Real Estate Listing Portal

Team:

Srishti Patel sp4917@nyu.edu

Yashashwini Gupta yg1568@nyu.edu

INTRODUCTION

We have designed a system that can be used in the real estate market to sell, rent or buy houses.

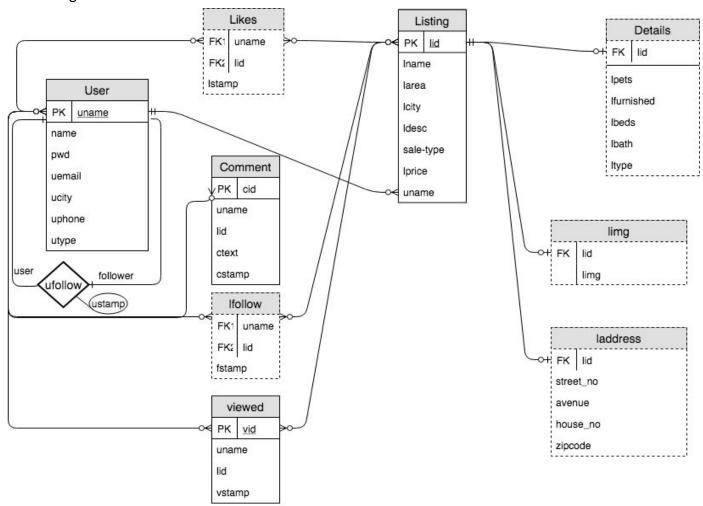
Our system enables the users to post the housing details they want to sell or rent out along with the necessary details about the listing. The location of the listing uploaded, will be shown in maps.

In addition, there are various functionalities that are available to the user. A user can follow some other user. This would give the user, the privilige to get updates from the user he/she is following his/her own dashboard.

If a customer follows an agent, he/she will be updated about the agent's activity. If a customer follows a listings he/she will be updated about any changes to the listings. The users can also like or comments on the various listings. The listings had a detailed description of the various facilities in the apartment also multimedia for the user to see.

ER DIAGRAM

The ER-Diagram for the Real Estate Social Network:



The architecture of the system consists of 4 weak entities and 4 strong entities:

1) <u>User- Strong Entity(uname,name,pwd,uemail,ucity,uphone,utype)</u>

This contains the details of the User. The details stored are username (uname - pkey), password (pwd), name (name), email (uemail), city (ucity), phone number(uphone), type of user such as broker, agent, seller, buyer(utype). The password field in the test data contains random data but will be encrypted in the 2nd iteration. The possible functionalities from this table will be: create new user, update info, update password etc.

2) <u>Listing- Strong Entity (lid,lname,larea,lcity,ldesc,sale-type,lprice,uname)</u>

This contains the details of the listing. The details stored are identification number (lid - pkey), name of listing (lname), area of location of listing(larea), city of listing(lcity), description about the listing(ldesc), type of listing can be sell or rent (sale-type), cost of sale (lprice), user who posted the listing(uname). The possible functionalities from this table will be: create new listing, update listing etc.

3) Comment- Strong Entity (cid,lid,uname,ctext, cstamp)

This contains the details of the comments posted by the users. The details stored are identification number (cid-pkey), username of the user commenting (uname), listing id he commented on(lid), timestamp of comment(cstamp), ctext(text of the comment). The possible functionalities from this table will be: create new comment, update comment etc.

4) Viewed- Strong Entity (vid, lid, uname, vstamp)

This contains the details of the listings viewed by the users. The details stored are identification number (vid - pkey), username of the user viewing(uname), listing id he viewed(lid), timestamp of view(vstamp). The possible functionalities from this table will be: looking at the recent views.

4) Ifollow- Weak Entity (lid, uname, fstamp)

This contains the details of the listings followed by the users. The details stored are username of the user viewing(uname), listing id he followed(lid), timestamp of follow(fstamp). The possible functionalities from this table will be: creating new follows, unfollowing etc.

