

# Spam Email Classifier



**SUBMITTED TO:**

**MR. NITIN**

**SUBMITTED BY:**

**YASH RAJ**

**101511069**

# NLTK used for




- Tokenizing words
- Lemmatizing words
- Removing stop words from the training data
- Using Naïve Bayes Classifier for classification purposes

## Code:

```
import nltk
import os
import random
from nltk import word_tokenize, WordNetLemmatizer
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk import NaiveBayesClassifier, classify

stoplist = stopwords.words('english')

def get_data(folder):
    a = []
    files = os.listdir(folder)
    for file in files:
        f = open(folder + file, 'r', encoding = "ISO-8859-1") ## cause there are some latin
        words also
        a.append(f.read())
        f.close()
    return a
```



Necessary imports

Creating list of stop words from English language

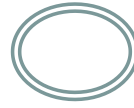
Reading all the files



takes sentence as parameter  
and lemmatize it word by  
word

```
def preprocess(sentence):  
    lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()  
    return [lemmatizer.lemmatize(word.lower()) for word in word_tokenize(sentence)]  
  
def getfeatures(text): #creating feature list  
    return {word: True for word in preprocess(text) if not word in stoplist}  
  
def print_accuracy(train_set, test_set, classifier): #finding accuracy of the training and  
    testing data  
    print ('Accuracy on the training set = ' + str(classify.accuracy(classifier, train_set)))  
    print ('Accuracy of the test set = ' + str(classify.accuracy(classifier, test_set)))  
    classifier.show_most_informative_features(10)
```





```
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    spam = get_data('enron1/spam/')      #reads spam emails  
    ham = get_data('enron1/ham/')         #reads ham emails  
  
    allemails = [(email, 'spam') for email in spam] #creating a list of tuples having email  
    allemails += [(email, 'ham') for email in ham]  with its label  
    random.shuffle(allemails)                  #shuffling the list to randomly distribute  
                                                training and testing data  
  
    print (str(len(allemails)) + ' emails')  
  
    allfeatures = [(getfeatures(email), label) for (email, label) in allemails] #learning features  
    print (str(len(allfeatures)) + ' feature sets')                               from the  
data  
  
    train_set, test_set, classifier = train(allfeatures, 0.8) #defining size of training ,testing  
data
```

# Result



```
spam.py x a.py todo testgpu.py matmul.py
1 import nltk
2 import os
3 import random
4 from nltk import word_tokenize, WordNetLemmatizer

Command Prompt
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.16299.371]
(c) 2017 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\Sajal>cd desktop

C:\Users\Sajal\Desktop>cd "spam classifier"

C:\Users\Sajal\Desktop\spam classifier>py spam.py
33702 emails
33702 feature sets
Training set size = 26961 emails
Test set size = 6741 emails
Accuracy on the training set = 0.9934720522235823
Accuracy of the test set = 0.9882806705236612
Most Informative Features
      enron = True      ham : spam = 4105.9 : 1.0
      php = True       spam : ham = 487.1 : 1.0
      louise = True    ham : spam = 334.8 : 1.0
      stinson = True   ham : spam = 308.4 : 1.0
      crenshaw = True  ham : spam = 284.8 : 1.0
      hpl = True       ham : spam = 282.1 : 1.0
      corel = True     spam : ham = 261.0 : 1.0
      713 = True       ham : spam = 258.5 : 1.0
      daren = True    ham : spam = 249.9 : 1.0
      eol = True      ham : spam = 247.4 : 1.0

C:\Users\Sajal\Desktop\spam classifier>

36 def print_accuracy(train_set, test_set, classifier):
37
38     print ('Accuracy on the training set = ' + str(classify.accuracy(classifier, train_set)))
39     print ('Accuracy of the test set = ' + str(classify.accuracy(classifier, test_set)))
```