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# Fourier Series

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### **2** Fourier Series

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Abstract—This manual provides a simple introduction to Fourier Series

1 Periodic Function

Let

$$x(t) = A_0 |\sin(2\pi f_0 t)| \tag{1.1}$$

Consider  $A_0 = 12$  and  $f_0 = 50$  for all numerical calculations.

1.1 Plot x(t).

**Solution:** The Python code codes/1\_1.py plots x(t) in Fig. (1.1).

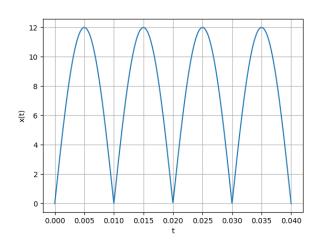


Fig. 1.1: x(t)

1.2 Show that x(t) is periodic and find its period. **Solution:** From Fig. (1.1), we see that x(t) is periodic. Further,

$$x\left(t + \frac{1}{f_0}\right) = A_0 \left| \sin\left(2\pi f_0\left(t + \frac{1}{f_0}\right)\right) \right| \qquad (1.2)$$

$$= A_0 \left| \sin \left( 2\pi f_0 t + 2\pi \right) \right| \tag{1.3}$$

$$= A_0 |\sin(2\pi f_0 t)| \tag{1.4}$$

Hence the period of x(t) is  $\frac{1}{t_0}$ .

2.1 If

$$x(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} c_k e^{j2\pi k f_0 t}$$
 (2.1)

show that

$$c_k = f_0 \int_{-\frac{1}{2f_0}}^{\frac{1}{2f_0}} x(t)e^{-j2\pi k f_0 t} dt \qquad (2.2)$$

**Solution:** We have for some  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ ,

$$x(t)e^{-J2\pi nf_0t} = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} c_k e^{J2\pi(k-n)f_0t}$$
 (2.3)

But we know from the periodicity of  $e^{j2\pi k f_0 t}$ ,

$$\int_{-\frac{1}{2f_0}}^{\frac{1}{2f_0}} e^{j2\pi k f_0 t} dt = \frac{1}{f_0} \delta(k)$$
 (2.4)

Thus,

$$\int_{-\frac{1}{2f_0}}^{\frac{1}{2f_0}} x(t)e^{-j2\pi nf_0t} dt = \frac{c_n}{f_0}$$
 (2.5)

$$\implies c_n = f_0 \int_{-\frac{1}{2f_0}}^{\frac{1}{2f_0}} x(t) e^{-j2\pi n f_0 t} dt \qquad (2.6)$$

2.2 Find  $c_k$  for (1.1)

**Solution:** Using (2.2),

$$c_{n} = f_{0} \int_{-\frac{1}{2f_{0}}}^{\frac{1}{2f_{0}}} A_{0} |\sin(2\pi f_{0}t)| e^{-j2\pi n f_{0}t} dt \qquad (2.7)$$

$$= f_{0} \int_{-\frac{1}{2f_{0}}}^{\frac{1}{2f_{0}}} A_{0} |\sin(2\pi f_{0}t)| \cos(2\pi n f_{0}t) dt$$

$$+ \int_{0}^{\frac{1}{2f_{0}}} A_{0} |\sin(2\pi f_{0}t)| \sin(2\pi n f_{0}t) dt$$

$$= 2f_{0} \int_{0}^{\frac{1}{2f_{0}}} A_{0} \sin(2\pi f_{0}t) \cos(2\pi n f_{0}t) dt$$

$$= 2f_{0} \int_{0}^{\frac{1}{2f_{0}}} A_{0} \sin(2\pi f_{0}t) \cos(2\pi n f_{0}t) dt$$

$$= f_{0} A_{0} \int_{0}^{\frac{1}{2f_{0}}} (\sin(2\pi (n+1) f_{0}t)) dt \qquad (2.9)$$

$$= A_{0} \int_{0}^{\frac{1}{2f_{0}}} (\sin(2\pi (n-1) f_{0}t)) dt \qquad (2.10)$$

$$= A_{0} \frac{1 + (-1)^{n}}{2\pi} \left(\frac{1}{n+1} - \frac{1}{n-1}\right) \qquad (2.11)$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{2A_{0}}{\pi(1-n^{2})} & n \text{ even} \\ 0 & n \text{ odd} \end{cases}$$

2.3 Verify (2.1) using python.

**Solution:** The Python code codes/2\_3.py verifies (2.13).

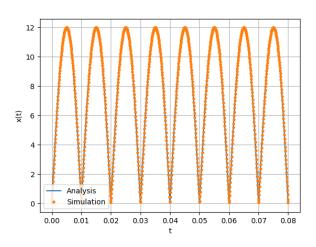


Fig. 2.3: Verification of (2.1).

### 2.4 Show that

$$x(t) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (a_k \cos j 2\pi k f_0 t + b_k \sin j 2\pi k f_0 t)$$
(2.13)

and obtain the formulae for  $a_k$  and  $b_k$ . **Solution:** From (2.1),

$$x(t) = \sum_{k = -\infty}^{\infty} c_k e^{j2\pi k f_0 t}$$
 (2.14)

$$= c_0 + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} c_k e^{j2\pi k f_0 t} + c_{-k} e^{-j2\pi k f_0 t}$$
 (2.15)

$$= c_0 + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (c_k + c_{-k}) \cos(2\pi k f_0 t)$$

$$+\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (c_k - c_{-k}) \sin(2\pi k f_0 t)$$
 (2.16)

Hence, for  $k \geq 0$ ,

$$a_k = \begin{cases} c_0 & k = 0 \\ c_k + c_{-k} & k > 0 \end{cases}$$
 (2.17)

$$b_k = c_k - c_{-k} (2.18)$$

2.5 Find  $a_k$  and  $b_k$  for (1.1)

**Solution:** From (2.1), we see that since x(t) is even,

$$x(-t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} c_k e^{-j2\pi k f_0 t}$$
 (2.19)

$$= \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} c_{-k} e^{j2\pi k f_0 t}$$
 (2.20)

$$=\sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty}c_ke^{\mathrm{J}^2\pi kf_0t}$$
 (2.21)

where we substitute  $k \mapsto -k$  in (2.20). Hence, we see that  $c_k = c_{-k}$ . So, from (2.18) and for  $k \ge 0$ ,

$$a_k = \begin{cases} \frac{2A_0}{\pi} & k = 0\\ \frac{4A_0}{\pi(1-k^2)} & k > 0, \ k \text{ even} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 (2.22)

$$b_k = 0 (2.23)$$

2.6 Verify (2.13) using python.

**Solution:** The Python code codes/2\_6.py verifies (2.13).

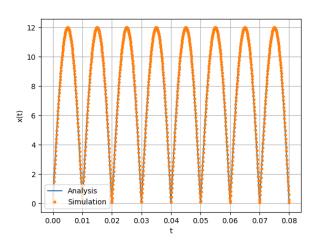


Fig. 2.6: Verification of (2.13).