5) likes- Weak Entity (lid, uname, Istamp)

This contains the details of the listings liked by the users. The details stored are username of the user viewing(uname), listing id he liked(lid), timestamp of like(fstamp). The possible functionalities from this table will be: creating new likes, unliking etc.

6) Idetails- Weak Entity (lid, lpets, lfurnished, lbeds, lbath, ltype)

This contains the additional details of the listing. The details stored are identification number (lid - fkey), name of listing (lname), information about pets(lpets), information about furnishing(lfurnished), number of bedrooms(lbeds), number of baths(lbath), type of listings eg condo, villa, apartment (ltype). The possible functionalities from this table will be: add new details, update details etc.

7) <u>Laddress- Weak Entity (lid, street no, house no, avenue, zipcode)</u>

This contains the address of the listing. The details stored are identification number (lid - pkey), street number(street_no), house number(house_no), closest avenue(avenue), zipcode of house location(zipcode). The possible functionalities from this table will be: adding address, update address etc.

8) limg- Weak Entity (lid, limg)

This contains the images of the listings added by the user. The details stored are lid and limg. The possible functionalities from this table will be: adding images, update images etc.

RELATIONAL SCHEMA OF DATABASE

Schema:

User(uname,name,pwd,uemail,ucity,uphone,utype)
Listing(lid,lname,larea,lcity,ldesc,sale-type,lprice,uname)
Comment(cid,lid,uname,ctext, cstamp)
Viewed(vid,lid,uname, vstamp)
likes(lid,uname, lstamp)
ldetails(lid,lpets,lfurnished,lbeds,lbath,ltype)
laddress(lid,street_no,house_no,avenue,zipcode)
limg(lid, limg)
ufollow(uname1,uname2,ustamp)

Foreign key relationships:

listing(uname) references User(uname) ufollow(uname1) references User(uname) ufollow(uname2) references User(uname) Comment(uname) references User(uname) Comment(lid) references listing(lid) Viewed(uname) references User(uname) Viewed(lid) references listing(lid) Likes(uname) references User(uname) likes(lid) references listing(lid) ldetails(lid) references listing(lid) laddress(lid) references listing(lid) limg(lid) references listing(lid)

DDL Statements:

```
create database real_estate;
Use real_estate;
drop table if exists user;
Create table user(
uname varchar(100) primary key, pwd varchar(100), name varchar(100), uemail varchar(100) , ucity
varchar(100), uphone varchar(100), utype varchar(100)
);
```

Drop table if exists listings;

Create table listings(

Lid varchar(100) primary key, uname varchar(100), lname varchar(100), larea varchar(100), lcity varchar(100), ldesc varchar(100), sale_type varchar(100), lprice varchar(100), Foreign key (uname) references user(uname)

```
On delete cascade
);
Drop table if exists Ideatils;
Create table Idetails(
lid varchar(100), lpets varchar(100), lfurnished varchar(100), lbeds varchar(100), lbath varchar(100), ltype
varchar(100),
Foreign key (lid) references listings(lid),
Primary key(lid)
);
Drop table if exists laddress;
Create table laddress(
lid varchar(100), street_no varchar(100), avenue varchar(100), zipcode int(10), house_no varchar(100),
Foreign key (lid) references listings(lid),
Primary key(lid)
);
Drop table if exists ufollow;
Create table ufollow(
uname1 varchar(100), uname2 varchar(100), ustamp datetime,
Foreign key (uname1) references user(uname),
Foreign key (uname2) references user(uname)
);
Drop table if exists Ifollow;
Create table Ifollow(
uname varchar(100), lid varchar(100), fstamp datetime,
Foreign key (lid) references listings(lid),
Foreign key (uname) references user(uname)
);
Drop table if exists likes;
Create table likes(
uname varchar(100), lid varchar(100), Istamp datetime,
Foreign key (lid) references listings(lid),
Foreign key (uname) references user(uname)
Primary key(lid, uname)
);
Drop table if exists comment;
Create table comment(
Cid varchar(100) primary key, uname varchar(100), lid varchar(100), cstamp timestamp,
```

```
Foreign key (lid) references listings(lid),
Foreign key (uname) references user(uname)
);

Drop table if exists viewed;
Create table viewed(
uname varchar(100), lid varchar(100), rvstamp timestamp,
Foreign key (lid) references listings(lid),
Foreign key (uname) references user(uname)
);

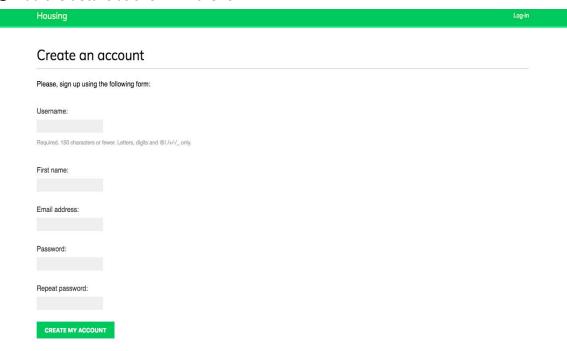
Drop table if exists limg;
Create table limg(
lid varchar(100), img blob,
Foreign key (lid) references listings(lid),
);
```

