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AAD Practical 8

**Institute of Computer Technology**  
**B. Tech Computer Science and Engineering**

**Sub: Algorithm Analysis and Design**

**Practical 8**

**Problem** : A subsequence is a sequence that can be derived from another sequence by deleting some elements without changing the order of the remaining elements. Longest common subsequence (LCS) of 2 sequences is a subsequence, with maximal length, which is common to both the sequences.

Given two sequence of characters, P = M, N, O, M and Q = M, L, N, O, M, find any one longest common subsequence.

In case multiple solutions exist, print any of them. It is guaranteed that at least one non-empty common subsequence will exist.

**Code :**

```
import YSL_io

def LCS(P, Q):
    s1, s2 = len(P), len(Q)
    dp = [[0] * (s2 + 1) for _ in range(s1 + 1)]

    for i in range(1, s1 + 1):
        for j in range(1, s2 + 1):
            if P[i - 1] == Q[j - 1]:
```

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```
dp[i][j] = dp[i - 1][j - 1] + 1
else:
dp[i][j] = max(dp[i - 1][j], dp[i][j - 1])

i, j = s1, s2
lcs = []

while i > 0 and j > 0:
    if P[i - 1] == Q[j - 1]:
        lcs.append(P[i - 1])
        i -= 1
        j -= 1
    elif dp[i - 1][j] > dp[i][j - 1]:
        i -= 1
    else:
        j -= 1

def display():
    for i in range(s1 + 1):
        for j in range(s2 + 1):
            print(dp[i][j], end="\t")
        print()
    return [''.join(str(y) for y in lcs[::-1]), display]

# Demo inputs :
```

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```
# P = "MNOAM"

# Q = "MLNOM"

P=YSL_io.inputCYN("\n\tEnter the first sequence P : ")
Q=YSL_io.inputCYN("\tEnter the second sequence Q : ")
YSL_io.printORNG('\n\tLongest Common Subsequence (LCS) : ', end='')

ans = LCS(P, Q)

YSL_io.printRED(ans[0])

print('\nMatrix of LCS : \n')

ans[1]()
```

## Screenshot:

The screenshot displays the Visual Studio Code interface with a Python file named `p8.py` open. The code defines a `display` function for printing the LCS matrix and a `LCS` function that takes two strings `P` and `Q` as input. The program uses `YSL_io` for user input and output formatting. The terminal output shows the execution of the program, where the first sequence `P` is `MNOAM` and the second sequence `Q` is `MLNOM`. The output displays the Longest Common Subsequence (LCS) as `MNOM` and a matrix of the LCS values.

```
def display():
    for i in range(s1 + 1):
        for j in range(s2 + 1):
            print(dp[i][j], end="\t")
        print()
    return [''.join(str(y) for y in lcs[::-1]), display]

# Demo inputs :
# P = "MNOAM"
# Q = "MLNOM"

P=YSL_io.inputCYN("\n\tEnter the first sequence P : ")
Q=YSL_io.inputCYN("\tEnter the second sequence Q : ")
YSL_io.printORNG('\n\tLongest Common Subsequence (LCS) : ', end='')
ans = LCS(P, Q)
```

Terminal Output:

```
yash@haribol64 in repo: sem5practicals/AAD on  main [!?] via  v3.11.5 (venv)
/home/yash/Documents/sem5practicals/AAD/venv/bin/python /home/yash/Documents/sem5practicals/AAD/p8.py

Enter the first sequence P : MNOAM
Enter the second sequence Q : MLNOM

Longest Common Subsequence (LCS) : MNOM

Matrix of LCS :

0 0 0 0 0 0
0 1 1 1 1 1
0 1 1 2 2 2
0 1 1 2 3 3
0 1 1 2 3 3
0 1 1 2 3 3
0 1 1 2 3 4
```