# CM3-Copy1

July 18, 2021

## 1 [CM3] Decision Trees Classifier

Importing all necessary libraries.

```
[1]: import numpy as np
     import pandas as pd
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import seaborn as sns
     from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
     from sklearn import tree
     from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
[2]: # readng clean and normalized covid dataset
     df train = pd.read csv('cleaned normalized coviddata.csv')
[3]: df_train.head()
[3]:
             State ID
                                    Long_
                                                      Incident_Rate
        Day
                            Lat
                                              Active
     0
                    1 -1.178243 0.304476 -0.200641
                                                           0.143976
                    2 3.607611 -3.031933 -0.448967
                                                          -0.290209
     1
     2
          2
                    3 -0.945708 -0.944926 0.389043
                                                           0.088511
     3
          2
                    4 -0.741458 0.025816 -0.482359
                                                           0.202178
     4
                    5 -0.552594 -1.365168 4.275448
                                                          -0.502417
        Total_Test_Results
                            Case_Fatality_Ratio
                                                  Testing_Rate
                 -0.483393
                                      -0.475230
                                                     -1.301745
     0
     1
                 -0.569371
                                      -1.797949
                                                      2.071154
                 -0.007491
                                       0.075713
                                                     -1.268952
     2
     3
                 -0.456457
                                      -0.029941
                                                     -0.559153
     4
                  4.022089
                                      -0.791062
                                                     -0.177543
        Resident Population 2020 Census
                                        Population Density 2020 Census
     0
                              -0.128579
                                                               -0.217013
     1
                              -0.754174
                                                               -0.276752
                                                               -0.239163
     2
                               0.181561
     3
                              -0.422031
                                                               -0.242214
     4
                               4.903416
                                                               -0.122735
```

```
Density Rank 2020 Census SexRatio Confirmed
                                                       Deaths
                                                                Recovered
     0
                                                                    False
                        0.118745 -1.168255
                                                  True
                                                         False
     1
                        1.614369 3.491260
                                                  True
                                                          True
                                                                    False
     2
                        0.508908 0.384916
                                                  True
                                                          True
                                                                     True
     3
                        0.573935 -0.546987
                                                  True
                                                          True
                                                                     True
     4
                       -0.921689 0.384916
                                                  True
                                                          True
                                                                    False
[4]: df_covid = df_train.iloc[:,2:-3]
     #Target 1 is Recovered
     df_target1 = df_train.iloc[:,-1:]
     #Target 2 is Deaths
     df_target2 = df_train.iloc[:,-2:-1]
     #Target 3 is Confirmed
     df_target3 = df_train.iloc[:,-3:-2]
     df_covid
[4]:
                Lat
                        Long
                                 Active
                                          Incident_Rate Total_Test_Results \
                                               0.143976
     0
          -1.178243 0.304476 -0.200641
                                                                  -0.483393
           3.607611 -3.031933 -0.448967
                                              -0.290209
                                                                  -0.569371
     1
          -0.945708 -0.944926 0.389043
     2
                                               0.088511
                                                                  -0.007491
     3
          -0.741458 0.025816 -0.482359
                                               0.202178
                                                                  -0.456457
     4
          -0.552594 -1.365168 4.275448
                                              -0.502417
                                                                   4.022089
     1375 0.753675
                    1.027338 -0.524025
                                              -2.293117
                                                                  -0.625582
     1376 -0.280277 0.749264 0.400787
                                              -0.559356
                                                                  -0.005284
     1377 -0.161357 0.607433 -0.488091
                                              -0.195859
                                                                  -0.475653
     1378 0.790345 0.166226 -0.391751
                                               1.287093
                                                                   0.129655
     1379 0.541189 -0.734627 -0.528551
                                               0.766301
                                                                  -0.663109
                                              Resident Population 2020 Census \
           Case_Fatality_Ratio
                                Testing Rate
     0
                     -0.475230
                                   -1.301745
                                                                     -0.128579
     1
                     -1.797949
                                    2.071154
                                                                     -0.754174
     2
                      0.075713
                                   -1.268952
                                                                       0.181561
     3
                     -0.029941
                                   -0.559153
                                                                     -0.422031
     4
                     -0.791062
                                   -0.177543
                                                                       4.903416
                         ...
     1375
                     -0.268880
                                    1.273810
                                                                     -0.767341
     1376
                     -0.533271
                                   -0.745045
                                                                      0.397324
     1377
                      0.063695
                                    0.411132
                                                                     -0.599582
     1378
                     -0.828583
                                    0.350879
                                                                     -0.001818
     1379
                     -0.734918
                                    0.439366
                                                                     -0.776996
           Population Density 2020 Census Density Rank 2020 Census SexRatio
     0
                                 -0.217013
                                                            0.118745 -1.168255
     1
                                -0.276752
                                                            1.614369 3.491260
     2
                                -0.239163
                                                            0.508908 0.384916
     3
                                -0.242214
                                                            0.573935 -0.546987
```