USE CASES-

1) User Registration:

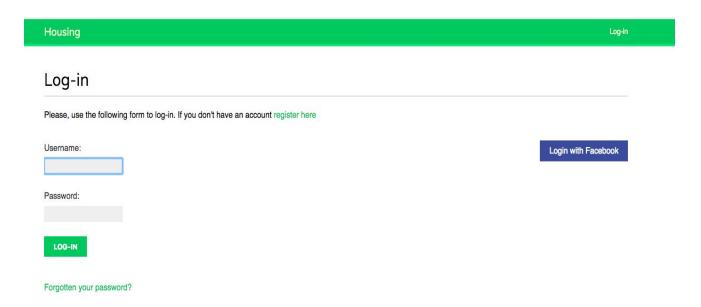
SignUp page:

- Go to project.com:8000/account/login.
- Select Register New Account.
- Add the details as shown in the form.



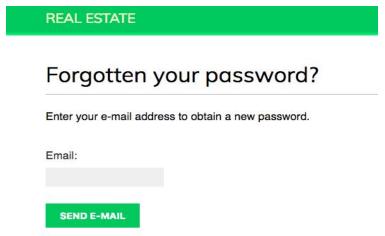
2)User Login Page:

- Enter user-id
- Enter Password
- User can also login from facebook (However, because of facebook's updated API policy since March 2018, only https sites are enabled to use facebook authentication for logging in)
- You can choose forgot password if you do not remember the password



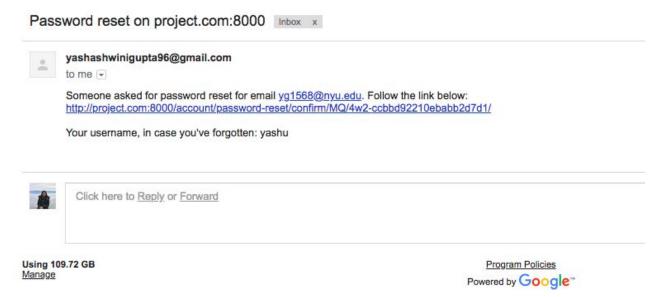
Forgotten Password:

If a user forgets the login password to access his or her account, it can be changed by following the forgotten my password link and then entering a valid email address.

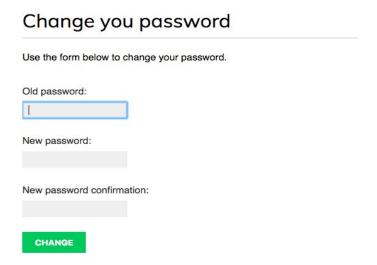




You will then receive the following email to reset your password.

