LAB PRGM-7

Develop a LaTeX script to create a document that consists of the following two mathematical equations

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$\varphi_{\sigma}^{\lambda} A_t = \sum_{\pi \in C_t} \operatorname{sgn}(\pi) \varphi_{\sigma}^{\lambda} \varphi_{\pi}^{\lambda}$$

$$= \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{2^2 - 4 \cdot (1) \cdot (-8)}}{2 \cdot 1}$$

$$= \sum_{\tau \in C_{\sigma t}} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma^{-1} \tau \sigma) \varphi_{\sigma}^{\lambda} \varphi_{\sigma^{-1} \tau \sigma}^{\lambda}$$

$$= A_{\sigma t} \varphi_{\sigma}^{\lambda}$$

```
\documentclass{article}
 \usepackage{amsmath, amssymb}
 \renewcommand{\baselinestretch}{3}
 \thispagestyle{empty}
 \begin{document}
 \begin{equation*}
 \begin{aligned}
 &\begin{aligned}
 x \&= \frac{-b \pm (b^2 - 4ac)}{2a} 
 = \frac{-2 \pm (2^2 - 4(1)(-8))}{2 \pm 1} \
 \&= \frac{-2 pm \sqrt{4 + 32}}{2}
 \end{aligned}
 \quad \quad
 &\begin{aligned}
 \label{lem:lembda} $$\operatorname{sigma^\lambda A t \&= \sum {\pi C t} \operatorname{sgn}(\pi) \operatorname{sigma^\lambda A t \&= \sum {\pi C t} \operatorname{sgn}(\pi) \operatorname{sigma^\lambda A t \&= \sum {\pi C t} \operatorname{sgn}(\pi) \operatorname{sigma^\lambda A t \&= \sum {\pi C t} \operatorname{sgn}(\pi) \operatorname{sigma^\lambda A t \&= \sum {\pi C t} \operatorname{sgn}(\pi) \operatorname{sigma^\lambda A t \&= \sum {\pi C t} \operatorname{sgn}(\pi) \operatorname{sigma^\lambda A t \&= \sum {\pi C t} \operatorname{sgn}(\pi) \operatorname{sigma^\lambda A t \&= \sum {\pi C t} \operatorname{sgn}(\pi) \operatorname{sigma^\lambda A t \&= \sum {\pi C t} \operatorname{sgn}(\pi) 
 \varphi \pi^\lambda \\
&= \sum {\tau \in \frac{\pi}{sgma^{-1} \tau} \cdot C {\sigma (\pi t)} \cdot C {\sigma (\pi t
 \varphi {\sigma^{-1} \tau \sigma}^\lambda \\
 &= A {\sigma t} \varphi \sigma^\lambda
 \end{aligned}
 \end{aligned}
 \end{equation*}
 \end{document}
```

OUTPUT:

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} \qquad \varphi_{\sigma}^{\lambda} A_t = \sum_{\pi \in C_t} \operatorname{sgn}(\pi) \varphi_{\sigma}^{\lambda} \varphi_{\pi}^{\lambda}$$

$$= \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{2^2 - 4 \cdot (1) \cdot (-8)}}{2 \cdot 1} \qquad = \sum_{\tau \in C_{\sigma t}} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma^{-1} \tau \sigma) \varphi_{\sigma}^{\lambda} \varphi_{\sigma^{-1} \tau \sigma}^{\lambda}$$

$$= \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4 + 32}}{2} \qquad = A_{\sigma t} \varphi_{\sigma}^{\lambda}$$