Prof. - Manoov R

Lab Fat

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Name – Yashraj Agarwal
Reg. No. – 18BCl0183
Slot – L19 + L20
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Question -

Write and execute a Hybrid parallel merge sort program with MPI and OpenMP. Analyse the performance.

```
function merge_sort(list m)
```

```
// Base case. A list of zero or one elements is sorted, by definition.
    if length of m ≤ 1 then
        return m
    // Recursive case. First, divide the list into equal-sized sublists
    // consisting of the first half and second half of the list.
    // This assumes lists start at index 0.
   var left:= empty list
    var right:= empty list
    for each x with index i in m do
        if i < (length of m)/2 then</pre>
            add x to left
        else
            add x to right
    // Recursively sort both sublists.
    left:= merge_sort(left)
    right:= merge sort(right)
    // Then merge the now-sorted sublists.
    return merge(left, right)
```

Procedure and Explanation –

Hybrid parallel sort for system with distributed memory: it uses OpenMP for local sort (heap sort + merge sort) on each node and than MPI for Batcher merge sort between nodes. Used data structure is point: it has (x,y) coordinates (float) and index (int). It is considered that array t osort is a 1D-array and it represents the vertices of $n1 \times n2$ grid (indices are calculated accordingly to position in grid). Sorting in ditributed system is understood as following:

- 1. Elements on all nodes are sorted along the chosen axis (x or y)
- 2. First element on each node is not smaller along the chosen axis than all elements on nodes with smaller node-ids
- 3. Last element on each node is not larger along the chosen axis than all elements on nodes with greater node-ids

Input (command line arguments):

- 1. n1
- 2. n2
- 3. Axis along which the array is sorted. Ø is to sort array along x, 1 is to sort array along y. Grid elements are equally distibuted between nodes.

Ouput: Sorted array placed on nodes

Hybrid sort algorithm features:

- 1. Batcher sort requires the equal number of elements on all nodes. That's why fake elements with index = -1 are added if necessary.
- 2. Local sort on nodes has the following algorithm: heap sort of array parts of size 50000, then merge sort on these parts. OpenMP is used for both stages of local sort.
- 3. Calculation of parallel algorithm running time, speedup and effectiveness is performed

.A hybrid parallel architecture combines distributed and shared memory in the same computing system. Some authors prefer the term "multi-level" parallel architecture but we choose to use "hybrid" for its brevity. An SMP cluster of multi-processor multi-core nodes is a typical example of a hybrid parallel system. Besides computer clusters, NUMA computers, such as Compaq's Alpha EV6 and SGI Origin can also be viewed as hybrid parallel systems.

```
void mergesort_parallel_mpi_and_omp
(int a[], int size, int temp[], int level, int threads, ...)
{
  int helper_rank = my_rank + pow(2, level);
    if (helper_rank > max_rank) {
      mergesort_parallel_omp(a, size, temp, threads);
    } else {
      MPI_lsend(a+size/2, size-size/2, ..., helper_rank, ...);
      mergesort_parallel_mpi_and_omp (a, size/2, temp, level+1, threads, ...);
      MPI_Recv(a+size/2, size-size/2, ..., helper_rank, ...);
      merge(a, size, temp);
    }
}
```