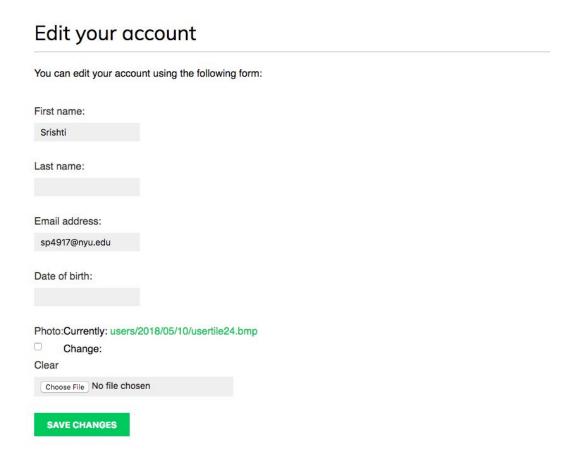


Change Password:



3)Edit Profile:

The user can edit his/her personal details by following the Edit profile link on the header. The link will open to the following form which will update the database.



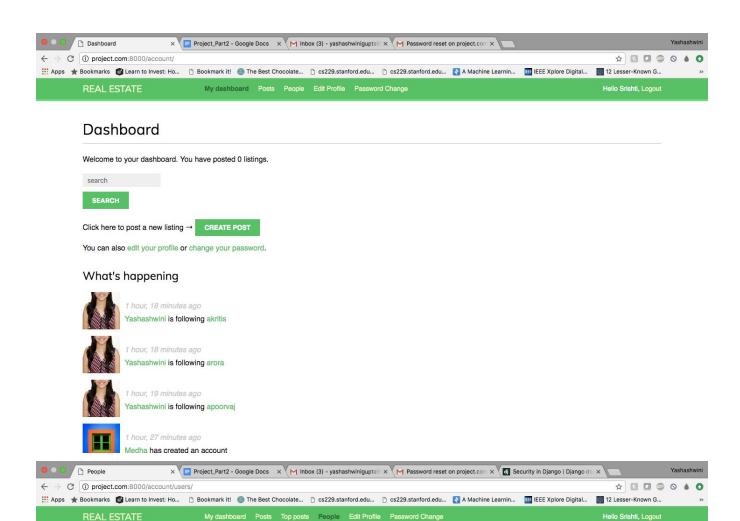
4)Activity Post:

The user can see the activity, along with the timestamp, from other user he/she is following.

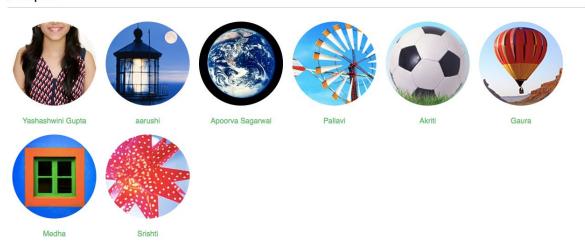
One can also browse through the posts or a user by clicking on their name.

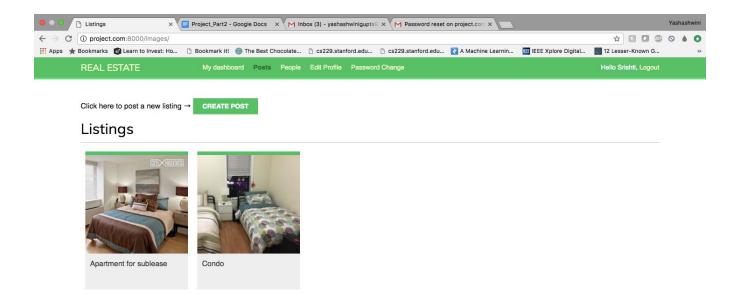
By following the Posts link on the header, we can view a list of all the listings posted on the website.

You can also see the number of listings posted by you.



