static variables; setDefaultBalance is a non-static method.
- ☒ customerName and accountBalance are instance variables; setDefaultBalance is a static method. ✓
- ☐ customerName is a static variable, accountBalance is a non-static variable, and setDefaultBalance is an instance method.
- ☐ Both customerName and accountBalance are static variables; setDefaultBalance is an instance method.



✗ Consider the following Java method and its invocation:

*0/1

```
public class Calculator {  
  
    void addNumbers(int num1, int num2) {  
  
        System.out.println("Sum: " + (num1 + num2));  
  
    }  
  
}
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
  
    Calculator calc = new Calculator();  
  
    calc.addNumbers(10, 20);  
  
}  
  
}
```

Which of the following statements correctly describes the terms "parameters" and "arguments" in the context of the provided code?

- ☒ num1 and num2 are arguments, and 10 and 20 are parameters. ✗
- ☐ 10 and 20 are parameters, and num1 and num2 are arguments.
- ☐ num1 and num2 are parameters, and 10 and 20 are arguments.
- ☐ Both num1 and num2, as well as 10 and 20, are parameters.

Correct answer

- ☒ num1 and num2 are parameters, and 10 and 20 are arguments.



✓ Given the following code snippet:

*

1/1

```
public class Test {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
  
        System.out.print("Hello, ");  
  
        System.out.print("World!");  
  
    }  
  
}
```

What is the role of out in this context?

- ☒ out is an instance of the PrintStream class used for printing output to the console. ✓
- ☐ out is a method that formats the output before printing it to the console.
- ☐ out is a variable that stores the current state of the system.
- ☐ out is a class that handles file operations in Java.

✓ 1. The JVM divides memory into different regions such as the Heap, Stack, and Method Area.

*1/1

2. The Garbage Collector (GC) primarily manages the Stack memory.

3. The Method Area stores class metadata and static variables.

Which of the following statements is correct?

- ☒ Only statements 1 and 3 are correct; the Garbage Collector manages the Heap memory, not the Stack. ✓
- ☐ All statements are correct.
- ☐ Only statement 1 is correct; the Garbage Collector does not manage the Method Area.
- ☐ Only statement 3 is correct; the Stack and Heap memory are not managed by the Garbage Collector.



✓ Which of the following accurately describes the role of the JVM Execution Engine?

*1/1

- ☐ It compiles Java bytecode into native machine code for execution on the host system.
- ☐ It translates Java source code into bytecode, which is then executed by the Java Compiler.
- ☒ It interprets or compiles Java bytecode into native machine code for execution, and manages runtime optimizations such as Just-In-Time (JIT) compilation. ✓
- ☐ It handles network communication and database interactions during Java application execution.

✓ Which of the following statements about Java data types is correct? *

1/1

- ☐ The float data type has a higher precision than the double data type.
- ☒ char can hold any Unicode character and is stored as a 16-bit integer. ✓
- ☐ The boolean data type can store multiple values like true, false, and null.
- ☐ The long data type is used to store decimal numbers with higher precision than float.

✓ Which of the following option leads to the portability and security of Java?

*1/1

- ☒ Bytecode is executed by JVM ✓
- ☐ The applet makes the Java code secure and portable
- ☐ Use of exception handling
- ☐ Dynamic binding between objects



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