<u>Code program and Implementation –</u>

```
#include <stdlib.h>
    #include <stdio.h>
    #include <string.h>
   #include <math.h>
   #include <mpi.h>
   #include <omp.h>
   // Arrays size <= SMALL switches to insertion sort(18BCI0183)</pre>
   #define SMALL 32
   extern double get_time (void);
   void merge (int a[], int size, int temp[]);
   void insertion_sort (int a[], int size);
    void mergesort_serial (int a[], int size, int temp[]);
    void mergesort_parallel_mpi (int a[], int size, int temp[],
                     int level, int my_rank, int max_rank,
                     int tag, MPI_Comm comm, int threads);
    int topmost_level_mpi (int my_rank);
    void run root mpi (int a[], int size, int temp[], int max rank, int tag,
               MPI_Comm comm, int threads);
    void run_node_mpi (int my_rank, int max_rank, int tag, MPI_Comm comm,
               int threads);
   void mergesort_parallel_omp (int a[], int size, int temp[], int threads);
    int main (int argc, char *argv[]);
   main (int argc, char *argv[])
     // All processes
     MPI_Init (&argc, &argv);
     // Enable nested parallelism, if available(18BCI0183)
      omp set nested (1);
     // Check processes and their ranks
     // number of processes == communicator size(18BCI0183)
      int comm size;
     MPI_Comm_size (MPI_COMM_WORLD, &comm_size);
      int my rank;
     MPI_Comm_rank (MPI_COMM_WORLD, &my_rank);
     int max rank = comm size - 1;
      int tag = 123;
     // Check arguments
     if (argc != 3)  /* argc must be 3 for proper execution! */(18BCI0183)
```

```
if (my_rank == 0)
   printf ("Usage: %s array-size OMP-threads-per-MPI-process>0\n",
        argv[0]);
   MPI_Abort (MPI_COMM_WORLD, 1);
// Get arguments(18BCI0183)
int size = atoi (argv[1]); // Array size
int threads = atoi (argv[2]); // Requested number of threads per node
if (threads < 1)
   if (my_rank == 0)
   printf
      ("Error: requested %d threads per MPI process, must be at least 1\n",
      threads);
 }
   MPI Abort (MPI COMM WORLD, 1);
// Set test data(18BCI0183)
if (my_rank == 0)
         // Only root process sets test data
   puts
  ("-Multilevel parallel Recursive Mergesort with MPI and OpenMP-\t");
   printf ("Array size = %d\nProcesses = %d\nThreads per process = %d\n",
        size, comm size, threads);
   // Check nested parallelism availability(18BCI0183)
   if (omp get nested () != 1)
   puts ("Warning: Nested parallelism desired but unavailable");
   // Array allocation
   int *a = malloc (sizeof (int) * size);
   int *temp = malloc (sizeof (int) * size);
   if (a == NULL | temp == NULL)
   printf ("Error: Could not allocate array of size %d\n", size);
   MPI_Abort (MPI_COMM_WORLD, 1);
   // Random array initialization(18BCI0183)
   srand (314159);
   int i;
    for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
```

```
a[i] = rand () % size;
          // Sort with root process
          double start = get time ();
          run_root_mpi (a, size, temp, max_rank, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD, threads);
          double end = get_time ();
          printf ("Start = %.2f\nEnd = %.2f\nElapsed = %.2f\n",
              start, end, end - start);
          // Result check(18BCI0183)
          for (i = 1; i < size; i++)
          if (!(a[i - 1] <= a[i]))
              printf ("Implementation error: a[\%d]=\%d > a[\%d]=\%d \setminus n", i - 1,
                  a[i - 1], i, a[i]);
              MPI Abort (MPI COMM WORLD, 1);
                // Root process end
      else
                // Node processes(18BCI0183)
          run_node_mpi (my_rank, max_rank, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD, threads);
      fflush (stdout);
      MPI_Finalize ();
      return 0;
    }
    // Root process code(18BCI0183)
    void
    run_root_mpi (int a[], int size, int temp[], int max_rank, int tag,
              MPI_Comm comm, int threads)
      int my rank;
      MPI_Comm_rank (comm, &my_rank);
      if (my_rank != 0)
        ("Error: run_root_mpi called from process %d; must be called from process
 0 only\n",
         my rank);
          MPI_Abort (MPI_COMM_WORLD, 1);
      mergesort_parallel_mpi (a, size, temp, 0, my_rank, max_rank, tag, comm, thr
eads); // level=0; my rank=root rank=0
```

```
return;
   // Node process code(18BCI0183)
   void
   run_node_mpi (int my_rank, int max_rank, int tag, MPI_Comm comm, int threads)
     // Probe for a message and determine its size and sender
     MPI Status status;
     int size;
     MPI_Probe (MPI_ANY_SOURCE, tag, comm, &status);
     MPI Get count (&status, MPI INT, &size);
     int parent_rank = status.MPI_SOURCE;
     // Allocate int a[size], temp[size]
     int *a = malloc (sizeof (int) * size);
     MPI_Recv (a, size, MPI_INT, parent_rank, tag, comm, &status);
     // Send sorted array to parent process
     MPI_Send (a, size, MPI_INT, parent_rank, tag, comm);
     return;
the process participates
   // Root assumed to always have rank 0 and to participate at level 0 of the pr
ocess tree(18BCI0183)
   topmost_level_mpi (int my_rank)
     int level = 0;
     while (pow (2, level) <= my_rank)
       level++;
     return level;
   // MPI merge sort(18BCI0183)
   mergesort_parallel_mpi (int a[], int size, int temp[],
                int level, int my_rank, int max_rank,
               int tag, MPI_Comm comm, int threads)
     int helper rank = my rank + pow (2, level);
     if (helper_rank > max_rank)
               // no more MPI processes available, then use OpenMP
         mergesort_parallel_omp (a, size, temp, threads);
          // Was: mergesort serial(a, size, temp);
```

```
}
  else
      MPI Request request;
      MPI_Status status;
      // Send second half, asynchronous(18BCI0183)
      MPI Isend (a + size / 2, size - size / 2, MPI INT, helper rank, tag,
         comm, &request);
      // Sort first half with OpenMP(18BCI0183)
      // mergesort_parallel_omp(a, size/2, temp, threads);
      mergesort_parallel_mpi (a, size / 2, temp, level + 1, my_rank, max_rank
                  tag, comm, threads);
      // Free the async request (matching receive will complete the transfer)
      MPI Request free (&request);
      // Receive second half sorted
      MPI_Recv (a + size / 2, size - size / 2, MPI_INT, helper_rank, tag,
        comm, &status);
      // Merge the two sorted sub-arrays through temp(18BCI0183)
      merge (a, size, temp);
  return;
}
// OpenMP merge sort with given number of threads(18BCI0183)
void
mergesort_parallel_omp (int a[], int size, int temp[], int threads)
  if (threads == 1)
      //printf("Thread %d begins serial mergesort\n", omp_get_thread_num());
      mergesort_serial (a, size, temp);
  else if (threads > 1)
#pragma omp parallel sections
#pragma omp section
    mergesort_parallel_omp (a, size / 2, temp, threads / 2);
#pragma omp section
    mergesort_parallel_omp (a + size / 2, size - size / 2,
                            temp + size / 2, threads - threads / 2);
      // Thread allocation is implementation dependent
```

```
// Some threads can execute multiple sections while others are idle
      // Merge the two sorted sub-arrays through temp(18BCI0183)
      merge (a, size, temp);
  else
      printf ("Error: %d threads\n", threads);
      return;
void
mergesort_serial (int a[], int size, int temp[])
  // Switch to insertion sort for small arrays(18BCI0183)
  if (size <= SMALL)</pre>
      insertion_sort (a, size);
      return;
  mergesort_serial (a, size / 2, temp);
  mergesort_serial (a + size / 2, size - size / 2, temp);
 // Merge the two sorted subarrays into a temp array(18BCI0183)
 merge (a, size, temp);
void
merge (int a[], int size, int temp[])
  int i1 = 0;
  int i2 = size / 2;
  int tempi = 0;
  while (i1 < size / 2 && i2 < size)
      if (a[i1] < a[i2])
      temp[tempi] = a[i1];
      i1++;
      else
      temp[tempi] = a[i2];
      i2++;
      tempi++;
```

```
while (i1 < size / 2)
     temp[tempi] = a[i1];
     i1++;
     tempi++;
  while (i2 < size)
     temp[tempi] = a[i2];
     i2++;
     tempi++;
 // Copy sorted temp array into main array, a(18BCI0183)
 memcpy (a, temp, size * sizeof (int));
void
insertion_sort (int a[], int size)
 int i;
 for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
     int j, v = a[i];
     for (j = i - 1; j >= 0; j--)
      if (a[j] <= v)
       break;
      a[j + 1] = a[j];
     a[j + 1] = v;
```