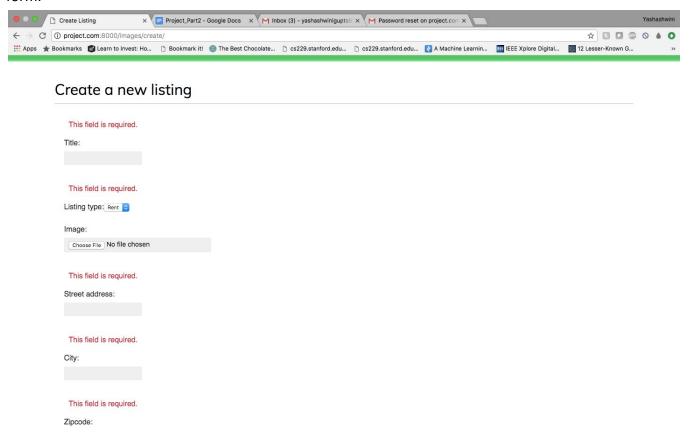
People

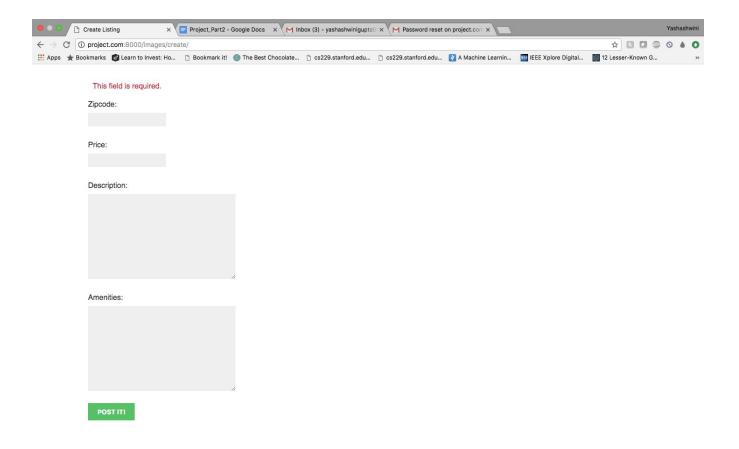




5)Diary Entry:

Apart from following other users, a user can also upload his/her own listing that he wants to sell or rent out. This can be done by clicking on the Create post button on the home page and then filling the form.

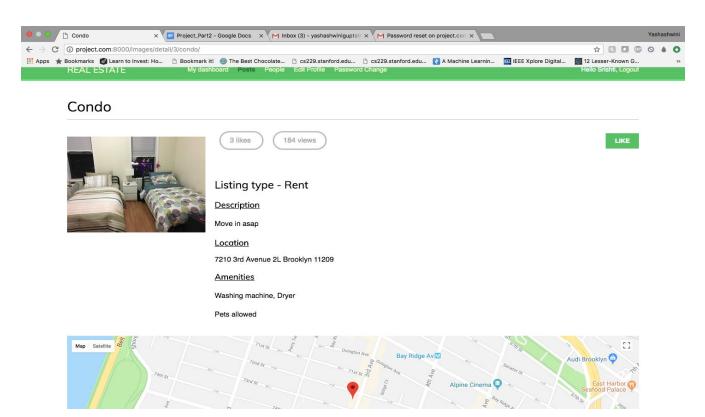


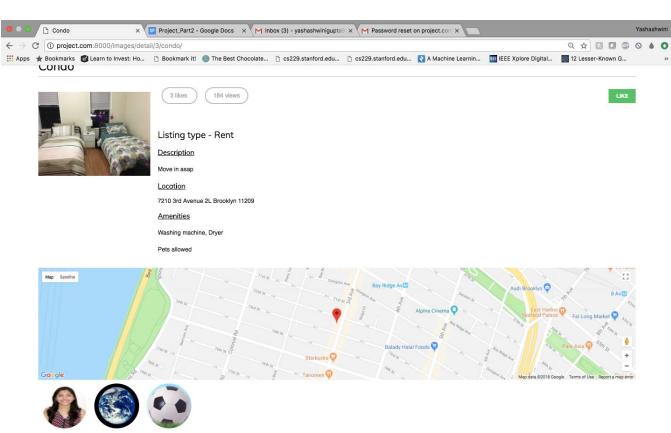


6) Location:

Steps used to add location marker to the template:

- 1. Obtained the address of the listing from the user through the create listing form.
- 2. Obtained API key from google maps.
- 3. Used google geocoding API to get json response for the given address.
- 4. Parsed json to obtain the latitude and longitude.
- 5. Rendered coordinates to the template and used asynchronous map to display the marker for each listing.