4	-0.122735	-0.921689 0.384916
•••	•••	•••
1375	-0.234953	0.378854 -0.236352
1376	-0.144153	-0.726607 -0.236352
1377	-0.232024	0.248799 0.074282
1378	-0.211155	-0.011309 0.384916
1379	-0.273945	1.549342 1.938088

[1380 rows x 11 columns]

## 1.1 1. Decision Tree implementation on Target 1:Recovered

- 1.1.1 Part 1: For max depth: {3, 5, 10, None}
- 1.2 Finding 'K' value in K-fold cross validation

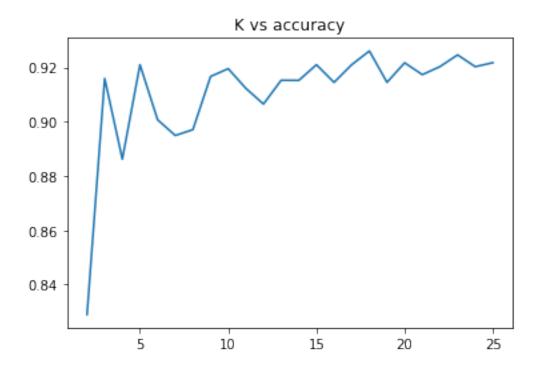
```
[5]: # Decision Tree on target 1: Recovered, Finding k value in k - fold cross val accuracies_recovered = [] for k in range(2,26):
        classifier_DecisionTree = DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth = 10)
        scores = cross_val_score(classifier_DecisionTree, df_covid, df_target1, □ → cv=k)
        accuracies_recovered.append(scores.mean())
accuracies_recovered
```

```
[5]: [0.8289855072463768,
      0.9159420289855073,
      0.886231884057971,
      0.9210144927536232,
      0.9007246376811594,
      0.8949465649973264,
      0.8971089864229063,
      0.9166737402031521,
      0.9195652173913043,
      0.9123232323232325,
      0.9065217391304348,
      0.9152842396538391,
      0.9152383897281858,
      0.9210144927536231,
      0.9145031408714248,
      0.9210283932904688,
      0.9260746563378142,
      0.9145237523031323,
      0.9217391304347826,
      0.9173604173604175,
      0.920309081599404,
      0.9246376811594202,
      0.9202964307320024,
```

#### 0.9217662337662337]

```
[6]: #Plotting the mean accuracy versus the max depth for recovered
plt.title("K vs accuracy")
plt.plot(range(2,26),accuracies_recovered)
```

[6]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x26fc1c0f070>]



#### 1.2.1 The best accuracy occurs at K = 8 and hence we will do 8 fold cross validation

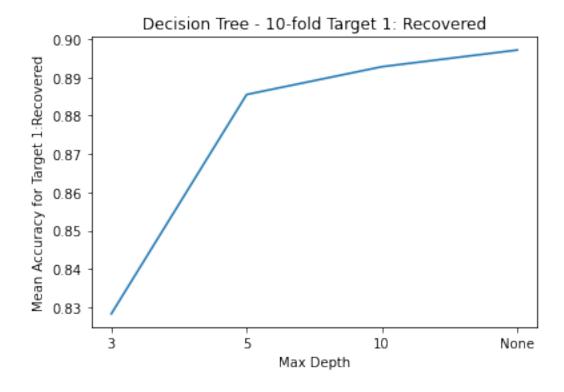
```
[7]: # Decision tree algorithm is run on the following values of max_depth max_depth_list = [3,5,10,None]
```

[8]: [0.8282531254200833, 0.8855104852802795,

```
0.8927737263072993,
0.8971299905901331]
```

```
[9]: #Plotting the mean accuracy versus the max depth for recovered
plt.title("Decision Tree - 10-fold Target 1: Recovered")
plt.plot([1,2,3,4], accuracies_recovered1)
plt.xticks([1,2,3,4],['3','5','10','None'])
plt.xlabel('Max Depth')
plt.ylabel('Mean Accuracy for Target 1:Recovered')
```