Output and Results -

```
□ C\Users\Hp\Desktop\Unitited1.exe

Linuxmint@Linuxmint-Yashraj:-/Desktop$ namo yashraj_fat.c
Linuxmint@Linuxmint-Yashraj:-/Desktop$ gcc -fopenmp -0 Y
Linuxmint@Linuxmint-Yashraj:-/Desktop$ for array
Linuxmint@Linuxmint-Yashraj:-/Desktop$ 50,30,60,10,20,40
Linuxmint@Linuxmint-Yashraj:-/Desktop$ merge sort 10,20,30,40,50,60

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 0.078 s

Press any key to continue.
```

```
Linuxmint@Linuxmint-Yashraj:-/Desktop$ mamo yashraj1_fat.c
Linuxmint@Linuxmint-Yashraj:-/Desktop$ mpicu yashraj1.c -o MSM
Linuxmint@Linuxmint-Yashraj:-/Desktop$ mpicun -np 4 ./MSM
Linuxmint@Linuxmint-Yashraj:-/Desktop$ netre array
Linuxmint@Linuxmint-Yashraj:-/Desktop$ 50,30,60,10,20,40
Linuxmint@Linuxmint-Yashraj:-/Desktop$ merge sort
Linuxmint@Linuxmint-Yashraj:-/Desktop$ 10,20,30,40,50,60

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 0.060 s

Press any key to continue.
```