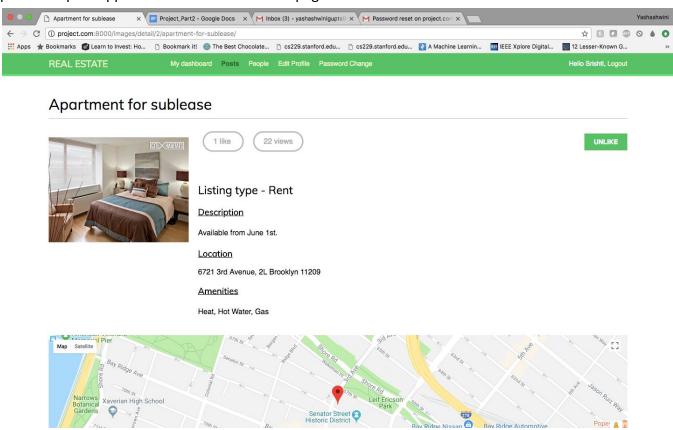




7) LIKE / DISLIKE:

Used ajax and jquery to asynchronously update the like count.

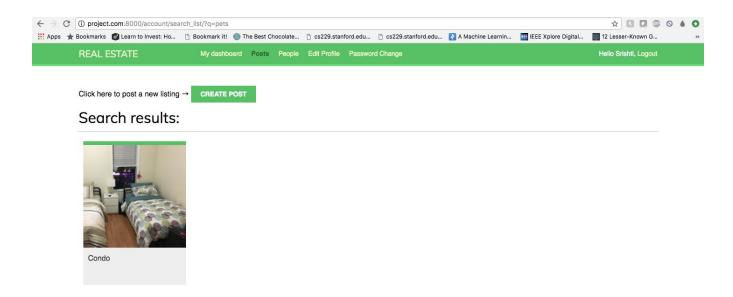
Upon opening a particular post, a thumbnail of the profile picture of all the users who have liked that particular post appears at the bottom of that page.



8) SEARCH:

Implemented the following query to fetch listings containing the string searched by the user.

```
query = request.GET.get("q")
  if query==":
    images = Image.objects.all()
  else:
    images =
Image.objects.filter(Q(amenities__icontains=query)|Q(title__icontains=query)|Q(city__icontains=query))|Q(price__icontains=query)|Q(street_address__icontains=query)|Q(description__icontains=query))
```



DATABASE TABLES:

Django administration

Site administration



Extra Features:

Total views:

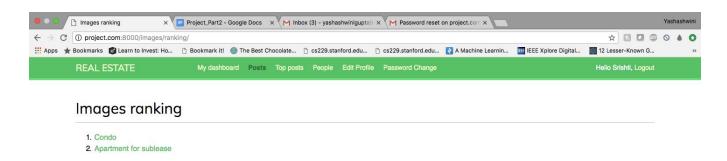
```
X V Find Results X V Find Results X V views.py — account X V models.py X V forms.py X V list.html X search_list.html X (form):
 ▶ ■ _pycache_
                                            views.py — images ×
   /* _init_.py
   /* decorators.py
                                         def image_detail(request, id, slug):
    image = get_object_or_404(Image, id=id, slug=slug)
▼ images
▶ ■ _pycache_
 ▼ migrations
                                                total_views = r.incr('image:{}:\views\'.format(image.id))
 ▶ m _pycache_
     /* 0001_initial.py
                                                # ntmt = urlopen'nttp://www.google.com/")
map_url='ittps://maps.googleapis.com/maps/api/geocode/json?address='
address=image.street_address'+'+'smage.city+'+'+image.zipcode
address=address.replace(' ', '+')
     /* 0002_image_total_like
     /* 0003_remove_image_
     /* 0004_auto_20180506
                                                url=map_url+address+'&key=AIzaSyDdMyT_fvok7-onoNyQcEBhXUGqM_QPoZs'
     /* 0005_auto_20180507
     /* 0006 auto 20180507
                                                rs = requests.get(url)
coords = rs.json()['results'][0]['geometry']['location']
     /* 0007 auto 20180509
                                               /* _init_.py
 ▶ ■ static
 ▼ 🖮 templates
  ▼ images
     ▼ 🚞 image
       <> create.html
         <> detail.html
        detail_f.html
                                          @ajax_required
@login_required
@require_POST
def image_like(/
        <> list.html
        <> list_ajax.html
                                               quire_POST
image_like(request):
    image_id = request.POST.get('id')
    action = request.POST.get('action')
    if image_id and action:
        ranking.html
     /* bookmarklet launcher
   /* _init_.py
   /* admin.py
                                                            image = Image.objects.get(id=image_id)
if action == 'like':
   image.users_like.add(request.user)
   create_action(request.user, 'likes', image)
   /* apps.py
   Find Results
   /* forms.py
   /* models.py
                                                            image.users_like.remove(request.user)
return JsonResponse({'status':'ok'})
   /* signals.py
   /* tests.py
   /* urls.py
                                                return JsonResponse({'status':'ko'})
   /* views.py
```

Ranking:

```
/* _init_.py
                                                       create_action(request.user, 'likes', image)
   /* decorators.py
                                                       image.users_like.remove(request.user)
urn JsonResponse({'status':'ok'})
 images
 ▶ ■ _pycache_
 ▼ migrations
                                         return JsonResponse({'status':'ko'})
   ▶ m _pycache_
    /* 0001_initial.py
     /* 0002_image_total_lik
                                   @login_required
def image_list(request):
    images = Image.objects.all()
    paginator = Paginator(images,
    page = request.GET.get('page')
     /* 0003_remove_image
    /* 0004_auto_20180506
    /* 0005_auto_20180507
    /* 0006 auto 20180507
                                             images = paginator.page(page)
ept PageNotAnInteger:
    /* 0007 auto 20180509
    /* __init__.py
                                             images = paginator.page(1)
apt EmptyPage:
 ▶ ■ static
 ▼ m templates
                                                 EmptyPage:
request.is_ajax():
                                                  # If the request is AJAX and the page is out of range return an empty page return HttpResponse('')

▼ images

    ▼ 🚞 image
                                                       ge is out of range deliver last page (
= paginator.page(paginator.num_pages)
       <> detail.html
       <> detail_f.html
                                                      <> list.html
       <> list_ajax.html
                                        ranking.html
    /* bookmarklet launcher
   /* __init__.py
   /* admin.py
                                  @login_required
def image_ranking(request):
    /* apps.py
   Find Results
                                        image_ranking = r.zrange('image_ranking', 0, -1, desc=True)[:10]
image_ranking_ids = [int(id) for id in image_ranking]
   /* models.py
                                        /* signals.py
   /* tests.py
   /* urls.pv
  /* views.py
▶ ■ media
 ☐ db.salite3
```



FB Login:

Added facebook login through Social Authentication using FAcebook API to make logging in easier. (However, because of facebook's updated API policy since March 2018, only https sites are enabled to use facebook authentication for logging in)

Security:

Password checks

Added email verification for forget password sent through smtp server. Ensured SQL Injection protection in databases

REQUIREMENTS:(TO RUN THE PROJECT)

Web Framework: Django

Database: sqlite Backend: Python=3

Packages:

Pillow Redis

Sorl-thumbnail Social-django Python-social-auth

Additional:

Email authentication backend settings(SMTP)

Google_API_key
Facebook_API_key