[9]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Mean Accuracy for Target 1:Recovered')



#### 1.2.2 So the max accuracy came for max depth = 10 for target 1: Recovered

#### 1.2.3 Part 2: For None: (grow until leaf contains 2 datapoints)

Accuracy for Target1: Recovered [0.9173913043478261]

1.2.4 We get maximum accuracy with depth set at 10 for target 1 "Recovered". Meaning, we are growing the tree all the way as the depth is increasing but for None we do have some class ambiguitites in the leaf nodes as the accuracy dropped.

```
[11]: import graphviz from sklearn import tree
```

- 1.2.5 For the sake of convenience, the max depth value is selected as 3 to visualize the decision tree
- 1.3 Explaining the Decision Tree Plot
- 1) Examining the tree plot, we can notice that the first feature that is chosen for split is 'Long\_'. Long\_\_ -1.166

means that every Long -1.166 or lower will follow the True arrow (to the left), and the rest will follow the False arrow (to the right). The Gini value shows that the split was done almost in the middle.

- 2) gini = 0.0 means all the 150 samples got the same result.
- 3) Lat -1.002 means that every Lat -1.002 or lower will follow the True arrow (to the left), and the rest will follow the False arrow (to the right). The Gini value shows that the split was done almost in the middle.
- 4) Further, Active -0.455 means that every active -0.455 or lower will follow the True arrow (to the left), and the rest will follow the False arrow (to the right). The gini = 0.147 means that about 14,7% of the samples would go in one direction.
- 4.1) gini = 0.0 means all the 3 samples got the same result.
- 4.2) gini = 0.115 means all the 11.5% samples got the same result.
- 5) Further, SexRatio -0.702 means that every active -0.702 or lower will follow the True arrow (to the left), and the rest will follow the False arrow (to the right). The gini = 0.333 means that about 33,3% of the samples would go in one direction.

- 5.1) gini = 0.499 means split was done in the middle. Out of 270 SexRatio -0.702 samples 128 went in one direction and rest 142 in other.
- 5.2) gini = 0.216 means all the 21,6% samples got same result. Out of 810 SexRatio > -0.702 samples 100 went in one direction and rest 710 in other. Maximum depth refers to the length of the longest path from a root to a leaf. this is to set a minimum number of training inputs to use on each leaf, that is how we stop splitting.

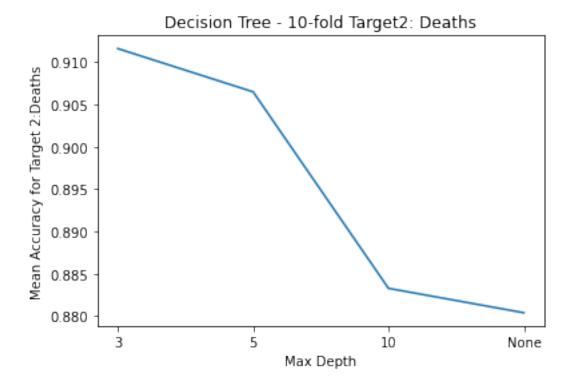
## 1.4 2. Decision Tree implementation on Target 2: Deaths

## 1.4.1 Part 1 : For max depth: {3, 5, 10, None}

[13]: [0.9115934601424922, 0.90648524667294, 0.8832882443876865, 0.8804064726441726]

```
[14]: #Plotting the mean accuracy versus the max depth for deaths
plt.title("Decision Tree - 10-fold Target2: Deaths")
plt.plot([1,2,3,4], accuracies_deaths)
plt.xticks([1,2,3,4],['3','5','10','None'])
plt.xlabel('Max Depth')
plt.ylabel('Mean Accuracy for Target 2:Deaths')
```

[14]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Mean Accuracy for Target 2:Deaths')



- 1.4.2 We get maximum accuracy with depth set at 3 for target 2 "Deaths"
- 1.4.3 Part 2: For None: (grow until leaf contains 2 datapoints)

```
[15]: # Decision Tree on target 2: Deaths for none
accuracy2 = []
classifier_DecisionTree = DecisionTreeClassifier()
scores = cross_val_score(classifier_DecisionTree, df_covid, df_target2, cv=10)
accuracy2.append(scores.mean())
print("Accuracy for Target2: Deaths", accuracy2)
```

Accuracy for Target2: Deaths [0.8789855072463768]

