

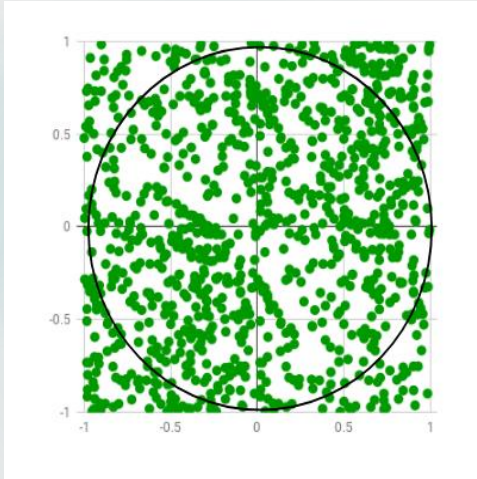
OpenMP program for Pi value approximation using Monte Carlo method

BY YASHRAJ AGARWAL(18BCI0183)



Estimation of π

The idea is to simulate random (x, y) points in a 2-D plane with domain as a square of side 1 unit. Imagine a circle inside the same domain with same diameter and inscribed into the square. We then calculate the ratio of number points that lie inside the circle and total number of generated points.



The Code

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <omp.h>
#define XYZ 35791246
```

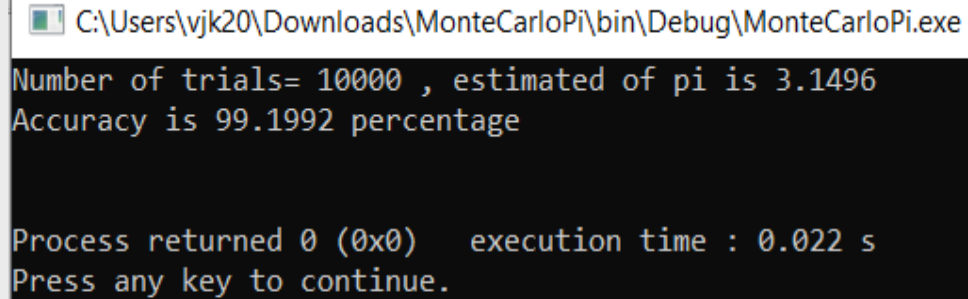
```
int main(int argc, char* argv)
{
    double x,y,realpi=3.1415,acc;
    int i,count=0; /* # of points in the 1st quadrant of unit circle */
    double z;
    double pi;
    /*the number of iterations used to estimate pi is 'n'*/
    int n=10000;
```



```
/* initialize random numbers */
srand(XYZ);
count=0;
int tid=omp_get_num_threads();
#pragma omp parallel private (tid)
{
    #pragma omp for schedule(static,tid)
    for ( i=0; i<n; i++) {
        x = (double)rand()/RAND_MAX;
        y = (double)rand()/RAND_MAX;
        z = x*x+y*y;
        if (z<=1) count++;
    }
}
pi=(double)count/n*4;
printf("Number of trials= %d , estimated of pi is %g \n",n,pi);
acc=(1-(pi-3.141592))*100;
```



Output



```
C:\Users\vjk20\Downloads\MonteCarloPi\bin\Debug\MonteCarloPi.exe  
Number of trials= 10000 , estimated of pi is 3.1496  
Accuracy is 99.1992 percentage  
  
Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 0.022 s  
Press any key to continue.
```

Total Number of trials=10000
Estimated Value of Pi= 3.1496
Accuracy of calculation is 99.192%