1.4.4 We get maximum accuracy with depth set at 3 for target 2 "Deaths". The accuracy is not growing all the way as the depth is increasing but for None we can see that the accuracy increased slightly.

```
special_characters = True)
graph = graphviz.Source(dot_data)
```

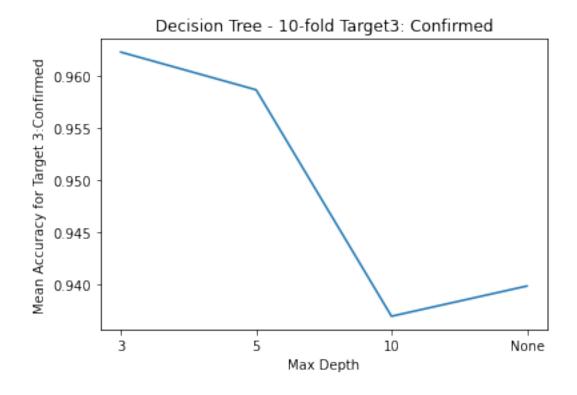
## 1.5 3. Decision Tree implementation on Target 3: Confirmed

## 1.5.1 Part 1 : For max depth: {3, 5, 10, None}

[17]: [0.9623188405797102, 0.958695652173913, 0.9369565217391305, 0.9398550724637682]

```
[18]: #Plotting the mean accuracy versus the max depth for confirmed plt.title("Decision Tree - 10-fold Target3: Confirmed") plt.plot([1,2,3,4], accuracies_confirmed) plt.xticks([1,2,3,4],['3','5','10','None']) plt.xlabel('Max Depth') plt.ylabel('Mean Accuracy for Target 3:Confirmed')
```

[18]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Mean Accuracy for Target 3:Confirmed')



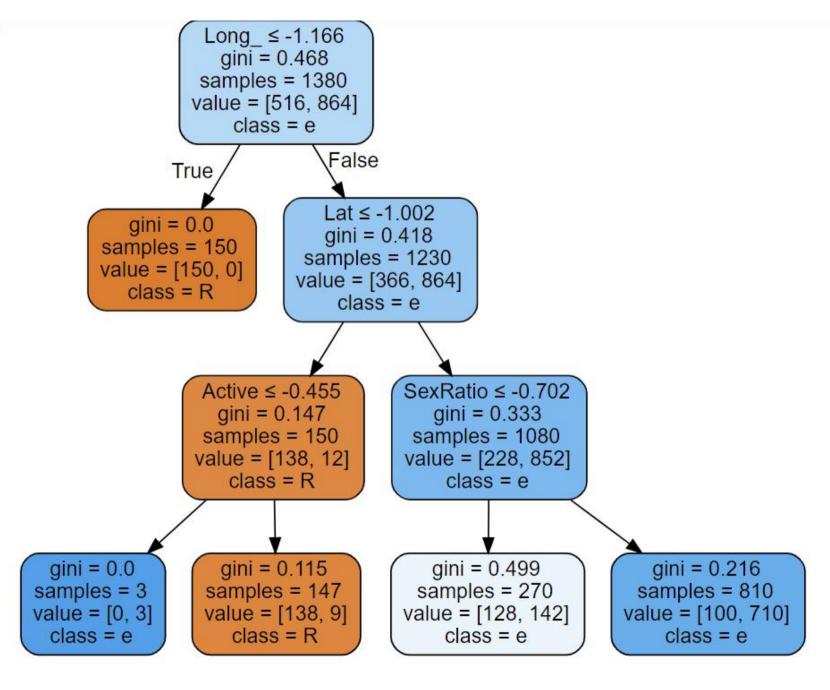
- 1.5.2 We get maximum accuracy with depth set at 3 for target 3 "Confirmed".
- 1.5.3 Part 2: For None: (grow until leaf contains 2 datapoints)

```
[19]: # Decision Tree on target 3: Confirmed
accuracy3 = []
classifier_DecisionTree = DecisionTreeClassifier()
scores = cross_val_score(classifier_DecisionTree, df_covid, df_target3, cv=10)
accuracy3.append(scores.mean())
print("Accuracy for Target2: Deaths", accuracy3)
```

Accuracy for Target2: Deaths [0.9333333333333333]

1.5.4 We get maximum accuracy with depth set at 3 for target 3 "Confirmed". The accuracy is falling all the way as the depth is increasing and for None its the lowest.

[]:



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